Ch. 6: Comparing Two Means

Navigation

By Date

- March 31: start end
- April 2: start end
- April 7: start end

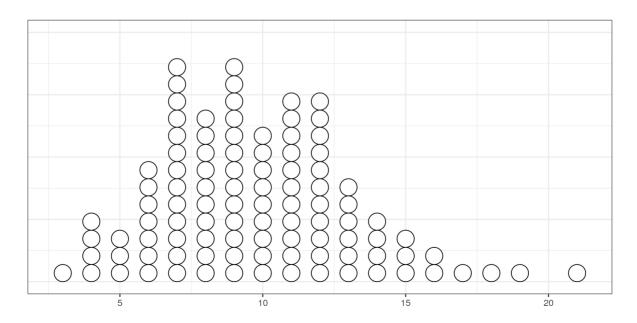
By Section

- 6.1: start end
- 6.2: start end
- 6.3: start end

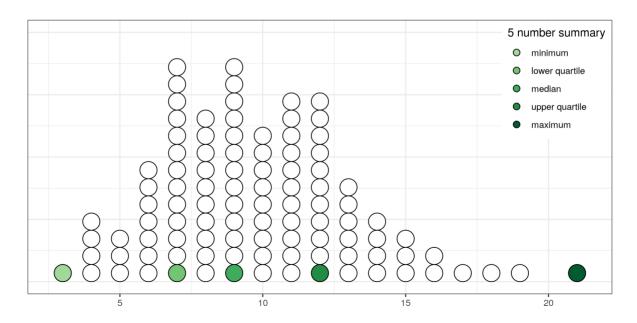
6.1: Comparing Two Groups

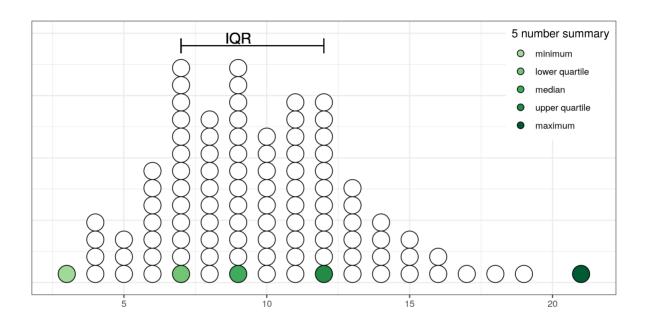
Quantitative Response

- 5-number summary the minimum, lower quartile, median, upper quartile, and maximum of a set of data
 - lower quartile 25% of the data lie below this value
 - **median** 50% of the data lie below this value
 - **upper quartile** 75% of the data lie below this value



- 5-number summary the minimum, lower quartile, median, upper quartile, and maximum of a set of data
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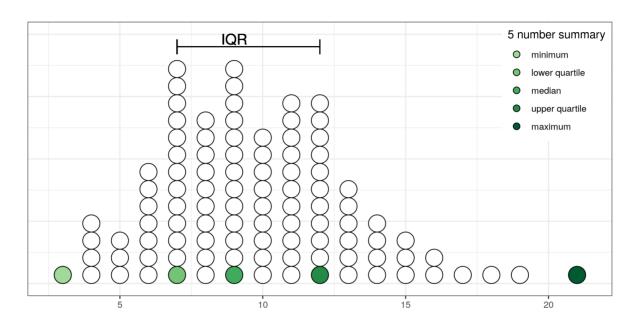


The distance between the two quartiles is called the **inter-quartile range**(IQR). The IQR is another measure of variability, along with the standard deviation.

The IQR is resistant (or *robust*) to extreme values and skewness, unlike the standard deviation.

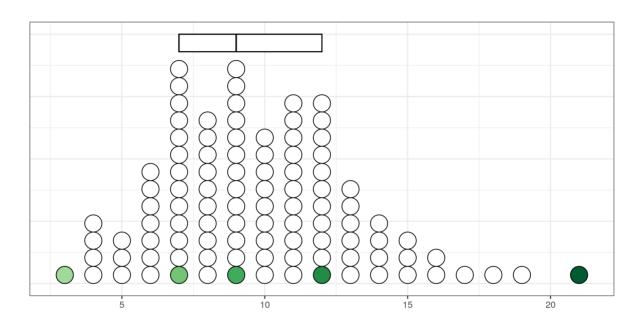
A **boxplot** (or box-and-whisker plot) is a visual display of the 5-number summary.

- The box displays the middle 50% of the distribution and its width (the IQR) shows the spread of the bulk of the distribution.
- The 'whiskers' extend to the
 - smallest and largest values in the dataset
 - OR the values in the dataset that are within 1.5*IQR away from the edges of the box.
 - Observations outside of the 1.5*IQR range may be shown as dots and are outliers



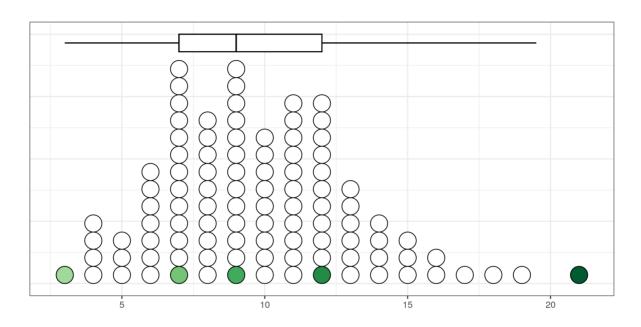
What are the following values?

- bottom whisker:
- lower quartile:
- median:
- upper quartile:
- top whisker:

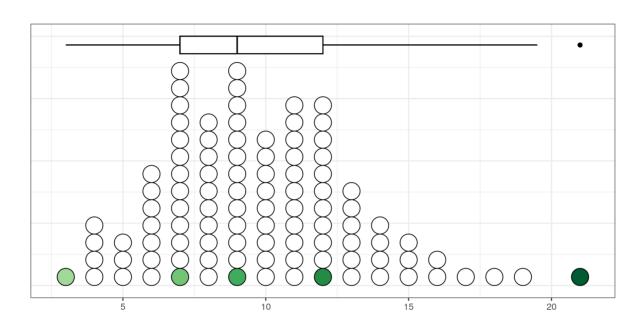


What are the following values?

- bottom whisker:
- lower quartile: 7
- median: 9
- upper quartile: 12
- top whisker:



- bottom whisker: 1.5 x IQR below lower quartile, or smallest observation
 7 1.5(12-7) = -0.5 or 3
 bottom whisker: 3
- top whisker: 1.5 x IQR above upper quartile, or largest observation 12 + 1.5(12-7) = 19.5 or 21 top whisker: 19.5

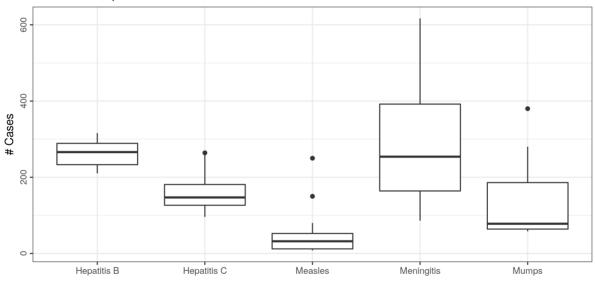


What are the following values?

- bottom whisker: 3
- lower quartile: 7
- median: 9
- upper quartile: 12
- top whisker: 19.5

Boxplots make it easy to compare distributions of different groups.

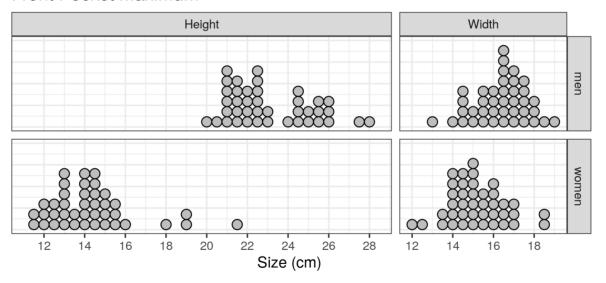




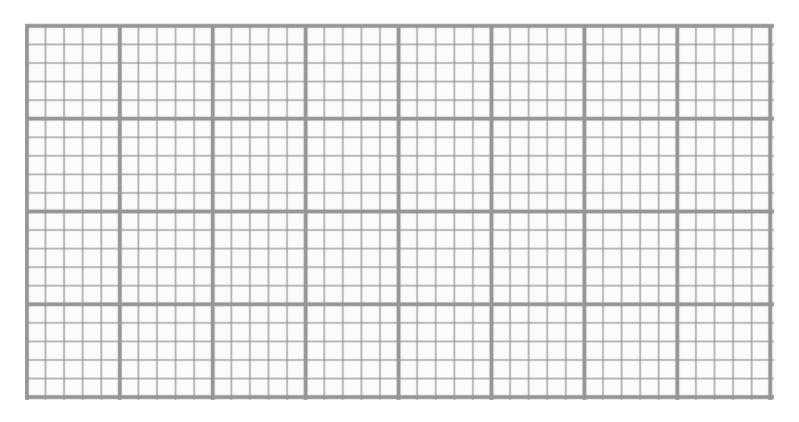
In-Class Practice: Jean Pocket Sizes

Using the graph paper on the next page, create boxplots for each of the dimensions in the chart below.

Front Pocket Maximum



In-Class Practice: Jean Pocket Sizes



What do you conclude about the distributions of front pocket maximum dimensions when comparing Men's jeans to Women's jeans?

Upload your graph and conclusions to Canvas.