MS. ALLEN: Thank you. RUTH A. WILBARGER, being duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows: 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. ALLEN: Would you state your name, please? 9 10 Ruth A. Wilbarger. What is your occupation? 11 I am a serologist. 12 By whom are you presently employed? 13 By the Tampa Regional Crime Lab, Florida Depart-14 15 ment of Law Enforcement. And how long have you been so employed? 16 For approximately four years. 17 Mrs. Wilbarger, what is your educational back-18 19 ground? I have a Bachelor of Science degree in biology 20 from Florida Southern College. 21 Do you have any specialized training in your 22 field other than your formal education? 23 Yes. - I have a year of training with the depart-24 ment and included in this training was six months of

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4 serology?
          Yes, it is.
       Α
            Have you ever testified in a court as an ex-
  pert?
            Yes, I have.
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Q	How many times?
Α	Approximately five.
Q	In what jurisdictions have you testified?
Α	Hillsborough County, Pinelias County and Polk
County.	
Q	Would you tell us, please, what the nature of
your work	in serology is?
A	In serology, I examine evidence, basically, for
the preser	ace of blood and other body fluids.
Q	And what body fluids do you analyze or examine?
A	Usually, it's blood, saliva, vaginal swabs and
semen ana	lysis also.
Q	Could you tell us how many analyses you have
performed	in the area of blood?
A	Over a thousand for blood.
Q	In the area of semen?
A	Several hundred.
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for when you analyze blood? Basically, for blood, I am looking for an ABO type grouping, and I also might do an enzyme grouping, particularly, PGM typing. What do you mean by "an ABO type grouping"? A person's bloodtype may be a Type A, Type B, Type AB, or Type O, and I will determine that using the blood sample. Would you tell us what you mean by "PGM"? "PGM" is an enzyme found in blood. It can be found in vaginal secretions also or semen you can also get a PGM typing from. The population consists of: You could be a PGM Type 1, a PGM Type 2-1, or PGM Type 2, and I would be able to determine that. Okay. Could you tell us what you are looking for when you examine semen? Just semen? Well, I usually am not examining semen; I am examining pieces of evidence for the presence of semen or the presence of spermatozoa. For that, I will also try to get a grouping on that. What is "semen"? "Semen" consists of spermatozoa which is the

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"Saliva," I use that to determine whether a person is a secretor or a nonsecretor; and if they are a secretor, I try to determine their ABO type from the saliva sample. Would you tell us what a "secretor" is? A "secretor" is a person whose ABO blood group, specific substances, can be determined from body fluids 11 such as vaginal fluids or semen. 12 And do you know what percentage of the population are secretors or nonsecretors? 14 Approximately eighty percent are secretors. 15 All right. So, twenty percent would be nonse-16 cretors? 17 Α Nonsecretors. 18 Can you determine from your analysis of blood an 19 individual's race? 20 Can you tell us, if you would, the percentage of 21 22 the population in the individual ABO groups? 23 For mixed or black population? 24 Okay. Would you tell us both, for the black population and for mixed population, and tell us what you

Q Okay. Would you tell us both, for the black ulation and for mixed population, and tell us what y

I don't commit those to memory. For "mixed population," I am looking at a population which is made up of white individuals and black individuals. It's just a combination of the mixed population. For the different ABO types, an A individual consists of approximately forty percent of the population; an O type person is forty-five percent of the population; a B type is approximately ten And for the black population, do you have those percentages? Yes. For the black population, Type O is approximately twenty-eight percent; Type B is approximately

- tion for the PGM groups?

percent; and an AB is approximately five percent. 11 12 14 eighteen percent; Type A is approximately fifty percent; and Type AB is approximately four percent. 17 Could you tell us the percentages of the popula-18 19 For a black individual, PGM Type 1 is approxi-20 mately sixty-four percent. 21 Okay. When you give us those --22 Do you want all three types? Α 23 I am sorry. Do you have them? Q 24 25 Yes.

for a black population. When you are giving us these percentages --THE COURT: Excuse me. Mr. Chalu, approach the bench, please. [Discussion off the record.] THE COURT: I am sorry. Go ahead, ma'am. MS. ALLEN: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MS. ALLEN: When you are giving us these percentages, does that include both male and female? Yes, it does. So, we could divide those in half if we wanted to look at males, approximately in half? Approximately in half. MS. ALLEN: Your Honor, at this time I would offer this witness as an expert in the area of serology. THE COURT: Any objection or questions? MR. CHALU: No objection or questions. THE COURT: Mr. James? DEFENDANT JAMES: No, sir. THE COURT: The Court does declare she is an ex-

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dence submitted to you by the Hillsborough County

Sheriff's Office by Detective Bill Davis in this case?

A Yes, i did.

Q Okay. What evidence did you receive in this case and when did you receive it?

A There was quite a few exhibits, so I will read from my notes. I received the following exhibits from Detective Davis on October 29, 1981:

A liquid blood sample from Corlanzo James; a liquid blood sample from Douglas James; a liquid blood sample from Allen Crotzer; saliva sample from Corlanzo James; an envelope identified as containing head hair from Corlanzo James; one envelope identified as containing pubic hair from Corlanzo James; a saliva sample from the suspect, Douglas James; one envelope identified as containing head hair from Douglas James; one envelope identified as containing pubic hair from Douglas James; saliva sample from Allen Crotzer; one envelope identified as containing head hair from Allen Crotzer; one envelope identified as containing head hair from Allen Crotzer; one envelope identified as containing pubic hair from Allen Crotzer; one envelope identified as containing victims' and suspects' fingerprints; one shirt; one pair of shoes; one

as coming from Dawn Guggenheim with the following items:
two vaginal swabs, two vaginal smear slides, one envelope
identified as debris, one Manila envelope identified as
known head hair, one Manila envelope identified as known
public hair, and one Manila envelope identified as public
hair combings.

I also received one t-shirt, one pair of shorts, one pair of panties identified as those of Dawn Guggen-heim, two ties.

I received another sexual battery examination kit identified as coming from the victim, Susan Marini, which contained two saliva swabs, two vaginal swabs, two vaginal slides, one Manila envelope identified as containing known head hair, one Manila envelope containing known public hair, one Manila envelope identified as containing public hair combings.

In addition, I received clothes identified as coming from Susan Marini: one t-shirt, one blouse, one skirt, one slip, one pair of panties, one bra, one pair of shoes.

In addition, I received a toolbox with miscel-

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A A funnel and fan belts. One vinyl bag containing the following items: One t-shirt, another t-shirt, one pair of socks, one shirt, one black comb, three cotton balls, one quarter, one plastic bag, and that was all that was in the vinyl bag.

In addition, I received one ashtray, one cigarette butt, and one paper bag identified as containing a soil sample.

- Q Thank you. Upon receipt, let me ask you this. Did you later receive another submission concerning this case?
 - A Yes, I did.

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A funnel?

- Q What was that submission?
- A Submission Number Two was identified on March 23 by Detective Bill Davis, and it included a liquid, two liquid blood samples from Susan Marini and a saliva sample from Susan Marini.
- Q Upon receipt of this evidence, what did you first do with it? Let me ask you this. Did you have occasion to examine all of this evidence?
 - A No, I did not examine all the evidence.

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sweepings off it, and that was forwarded to micro, and I also did some exams on other items and then forwarded those to the latent section. The items, would you tell us, please, what you mean by "sweepings"? I sweep the clothes, in particular, for hair or fibers. In this case it was for hair. Okay. Did you sweep anything else other than the clothes in this case? Yes, I did. I also swept the toolbox with the tools in it, the floormats and the contents of the black vinyl bag. Okay. The debris that you gathered from the sweepings, what did you do with that debris? They were packaged and sealed, and I turned them over to our evidence technician who will transport them to the lab, this other lab. You yourself packaged and sealed those items? Yes, I do. And you date and initial them?

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11 13 18 Yes. They are not dated. They are with our case number and my initials on them and the exhibit num-

Okay. Inat debris or those packages of debris along with the hair, items of hair in this case, do you know what was done with those items? A They were transferred to the Sanford Regional Crime Laboratory. You had nothing more to do with that, did you? No, I did not. 10 11 Calling your attention to the liquid blood samples which you have previously mentioned, did you perform any tests or examinations on those samples? Yes, I did. 14 And what was the purpose of your testing those 15 samples? 16 For the blood samples, I tried to determine or I 17 determined the ABO type and the PGM type and the secretor status, if possible. Okay. Did you examine the liquid blood sample 20 of the suspect, Corlanzo James? Yes, I did. 22 And what were the results of that examination? 23 Corlanzo James --24 25 THE COURT: Just a minute. If you would please

t a minute. If you would p

4	suspect, Douglas James?
5	A Yes, I did.
6	Q And what were the results of that examination?
7	A I found the liquid blood sample to be ABO Type
8	O, PGM Type 2-1, and the saliva, a nonsecretor.
9	Q And did you examine the liquid blood sample of
10	the suspect named Allen Crotzer?
11	A Yes, I did.
12	Q What was the result of that examination?
13	A For the blood sample only? For the blood sam-
 14	ple, I found him to be ABO Type O and PGM Type 1.
 15	Q Were you able to determine his secretor or non-
16	secretor status?
17	A Not from the blood sample. But from the saliva
18	sample, I determined that he was a secretor, an O secre-
19	tor.
. 20	Q Would you explain to us why you couldn't do that
21	from the blood?
22	A Certain individuals you cannot determine their
23	secretor status from the blood, so you need to use a
24	saliva sample to determine this.
25	Q Did you examine the known blood sample and
	Saliva Sample shows A Crotzer: secretar 377.2 (R 374) PBM 1
	S. Marini scentar
	(R375) Type 0

examination?	
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Susan Marini was ABO Type O secret 1. Is that the same ABO type and PGM as the suspect, Allen Crotzer, in this case? Yes, it is. Did you have occasion to examine a clothing of the victim, Susan Marini? Yes, I did. 11 What Items did you examine and, if 12 just tell us what you examined and what your were? 15 Okay. For just her clothes alone, 16 that I examined, identified as Susan Marini' presence of spermatozoa. I did groupings on found the presence of blood group substance 1 on her panties. 19 Do you want all the exhibits that 20 also for her? 21 Yes. On the stains on the skirt, I found 23 of spermatozoa but I was not able to determi 24 typing from that, from those stains.

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Q What else did you examine? Let me ask you this.
Did you examine other items of clothing with negative re-
sults?
A Yes, I did. I have negative results on the rest
of the clothing items.
Q Okay. Did you have occasion to examine the
vaginal swabs and the vaginal slides identified as coming
from Susan Marini?

11 Yes, I did. 12 And what were the results of that examination? 13 The vaginal swabs demonstrated the presence of 14 spermatozoa. The grouping on these, showed ABO Type O and 15 PGM Type 1. The vaginal smears demonstrated the presence 16 of spermatozoa. 17 And did you also have occasion to examine the 18 vaginal swabs and smears from Dawn Guggenheim? 19 Yes, I did. Yes, I did. 20 And what were the results of that examination? 21 The swabs failed to give chemical indications 22 for the presence of semen, and I could not find any 23 spermatozoa present on the slides. 25 That is for Dawn?

swabs, slides and clothing? Well, the presence of semen or spermatozoa is a 6 male reproductive cell and could not have been deposited by a female, so there was a male perpetrator. And can you tell us what type of individual, meaning what blood, PGM type of individual, could have deposited the semen on the vaginal swabs of Susan Marini? That could have been -- that smear of the swabs that I got the groupings off of could have been from a person who was an O secretor, PGM Type 1, or could have been from any nonsecretor. Is that ABO Type O, PGM 1, the type that you determined the defendant, Crotzer, to be? Yes, it is. MS. ALLEN: I have no further questions of this witness, Your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Perry, you may inquire, or Mr. Chalu. MR. CHALU: Thank you, Your Honor. CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CHALU: Mrs. Wilbarger, how are you today?

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4	it indicated the presence of spermatozoa; is that cor-
5	rect?
6	A That's correct.
7	Q All right. Now, I believe also you stated on
8	direct examination that what distinguishes a person who is
9	a secretor from a nonsecretor is that a person who is a
0	secretor, you can find evidence of his blood or his blood
1	type in fluids other than just his blood; is that right?
12	A That's right.
13	Q Whereas, in a nonsecretor, you cannot find evi-
14	dence of blood type or PGM type in anything except the
15	blood?
16	A For a nonsecretor?
17	Q Yes, ma¹am.
18	A For a nonsecretor, I cannot find in the presence
19	of the blood groupings specific substance for ABO typing.
20	Q Other than the blood itself?
21	A For other than blood.
22	Q All right. Now, I believe you stated that on
23	the swab, you found the presence of blood group ABO Type
24	O. You found a PGM Type 1, and you found that Mrs. Marini
25	was a secretor; is that correct?
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just blood? That All 8 that the presen 9 swab could have Yes, sible. Q So, I 13 blood type that 14 the contributor 15 It co Okay. 17 the swab of Mrs 18 of any blood ty That' Allr 21 had sexual inter 22 presence of spei of any blood typ that that person A Could

's correct.
right. Would it be fair to state, then,
nce of the ABO blood type in Mrs. Marini's
e come from Mrs. Marini?
her vaginal secretions. Yes, it's pos-
t doesn't necessarily follow that the ABO
was found in Mrs. Marini's swabs came from
; it could have come from Mrs. Marini?
uld have, yes.
Or, in fact, the spermatozoa present on
. Marini could have come from a nonsecretor
pe?
s correct.
ight. So, if a nonsecretor was the one who
rcourse with Mrs. Marini resulting in the
rm on the swab, it could have been a person
pe that did the sexual battery, provided
n was a nonsecretor?
you restate that question, please?
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Yes. -- is it possible that a person of any blood type could have done or been the depositor or contributor of that sperm, provided they were a nonsecretor? Yes, that's possible. So, within the bounds of reasonable scientific certainty, ma'am, is it fair to say that we cannot say who the depositor was of the sperm which appeared on the swab of Susan Marini? I can only say it was either from a nonsecretor or a person of ABO Type O secretor, PGM Type 1. And approximately what percentage of the general population would either be a nonsecretor or ABO Type O, PGM Type 1 secretor? I figured that out. You are referring to a black population or a mixed population? A black population. Okay. For a black population, I determine this by using whether it was a nonsecretor or an O secretor,

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PGM Type 1. I found approximately 38.4 percent of the total population. All right. And that is of the total popula-

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So, we are talking about a fairly good percentage of suspects that could have been a contributor here as far as the sperm on the swab of Mrs. Marini is concerned? Yes, approximately nineteen percent. So, within the bounds of reasonable scientific certainty, ma'am, we cannot say that my client, Allen

Jerome Crotzer, on the basis of this test, had any sexual intercourse with Mrs. Marini?

I cannot say that he did. I can only say he fits into the group that could have perpetrated Susan Marini.

And that group is fairly large as you have already stated?

Approximately nineteen percent.

All right. Ma'am, concerning Dawn Guggenheim, you did have occasion to examine swabs taken from her; is that correct?

That's correct.

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All right. And the results of those were negative?

That's correct.

that was negative on those swabs. Q All r 6 had sexual inte A No. 8 presence of sem Allr Q 10 Dawn? l dor 12 her, no. Did Let Sure No, 16 17 from her. So, 18 type is --No, -- 0 No, -- 0 23 No. Α 25 And

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ight. Would that indicate that she had not
ercourse?
It would indicate that I didn't find the
nen.
right. Did you take a blood sample from
n't believe I received a blood sample from
you take a saliva sample?
me check my notes and make sure.
。 Goahead。
l did not receive a blood or saliva sample
we don't know what Dawn Guggenheim's blood
we do not.
r her PGM
we do not.
r whether she is a secretor or nonsecretor?
you found no semen on Dawn Guggenheim's
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THE COURT: Any questions, Mr. James? DEFENDANT JAMES: Yes, sir, I got one. CROSS-EXAMINATION BY DEFENDANT JAMES: Mrs. Wilbarger? Wilbarger. Ma'am, is it possible for you to detect unine? 10 Urine? . 11 Yes. 12 We do not do a test of that sort, no. 13 Is it possible? 14 For our laboratory, no, I do not know of a test 15 for determining, per se, the presence of urine. DEFENDANT JAMES: Okay. Okay. Thank you. 17 That's all. 18 THE COURT: Mr. Sinardi or Ms. Allen? 19 MS. ALLEN: One question, Your Honor. 20 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 21 BY MS. ALLEN: 22 The blood sample you examined for Dougla 23 indicates that he is a nonsecretor; is that correct That's correct. 25

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a s	James
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Let's take approximately a fifteen-minu [There was a short recess.] 5 THE COURT: All right. Your next please, ma'am. MR. SINARDI: Marianne Hildreth. THE COURT: All right. If you wou the jury also. 10 [The jury returns to the courtroo 11 THE COURT: Would the clerk pleas 12 witness. 13 MARIANNE HILDRETH, 14 being duly sworn, was examined and testifie DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 BY MS. ALLEN: 17 Would you state your name, please 18 My name is Marianne Hildreth. 19 What is your occupation? 20 I am employed by the Florida Depar 21 Enforcement at the Sanford Crime Laboratory 22 Contract the second of the sec analyst. 23 Any specific area of microanalysi 24 I routinely perform examinations 25

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