

Mission Critical — Simulate First

With NVIDIA Omniverse™



Presenter

Lutz Richter is Space Projects Expert at SoftServe with over 25 years of experience in space robotics. He has contributed to major missions with ESA, NASA, and JAXA, including ESA's Rosetta and Mars Express (Beagle 2), NASA's Mars Exploration Rovers, and JAXA's Hayabusa-2 with the MASCOT lander.

Lutz has led the development of planetary rover mobility and sampling systems, notably for ESA's ExoMars mission. He also spearheads instrument development for upcoming lunar missions and serves as 1st Vice President of the International Society of Terrain-Vehicle Systems (ISTVS), supporting global research in terramechanics and lunar exploration.



Lutz Richter

Space Projects Consultant
Robotics & Advanced Automation, SoftServe
lrich@softserveinc.com

Agenda

A blue-toned landscape of a celestial body, possibly the moon or Mars, featuring large craters and rolling hills. A bright, glowing white path or road curves through the foreground. In the distance, a small, stylized figure of a person stands on the horizon.

01 NVIDIA Omniverse 101

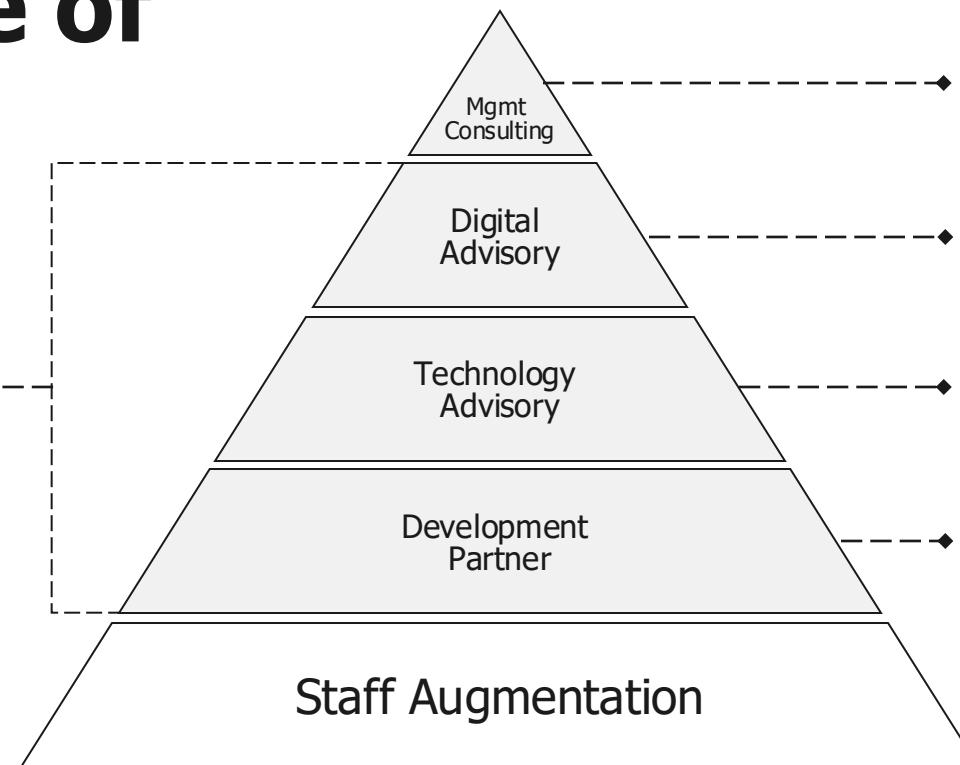
02 The space domain: Trends and pains

03 Space use cases with the Omniverse

04 Takeaways

We are Advisors and Providers who Operate at the Cutting Edge of Technology

**Where
softserve
operates**



How We Fit with Consulting Partners

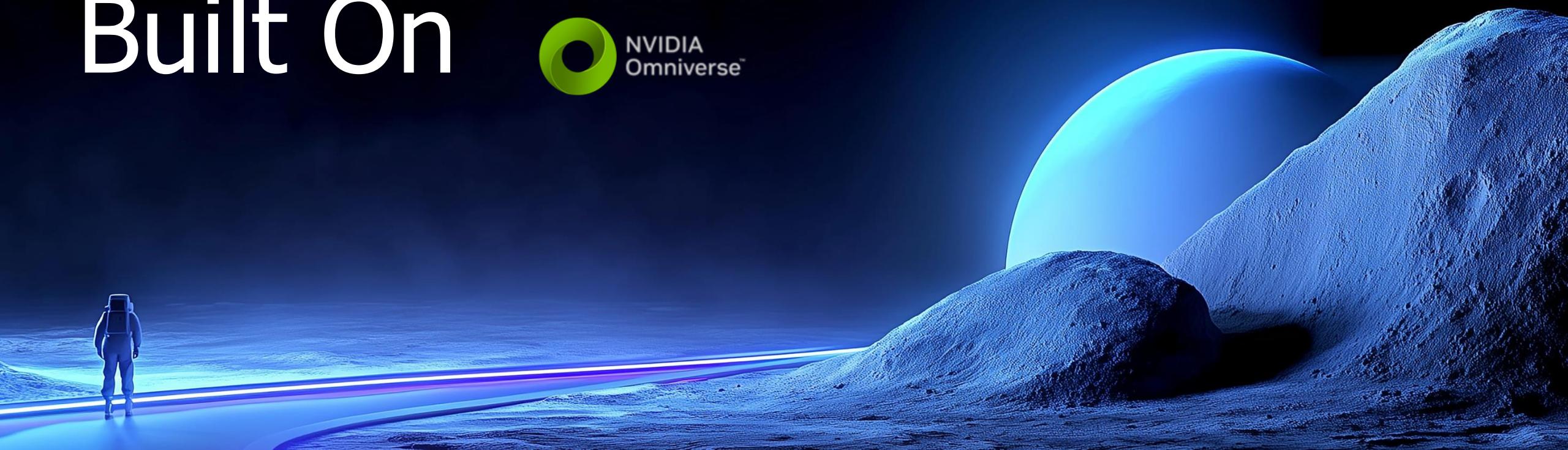
We translate your vision into concrete actions and deliver results

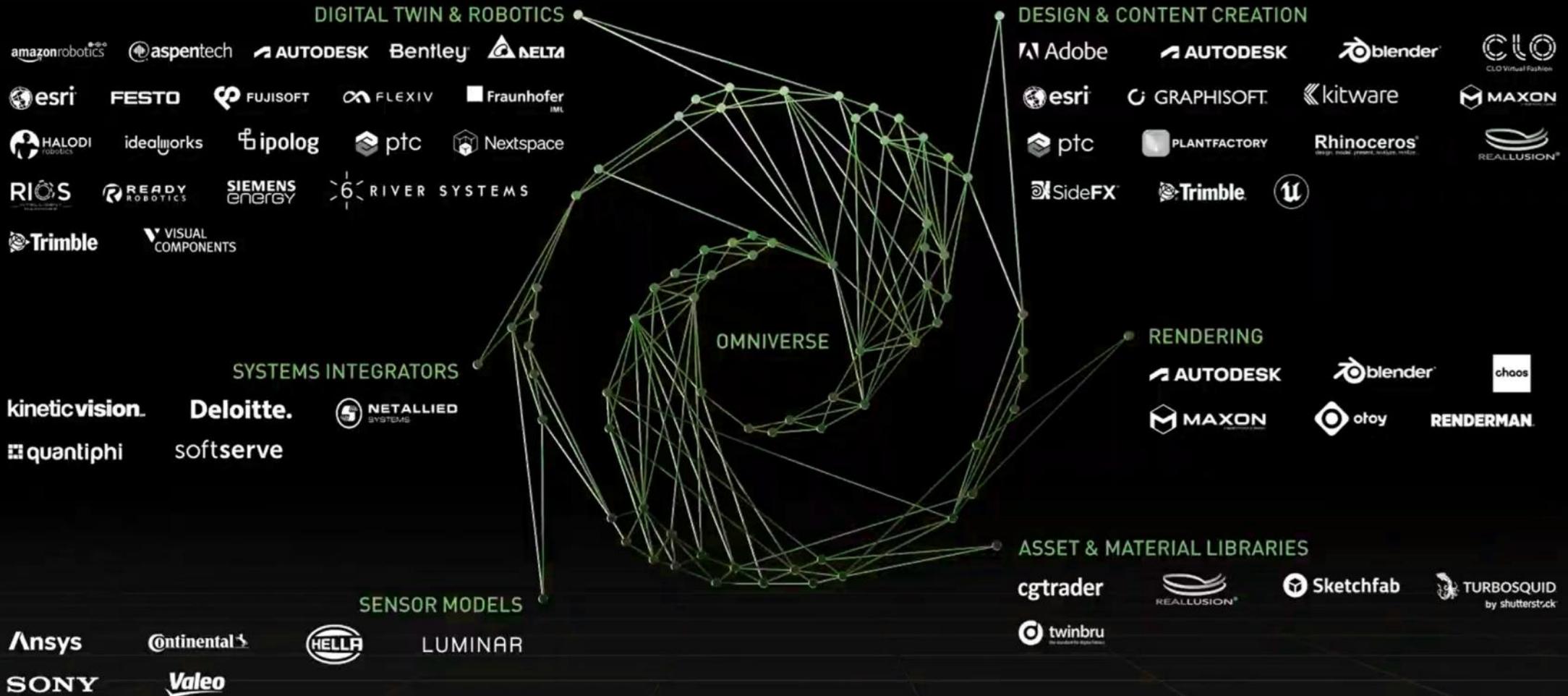
Our Advisory division can complement your efforts with specialized technical expertise

Our world-class engineering know-how enables us to offer strategic advice on the best technology solutions

Our high-quality teams integrate seamlessly with yours to deliver high-quality solutions

SoftServe Space Robotics Practice: Built On





SOFTSERVE AND NVIDIA

A strategic partnership for scalable innovation

ELITE SERVICE DELIVERY PARTNER STATUS



150+

People experienced
in NVIDIA stack and
Professional Services
as an Elite SDP

750+

Experts in BigData,
AI/ML, Robotics, IoT,
AR/VR and R&D



GLOBAL LAUNCH PARTNER FOR OMNIVERSE

Dedicated Omniverse Competency Team being deployed,
capable of developing connectors, extensions, IsaacSim
robotic simulation, CloudXR, and heavy focus around
Digital Twins industrial solutions.



EXPERTISE IN USING GPUS IN THE CLOUD

1,200+

Cloud Experts

We have the highest level of
partnerships with AWS,
GCP, Azure and OCI.



NVIDIA OMNIVERSE EXPLORER GLOBAL
LAUNCH PARTNER



NVIDIA AI ENTERPRISE SERVICE
DELIVERY PARTNER



EMBEDDED EDGE
COMPETENCY PARTNER



Why Space Needs Smarter Systems



Key Trends

Use Cases in Earth Orbit and beyond

- *Responsive space*
- *Dynamic space*
- Space “warfighting”
- Compromised communications
- Rendezvous and proximity operations (RPO):
 - OOS, inspection, dynamic space
- More extensive autonomy
- Planetary robotics: autonomous sampling
- XR in Humanoid Robot teleoperation and training

Common Denominators

- Need for fuller autonomy (disrupted comms or large latency)
- More comprehensive sensor suites

Important Driver: Price of space robotic systems

Space: Science & Technology
A SCIENCE PARTNER JOURNAL

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Orbital Blocking Game Near Earth–Moon L_1 Libration Point

Hongyu Han¹, and Zhaohui Dang^{2*}

¹School of Astronautics, Northwestern Polytechnical University, Xi'an, 710072, China. ²National Key Laboratory of Aerospace Flight Dynamics, Northwestern Polytechnical University, Xi'an, 710072, China.

*Address to correspondence to: dangzhaohui@nwpu.edu.cn

This paper explores the blocking capabilities of a spacecraft deployed near Earth–Moon L_1 libration point against another spacecraft attempting lunar gravity assist, based on the ΔV required for interception. The study demonstrates that a pursuit at L_1 libration point can effectively block low-energy evaders with minimal ΔV expenditure, creating a blockade against their use of gravity assists. However, blocking against high-energy evaders is relatively weaker. Pursuers on Lyapunov orbits can execute blockades that L_1 pursuers cannot, albeit with lower mission-capable rates. The paper discusses mission-capable rates for different Lyapunov orbits and evader energies, revealing that each Lyapunov orbit has its unique optimal blocking energy, decreasing as the Lyapunov orbit size expands. In addition, the paper proposes a strategy for evaders to bypass blockades by sacrificing a portion of their ΔV and verifies it numerically. The analysis covers the cost and benefits of the L_1 libration point-related blockade, the importance of the mission-capable rate, and provide insights for future research on orbital games

DOI: 10.1109/AERO55745.2023.10115687 • Corpus ID: 258730671

Demonstration of Autonomous Sampling Techniques in an Icy Moon Terrestrial Analog

J. Bowkett, David Ilyuk Kim, +11 authors P. Becker • Published in IEEE Aerospace Conference 4 March 2023 • Engineering, Environmental Science

A collection of functional autonomy behaviors to allow unsupervised science sample selection and collection on icy Moons such as Europa or Enceladus was demonstrated on the terrestrial analog of Matanuska Glacier, AK, USA. Candidate sample sites are autonomously identified within the workspace, assessed for feasibility of successful collection, and surface material excavated while both preventing and responding to tool faults arising during interaction with the environment. A description of the system and lessons learned from the field application are discussed with respect to how they may impact potential future surface sampling missions to icy Moons. [Collapse](#)

[View on IEEE](#) [doi.org](#) [Save to Library](#) [Create Alert](#) [Cite](#)

how it is conducted, where orbital blockades should be deployed, and how to carry out orbital blockades is substantial practical issues that remain an active area of research.

game [1], also e side occupies npts to disrupt, celestial lines [2], t these celestial try to use inf pass the block tion but relied contested, and me takes place,

focuses on Earth ames (OPEGs) er(s) attempt to being captured. s may include

HOME > SPACE: SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY > TABLE OF CONTENTS > MODELS AND STRATEGIES FOR J_2 -PERTURBED ORBITAL PURSUIT-EVASION GAMES

RESEARCH ARTICLE

HONGYU HAN AND ZHAOHUI DANG Authors Info & Affiliations

SPACE: SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY | 27 Sep 2023 | Vol 3 | Article ID: 0006 | DOI: 10.34133/space.0063

1,933 10

Abstract

This paper discusses the modeling and solving of orbital pursuit-evasion games (OPEGs) under J_2 perturbation. The optimal long-range maneuver method under J_2 perturbation is designed, and it is proved that the effect of eccentricity can be ignored when transfer times and the ΔV budgets are fixed. It is discovered that when the inclination between the initial and target orbit is equal and is between 10° and 25°, the whole maneuver process can be simplified to a fixed-inclination transfer. Subsequently, a long-term OPEG model is provided under the assumption of fixed

Latest Articles

Space: Science & Technology

MAAS SPI

Citation: Han H, Dang Z. Orbital Blocking Game Near Earth–Moon L_1 Libration Point. *Space Sci. Technol.* 2023;3:Article 0102. <https://doi.org/10.34133/space.0102>

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SPACE WARFIGHTING A Framework for Planners



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Global Themes For In-space Technologies

EYES ON EARTH AND BEYOND

- Imaging Earth in various wavelengths to monitor the environment, detect change, and ensure security
- Used by public agencies and private companies
- Orbiters explore the Moon and other planets
- Advanced instruments now collect more data

CONNECTIVITY AND COMMUNICATIONS

- Large groups of satellites, called mega constellations, deliver data services around the world
- Operations of multi-robot architectures

SPACE ROBOTICS IN EARTH ORBIT ("SUSTAINABLE SPACE")

- On-orbit servicing / satellite life extension (OOS)
- Space Situational Awareness (SSA): flyby's, inspections
- Active removal of defunct satellites and upper stages (ADR)

LUNAR AND PLANETARY ROBOTICS

- Enabling sustainable lunar missions by astronauts: scouting for reserves and their exploitation (ISRU)
- Crewed lunar landers
- Robotics in concert with astronauts
- Using XR for teleoperations



Operations Scenario: Limited Autonomy Coupled With Teleoperations via VR/XR

Semi-autonomous humanoid robots perform:

- Assembly
- Maintenance
- Scientific tasks

Operated via VR/XR interfaces from:

- Earth
- Lunar Gateway

Capabilities

Digital twin interface for immersive control

Local autonomy for:

- Grasp planning
- Navigation on irregular terrain
- Real-time error correction
- Safety in dynamic environments

Free Space: ISAM Scenarios

In-space assembly and manufacturing (ISAM)

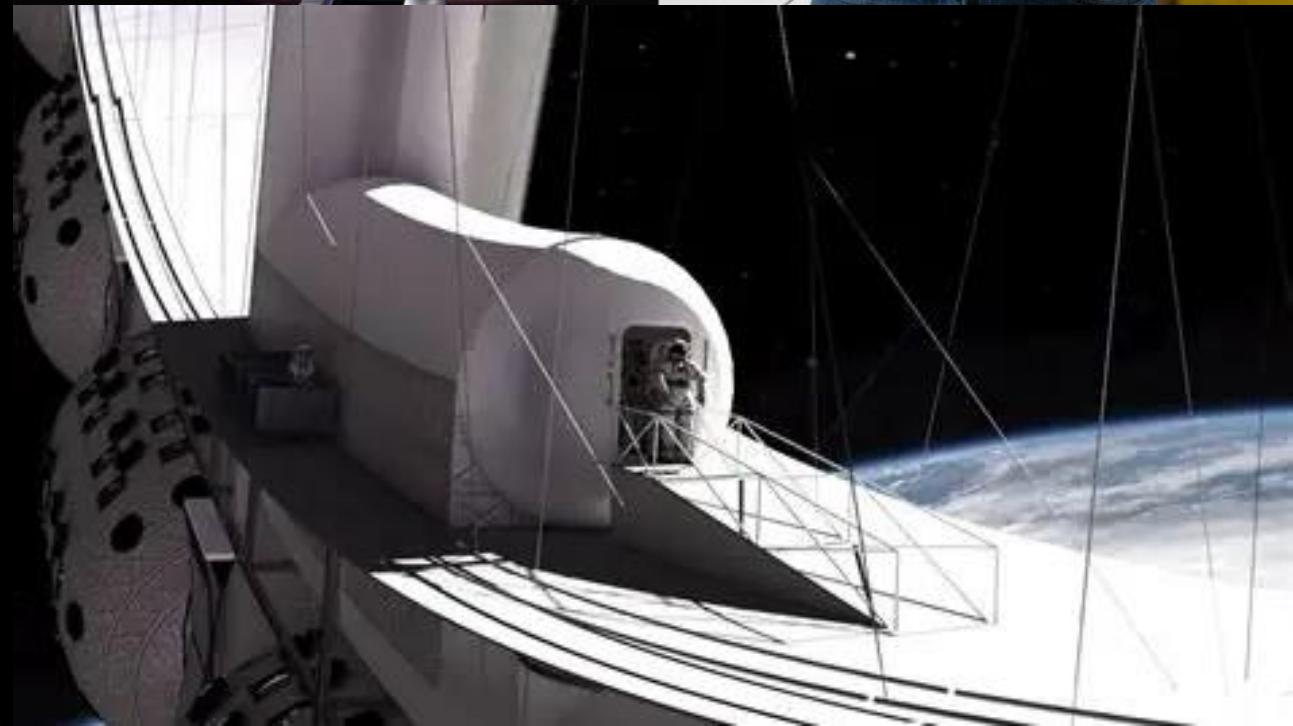
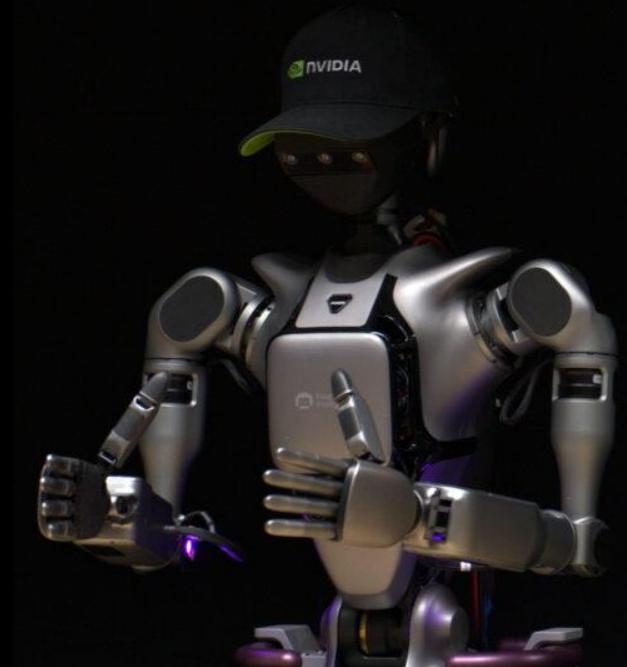
- Large structure and station assembly
- Reduces astronaut EVA time

Operated via high-level telecommands through VR/XR

Across all scenarios

Humanoid–astronaut collaboration

- Shared tasks
- Enhanced mission flexibility
- Safer, more efficient operations



Space Projects

PAINS + HOW NVIDIA OMNIVERSE HELPS

PAIN

Incomplete testing due to budget and time limits – mission risk

Quality issues in production and testing

Space robotics – hardware and prediction challenges

Managing satellite formations and space debris is complex

Hard to map and assess usable space resources

WITH OMNIVERSE

- Full system simulation with environment **digital twinning**
Virtual commissioning (VC) and software-in-the-loop (SIL) testing
- **Digital twin** of production sites using industrial metaverse and XR tools
- High fidelity (co-)simulation of robots, sensors, and controls
AI-enhanced control and training with synthetic data
- Tools for orbit control (active S/C) and encounter prediction
- **Digital twinning** of geology, and AI for resource analysis

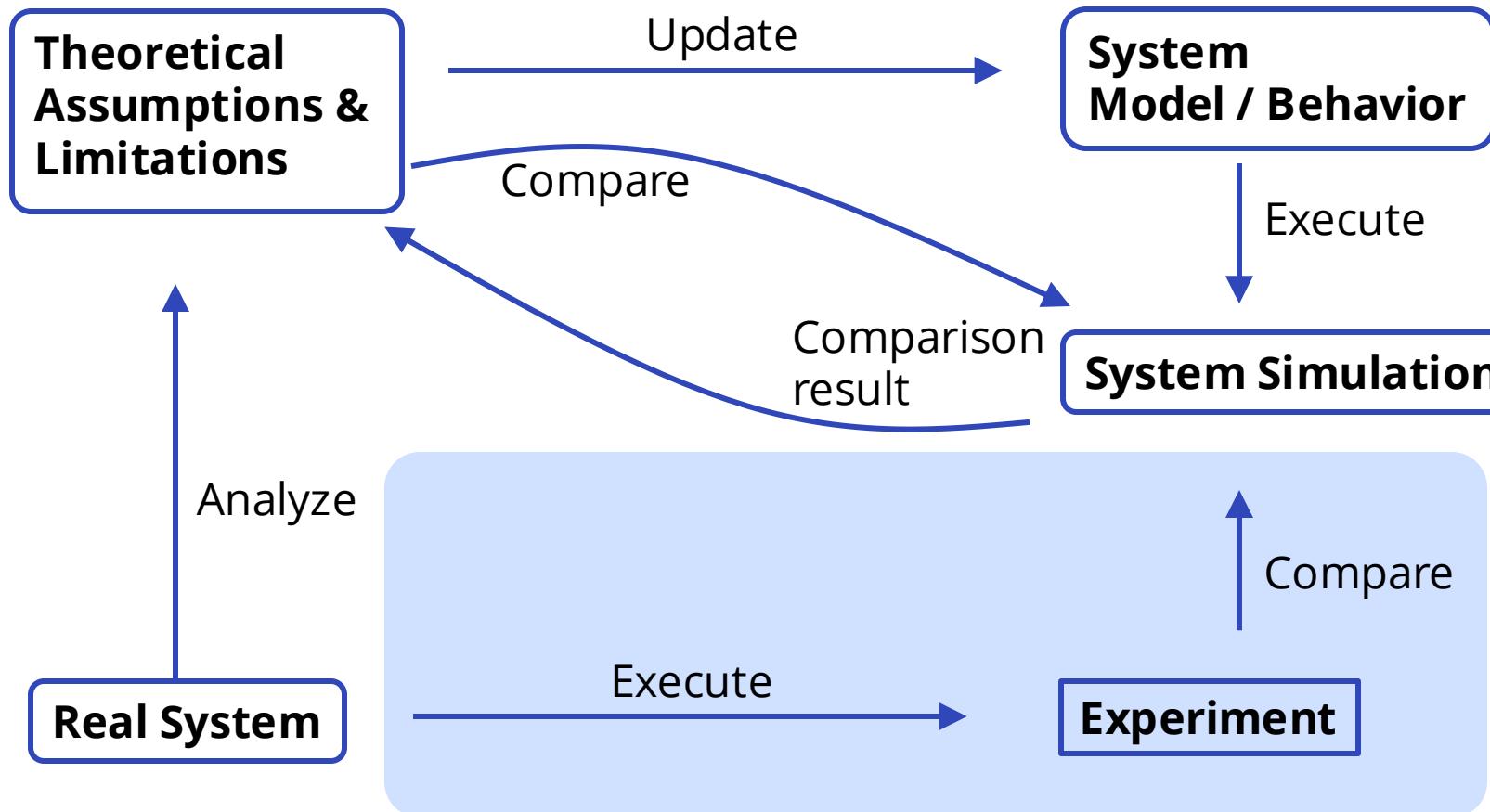
NVIDIA Omniverse™ Use Cases at SoftServe



Simulation-first: reduce risk, cost, & time

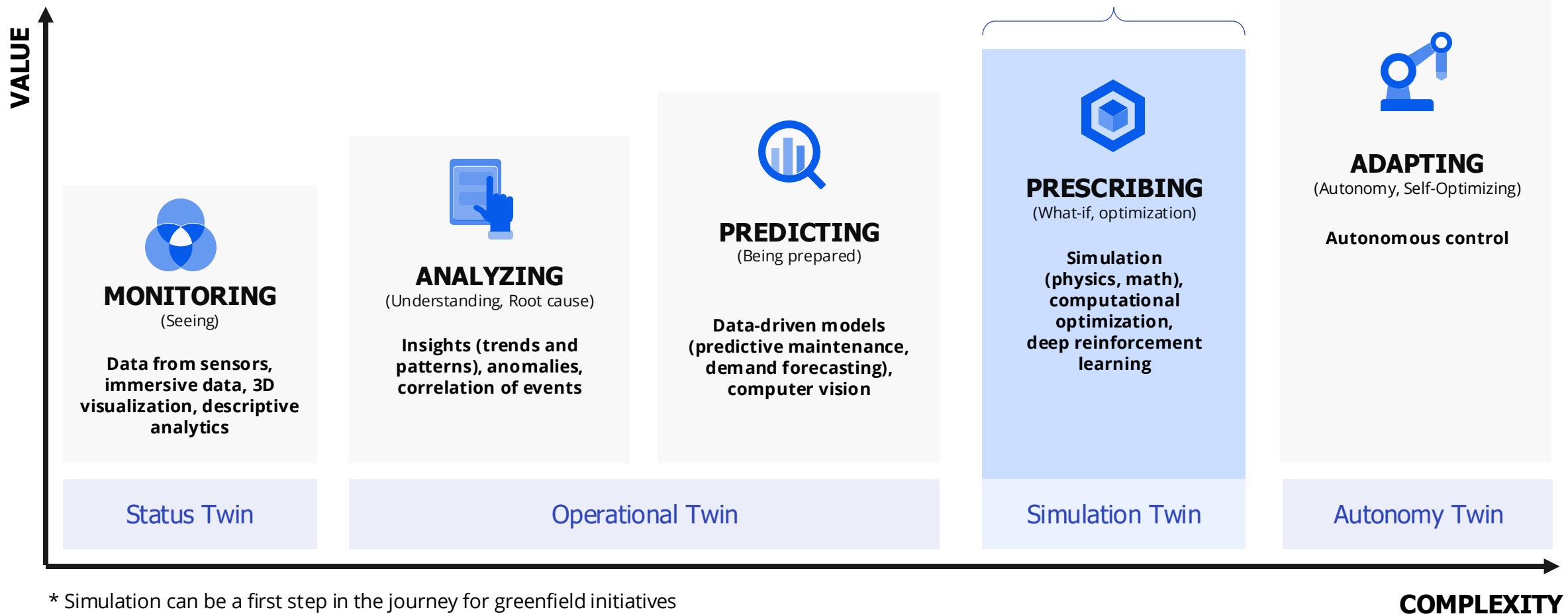
30%
Duration saving

27%
Cost saving



Your developers can train, simulate, and validate advanced robotic systems through virtual robot learning and testing. It happens in physics-based digital representations of environments, prior to deployment.

Digital Twins Spectrum



SoftServe Lunar Drone Simulation

VALUE

- Conceptual design of a thruster-driven lunar drone
- Full-flight simulation of a mission through a lava tube using a skylight as entry/exit
- High-fidelity modeling in Isaac Sim for rapid iteration and validation

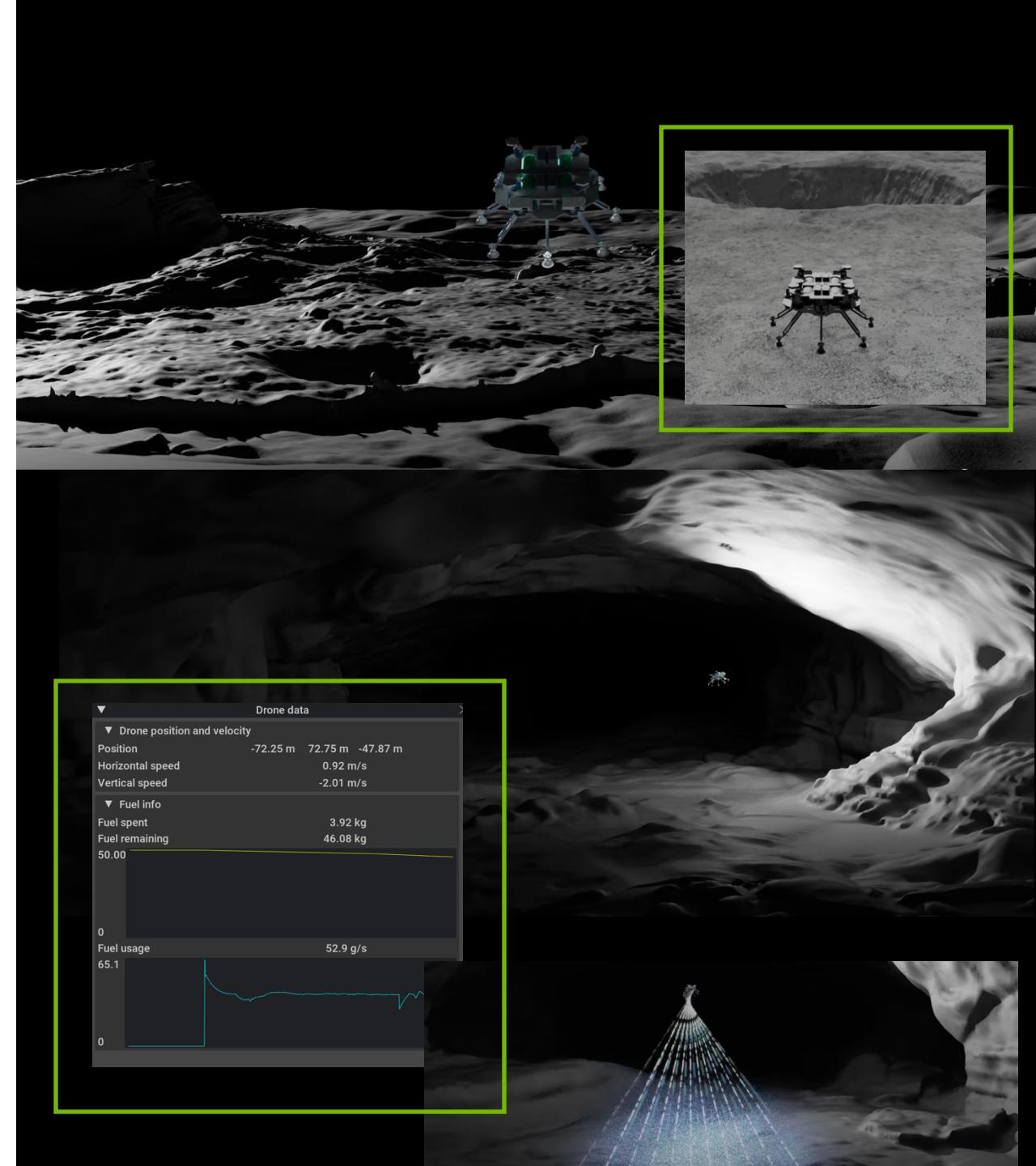
CHALLENGES

Lunar ISRU & SCIENCE:

Thruster-powered drone for flying over the Moon to search for ice
GNC system assessment needed for safe, controlled flight
Drone also considered for carrying instruments into lunar caves
Goal: analyze ice deposits using onboard mass spectrometer

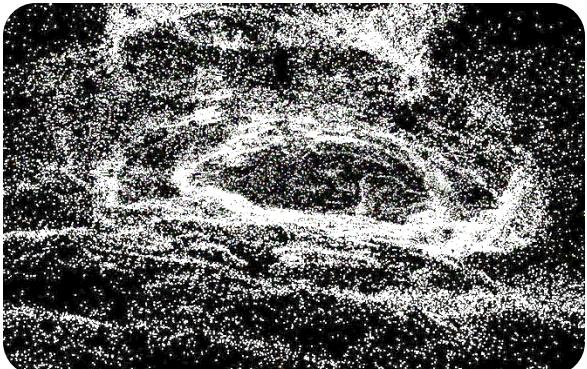
SOLUTION

SoftServe designed a notional vehicle concept along with its guidance system. Using ROS2 and NVIDIA Isaac Sim, the vehicle with its sensors and control system was modeled, and simulations performed of flights over a synthetic lunar landscape created in Blender.

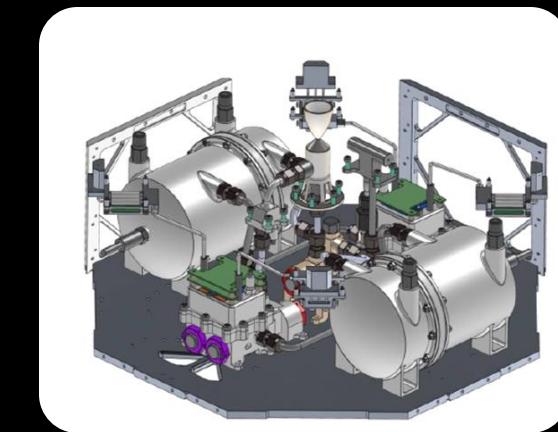


SoftServe Lunar Drone Simulation

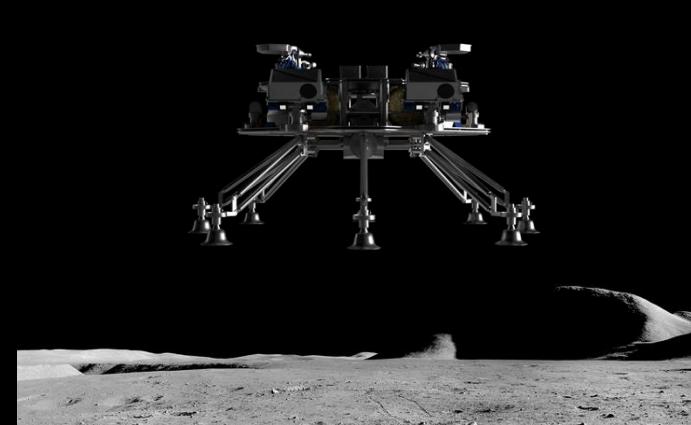
- Thruster driven vehicle for controlled flights with option for refueling
- Flight control sensors: two monocular cameras and an IMU
- Linear Kalman filter for sensor fusion and state prediction
- Sensors feeding a visual SLAM algorithm (simultaneous localization and mapping), performing autonomous navigation to reach pre-assigned targets while generating a map via point clouds



Point cloud example from simulated flight through lava tube



Propulsion system



Vehicle with two camera heads

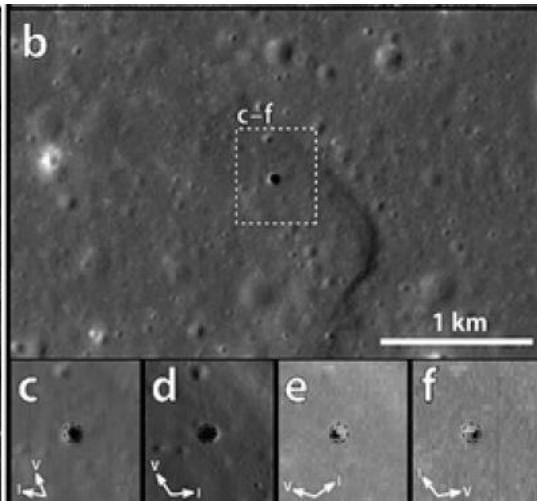
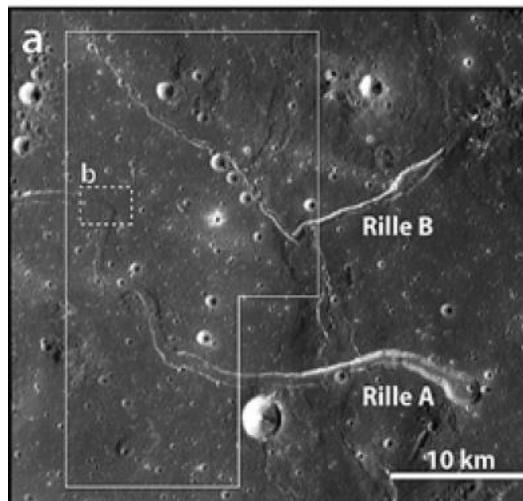


Modeling of Lunar Lava Tubes

Recreated an example terrain and lava tube model using lunar satellite data and published models on lunar skylights and pits

- ✓ Skylights imaged from lunar orbit; presence of lava tubes inferred from orbiting ground penetrating radar measurements (e.g., from KAGUYA lunar orbiter)

Potential image of a lunar lava tube skylight with a diameter of 65 m in the Marius Hills area. (a) Panoramic view of the region, showing the designated area for crater counting marked by a solid white polygon. (b) Marius Hills Hole (MHH). (c-f) Magnified images of the MHH, with arrows indicating the direction of sunlight illumination (I) and camera perspective (V).



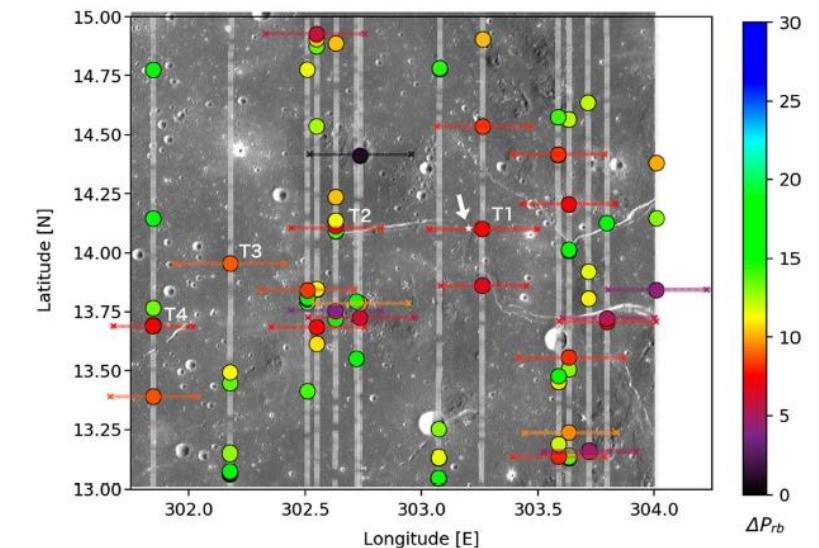
(Qiu et al., 2023)



Lava tubes are an exciting features on the Moon because they could be a “safe haven” (protected from thermal extremes and radiation) for future crewed outposts.

- ✓ Moreover, some could be harboring ice (easier to access than in polar shaded regions).

Candidate sites of potential underground caverns in the Marius Hills region. The color of the circles represents the radar power difference between the first and second echo peaks (ΔP_{rb}). The lower the ΔP_{rb} value, the greater the possibility of the existence of underground lava tubes.



Modeling Of Synthetic Lunar Terrain: Using NVIDIA Replicator

VALUE

- Increased the quality of the designed drone mapping algorithm
- Enabled synthetic dataset generation for obstacle recognition
- Decreased the time needed for environment randomization

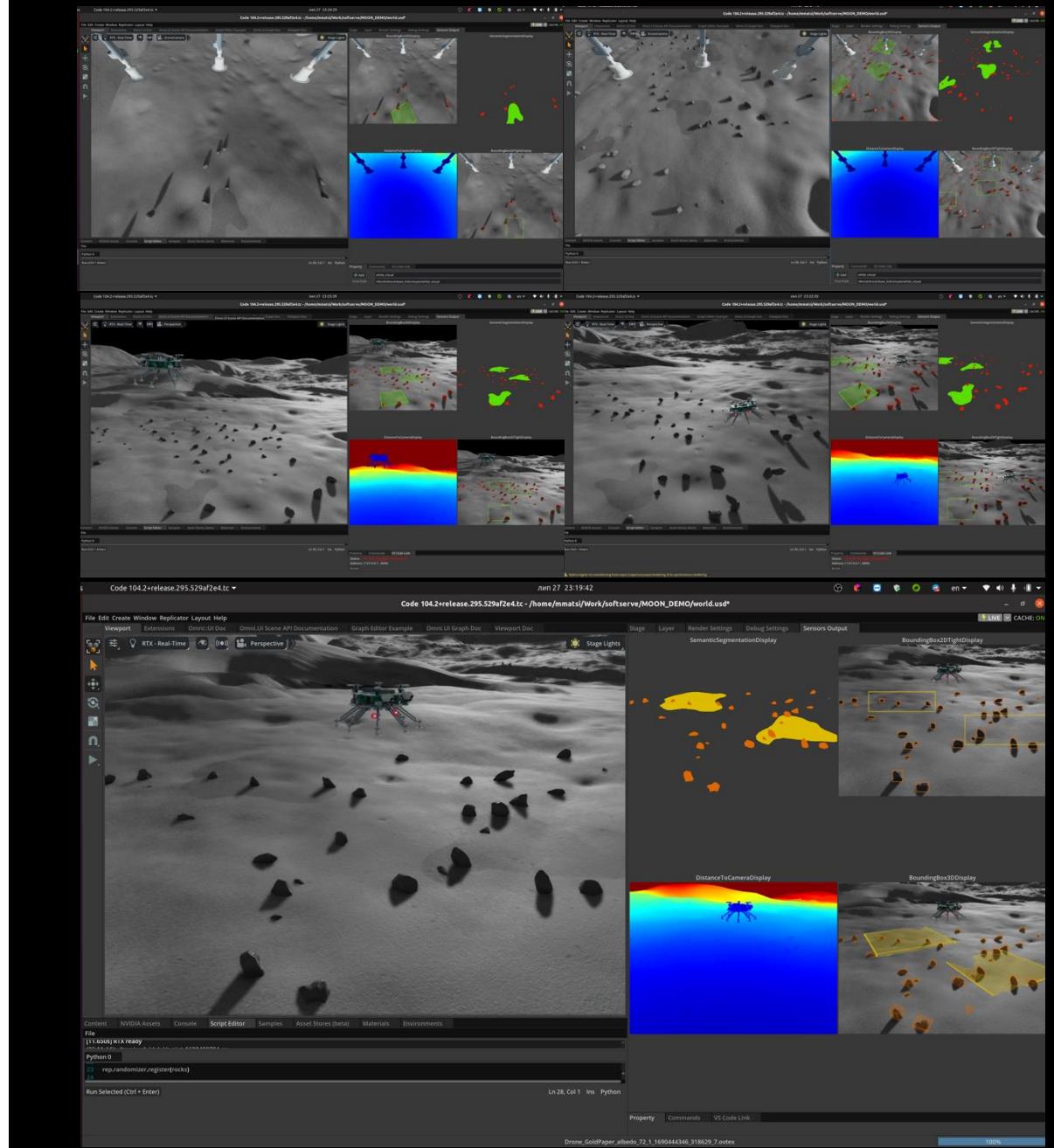
CHALLENGES

As part of the lunar drone simulation work by SoftServe:

Reduce implementation time through automatic world modification

SOLUTION

- Use NVIDIA Replicator and Isaac Sim for environment randomization
 - Drone position
 - Stone quantity, shape, and size
- Test the algorithm in various environments
- Fine-tune the algorithm based on test results
- Enable obstacles recognition for safe landing



A Glimpse Into The Virtual Mission



Simulation of flight
through a lunar lava tube

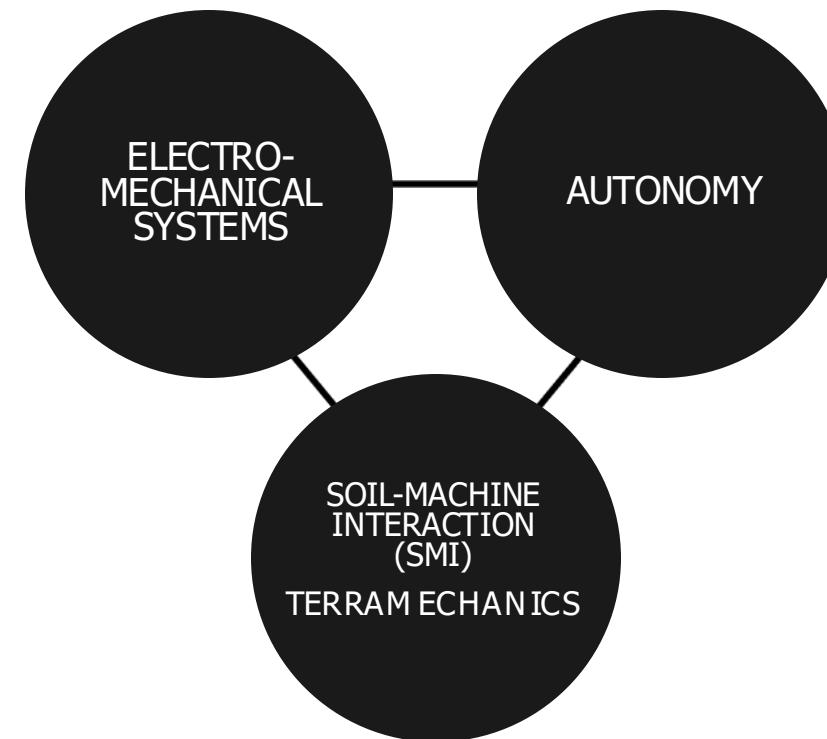
Co-simulation for Lunar Robotics

Managing energy use is critical for lunar operations.

SoftServe uses a co-simulation approach to model **tool-regolith (terramechanical) interaction and robotic behavior**.

Applications:

- Landing gear
- Rover mobility systems
- Excavation, sampling, and sample handling



SURVEYOR III
LUNAR LANDER



APOLLO LM
FOOTPAD



MER MARS
ROVER WHEEL



EXOMARS SPDS: SAMPLE
METERING STATION

Excavation On The Moon

Challenge

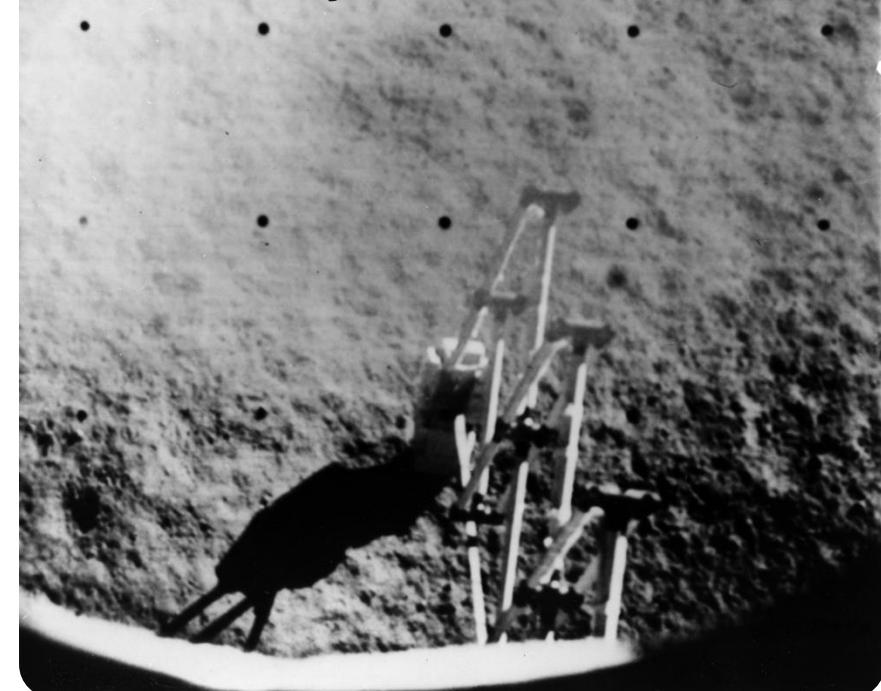
- Excavation is essential for mining resources on the Moon
- So far, only small-scale scientific tests have been done
- Future missions need scalable, efficient solutions
- Lunar gravity must be factored into design



The Need

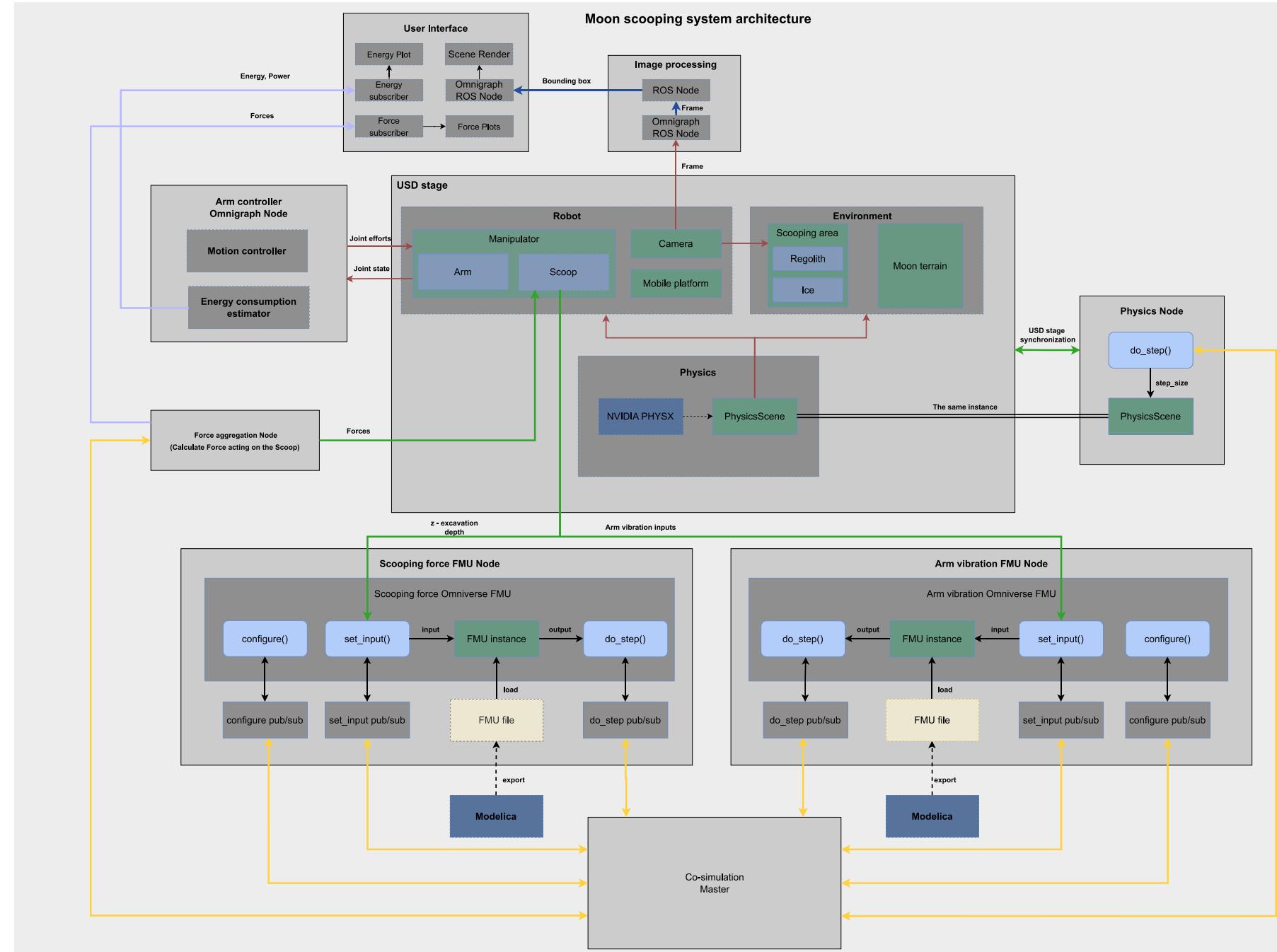
Advanced simulations to explore concepts and guide design

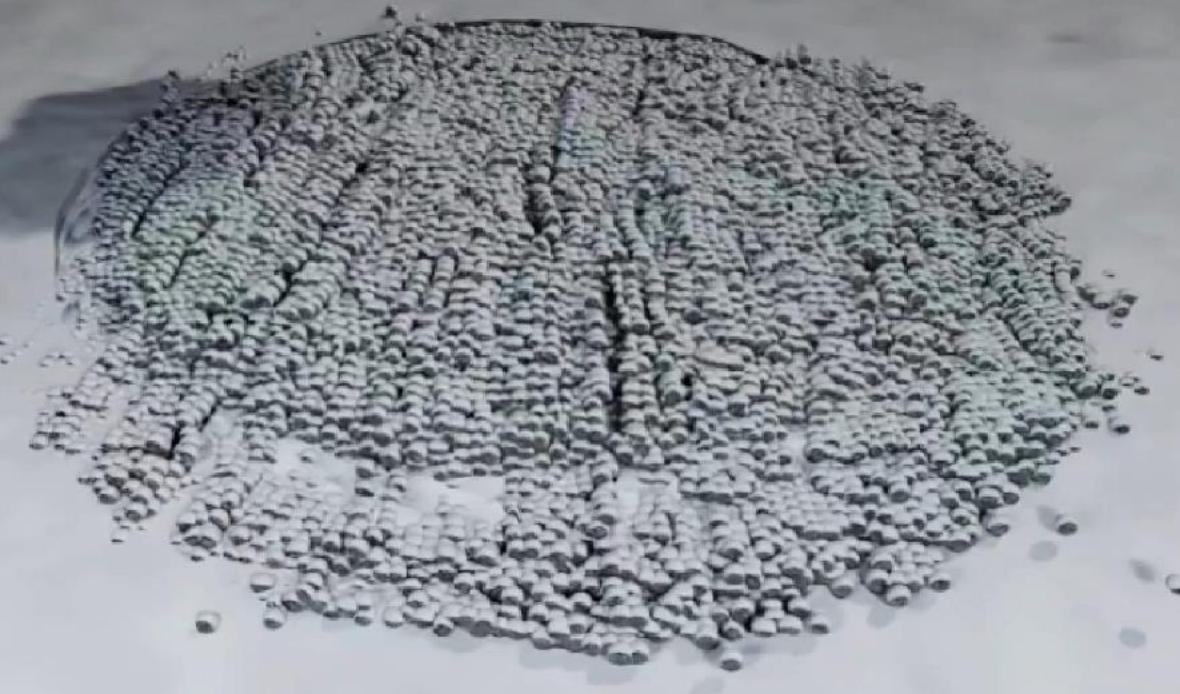
Lunar Surveyor 3



L-REX

Co-simulation Architecture





From Concept To Collaboration With **NASA**



softserve

**SOFTSERVE
TO DEVELOP
NASA-FUNDED
LUNAR
TECHNOLOGIES**



ASTROPORT SPACE TECHNOLOGIES



Companies team up to develop Moon landing and launch pad technology with funding from NASA's STTR 2023 Program

AUSTIN, Texas (Dec. 22, 2023) – SoftServe, a premier IT consulting and digital services provider, today announced plans of joining an international coalition on a NASA-funded project to develop lunar technologies. The project comes after San Antonio-based Astroport Space Technologies won a NASA STTR 2023 Phase II



**READ
MORE**

Co-simulation for Ground Vehicles Mobility

Integrated with NVIDIA Isaac Sim

Semi-Empirical Modeling for Planetary Mobility

Pioneered by M. G. Bekker

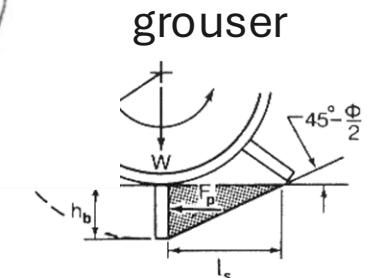
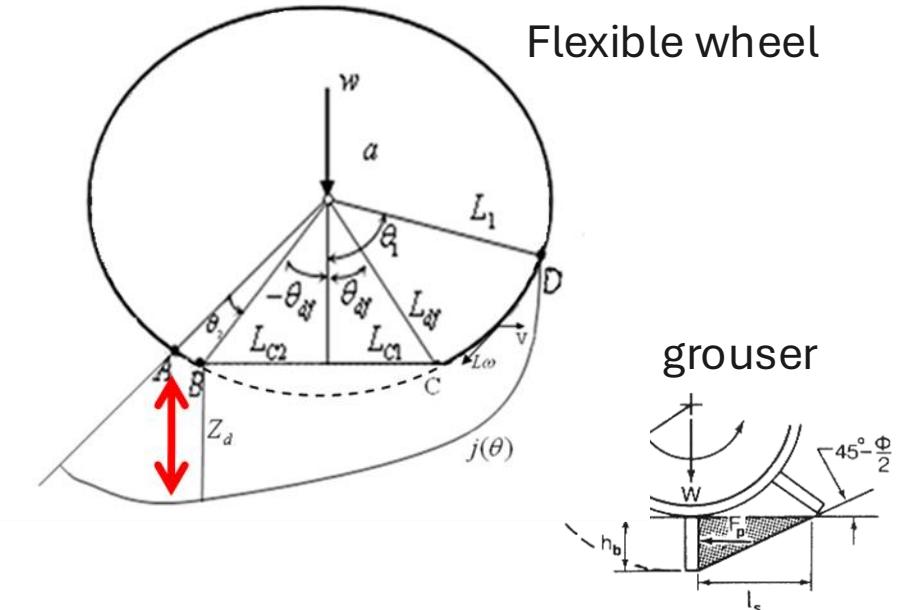
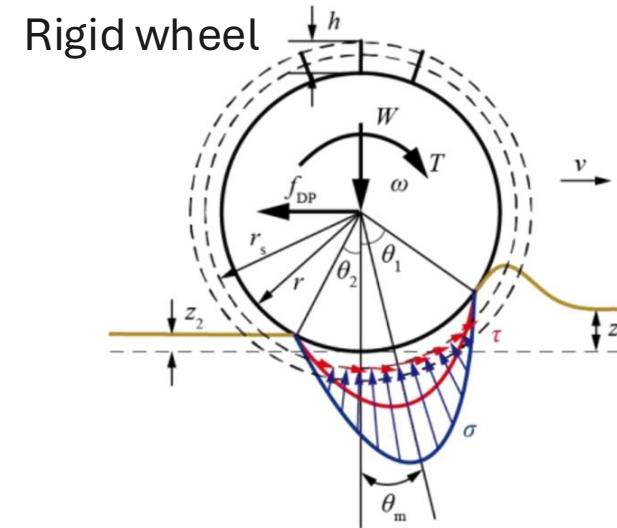
Established in the 1950s

Extensive validation for terrestrial vehicles

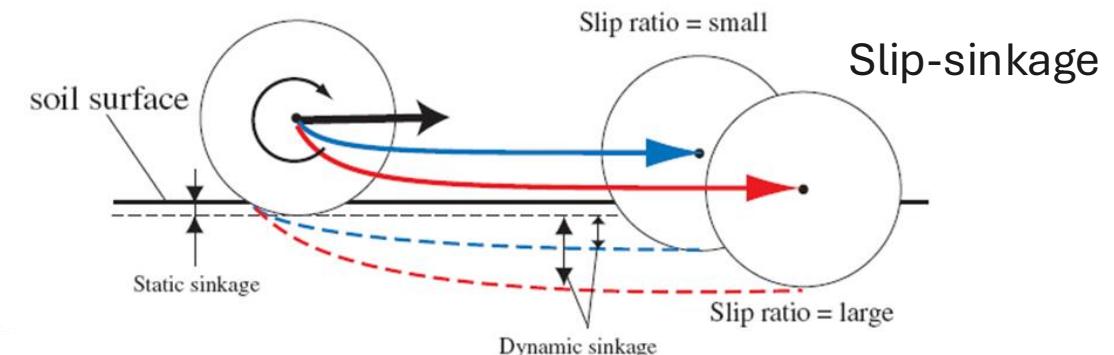
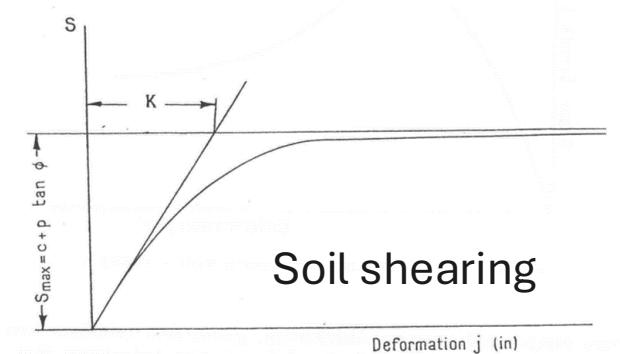
Proven Space Heritage

Lunar Rovers: Apollo LRV, Yutu

Mars Rovers: JPL Mars rovers, ExoMars, Zhurong

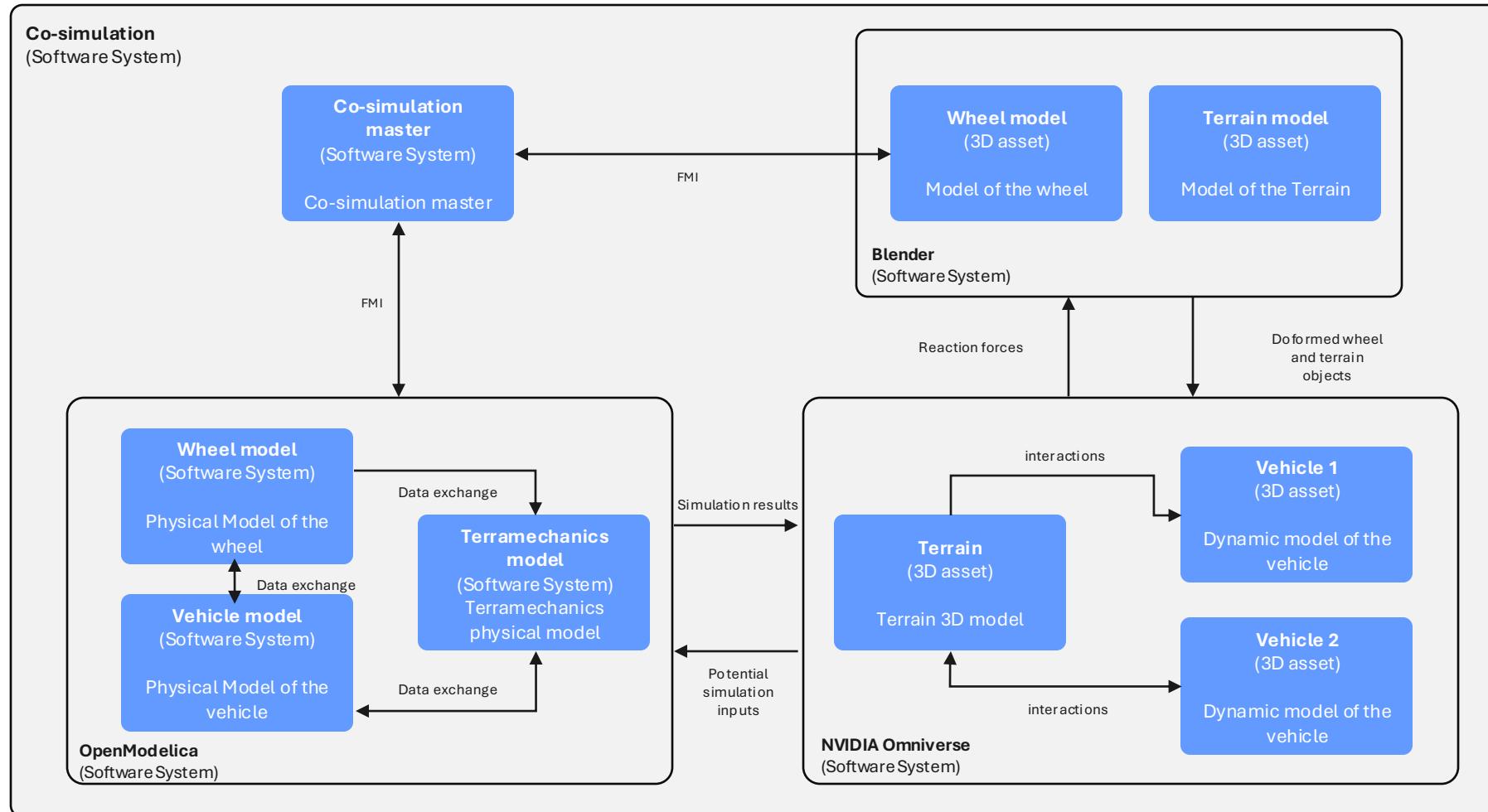


Terramechanics approach



Co-simulation for Ground Vehicles Mobility

Integrated with NVIDIA Isaac Sim

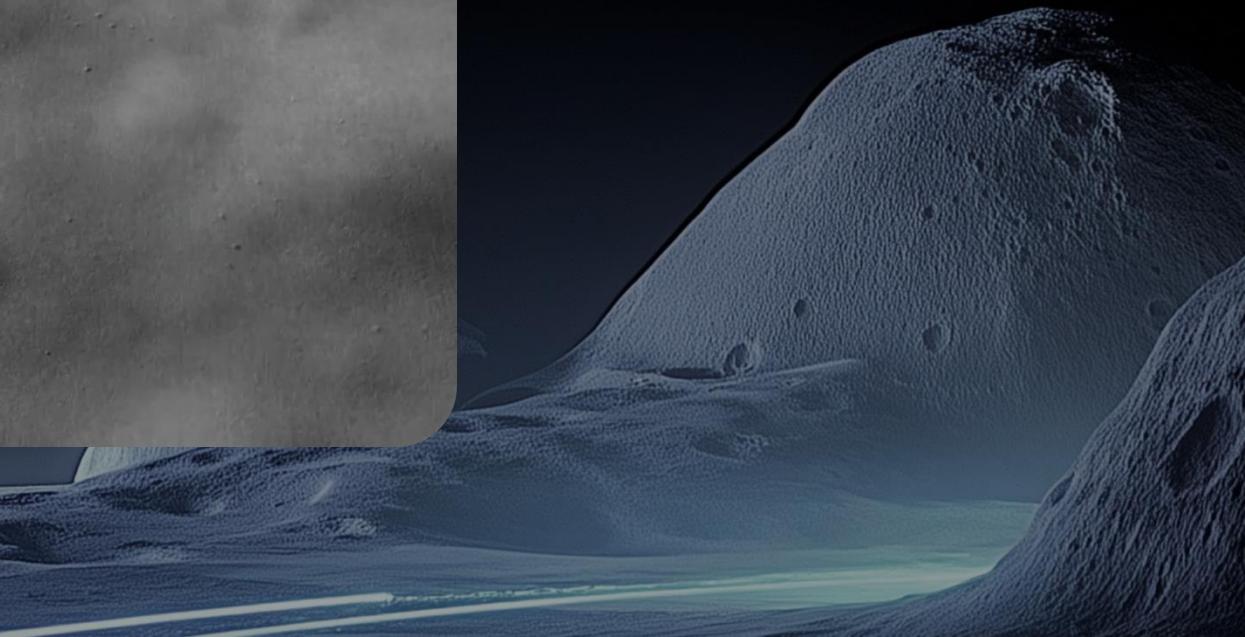
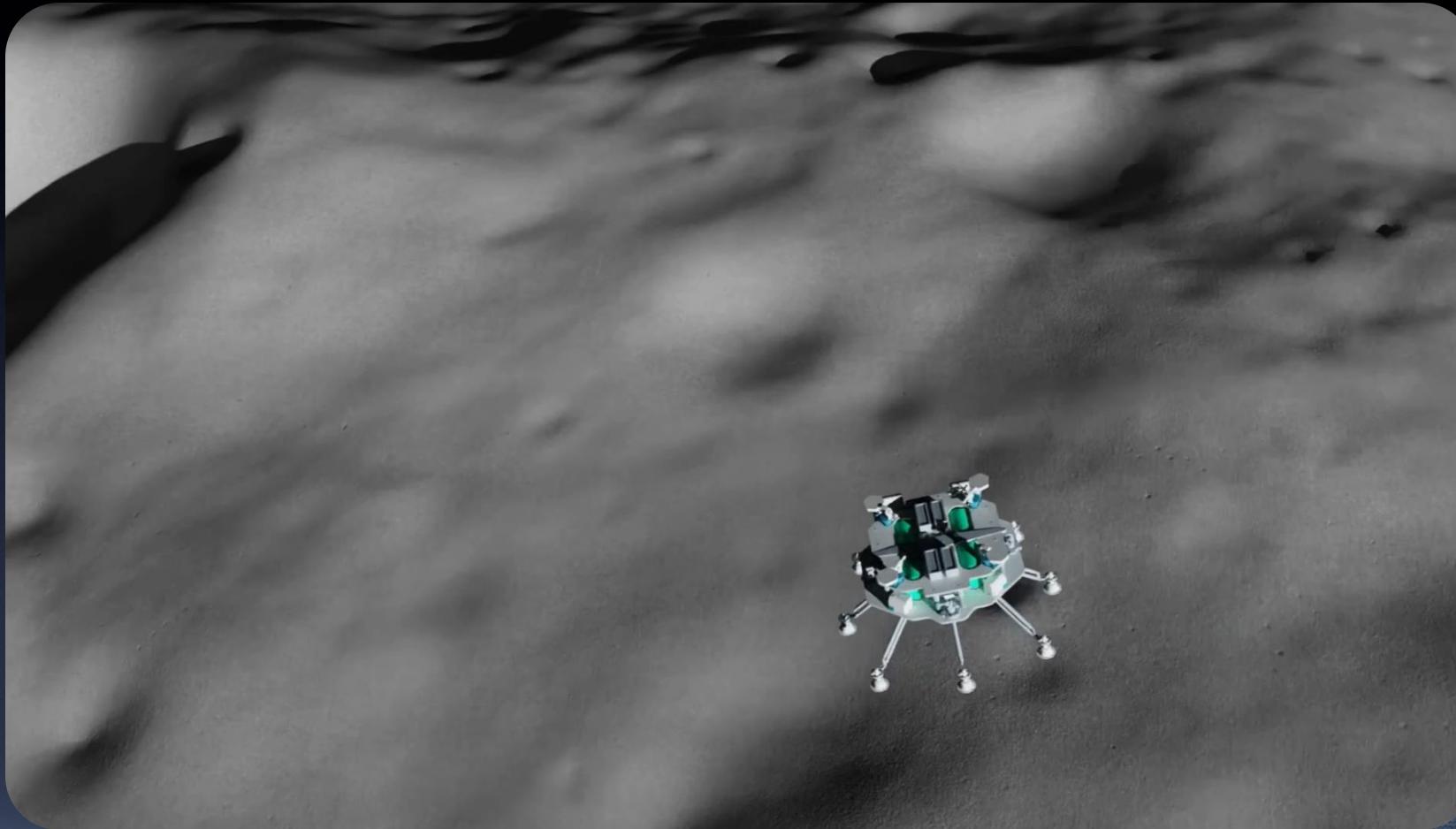


Co-simulation For Ground Vehicles Mobility

Integrated with NVIDIA Isaac Sim

Terramechanics Simulation
Progress Update

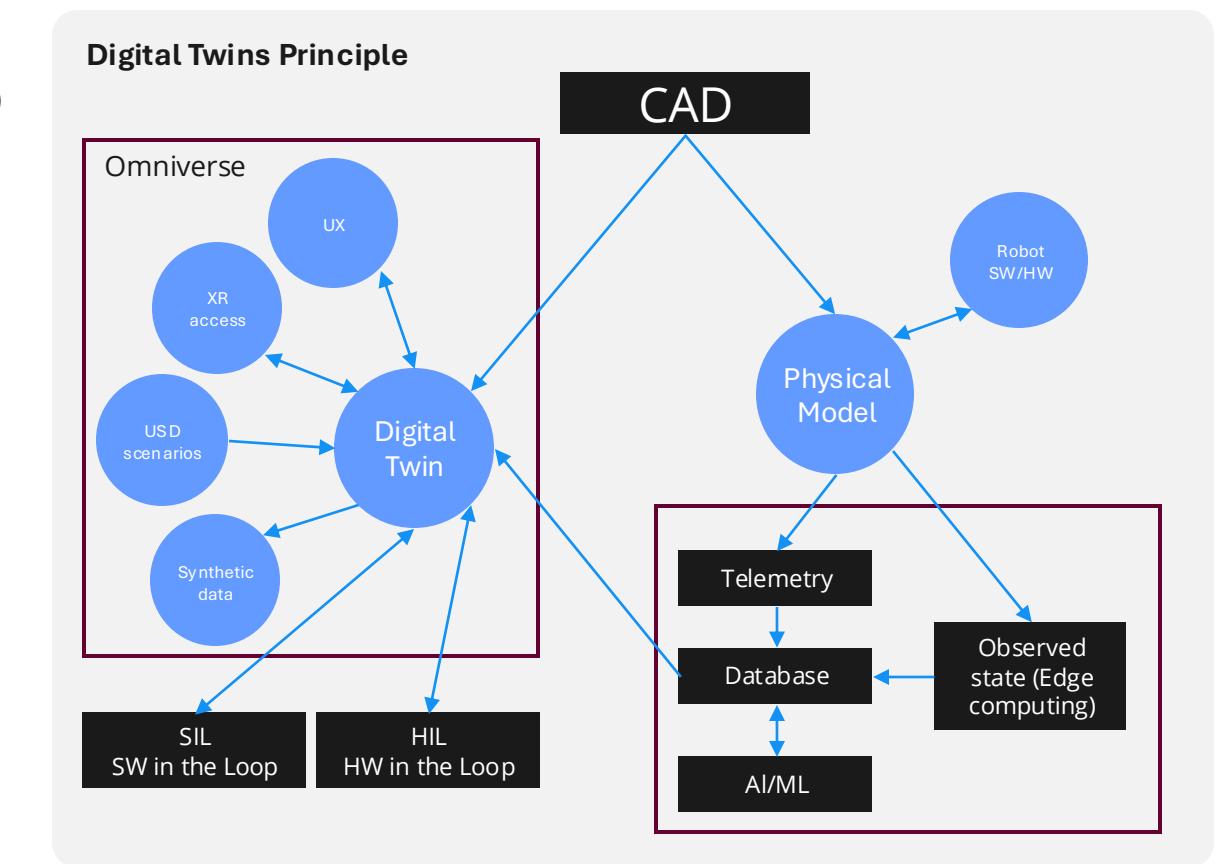
Multi-robot On The Moon



Digital Twins For Space Systems

Capabilities

- Simulate full system behavior with environment interaction (digital twinning)
- Model satellite formations, constellations, and clusters
- Include communications links and GNSS interactions (pointing & positioning)
- Perform virtual commissioning (VC) and software-in-the-loop (SIL) testing



Optimal Control of Dynamical Systems

Capabilities

AI adapts goals to changing system states and environments
Handles uncertainties in real-time operations

Use Cases

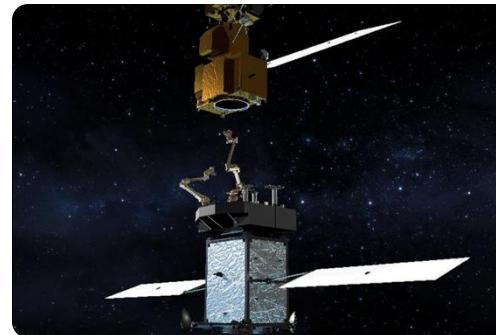
Proximity operations: rendezvous, capture, servicing, debris removal
Orbit and position control: satellite formations and constellations

Technologies

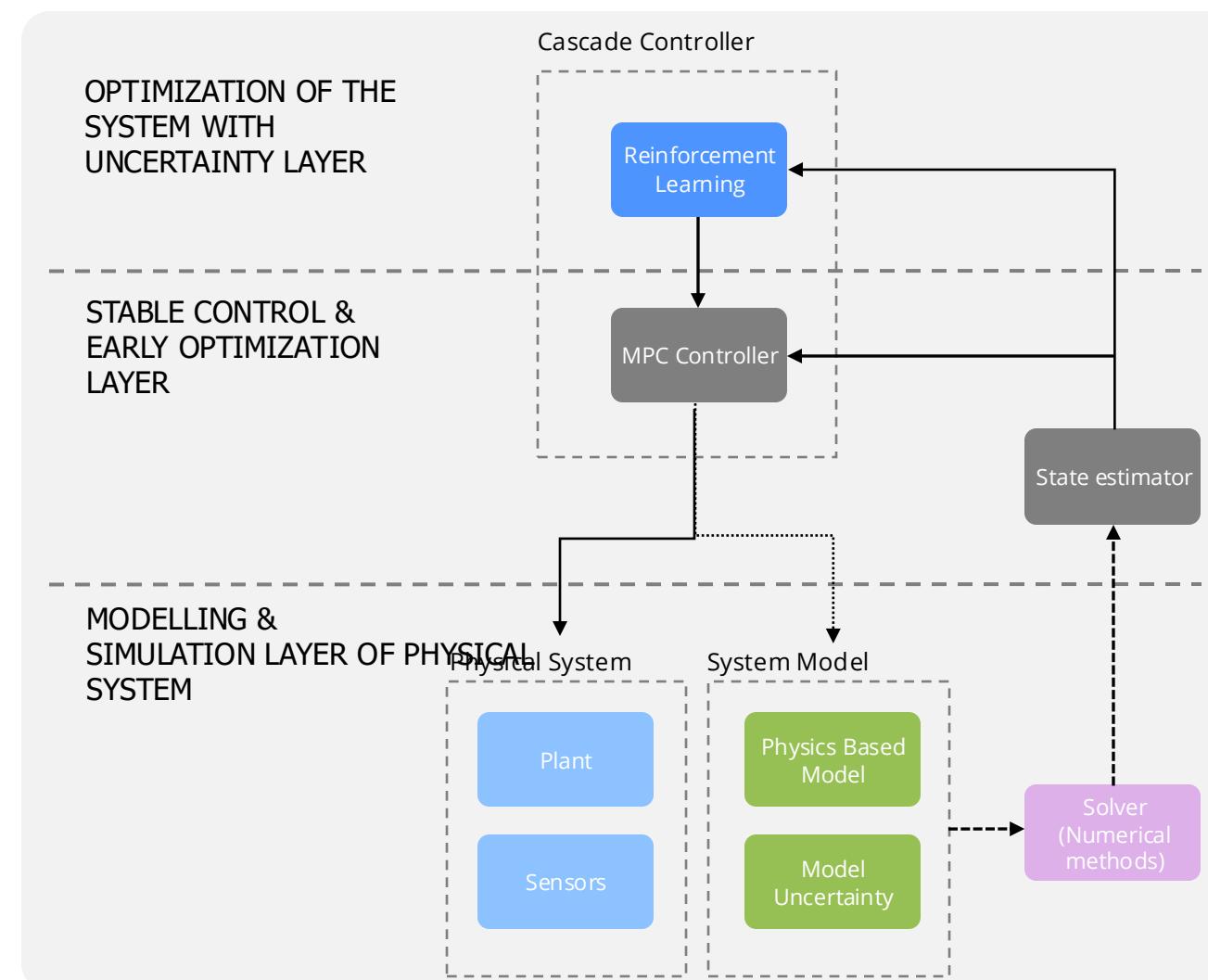
Digital twins and physics-based simulations for control design



CloudCT Nanosat formation of S4 GmbH (Germany)



Satellite servicing concept (NASA)



Takeaways



SoftServe In Space & In The Lunar Economy

There's a lot happening in space — and the *Space Economy* is upon us

**SoftServe's role:
“simulation-first” +
supporting system design
and testing**

NVIDIA Isaac Sim enables:

- Space-related simulations
- Digital twinning
- Physics-based modeling

Built on



...and we have a lot more on our space agenda!

LET'S TALK!

softserve

THANK YOU!



Lutz Richter

Space Projects Consultant
Robotics & Advanced Automation,
SoftServe lrich@softserveinc.com



ANY QUESTIONS?
LET'S TALK

softserve

FOR THE FUTURE



softserve

Backup



Journey from Perception AI to Physical AI

with SoftServe

NVIDIA full stack first & partner-orchestrated

Business-led, value-driven operating model to enable scaling

AlexNet

2012

First widely recognized application of deep convolutional networks

Perception AI

Speech recognition, deep RecSys, medical imaging

Generative AI

Digital marketing, content creation

SoftServe Gen AI Solutions Using NVIDIA AI Blueprints

Visual Search & Summarization (VSS)

Agentic AI

Coding assistant, customer service, patient care

Agentic QA Agents

Physical AI

Self-driving cars, general robotics

Cosmos EA

Virtual Factory Integration

SoftServe Warehouse Sim