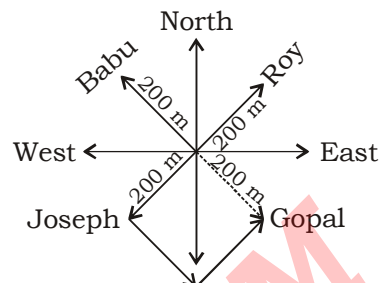


## SSC MOCK TEST - 27 ANSWER WITH SOLUTION

1. (D) (A)  $\begin{array}{ccc} C & & X \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & \text{opposite} \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} D & & W \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & \text{opposite} \end{array}$
- (B)  $\begin{array}{ccc} G & & T \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & \text{opposite} \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} H & & S \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & \text{opposite} \end{array}$
- (C)  $\begin{array}{ccc} J & & Q \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & \text{opposite} \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} K & & P \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & \text{opposite} \end{array}$
- (D)  $\begin{array}{cccc} H & R & I & S \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \text{opposite} & & & \\ \text{opposite} & & & \end{array}$
2. (C)
3. (C) (A)  $\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & \text{---} & 36 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Square} & & \end{array}$  (Both are even number)
- (B)  $\begin{array}{ccc} 8 & \text{---} & 64 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Square} & & \end{array}$  (Both are even number)
- (C)  $\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & \text{---} & 25 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Square} & & \end{array}$  (Both are odd number)
- (D)  $\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & \text{---} & 16 \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Square} & & \end{array}$  (Both are even number)
4. (A) Except giraffe, all are pet animals.
5. (C) (A)  $\begin{array}{ccc} E & D & H \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ -1 & & -1 \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} G & & \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ -1 & & \end{array}$
- (B)  $\begin{array}{ccc} L & K & O \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ -1 & & -1 \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} N & & \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ -1 & & \end{array}$
- (C)  $\begin{array}{ccc} U & V & W \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ +1 & & +1 \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} X & & \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ +1 & & \end{array}$
- (D)  $\begin{array}{ccc} Q & P & T \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ -1 & & -1 \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ccc} S & & \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ -1 & & \end{array}$
6. (B)
7. (D)
8. (B) According to direction.
9. (B)

10. (\*)



11. (D)  $a \ c \ d / b \ d \ e / c \ e \ f / d \ f \ g / e \ g \ h$

12. (B)  $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Foundation} & \text{Building} & - \\ 1 & 3 & \\ \hline \text{Plastering} & \text{Painting} & \\ 2 & 4 & \end{array}$

13. (C) Date of birth in descending chronology will be—

1. 15.04.1950
4. 20.04.1950
2. 14.05.1960
5. 25.05.1960
3. 14.06.1960

14. (A) 832684

15. (B) 567956

16. (C) 650183  
850960

17. (D)  $\begin{array}{ccc} 48 & \underline{2290} & 65 & \underline{2290} \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & \\ \text{Common} & & \text{Serial Number} & \end{array}$

18. (D)  $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{I} & \text{III} & \text{V} \\ 4 & 16 & 64 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \times 4 & & \times 4 \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 24 & 96 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \times 4 & & \times 4 \end{array}$

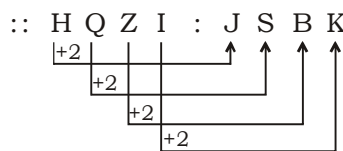
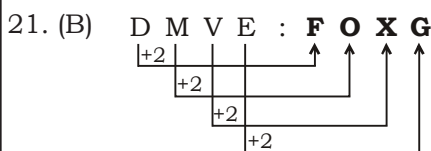
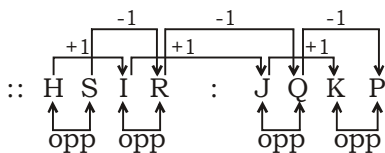
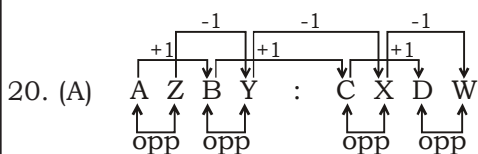
$\begin{array}{ccc} 8 & 32 & 128 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \times 4 & & \times 4 \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 48 & 192 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \times 4 & & \times 4 \end{array}$

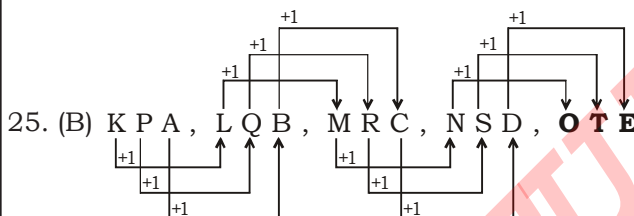
$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 64 & 256 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \times 4 & & \times 4 \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 92 & 368 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \times 4 & & \times 4 \end{array}$

19. (B)



22. (B)      23. (B)      24. (C)



26. (A)

$$1 \times (2 + 1) = 3$$

$$7 \times (14 + 1) = 105$$

$$9 \times (12 + 1) = 117$$

27. (B)      28. (A)

29. (B)

$$4 \times 4 = 16 - 10 = 6$$

$$6 \times 6 = 36 - 10 = 26$$

$$7 \times 7 = 49 - 10 = 39$$

$$5 \times 5 = 25 - 10 = 15$$

30. (C) **Change '-' signs into 'x'**

$$\Rightarrow 4 \times 4 - 4 = 16 - 4 = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 \times 6 - 6 = 36 - 6 = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 - 2 = 4 - 2 = 2$$

Similarly,

$$\Rightarrow 8 \times 8 - 8 = 64 - 8 = 56$$

31. (C)

$$43 - 16 = (27)$$

$$48 - 36 = (12)$$

Similarly,  $56 - 29 = (27)$

32. (C) After changing the signs according to the question, the new equation will be

$$7 + 10 \div 5 \times 6 - 4$$

$$= 7 + 2 \times 6 - 4$$

$$= 4 + 12 - 4$$

$$= 19 - 4$$

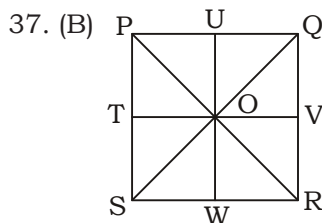
$$= 15$$

33. (D) DECOY

34. (C) TEA

35. (D) Only B is in all the three shapes.

36. (A)



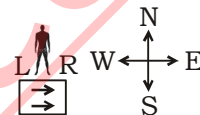
There are 16 triangles in the given figure. The triangles are SRP, RQS, QPR, PSQ, ROS, QOR, POQ, SOP, ROW, VOR, QOV, UOQ, POU, TOP, SOT, WOS.

38. (C)

39. (B) Both are multiple of 4 & 8.

40. (C)

41. (C)



According to the information in the question part, the situation is as shown above. Now it is clear that the person is facing North.

42. (B)  $C \longrightarrow A_{(+)} \longrightarrow B$

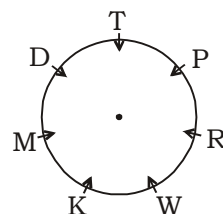
Here, the question is: - How is B related to C?

So, it is important to know to gender of B.

**43-45. Step-I.** According to statments

- (i) P \_\_\_\_ D
- (ii) K \_\_\_\_ P
- (iii) W \_\_\_\_ T
- (iv) WD or DW (x)
- (v) M \_\_\_\_ R

**Step II.** Now plot the combinations



43. (C)

44. (D)

45. (A)

46. (D) I. Q  
P

II. L  
Q

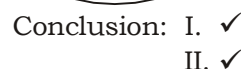
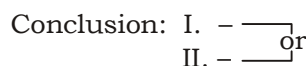
III. P  
M  
N or O

I, II & III  
L  
Q  
P  
M  
N or O

47. (B) Reflection time :  $12 - 6 = 6$  O'clock



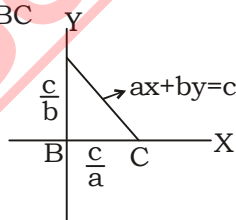
49. (C)



dividing by c both the sides:  $\frac{x}{\frac{c}{a}} + \frac{y}{\frac{c}{b}} = 1$

$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{c}{b} \times \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\Delta \Rightarrow \frac{c^2}{2ab}$$



52. (A)  $x = r \cos \theta$   
 $y = r \sin \theta$   
 $z = r \sin \theta$   
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)$   
 $= r^2(\cos^2 \theta + 2\sin^2 \theta)$   
 $= r^2(\cos^2 \theta + 2\sin^2 \theta \cdot 1)$   
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2(\cos^2 \theta + 2\sin^2 \theta)$



$$\text{per kg Sale price} = \frac{3600}{200} = ₹ 18$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Loss} = \frac{2}{200} \times 100 = 1\%$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{99 \times 100}{2} - \frac{2 \times 49 \times 50}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 99 \times 50 - 49 \times 50$$
$$\Rightarrow 50(99 - 49) = 50 \times 50 = 2500$$

$$\begin{aligned} 57. \text{ (B)} \quad & 999 \frac{995}{999} \times 999 \\ &= \frac{(999)^2 + 995}{999} \times 999 \\ &= 998001 + 995 = \end{aligned}$$

58. (C)  $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{5}\right) \dots \left(1 - \frac{1}{99}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5} \dots \frac{98}{99} \times \frac{99}{100}$   
 $= \frac{2}{100} = \frac{1}{50}$

$$59. \text{(D)} \tan^{6\sqrt{39}} \cdot \cos 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tan 6\sqrt{39} &= \sqrt{3} & \left( \cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \right) \\ 6\sqrt{39} &= 60^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 60. \text{ (D)} \quad & \frac{8(3.75)^3 + 1}{(7.5)^2 - 6.5} \\ \Rightarrow & \frac{2^3(3.75)^3 + 1}{(7.5)^2 - 6.5} = \frac{(7.5)^3 + 1}{(7.5)^2 - 6.5} \\ \Rightarrow & \frac{((7.5) + (1))((7.5)^2 + (1)^2 - 7.5)}{((7.5)^2 - 6.5)} \\ = & 7.5 + 1 = 8.5 \end{aligned}$$

61. (A)  $P = 999$

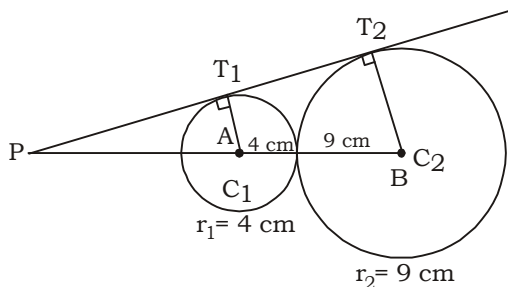
$$\sqrt[3]{999((999)^2 + 3 \times 999 + 3) + 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 999 \quad b = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{(999+1)^3} = 1000$$

$$((a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a+b))$$

62. (C)



Radius of the circle A = 4 cm

$$d = C_1 + C_2 = 4 + 9 = 13 \text{ cm}$$

$$T_1T_2 = \sqrt{d^2 - (r_1 - r_2)^2} = \sqrt{(13)^2 - (5)^2}$$

$$T_1T_2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{144} = 12 \text{ cm}$$

63. (A)  $x = 1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}$  then  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x-1}\right)$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x-1} = (1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) + \frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{+1}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x-1} \Rightarrow 1 + 2\sqrt{3}$$

64. (C) LCM (9, 10, 15) = 90

Given Number = 1936

$\Rightarrow 90 \times 21 = 1890$  is divisible by 90.

but leaves remainder 7  $\rightarrow 50 = 1897$

$$\Rightarrow 1936 - 1897 = 39$$

65. (B) Let the fraction is  $= \frac{x}{y}$

According to the question

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} : \frac{3}{5} = \frac{x}{y} \times \frac{3}{5} + \frac{32}{75}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5x}{3y} - \frac{3x}{5y} = \frac{32}{75}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{25x - 9x}{15y} = \frac{32}{75} \Rightarrow \frac{16x}{15y} = \frac{32}{75}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\text{Correct Answer} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{25}$$

66. (C) LCM (3, 4) = 12

So in 12 minutes

$$\text{Total water by boy} = 4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$\text{by girl} = 3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$25 \ell \rightarrow 12 \text{ min.}$$

$$\text{so } 100 \ell \rightarrow 48 \text{ min.}$$

67. (C) According to the question:

$$M_1D_1W_2 = M_2D_2W_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 28 \times 7 \times \frac{1}{8} = M_2 \times 7 \times \frac{7}{8}$$

$$M_2 = 4$$

68. (A) A can finish work if working

$$1 \text{ hour/day} = 6 \times 7 = 42 \text{ days}$$

$$\rightarrow B \text{ can } \dots\dots = 8 \times 7 = 56 \text{ days}$$

so both can finish working 8 hours/day

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{8}{42} + \frac{8}{56}} = \frac{1}{\frac{4}{21} + \frac{1}{7}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{21}{4+3} = \frac{21}{7} = 3 \text{ day}$$

69. (D) Speed of the boat

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\text{Speed of downstream} + \text{Speed of upstream})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (15 + 9) = \frac{24}{2}$$

$$= 12 \text{ kms/hr}$$

70. (B)

Let speed of A = x km/hr and B = y km/hr

$$\Rightarrow x \times 6 + y \times 6 = 60 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{3}x \times 5 + 2y \times 5 = 60 \quad \dots(ii)$$

after solving (i) and (ii)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10x}{3} + 10(10 - x) = 60 \quad x = 6 \text{ km/hr}$$

71. (D) Speed of the first train =  $\frac{150}{15} = 10 \text{ m/s}$

$$= 10 \times \frac{18}{5} = 36 \text{ km/hr}$$

Let the speed of the second train = y km/hr

According to the question = distance travelled to cross second train = 150 +

$$150 = 300 \text{ m} = \frac{3}{10} \text{ km}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3/10}{36+y} = \frac{12}{3600} \Rightarrow 1080 = 432 + 12y$$

$$y = \frac{648}{12} = 54 \text{ kms/hr}$$

72. (D) Time taken by A =  $\frac{12}{4} = 3 \text{ hr}$

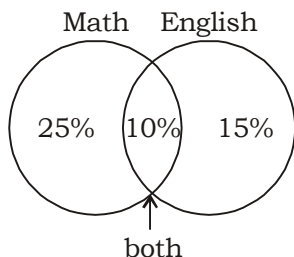
$$B = \frac{12}{3} = 4 \text{ hr}$$

$$C = \frac{12}{3/2} = 8 \text{ hr}$$

LCM (3, 4, 8) = 24 hrs

So, they will meet after 24 hrs.

73. (A)



Total fail = 25 + 10 + 15 = 50%

Total pass = 100 - 50 = 50%

74. (D)  $A : B = \frac{75}{100} : \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3}{4} : \frac{2}{3} = 9 : 8$

$$B : C = 0.6 : \frac{75}{100} = \frac{6}{10} : \frac{75}{100}$$

$$= \frac{6}{10} : \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{5} : \frac{3}{4} = 12 : 15$$

$$A : B : C = 54 : 48 : 60 = 9 : 8 : 10$$

75. (B)

Let the initial Area = xy

Final after reducing 40%

$$\Rightarrow x \times \frac{60}{100} \times y \times \frac{60}{100} = xy \times \frac{36}{100}$$

$$\text{Reduces} = xy - xy \times \frac{36}{100} = 64 \times \frac{xy}{100} = 64\%$$

76. (A)

BC is a line

So  $\angle ABD$

$$= \angle DBX = \frac{180 - 50}{2} = 65^\circ$$

So  $\angle ADB$

=  $65^\circ$  (alternate angle)

77. (A)

Let the time = t

$$\text{SI (Simple Interest)} = 81 - 72 = ₹ 9$$

$$9 = \frac{72 \times 25 \times T}{4 \times 100}$$

$$T = \frac{9 \times 4 \times 4}{72} = 2 \text{ years}$$

78. (C)

According to the question

$$2500 = 2304 \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{2500}{2304} = \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2 \Rightarrow \left(1 + \frac{196}{2304}\right) = \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(1 + \frac{25/6}{100}\right)^2 = \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right) \Rightarrow r = \frac{25}{6} = 4\frac{1}{6}\%$$

79. (C) Let both part is x and (1500 - x)

According to the question:

$$\frac{x \times 10 \times 5}{100} = \frac{(1500 - x) \times 12.5 \times 4}{100}$$

$$x = 1500 - x$$

$$2x = 1500$$

$$x = ₹ 750$$

$$\& 1500 - x = ₹ 750$$

80. (B) According to the formula =

$$D = P \left(\frac{R}{100}\right)^2$$

$$1 = P \left(\frac{4}{100}\right)^2$$

$$P = (25)^2 = ₹ 625$$

81. (B) Let the cost price = x

Now according to the question

$$x + x \times \frac{x}{100} = 144$$

$$\Rightarrow 100x + x^2 = 14400$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 100x - 14400 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 80)(x + 18) = 0$$

$$x = 80$$

82. (A) Let the payment is = 100

Now according to the question

$$100 \times \frac{120}{100} \times \frac{80}{100} = 96$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Reduction} = 100 - 96 = 4\% \text{ (less)}$$

83. (\*) Reduction price per article

$$= \frac{100 \times 33 \frac{1}{3}}{3} = \frac{100 \times 100}{9}$$

$$\text{Initial price} = \frac{100 \times 100 \times 3}{9 \times 200} = \frac{50}{3} \text{ p}$$

Per article

$$\Rightarrow \frac{50}{3}$$

□ In 50/3 paise article bought = 1

□ In 100p (₹ 1)  $\rightarrow \frac{1 \times 3}{50} \times 100 = 6$  Articles are bought.

84. (D) A : B = 3 : 4

$$B : C = 5 : 7$$

$$C : D = 8 : 9$$

$$A : D = \frac{A}{B} \times \frac{B}{C} \times \frac{C}{D} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{5}{7} \times \frac{8}{9} = 10 : 21$$

85. (B) When divided by 893 leaves

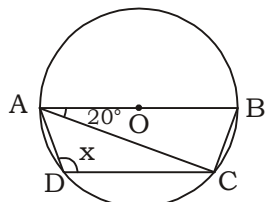
Remainder = 193

When divided by 47 then

$$= \frac{193}{47} = 4, \text{ Remainder} = 5$$

86. (B) Given  $x * y = 3x + 2y$   
then  $2 * 3 = 3 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 = 12$   
 $3 * 4 = 3 \times 3 + 2 \times 4 = 17$   
 $2 * 3 + 3 * 4 = 12 + 17 = 29$

87. (B) AB is a diameter



$\angle ACB = 90^\circ$  (by semi circle angle property)  
So in triangle ABC

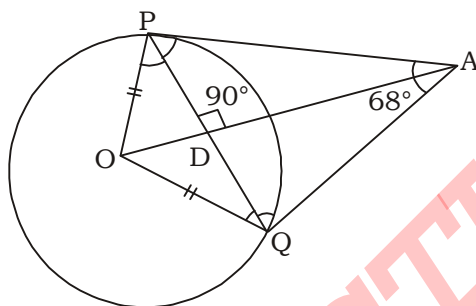
$$= 180 - (20^\circ + 90^\circ) = 70^\circ$$

ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral

So,  $\angle ADC + \angle ABC = 180$

$$\angle ADC = 180^\circ - 70^\circ = 110^\circ$$

88. (A)  $\angle PAQ = 68^\circ$   
&  $\angle PAO = 34^\circ$



draw a line PQ cutting AO at D & making angle  $\angle PDA = 90^\circ$

$\therefore$  In  $\triangle PDA \Rightarrow \angle APD = \angle APQ = 180 - (90 + 34)$

$$\angle APQ = 180^\circ - 124^\circ = 56^\circ$$

89. (D)  $(0.98)^3 + (0.02)^3 + 3 \times 0.98 \times 0.02 - 1$   
 $\Rightarrow (0.98 + 0.02)^3 - 1$   
 $\Rightarrow 1 - 1 = 0$

90. (B) Let the measures

Length = x

breadth = y

height (Deepness) = z

According to the question:-

$$z = \frac{x}{3} \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

$$y = (x - \frac{x}{3}) \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{9}$$

$$\text{Volume} = x \times \frac{x}{3} \times \frac{x}{9} = 216$$

$$\Rightarrow x^3 = 216 \times 27$$

$$= 6^3 \times 3^3$$

$$x = 18 \text{ decimeter}$$

91. (B) According to the question :-

$$\frac{1}{2} \times P \times 12 = 12 \times 12$$

$$P = 24 \text{ cm}$$

92. (\*) Radius of the Cylinder =  $\frac{16}{2} = 8 \text{ cm.}$

height = 2 cm.

$$\text{volume} = 2\pi r^2 h$$

$$= 2\pi (8)^2 \times 2 \Rightarrow 256\pi$$

Now volume of the one sphere

$$\Rightarrow \frac{256\pi}{12} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$r^3 = 16$$

$$r = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$d = 2r = 4\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$$

93. (A) In year 1990

94. (D) Total sale in 1993 = 439.7

In 1990 = 351.6

$$\% = \frac{439.7}{351.6} \times 100 = 125\%$$

95. (A)

96. (D)

97. (B)  $a * b = a + b + ab$

$$3 * 4 - 2 * 3 = (3 + 4 + 3 \times 4) - (2 + 3 + 2 \times 3)$$

$$= 7 + 12 - 11$$

$$= 8$$

98. (A)

99. (B) Third proportion of  $(x^2 - y^2)$  and  $(x - y)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x - y)^2}{x^2 - y^2} \Rightarrow \frac{(x - y)(x - y)}{(x + y)(x - y)} = \frac{x - y}{x + y}$$

100. (D)  $\tan A + \sin A = p$

$$\tan A - \sin A = q$$

$$\text{LHS} = p^2 - q^2 = \tan^2 A + \sin^2 A + 2\tan A \cdot \sin A - \tan^2 A$$

$$- \sin^2 A + 2 \tan A \cdot \sin A = 4 \tan A \cdot \sin A$$

$$\text{RHS} = 4\sqrt{pq} = 4\sqrt{\tan^2 A - \sin^2 A} = 4\sqrt{\frac{\sin^2 A}{\cos^2 A} - \sin^2 A}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\sqrt{\frac{\sin^2 A(1 - \cos^2 A)}{\cos^2 A}} = 4\sqrt{\frac{\sin^2 A \cdot \sin^2 A}{\cos^2 A}}$$

$$= 4 \tan A \cdot \sin A$$

151. (A) add 'so' before weak.

152. (B) 'is' in place of 'are'.

153. (B) 'Standing' in place of 'stands'.

154. (A) 'is' in place of 'was'

155. (B) 'Cousins' and not 'Cousin sisters'

186. (D) an indirect reference indicating criticism.

187. (A) 'B' is also a correct option.