

Machine Learning		3	0	2	and Stochastic Processes, Linear Algebra	
<b>Course Objective:</b> 1. To understand various key paradigms for machine learning approaches. 2.To familiarize with the mathematical and statistical techniques used in machine learning. 3. To understand and differentiate among various machine learning techniques.						
S. NO.	Course Outcomes (CO)					
CO1	Understand the fundamental concepts and algorithms of machine learning					
CO2	Develop a comprehensive understanding of fundamental machine learning concepts, algorithms, and techniques, including supervised and unsupervised learning, classification, regression, clustering, and dimensionality reduction.					
CO3	Apply principles and algorithms to evaluate models generated from data					
CO4	Learn to critically evaluate the performance of machine learning models using appropriate metrics					
CO5	Develop the ability to identify and formulate problems suitable for machine learning solutions, design appropriate models, and interpret results in practical applications.					
S. NO.	Contents					Contact Hours
UNIT 1	Introduction to Machine Learning: Overview of different tasks: classification, regression, clustering, Concept of learning, Types of the Machine Learning, Data Table, Information System, Data Representation, diversity of data, Basic Linear Algebra and Probaboliy Theory, Optimization: Maximum likelihood, Expectation maximization, Gradient descent, Bias-Variance Tradeoff, Metrics to Evaluate Classification and Regression models					14
UNIT 2	Supervised Learning: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Baysian Decision Theory, Naïve Bayes, K-Nearest Neighbour, Support Vector Machine, Decision trees, Ensemble Classifier, Random Forest, Linear Classifiers and Kernels, Neural Networks, Deep Neural Network, Fundametals of Deep Learning: DNN, CNN.					14
UNIT 3	Unsupervised Learning: Clustering, Expectation Maximization, K-Mean Clustering, Hierarchical vs Partitional Clustering, Gaussion Mixture Model, Dimensionality Reduction, Feature Selection, PCA, factor analysis, manifold learning.					14
	TOTAL					42