

<b>CS407: Pattern Recognition</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>Linear Algebra, Probability Theory</b>
	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	

**Course Objective:** To equip with basic mathematical and statistical techniques commonly used in pattern recognition. Also provide with an adequate background on probability theory, statistics, and optimization theory to tackle a wide spectrum of engineering problems.

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Course Outcomes (CO)</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Learn various data pre-processing techniques.
<b>CO2</b>	Understand feature selection methodologies.
<b>CO3</b>	Apply different learning approaches in pattern recognition
<b>CO4</b>	Implement performance evaluation of models.

<b>S. No</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>Contact Hours</b>
<b>UNIT 1</b>	Pattern recognition fundamentals: Basic concepts of pattern recognition, fundamental problems in pattern recognition system, design concepts and methodologies, example of automatic pattern recognition systems, a simple automatic pattern recognition model.	<b>8</b>

<b>UNIT 2</b>	Bayesian decision theory: Minimum-error-rate classification, Classifiers, Discriminant functions, Decision surfaces, Normal density and Discriminant functions, Discrete features, Missing and noisy features.	<b>8</b>
<b>UNIT 3</b>	Maximum-likelihood and Bayesian parameter estimation:Maximum-Likelihood estimation: Gaussian case, Maximum a Posteriori estimation, Bayesian estimation: Gaussian case, Problems of dimensionality, Dimensionality reduction: Principle component analysis.	<b>8</b>
<b>UNIT 4</b>	Non-parametric techniques for density estimation: Parzen-window method, K-Nearest Neighbour method, Fuzzy classifications. Unsupervised learning and Clustering: k-mean clustering, fuzzy k-mean clustering, similarity measures, criterion functions for clustering, hierarchical clustering.	<b>8</b>
<b>UNIT 5</b>	Neural Network Classifiers: Single and Multilayer Perceptron, Feedforward operations and classifications, network learning, training protocols,Back Propagation Learning, Bayes discriminants and neural networks.	<b>8</b>
<b>UNIT 6</b>	Stochastic Methods: Stochastic search, Boltzmann factor, simulated annealing algorithm, deterministic simulated annealing, Boltzmann learning. Evolutionary Methods: Genetic algorithms, genetic programming, particle swarm optimization.	<b>8</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>48</b>