Recommendations for the Gym Injury Prevention Initiative

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Introduction

ACC's proposed initiative aims to reduce gym-related injuries by offering a free personal training session to its clients. However, several challenges need to be addressed. These include the challenges of accurately identifying high-risk individuals out of approximately 80,000 eligible participants, concerns about whether a single session can have a meaningful impact and ensuring fairness in the selection process.

This report outlines these challenges, proposes a data-driven methodology to improve the selection process, and emphasizes the importance of monitoring the initiative's effectiveness.

Proposed Methodology

To address these challenges, we propose developing a predictive model that estimates each individual's likelihood of injury. This model would consider various factors, including injury history, nature of injury, age, socioeconomic status, and lifestyle habits related to working conditions, to assign an injury risk probability. By using these factors, the model will rank individuals by their risk, helping us focus on those who are most likely to benefit from a personal training session.

Additionally, to ensure fairness and avoid unintended bias in the selection process, we recommend implementing stratified sampling. This approach divides the population into subgroups based on characteristics like age, injury history, and lifestyle factors, ensuring that each subgroup is adequately represented in the final selection. This will help ensure the program reaches a broad, diverse group of high-risk individuals and addresses equity concerns.

Preliminary Analysis

The team has built a proof-of-concept (POC) model, and the preliminary results appear promising. The model is currently showing positive trends in predicting injury risk based on the available data. However, it is important to note that the model has not yet been fully optimized for the best performance, and further fine-tuning is necessary.

Additionally, the model is still awaiting peer review, and alternate modeling approaches have yet to be explored. We expect that these next steps will provide further insights into the model's potential and performance. Once the model undergoes thorough quality assurance checks and optimization, the results will be shared, ensuring that the methodology and its outputs meet the required standards for accuracy and reliability.

Improvements to data

While the existing data provides a foundation for predictive modeling, there are gaps that could impact the model's accuracy. Additional data would be beneficial, including:

- Physical status: Information such as height, weight, and general fitness levels would enhance the model's ability to assess injury risk.
- Access to trainers: Data on whether individuals have worked with a personal trainer
 in the past or received informal training (e.g., from friends or online resources) would
 help better understand their fitness baseline and potential risk.
- Activity levels: Understanding the frequency and intensity of an individual's workouts, along with their general lifestyle, could provide more insight into their injury risk.
- Injury causes: Knowing how individuals sustained past injuries (e.g., improper techniques or overtraining) would help refine the model's predictions.
- Injury timeline: Information about the timing and recurrence of injuries would help assess if individuals are prone to re-injury, adding further predictive value.

These data improvements would provide a more detailed risk profile for each individual, enabling a more accurate and targeted approach.

Monitoring and Evaluation

To assess whether the initiative is achieving its intended goals, it is essential to implement a monitoring system. This system would track injury reports from selected participants over a 12-month period, evaluating whether the free personal training session leads to a reduction in injuries. Continuous monitoring will allow the team to adjust the program and optimize the model to ensure better outcomes.

Given the uncertainties surrounding the effectiveness of a single session, the system will also help determine if additional sessions or a more sustained intervention might be necessary for lasting benefits.

Conclusion

The initiative to reduce gym-related injuries offers significant potential, but careful consideration is needed to address challenges related to the identification of high-risk individuals, the effectiveness of a single session, and the need for a fair selection process. By employing a predictive model and stratified sampling, the team can ensure that the intervention targets individuals most likely to benefit from it while maintaining fairness.

Improving the data with additional details about individuals' physical status, activity levels, and injury history will further enhance the model's accuracy and allow for more targeted interventions. Lastly, implementing a robust monitoring and evaluation system will be crucial in assessing the effectiveness of the program and guiding necessary adjustments over time.