

Writeup assignment 2
CS383 Machine learning

Answers:

1) $W_j''' = ?$

Theory Answers:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{W_{j+1}'' - W_{j-1}''}{2} \\
 &= \left[\frac{\left(\frac{W_{j+2}' - W_j'}{2} \right) - \left(\frac{W_j' - W_{j-2}'}{2} \right)}{2} \right] \\
 &= \left[\frac{W_{j+2}' - 2W_j' + W_{j-2}'}{2} \right] \\
 &= \left[\frac{\frac{W_{j+3} - W_{j+1}}{2} - 2 \left(\frac{W_{j+1} - W_{j-1}}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{W_{j-1} - W_{j-3}}{2} \right)}{4} \right] \\
 &= \left[\frac{W_{j+3} - W_{j+1} - 2W_{j+1} + 2W_{j-1} + W_{j-1} - W_{j-3}}{8} \right] \\
 &= \frac{W_{j+3} - 3W_{j+1} + 3W_{j-1} - W_{j-3}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

2) $Purity = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^n |C_i| Purity(C_i)$

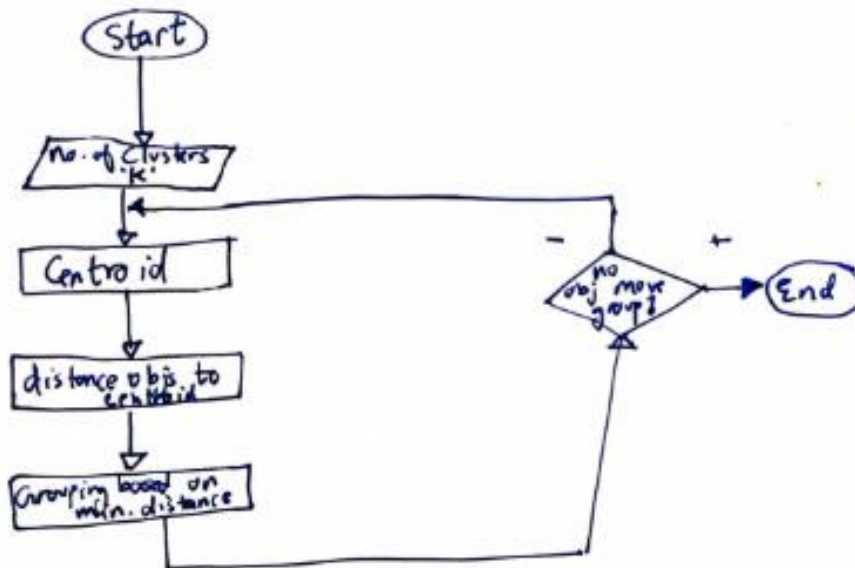
$C_1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $C_2 = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$

$C_1 = \{3, 4\}$, $C_2 = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$

$\therefore Purity = \frac{1}{8} [2 + 4] = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4} = 0.75$

Notes:

K - means Clustering:



- define no. of clusters k ,
- Centroid = mean value, $2 \rightarrow 2$ centroids
 $3 \rightarrow 3$ centroids
- find dist. of obj from centroids.
- Based on \min distance, we classify to a specific cluster
- repeat process: if group changes, we move to cluster diff

Example for $k=3$

	2	5	7	8	13	16	18	28	30
	\uparrow				\uparrow				\uparrow
	C_1				C_2				C_3
	assume				assume				assume
①	C_1	C_2	C_3						
	$[2 \ 5 \ 7]$	$[8 \ 13 \ 16 \ 18]$	$[28 \ 30]$						
	$\mu = 4.6$	$\mu = 13.5$	$\mu = 29$						
②	$[2 \ 5 \ 7 \ 8]$	$[13 \ 16 \ 18]$	$[28 \ 30]$						
	$\mu = 5.5$	$\mu = 15.6$	$\mu = 29$						

— run loop again
— find centroids

K-means in 2 features:

using $K=2$.

Initiation- Randomly we chose following two Centroids for 2 clusters

In this case, the two centroids are:

$$m_1 = (1.0, 1.0) \text{ \& } m_2 = (5.0, 7.0)$$

Data	Individual	Var ₁	Var ₂
	1	1.0	1.0
	2	1.5	2.0
	3	3.0	4.0
	4	5.0	5.0
	5	3.5	5.0
	6	4.5	4.5
	7	3.5	4.5

Group	Indiv.	Centroid
Group 1	1	(1.0, 1.0)
Group 2	4	(5.0, 7.0)

$$\sqrt{\underbrace{(m-x_c)^2}_{\substack{\text{m value} \\ \text{which we use} \\ \text{to calc. value} \\ \text{wrt } C_i}}} + \underbrace{(m-y_c)^2}_{\substack{\text{m value} \\ \text{which we use} \\ \text{to calc. value} \\ \text{wrt } C_i}}$$

$$d(m_1, 2) = \sqrt{|1.0 - 1.5|^2 + |1.0 - 2.0|^2} = 1.12$$

$$d(m_2, 2) = \sqrt{|5.0 - 1.5|^2 + |7.0 - 2.0|^2} = 6.10$$

we do this for all observations. (create an internal table of sorts)

we thus get 2 clusters containing {1, 2, 3} & {4, 5, 6, 7} their new centroids are

	Cent 1	Cent 2
1	0	7.21
2	1.12	6.10
3	3.61	3.61
4	7.21	0
5	4.72	2.5
6	5.30	2.06
7	4.30	2.92

$$m_1 = \left(\frac{1}{3} (1.0 + 1.5 + 3.0), \frac{1}{3} (1.0 + 2.0 + 4.0) \right) = (1.83, 2.33)$$

$$m_2 = \left(\frac{1}{4} (5.0 + 3.5 + 4.5 + 3.5), \frac{1}{4} (7.0 + 5.0 + 5.0 + 4.5) \right) = (4.12, 5.38)$$

Now using these centroids, we compute the Euclidean distance of each object as shown

New clusters are {1, 2} & {3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

Next centroids are $m_1 = (1.25, 1.5)$ & $m_2 = (3.9, 5.1)$

we run again until observations stop changing groups. (we're calculating clusters again after each step)

	Cent 1	Cent 2
1	1.57	5.33
2	0.47	4.21
3	2.04	1.77
4	5.64	1.84
5	3.15	0.73
6	3.78	0.54
7	2.74	1.08

Result

References:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DdlrYLqq71M>

<https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/math/basic-matrix-operations.html>

<https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/ref/double.normalize.html>

<https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/ref/colormap.html>