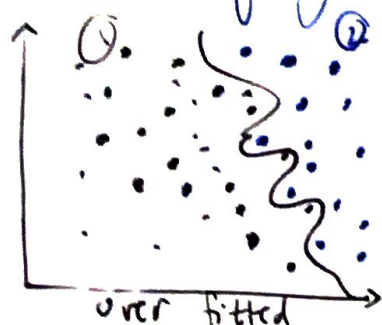


If the system works just for training data well & doesn't work for the whole system, we say the d. model is overfitting the data.



However, if the system is too generic & doesn't even work well with training data, we say the system is under fitted.

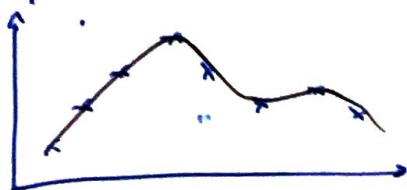
This means that if we have multiple runs with diff. data ~~this~~ model is biased. [could be under fitting or NOT!]

→ In this case, our system is too dependant on the training data, so, there will be a large Variance across different runs.

→ Variance & overfitting are related

Over fitting

- Variance
- fits VERY WELL on training data
- Works well on training data but not on testing set
- use less complex model
 - use less features
 - get more data.
 - use another set (called validation)
 - add penalization term to penalize sys complexity



Under fitting

- bias (not necessarily due to underfitting or overfitting)
- doesn't fit well even on training data
- garbage either way
- make a more complex model to fix this.
 - may involve more features
 - or try a diff algo.

