

pandas_withassignment

January 16, 2022

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Task: Pandas Hands on Practise

1. Libraries

Intalling libraries libraries

Importing libraries

Define a Series (a column list with a Not A Number)

```
[ ]: # pip install numpy
      # pip install pandas
      import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      s = pd.Series([1,3,np.nan,5,7,8,9])
      s
```

```
[ ]: 0    1.0
      1    3.0
      2   NaN
      3    5.0
      4    7.0
      5    8.0
      6    9.0
      dtype: float64
```

2. Generating Data Series/Frames

Printing Dates in a series

```
[ ]: dates = pd.date_range("20220101",periods=20)
      dates
```

```
[ ]: DatetimeIndex(['2022-01-01', '2022-01-02', '2022-01-03', '2022-01-04',
                    '2022-01-05', '2022-01-06', '2022-01-07', '2022-01-08',
```

```
'2022-01-09', '2022-01-10', '2022-01-11', '2022-01-12',
'2022-01-13', '2022-01-14', '2022-01-15', '2022-01-16',
'2022-01-17', '2022-01-18', '2022-01-19', '2022-01-20'],
dtype='datetime64[ns]', freq='D')
```

Generating a Data Frame using the Dates as Index of that Data set

```
[ ]: # np.random.randn(20,4) this indicates that keep index = 20 (row split) of
      ↪table, where as 4 is the column split
df = pd.DataFrame(data=np.random.randn(20,4), index=dates,
      ↪columns=list("ABCD"), dtype=float, copy=None)
df
```

```
[ ]:
      A          B          C          D
2022-01-01 -0.807823 -0.067819 -1.330167  0.074816
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174
2022-01-12 -0.083672 -1.471417 -0.039479  0.111297
2022-01-13  0.074566 -0.125679  1.443004  0.034680
2022-01-14  1.265377  0.554316  1.188476 -2.156915
2022-01-15  1.275653 -0.101605  0.780956  0.675729
2022-01-16 -1.602749  0.251363  0.271529  2.246843
2022-01-17 -1.566494  0.545225 -0.388877 -0.317478
2022-01-18  1.251463  1.940221 -1.155982 -1.181810
2022-01-19  0.062309 -1.656761  0.531129 -1.674739
2022-01-20  1.019831 -0.298755 -0.044523  0.686477
```

Checking the data type of Data frame

```
[ ]: df.dtypes
```

```
[ ]: A    float64
      B    float64
      C    float64
      D    float64
      dtype: object
```

Generating a Data Frame using Dictionary Method (Key=Column names)

```
[ ]: df2 = pd.DataFrame(
    {
        "A":2.5,
        "B":pd.Timestamp("20220114"),
        "C": pd.Series(1,index=list(range(4)),dtype="float32"),
        "D":np.array([3]*4, dtype="int32"),
        "E":pd.Categorical(["boy","baba","sakht londay","sigma male"]),
        "F": "Males",

    }

)
df2
```

```
[ ]:      A          B    C  D          E    F
0  2.5 2022-01-14  1.0  3          boy  Males
1  2.5 2022-01-14  1.0  3          baba  Males
2  2.5 2022-01-14  1.0  3  sakht londay  Males
3  2.5 2022-01-14  1.0  3    sigma male  Males
```

```
[ ]: df7 = pd.DataFrame(
    {
        "A":2.5,
        "B":pd.Timestamp("20220114"),
        "C": pd.Series(1,index=list(range(4)),dtype="float32"),
        "D":np.array([3]*4, dtype="int32"),
        "E":pd.Categorical(["boy","baba","sakht londay","sigma male"]),
        "F": "Males",

    }
    ,index=['first', 'second','third','four']

)
df7
```

```
[ ]:      A          B    C  D          E    F
first  2.5 2022-01-14  NaN  3          boy  Males
second 2.5 2022-01-14  NaN  3          baba  Males
third  2.5 2022-01-14  NaN  3  sakht londay  Males
four   2.5 2022-01-14  NaN  3    sigma male  Males
```

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
data = [{'a': 1, 'b': 2},{'a': 5, 'b': 10, 'c': 20}]
df8 = pd.DataFrame(data, index=['first', 'second'])
print(df8)
```

```
      a    b    c
first  1    2  NaN
```

```
second 5 10 20.0
```

Checking the Data type of data frame created with Dictionary

```
[ ]: df2.describe()
```

```
[ ]:
      A      C      D
count  4.0  4.0  4.0
mean   2.5  1.0  3.0
std     0.0  0.0  0.0
min     2.5  1.0  3.0
25%     2.5  1.0  3.0
50%     2.5  1.0  3.0
75%     2.5  1.0  3.0
max     2.5  1.0  3.0
```

```
[ ]: df2.dtypes
```

```
[ ]: A      float64
     B  datetime64[ns]
     C      float32
     D      int32
     E      category
     F      object
dtype: object
```

Another Data Frame generation (Mapping according to columns)

```
[ ]: data = [['Alex',10],['Bob',12],['Clarke',13]]
     df6 = pd.DataFrame(data,columns=['Name','Age'])
     print(df6)
```

```
      Name  Age
0    Alex   10
1     Bob   12
2  Clarke   13
```

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
     data = {'Name':['Tom', 'Jack', 'Steve', 'Ricky'],'Age':[28,34,29,42]}
     df15 = pd.DataFrame(data)
     print(df15)
```

```
      Name  Age
0     Tom   28
1    Jack   34
2   Steve   29
3   Ricky   42
```

Converting data frame (df) to numpy (Array)

```
[ ]: f= df.to_numpy()
f
```

```
[ ]: array([[ -0.80782255, -0.06781884, -1.33016708,  0.07481607],
 [  0.47051419,  0.10084056,  1.01765052, -1.24513377],
 [-0.04077768,  1.19262986,  0.93552934, -1.62817466],
 [-0.4930668 , -0.6607893 , -0.60105347, -1.28729493],
 [  0.68903713, -0.4485706 , -0.71281443,  0.69505513],
 [-1.30225331, -1.65886928, -1.81157792,  0.67101941],
 [  0.83827152,  0.11132093, -0.80932006, -0.47519209],
 [-0.37727078,  0.51083937,  0.04182803, -0.0603689 ],
 [  0.39608832,  1.33815701, -0.75913005,  1.82815546],
 [-0.5571121 , -0.27315032,  2.0686735 ,  0.7419781 ],
 [  0.55054643, -0.56510706, -0.08547801, -0.42317445],
 [-0.08367169, -1.47141736, -0.03947904,  0.11129695],
 [  0.07456605, -0.12567864,  1.44300411,  0.03468045],
 [  1.26537728,  0.5543164 ,  1.18847556, -2.15691471],
 [  1.2756534 , -0.10160487,  0.78095598,  0.67572942],
 [-1.60274865,  0.25136267,  0.27152883,  2.24684335],
 [-1.56649381,  0.54522529, -0.3888765 , -0.31747769],
 [  1.25146326,  1.94022066, -1.15598215, -1.18181022],
 [  0.0623093 , -1.65676135,  0.53112893, -1.67473858],
 [  1.01983136, -0.29875472, -0.04452312,  0.68647655]])
```

```
[ ]: df2.to_numpy()
```

```
[ ]: array([[2.5, Timestamp('2022-01-14 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'boy', 'Males'],
 [2.5, Timestamp('2022-01-14 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'baba', 'Males'],
 [2.5, Timestamp('2022-01-14 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'sakht londay',
 'Males'],
 [2.5, Timestamp('2022-01-14 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'sigma male',
 'Males']], dtype=object)
```

Transpose

```
[ ]: # to transpose
df2.T
```

```
[ ]:
      0      1      2 \
A      2.5      2.5      2.5
B  2022-01-14 00:00:00  2022-01-14 00:00:00  2022-01-14 00:00:00
C      1.0      1.0      1.0
D      3      3      3
E      boy      baba      sakht londay
F      Males      Males      Males

      3
A      2.5
```

```

B 2022-01-14 00:00:00
C                1.0
D                3
E          sigma male
F                Males

```

3. Sorting (Index Based) Row / Column heads only

Sorting Ascending/Descending Row index (row head) Wise

```
[ ]: df.sort_index(axis=0, ascending=False)
```

```
[ ]:
      A      B      C      D
2022-01-20  1.019831 -0.298755 -0.044523  0.686477
2022-01-19  0.062309 -1.656761  0.531129 -1.674739
2022-01-18  1.251463  1.940221 -1.155982 -1.181810
2022-01-17 -1.566494  0.545225 -0.388877 -0.317478
2022-01-16 -1.602749  0.251363  0.271529  2.246843
2022-01-15  1.275653 -0.101605  0.780956  0.675729
2022-01-14  1.265377  0.554316  1.188476 -2.156915
2022-01-13  0.074566 -0.125679  1.443004  0.034680
2022-01-12 -0.083672 -1.471417 -0.039479  0.111297
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
2022-01-01 -0.807823 -0.067819 -1.330167  0.074816

```

```
[ ]: df.sort_index(axis=0, ascending=True)
```

```
[ ]:
      A      B      C      D
2022-01-01 -0.807823 -0.067819 -1.330167  0.074816
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174

```

2022-01-12	-0.083672	-1.471417	-0.039479	0.111297
2022-01-13	0.074566	-0.125679	1.443004	0.034680
2022-01-14	1.265377	0.554316	1.188476	-2.156915
2022-01-15	1.275653	-0.101605	0.780956	0.675729
2022-01-16	-1.602749	0.251363	0.271529	2.246843
2022-01-17	-1.566494	0.545225	-0.388877	-0.317478
2022-01-18	1.251463	1.940221	-1.155982	-1.181810
2022-01-19	0.062309	-1.656761	0.531129	-1.674739
2022-01-20	1.019831	-0.298755	-0.044523	0.686477

Sorting Ascending/Descending (Only Column Heads) not Values

```
[ ]: df.sort_index(axis=1, ascending=False)
```

```
[ ]:
```

	D	C	B	A
2022-01-01	0.074816	-1.330167	-0.067819	-0.807823
2022-01-02	-1.245134	1.017651	0.100841	0.470514
2022-01-03	-1.628175	0.935529	1.192630	-0.040778
2022-01-04	-1.287295	-0.601053	-0.660789	-0.493067
2022-01-05	0.695055	-0.712814	-0.448571	0.689037
2022-01-06	0.671019	-1.811578	-1.658869	-1.302253
2022-01-07	-0.475192	-0.809320	0.111321	0.838272
2022-01-08	-0.060369	0.041828	0.510839	-0.377271
2022-01-09	1.828155	-0.759130	1.338157	0.396088
2022-01-10	0.741978	2.068674	-0.273150	-0.557112
2022-01-11	-0.423174	-0.085478	-0.565107	0.550546
2022-01-12	0.111297	-0.039479	-1.471417	-0.083672
2022-01-13	0.034680	1.443004	-0.125679	0.074566
2022-01-14	-2.156915	1.188476	0.554316	1.265377
2022-01-15	0.675729	0.780956	-0.101605	1.275653
2022-01-16	2.246843	0.271529	0.251363	-1.602749
2022-01-17	-0.317478	-0.388877	0.545225	-1.566494
2022-01-18	-1.181810	-1.155982	1.940221	1.251463
2022-01-19	-1.674739	0.531129	-1.656761	0.062309
2022-01-20	0.686477	-0.044523	-0.298755	1.019831

```
[ ]: df.sort_index(axis=1, ascending=True)
```

```
[ ]:
```

	A	B	C	D
2022-01-01	-0.807823	-0.067819	-1.330167	0.074816
2022-01-02	0.470514	0.100841	1.017651	-1.245134
2022-01-03	-0.040778	1.192630	0.935529	-1.628175
2022-01-04	-0.493067	-0.660789	-0.601053	-1.287295
2022-01-05	0.689037	-0.448571	-0.712814	0.695055
2022-01-06	-1.302253	-1.658869	-1.811578	0.671019
2022-01-07	0.838272	0.111321	-0.809320	-0.475192
2022-01-08	-0.377271	0.510839	0.041828	-0.060369
2022-01-09	0.396088	1.338157	-0.759130	1.828155

2022-01-10	-0.557112	-0.273150	2.068674	0.741978
2022-01-11	0.550546	-0.565107	-0.085478	-0.423174
2022-01-12	-0.083672	-1.471417	-0.039479	0.111297
2022-01-13	0.074566	-0.125679	1.443004	0.034680
2022-01-14	1.265377	0.554316	1.188476	-2.156915
2022-01-15	1.275653	-0.101605	0.780956	0.675729
2022-01-16	-1.602749	0.251363	0.271529	2.246843
2022-01-17	-1.566494	0.545225	-0.388877	-0.317478
2022-01-18	1.251463	1.940221	-1.155982	-1.181810
2022-01-19	0.062309	-1.656761	0.531129	-1.674739
2022-01-20	1.019831	-0.298755	-0.044523	0.686477

Sorting a specified Column of Data Frame sorting its values

```
[ ]: df.sort_values('B',axis=0, ascending=True )
```

```
[ ]:
```

	A	B	C	D
2022-01-06	-1.302253	-1.658869	-1.811578	0.671019
2022-01-19	0.062309	-1.656761	0.531129	-1.674739
2022-01-12	-0.083672	-1.471417	-0.039479	0.111297
2022-01-04	-0.493067	-0.660789	-0.601053	-1.287295
2022-01-11	0.550546	-0.565107	-0.085478	-0.423174
2022-01-05	0.689037	-0.448571	-0.712814	0.695055
2022-01-20	1.019831	-0.298755	-0.044523	0.686477
2022-01-10	-0.557112	-0.273150	2.068674	0.741978
2022-01-13	0.074566	-0.125679	1.443004	0.034680
2022-01-15	1.275653	-0.101605	0.780956	0.675729
2022-01-01	-0.807823	-0.067819	-1.330167	0.074816
2022-01-02	0.470514	0.100841	1.017651	-1.245134
2022-01-07	0.838272	0.111321	-0.809320	-0.475192
2022-01-16	-1.602749	0.251363	0.271529	2.246843
2022-01-08	-0.377271	0.510839	0.041828	-0.060369
2022-01-17	-1.566494	0.545225	-0.388877	-0.317478
2022-01-14	1.265377	0.554316	1.188476	-2.156915
2022-01-03	-0.040778	1.192630	0.935529	-1.628175
2022-01-09	0.396088	1.338157	-0.759130	1.828155
2022-01-18	1.251463	1.940221	-1.155982	-1.181810

```
[ ]: df.sort_values(by=['B', 'A'])
```

```
[ ]:
```

	A	B	C	D
2022-01-06	-1.302253	-1.658869	-1.811578	0.671019
2022-01-19	0.062309	-1.656761	0.531129	-1.674739
2022-01-12	-0.083672	-1.471417	-0.039479	0.111297
2022-01-04	-0.493067	-0.660789	-0.601053	-1.287295
2022-01-11	0.550546	-0.565107	-0.085478	-0.423174
2022-01-05	0.689037	-0.448571	-0.712814	0.695055
2022-01-20	1.019831	-0.298755	-0.044523	0.686477

2022-01-10	-0.557112	-0.273150	2.068674	0.741978
2022-01-13	0.074566	-0.125679	1.443004	0.034680
2022-01-15	1.275653	-0.101605	0.780956	0.675729
2022-01-01	-0.807823	-0.067819	-1.330167	0.074816
2022-01-02	0.470514	0.100841	1.017651	-1.245134
2022-01-07	0.838272	0.111321	-0.809320	-0.475192
2022-01-16	-1.602749	0.251363	0.271529	2.246843
2022-01-08	-0.377271	0.510839	0.041828	-0.060369
2022-01-17	-1.566494	0.545225	-0.388877	-0.317478
2022-01-14	1.265377	0.554316	1.188476	-2.156915
2022-01-03	-0.040778	1.192630	0.935529	-1.628175
2022-01-09	0.396088	1.338157	-0.759130	1.828155
2022-01-18	1.251463	1.940221	-1.155982	-1.181810

4. Displaying Data in a Data frames

To Display an entire column

```
[ ]: df["A"]
```

```
[ ]: 2022-01-01    -0.807823
      2022-01-02     0.470514
      2022-01-03    -0.040778
      2022-01-04    -0.493067
      2022-01-05     0.689037
      2022-01-06    -1.302253
      2022-01-07     0.838272
      2022-01-08    -0.377271
      2022-01-09     0.396088
      2022-01-10    -0.557112
      2022-01-11     0.550546
      2022-01-12    -0.083672
      2022-01-13     0.074566
      2022-01-14     1.265377
      2022-01-15     1.275653
      2022-01-16    -1.602749
      2022-01-17    -1.566494
      2022-01-18     1.251463
      2022-01-19     0.062309
      2022-01-20     1.019831
      Freq: D, Name: A, dtype: float64
```

To display selected rows

```
[ ]: df[0:2]
```

```
[ ]:           A           B           C           D
      2022-01-01    -0.807823    -0.067819    -1.330167     0.074816
```

```
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
```

```
[ ]: # 2 indicates starting row for frames and 10 will print 10 index values  
df[2:10]
```

```
[ ]:           A           B           C           D  
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175  
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295  
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055  
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019  
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192  
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369  
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155  
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978
```

Reaching a specific value in Table (Interpret it as 2D array indexing)

```
[ ]: df.at[dates[5], "C"]
```

```
[ ]: -1.8115779218408021
```

5. Targeted Index:Column data Filtration using Loc and ILoc functions

The main distinction between loc and iloc is: loc is label-based, which means that you have to specify rows and columns based on their row and column labels. iloc is integer position-based, so you have to specify rows and columns by their integer position values (0-based integer position).

This displays row 5 column values in vertical order

```
[ ]: # row 5 ka column A,B,C,D parameters have been generated  
df.loc[dates[5]]
```

```
[ ]: A    -1.302253  
     B    -1.658869  
     C    -1.811578  
     D     0.671019  
     Name: 2022-01-06 00:00:00, dtype: float64
```

Display chunk of Data using loc command

limited operation on Columns as range cannot be defined like iloc

```
[ ]: # row index (3 to 6) par only column A and B displayed  
df.loc[dates[3:6], ["A", "C"]]
```

```
[ ]:           A           C  
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.601053  
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.712814  
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.811578
```

```
[ ]: # specific row and specific column
df.loc[["20220105", "20220107"], ["A", "C"]]
```

```
[ ]:
      A      C
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.712814
2022-01-07  0.838272 -0.809320
```

Display chunk of Data using iloc command

Independant operation on Columns as range can be defined

```
[ ]: # another way of targeted filtration (row x column filters)
# row bhe limited and coolumn bhe limited
df.iloc[3:10, 1:4]
```

```
[ ]:
      B      C      D
2022-01-04 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295
2022-01-05 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055
2022-01-06 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019
2022-01-07  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-08  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369
2022-01-09  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-10 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978
```

Reaching a specific value in Table (Interpret it as 2D array indexing)

```
[ ]: df.at[dates[5], "C"]
```

```
[ ]: -1.8115779218408021
```

6. Condition (<,>) Checking

```
[ ]: df["A"] > 1.5
```

```
[ ]:
2022-01-01    False
2022-01-02    False
2022-01-03    False
2022-01-04    False
2022-01-05    False
2022-01-06    False
2022-01-07    False
2022-01-08    False
2022-01-09    False
2022-01-10    False
2022-01-11    False
2022-01-12    False
2022-01-13    False
2022-01-14    False
2022-01-15    False
```

```

2022-01-16    False
2022-01-17    False
2022-01-18    False
2022-01-19    False
2022-01-20    False
Freq: D, Name: A, dtype: bool

```

6a. This is most important

you were facing error becoz of column ki data type and tmhe is se related
google par bhe kuch nh mila tu ye yaad rakho

To sort column on the basis of a condition applied on a specific Column

```
[ ]: df[df["A"] > 0.1 ]
```

```

[ ]:
      A      B      C      D
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174
2022-01-14  1.265377  0.554316  1.188476 -2.156915
2022-01-15  1.275653 -0.101605  0.780956  0.675729
2022-01-18  1.251463  1.940221 -1.155982 -1.181810
2022-01-20  1.019831 -0.298755 -0.044523  0.686477

```

To display certain columns based on condition applied on another column

```

[ ]: criterion = df['A'].map(lambda x: x>0)
      df.loc[criterion & (df['B'] > 0.3), 'C':'D']

```

```

[ ]:
      C      D
2022-01-09 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-14  1.188476 -2.156915
2022-01-18 -1.155982 -1.181810

```

Hamesha yaad rakhna Saad k jab bhe bool milen tu loc se khel k real value get karna
hay

To check multiple condition and display multiple values

```

[ ]: s = (df['A'] > 0) & (df['B'] > 0)
      print(s)
      print("\n \n The sorted value that satisfies condition in A is")
      e=df.loc[s]

      df.loc[s, 'A']

```

```

2022-01-01    False
2022-01-02     True
2022-01-03    False
2022-01-04    False
2022-01-05    False
2022-01-06    False
2022-01-07     True
2022-01-08    False
2022-01-09     True
2022-01-10    False
2022-01-11    False
2022-01-12    False
2022-01-13    False
2022-01-14     True
2022-01-15    False
2022-01-16    False
2022-01-17    False
2022-01-18     True
2022-01-19    False
2022-01-20    False
Freq: D, dtype: bool

```

The sorted value that satisfies condition in A is

```

[ ]: 2022-01-02    0.470514
      2022-01-07    0.838272
      2022-01-09    0.396088
      2022-01-14    1.265377
      2022-01-18    1.251463
      Name: A, dtype: float64

```

```

[ ]: e

```

```

[ ]:
      A      B      C      D
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-14  1.265377  0.554316  1.188476 -2.156915
2022-01-18  1.251463  1.940221 -1.155982 -1.181810

```

To find values greater or less than a specific number

```

[ ]: df[df>0]

```

```

[ ]:
      A      B      C      D
2022-01-01    NaN    NaN    NaN  0.074816
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651    NaN

```

2022-01-03	NaN	1.192630	0.935529	NaN
2022-01-04	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2022-01-05	0.689037	NaN	NaN	0.695055
2022-01-06	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.671019
2022-01-07	0.838272	0.111321	NaN	NaN
2022-01-08	NaN	0.510839	0.041828	NaN
2022-01-09	0.396088	1.338157	NaN	1.828155
2022-01-10	NaN	NaN	2.068674	0.741978
2022-01-11	0.550546	NaN	NaN	NaN
2022-01-12	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.111297
2022-01-13	0.074566	NaN	1.443004	0.034680
2022-01-14	1.265377	0.554316	1.188476	NaN
2022-01-15	1.275653	NaN	0.780956	0.675729
2022-01-16	NaN	0.251363	0.271529	2.246843
2022-01-17	NaN	0.545225	NaN	NaN
2022-01-18	1.251463	1.940221	NaN	NaN
2022-01-19	0.062309	NaN	0.531129	NaN
2022-01-20	1.019831	NaN	NaN	0.686477

7. Adding/ Removing Data Columns and Recreating New Data Frame

Creating a new DF with old data frame and appending a new column

```
[ ]: df3 = df.copy()
df3["E"]=["one","two","three","four","five",
"one","two","three","four","five","one","two","three","four",
df3
```

```
[ ]:
      A      B      C      D      E
2022-01-01 -0.807823 -0.067819 -1.330167  0.074816  one
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134  two
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175  three
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295  four
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055  five
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019  one
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192  two
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369  three
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155  four
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978  five
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174  one
2022-01-12 -0.083672 -1.471417 -0.039479  0.111297  two
2022-01-13  0.074566 -0.125679  1.443004  0.034680  three
2022-01-14  1.265377  0.554316  1.188476 -2.156915  four
2022-01-15  1.275653 -0.101605  0.780956  0.675729  five
2022-01-16 -1.602749  0.251363  0.271529  2.246843  one
2022-01-17 -1.566494  0.545225 -0.388877 -0.317478  two
2022-01-18  1.251463  1.940221 -1.155982 -1.181810  three
```

2022-01-19	0.062309	-1.656761	0.531129	-1.674739	four
2022-01-20	1.019831	-0.298755	-0.044523	0.686477	five

Creating a reduced DF from a existing long data frame (data set)

```
[ ]: df4=df3.iloc[:,0:4]
df4
```

```
[ ]:
      A      B      C      D
2022-01-01 -0.807823 -0.067819 -1.330167  0.074816
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174
2022-01-12 -0.083672 -1.471417 -0.039479  0.111297
2022-01-13  0.074566 -0.125679  1.443004  0.034680
2022-01-14  1.265377  0.554316  1.188476 -2.156915
2022-01-15  1.275653 -0.101605  0.780956  0.675729
2022-01-16 -1.602749  0.251363  0.271529  2.246843
2022-01-17 -1.566494  0.545225 -0.388877 -0.317478
2022-01-18  1.251463  1.940221 -1.155982 -1.181810
2022-01-19  0.062309 -1.656761  0.531129 -1.674739
2022-01-20  1.019831 -0.298755 -0.044523  0.686477
```

Calculating Mean on selected columns and generating a new Column (Assignment Qs)

```
[ ]: df3['average'] = df3.iloc[:, [0,1,2,3]].mean(axis=1)
df3
```

```
[ ]:
      A      B      C      D      E  average
2022-01-01 -0.807823 -0.067819 -1.330167  0.074816  one -0.532748
2022-01-02  0.470514  0.100841  1.017651 -1.245134  two  0.085968
2022-01-03 -0.040778  1.192630  0.935529 -1.628175 three 0.114802
2022-01-04 -0.493067 -0.660789 -0.601053 -1.287295 four -0.760551
2022-01-05  0.689037 -0.448571 -0.712814  0.695055 five  0.055677
2022-01-06 -1.302253 -1.658869 -1.811578  0.671019  one -1.025420
2022-01-07  0.838272  0.111321 -0.809320 -0.475192  two -0.083730
2022-01-08 -0.377271  0.510839  0.041828 -0.060369 three 0.028757
2022-01-09  0.396088  1.338157 -0.759130  1.828155 four  0.700818
2022-01-10 -0.557112 -0.273150  2.068674  0.741978 five  0.495097
2022-01-11  0.550546 -0.565107 -0.085478 -0.423174  one -0.130803
```

2022-01-12	-0.083672	-1.471417	-0.039479	0.111297	two	-0.370818
2022-01-13	0.074566	-0.125679	1.443004	0.034680	three	0.356643
2022-01-14	1.265377	0.554316	1.188476	-2.156915	four	0.212814
2022-01-15	1.275653	-0.101605	0.780956	0.675729	five	0.657683
2022-01-16	-1.602749	0.251363	0.271529	2.246843	one	0.291747
2022-01-17	-1.566494	0.545225	-0.388877	-0.317478	two	-0.431906
2022-01-18	1.251463	1.940221	-1.155982	-1.181810	three	0.213473
2022-01-19	0.062309	-1.656761	0.531129	-1.674739	four	-0.684515
2022-01-20	1.019831	-0.298755	-0.044523	0.686477	five	0.340758

Appending one Data frame into another DF1 into DF2

```
[ ]: df10 = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2], [3, 4]], columns = ['a', 'b'])
      df11 = pd.DataFrame([[5, 6], [7, 8]], columns = ['a', 'b'])

      df10 = df10.append(df11)
      print(df10)
```

	a	b
0	1	2
1	3	4
0	5	6
1	7	8

```
[ ]: df10 = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2], [3, 4]], columns = ['a', 'b'])
      df11 = pd.DataFrame([[5, 6], [7, 8]], columns = ['c', 'd'])

      df10 = df10.append(df11)
      print(df10)
```

	a	b	c	d
0	1.0	2.0	NaN	NaN
1	3.0	4.0	NaN	NaN
0	NaN	NaN	5.0	6.0
1	NaN	NaN	7.0	8.0

```
[ ]: df10 = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2], [3, 4]], columns = ['a', 'b'])
      df11 = pd.DataFrame([[5, 6], [7, 8]], columns = ['a', 'c'])

      df10 = df10.append(df11)
      print(df10)
```

	a	b	c
0	1	2.0	NaN
1	3	4.0	NaN
0	5	NaN	6.0
1	7	NaN	8.0

8. Other Functions (Delete/Pop/Drop)

Deleting a column using del and POP command

```
[ ]: # Using the previous DataFrame, we will delete a column
# using del function
import pandas as pd

d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
     'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']),
     'three' : pd.Series([10,20,30], index=['a','b','c'])}

df9 = pd.DataFrame(d)
print ("Our dataframe is:")
print(df9)

# using del function
print ("Deleting the first column using DEL function:")
del df9['one']
print(df9)

# using pop function
print ("Deleting another column using POP function:")
df9.pop('two')
print(df9)
```

Our dataframe is:

	one	two	three
a	1.0	1	10.0
b	2.0	2	20.0
c	3.0	3	30.0
d	NaN	4	NaN

Deleting the first column using DEL function:

	two	three
a	1	10.0
b	2	20.0
c	3	30.0
d	4	NaN

Deleting another column using POP function:

	three
a	10.0
b	20.0
c	30.0
d	NaN

Drop or delete a specific row

```
[ ]: df10 = df10.drop(0)
      print(df10)
```

	a	b	c
1	3	4.0	NaN
1	7	NaN	8.0