Shivani Sabhlok Homework 3

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1. Given:

N = 256, C= 64K, |Element| = 8, B = 128, S=1, LRU eviction Number of cache lines = $2^{16}/2^7 = 2^9 = 512$ Number of elements in each cache line = $2^7/2^3 = 2^4 = 16$ Inner loop analysis => analysis for the loop k

| Array | Miss Rate | Access Stride |
|-------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Α | 1/16 | 1 |
| В | 1 | N (=256) |
| С | 0 | 0 (temporal locality) |
| | = 1.0625 | |

2. Given:

N = 256, C= 64K, |Element| = 8, B = 64, E = 4, LRU eviction Number of sets = $2^{16}/2^6.2^2 = 2^8 = 256$ Number of elements in each cache line = $2^6/2^3 = 2^3 = 8$ Inner loop analysis => analysis for the loop k

| Array | Miss Rate | Access Stride |
|-------|-----------|-----------------------|
| А | 1/8 | 1 |
| В | 1 | N (=256) |
| С | 0 | 0 (temporal locality) |
| | = 1.125 | |

3. Given:

N = 256, C= 64K, |Element| = 8, B = 32, E = 2, LRU eviction Number of sets = $2^{16}/2^5.2^1 = 2^{10} = 1024$ Number of elements in each cache line = $2^5/2^3 = 2^2 = 4$ Inner loop analysis => analysis for the loop k

| Array | Miss Rate | Access Stride |
|-------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Α | 1/4 | 1 |
| В | 1 | N (=256) |
| С | 0 | 0 (temporal locality) |
| | = 1.25 | |

4.

| | A | В | C |
|---|-------------------|------|------|
| | N | N | N |
| K | N/B | N | N |
| J | 1 | N/B | N/B |
| | N ² /B | N³/B | N³/B |

5.

| | A | В | C |
|---|----------------|------|------|
| K | N | N | N |
| | N | N | N |
| J | 1 | N/B | N/B |
| | N ² | N³/B | N³/B |

6.

| | A | В | C |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| J | N | N | N |
| K | N | N | N |
| I | N | 1 | N |
| | N ³ | N ² | N ³ |

7.

| | A | В | С |
|---|----|-------------------|----------------|
| K | N | N | N |
| J | N | N/B | N |
| | N | 1 | N |
| | N³ | N ² /B | N ³ |

8. Given:

@a[1024] = AAAA0000

@b[1024] = AAAA8000

@c[1024] = AAAB0000

for i = 0 to 1023 for j = 0 to 1023 for k = 0 to 1023 sum_prod += a[i] * b[j] + c[k] $C = 2^{11}, E = 2, B = 2^4$ $\Rightarrow S = 2^{11}/2.2^4 = 2^6 = 64$

a. Access Stride for each loop

| | A | В | C |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| J | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| K | 0 | 0 | 1 |

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b. The overall hit rate will be ¾ or 75%. The block size is 16 whereas the element size is 4. Thus, each block will hold 4 elements. First will be a cold miss and subsequent 3 will be hits. The same holds for all the tree arrays. So hit rate is:

A:75% B:75% C:75%

c. Initially A[0..3] and B[0..3] will be in SO. C will start filling from set1.

After 251 iterations, C[0 .. 251] will be from set 0 to set 63.

There will be thrashing in set 0 for the next 4 iterations.

And C[256 .. 507] will occupy set 1 to set 63.

And so on.

In the last iteration A[1023], B[1023] and elements from C will be in cache.

Final cache contents:

| Set # | Cache line 1 | Cache line 2 |
|-------|--------------|--------------|
| S0 | C[1020 1023] | C[764 767] |
| S1 | C[512 515] | C[768 771] |
| S2 | C[516 519] | C[772 775] |
| : | | |
| : | | |
| : | | |
| S62 | C[756 759] | C[1012 1015] |
| S63 | A[1020 1023] | B[1020 1023] |

9. Where N = 512, B = 4

a. This is one of the optimal ordering.

| | A | В | C |
|---|------|----------------|-------------------|
| | N | N | N |
| J | N | N | N/B |
| K | N/B | N | 1 |
| | N³/B | N ³ | N ² /B |

b. Showing miss analysis to justify above answer.

| | A | В | C |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| | N | N | N |
| K | N | N | N |
| J | N | 1 | N/B |
| | N^3 | N^2 | N³/B |

| | A | В | C |
|---|-------|------|-------|
| K | N | N | N |
| J | N | N | N |
| | 1 | N/B | N |
| | N^2 | N³/B | N^3 |

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| | A | В | C |
|---|-------|-------------------|------|
| K | N | N | N |
| | N | N/B | N |
| J | N | 1 | N/B |
| | N^3 | N ² /B | N³/B |

| | A | В | C |
|-----|------|----------------|----------------|
| J | N | N | N |
| l l | N | N | N |
| K | N/B | N | 1 |
| | N³/B | N ³ | N ² |

| | A | В | C |
|---|-------------------|------|-------|
| J | N | N | N |
| K | N/B | Ν | N |
| ı | 1 | N/B | N |
| | N ² /B | N³/B | N^3 |