

# DEEP LEARNING



## GENERATIVE MODELS

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# PREPARING THE DATASET

- Resizing (64 x 64)
- Center cropping
- Normalization
- Conversion to tensor

# ARCHITECTURES

DCGAN



VAE



DIFFUSION  
MODEL



DCGAN

VAE

Diffusion model

Figure 1: Three sample images generated by three different architectures

# **HYPERPARAMETERS**

Evaluation: FID Score

## **TRAINING PROCESS**

Learning Rate  
Optimizer  
Beta value  
Loss function

## **ARCHITECTURE-SPECIFIC PARAMETERS**

Latent dimension  
Filter counts in GAN  
Timesteps in UNet diffusion model

# BATCH SIZE

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Table 2: Performance comparison across different batch sizes

<b>Architecture</b>	<b>batch=64</b>	<b>batch=128</b>	<b>batch=256</b>
DCGAN	346.018	357.736	370.288
VAE	120.807	133.822	152.050
Diffusion model	196.418	164.738	182.891

# BATCH SIZE

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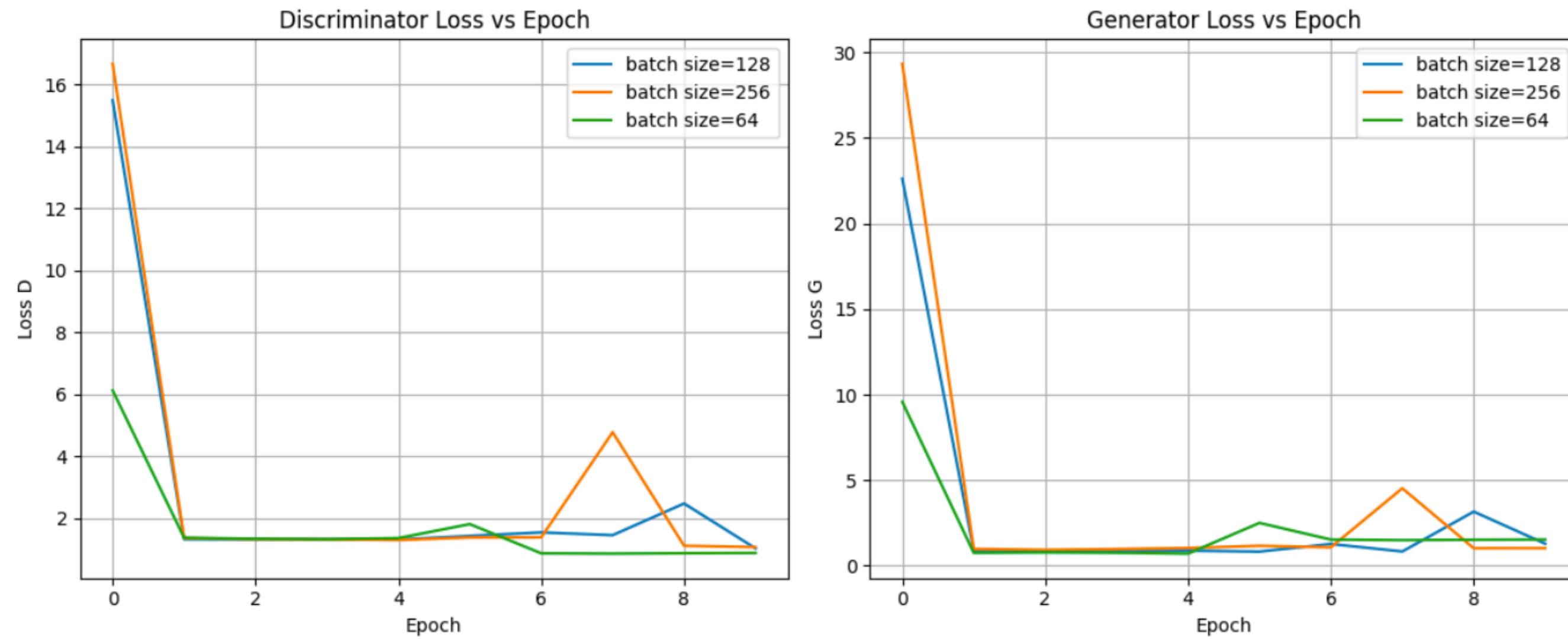


Figure 4: Discriminator and generator loss curves for different batch sizes during DCGAN training.

# LEARNING RATE

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Table 3: Performance comparison across different learning rates

<b>Architecture</b>	<b>0.0001</b>	<b>0.0002</b>	<b>0.0005</b>	<b>0.001</b>	<b>0.005</b>	<b>0.01</b>
DCGAN	38.589	75.355	83.213	79.890	50.029	412.715
VAE	109.137	120.807	306.088	274.463	347.216	347.190
Diffusion model	147.226	261.701	230.554	298.246	340.721	NaN

# LEARNING RATE

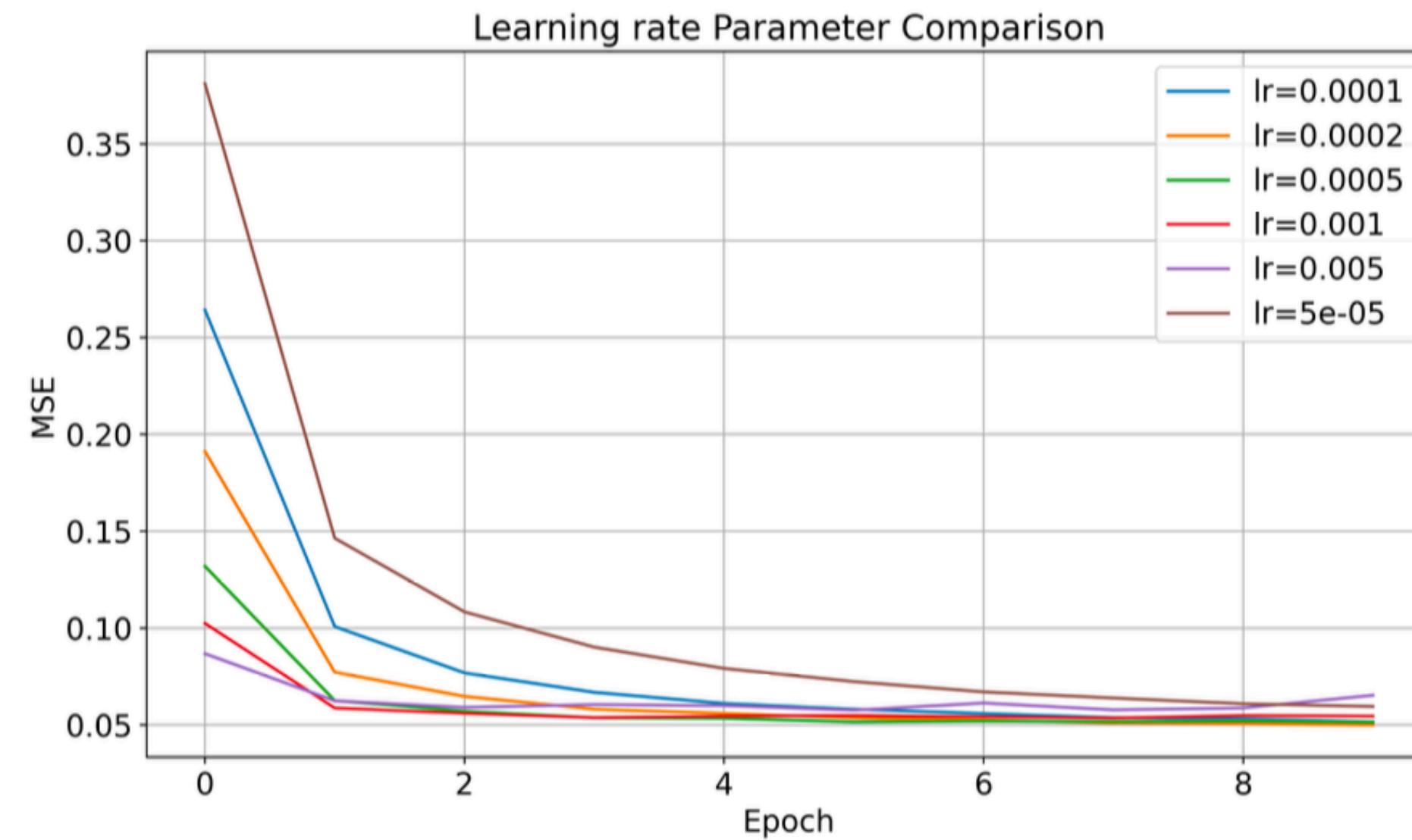


Figure 6: Total loss curve for different learning rates during diffusion model training.

# BETA PARAMETER

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Table 4: Performance comparison across different  $\beta_1$  values

<b>Architecture</b>	$\beta_1 = 0$	$\beta_1 = 0.3$	$\beta_1 = 0.5$	$\beta_1 = 0.7$
DCGAN	38.09	48.81	38.59	55.51
VAE	111.22	123.15	109.14	127.23
UNET	278.665	187.994	237.30	258.43

# NDF NGF

Table 7: Performance metrics for different filter counts in DCGAN architecture

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>32 filters</b>	<b>64 filters</b>	<b>128 filters</b>
ndf (Discriminator)	48.83	38.59	39.19
ngf (Generator)	53.02	38.59	53.66

# DIFFERENT LOSS FUNCTIONS

Table 5: Performance comparison across different loss functions

DCGAN	LSGAN	SNGAN
44.180	35.731	30.976

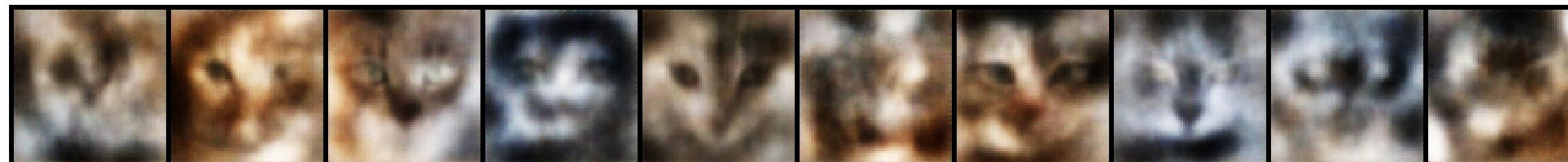


# LATENT DIM

Table 6: Performance comparison across different latent dimension sizes

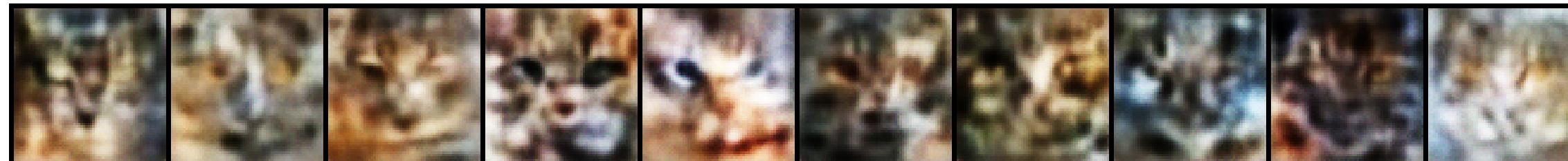
Architecture	50-dim	100-dim	200-dim
DCGAN	39.454	38.589	41.928
VAE	113.689	109.137	104.949

DIM=50



VAE

DIM=200

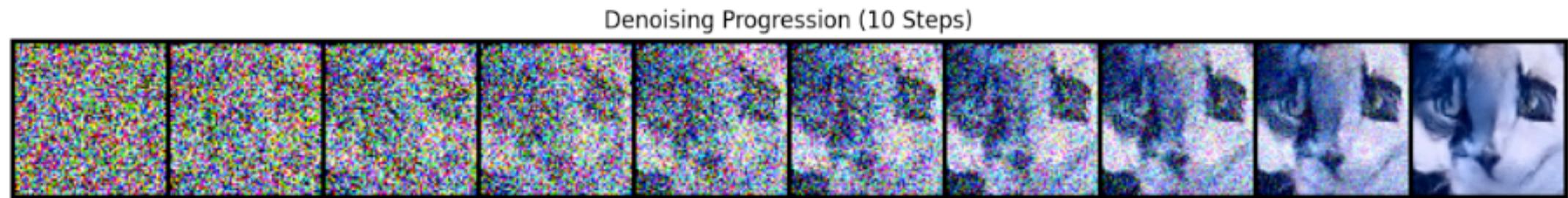


# TIMESTEPS IN UNET DIFFUSION MODEL

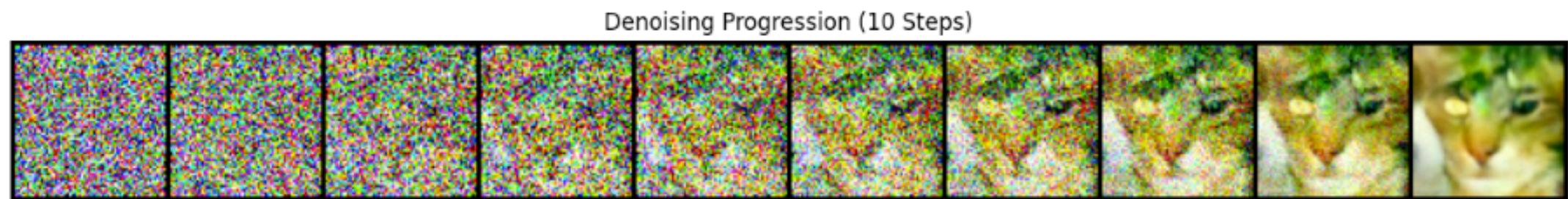
Table 8: Performance scores at different timesteps count

Timesteps	100	250	500	750	1000	1500
Score	83.648	171.280	140.617	231.182	200.919	177.716

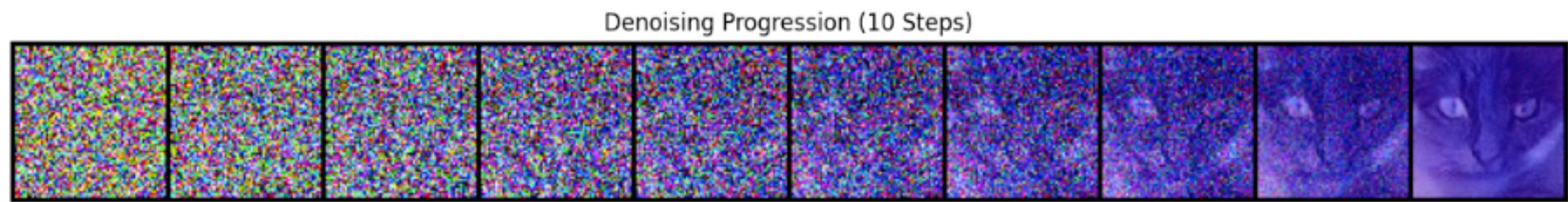




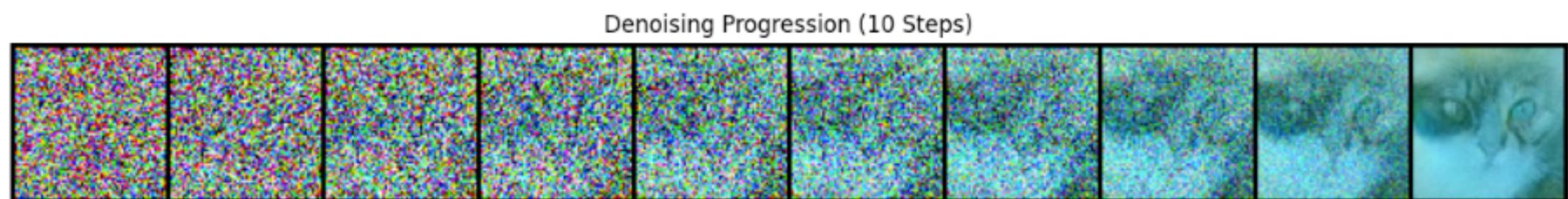
(a) 100 timesteps



(b) 500 timesteps



(c) 1000 timesteps



(d) 1500 timesteps

Figure 10: Comparison of images' denoising process for different timestep counts in the diffusion model

# CATS AND DOGS



# LATENT SPACE EXPLORATION AND INTERPOLATION

$$\mathbf{z}_i = (1 - \alpha_i) \cdot \mathbf{z}_1 + \alpha_i \cdot \mathbf{z}_2, \quad \alpha_i \in \left\{ \frac{1}{9}, \frac{2}{9}, \dots, \frac{8}{9} \right\}$$



# BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- [2] Jonathan Ho, Ajay Jain, and Pieter Abbeel. Denoising diffusion probabilistic models. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2006.11239*, 2020.
- [3] Diederik P Kingma, Max Welling, et al. An introduction to variational autoencoders. *Foundations and Trends® in Machine Learning*, 12(4):307–392, 2019.
- [4] Yang Song and Stefano Ermon. Generative modeling by estimating gradients of the data distribution. *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, 2019.



**THANK YOU**