```
In [6]:
          # Importing Required Libraries
          import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import cv2
          import tensorflow as tf
          from PIL import Image
          import os
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
          from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, load_model
          from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPool2D, Dense, Flatten, Dropout
          from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
In [7]:
         # Collect data
          data dir = 'gtsrb-german-traffic-sign'
          train_path = 'gtsrb-german-traffic-sign/Train'
          # Resizing the images to 30x30x3
          height = 30
          width = 30
          channels = 3
 In [8]:
          data = []
          labels = []
          NUM_CATEGORIES = len(os.listdir(train_path))
          NUM_CATEGORIES
Out[8]: 43
In [9]:
          # Preparing data and labels
          for i in range(NUM_CATEGORIES):
              path = os.path.join(train path,str(i))
              images = os.listdir(path)
              for a in images:
                      image = Image.open(path + '/' + a)
                      image = image.resize((height,width))
                      image = np.array(image)
                      #sim = Image.fromarray(image)
                      data.append(image)
                      labels.append(i)
          data = np.array(data)
          labels = np.array(labels)
In [10]:
          print(data.shape,labels.shape)
          X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(data,labels,test_size=0.2,random
```

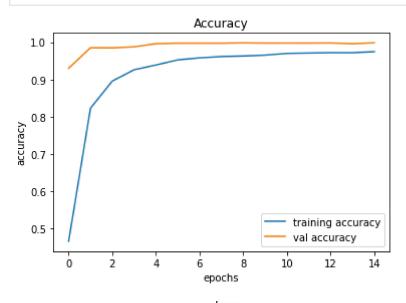
```
X_{train} = X_{train}/255
          X_{\text{test}} = X_{\text{test}}/255
          print(X_train.shape,X_test.shape,Y_train.shape,Y_test.shape)
          (39209, 30, 30, 3) (39209,)
          (31367, 30, 30, 3) (7842, 30, 30, 3) (31367,) (7842,)
In [11]:
          Y train=tf.keras.utils.to categorical(Y train, NUM CATEGORIES)
          Y test=tf.keras.utils.to categorical(Y test,NUM CATEGORIES)
          print(Y train.shape)
          print(Y_test.shape)
          (31367, 43)
          (7842, 43)
In [13]:
          # Building model
          model = Sequential()
          model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(heig
          model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
          model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
          model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
          model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
          model.add(Flatten())
          model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
          model.add(Dense(NUM_CATEGORIES, activation='softmax'))
          model.summary()
         Model: "sequential 1"
```

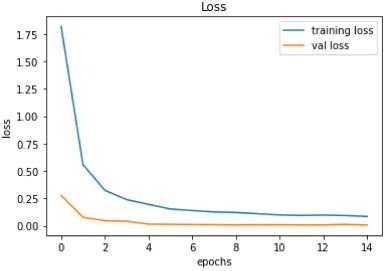
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
=======================================	======	:=========	
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None,	28, 28, 32)	896
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None,	26, 26, 32)	9248
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None,	13, 13, 32)	0
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	13, 13, 32)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None,	11, 11, 64)	18496
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None,	9, 9, 64)	36928
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2</pre>	(None,	4, 4, 64)	0
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	4, 4, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None,	1024)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	512)	524800
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None,	43)	22059

```
Non-trainable params: 0
In [14]:
      # Compiling model
      model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy
In [15]:
      # Augmenting the data to get high accuracy
      aug = ImageDataGenerator(
         rotation range=10,
         zoom range=0.15,
         width_shift_range=0.1,
         height_shift_range=0.1,
         shear range=0.15,
         horizontal_flip=False,
         vertical flip=False,
         fill mode="nearest")
In [16]:
      batch size = 32
      epochs = 15
      history = model.fit(aug.flow(X_train,Y_train,batch_size=batch_size),
                   epochs=epochs, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test) )
      Epoch 1/15
      981/981 [======================] - 115s 118ms/step - loss: 1.8198 - accurac
      y: 0.4666 - val_loss: 0.2788 - val_accuracy: 0.9302
     y: 0.8230 - val_loss: 0.0781 - val_accuracy: 0.9851
      Epoch 3/15
     0.8958 - val loss: 0.0462 - val accuracy: 0.9848
      Epoch 4/15
      0.9261 - val_loss: 0.0416 - val_accuracy: 0.9875
      Epoch 5/15
      0.9389 - val loss: 0.0153 - val accuracy: 0.9960
      Epoch 6/15
      0.9526 - val loss: 0.0136 - val accuracy: 0.9973
      Epoch 7/15
      0.9580 - val_loss: 0.0111 - val_accuracy: 0.9973
      Epoch 8/15
      0.9615 - val_loss: 0.0101 - val_accuracy: 0.9972
      Epoch 9/15
      981/981 [========================] - 96s 98ms/step - loss: 0.1218 - accuracy:
     0.9630 - val_loss: 0.0080 - val_accuracy: 0.9981
      Epoch 10/15
     0.9652 - val_loss: 0.0092 - val_accuracy: 0.9974
     Epoch 11/15
     0.9699 - val_loss: 0.0089 - val_accuracy: 0.9976
     Epoch 12/15
     0.9710 - val_loss: 0.0082 - val_accuracy: 0.9974
```

Total params: 612,427
Trainable params: 612,427

```
Epoch 13/15
        981/981 [=======================] - 96s 98ms/step - loss: 0.0980 - accuracy:
        0.9718 - val_loss: 0.0079 - val_accuracy: 0.9978
        Epoch 14/15
        y: 0.9717 - val_loss: 0.0131 - val_accuracy: 0.9960
        Epoch 15/15
        981/981 [============== - - 100s 102ms/step - loss: 0.0854 - accurac
        y: 0.9746 - val_loss: 0.0062 - val_accuracy: 0.9982
In [17]:
         # plotting graphs for accuracy
         plt.figure(0)
         plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='training accuracy')
         plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='val accuracy')
         plt.title('Accuracy')
         plt.xlabel('epochs')
         plt.ylabel('accuracy')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
         plt.figure(1)
         plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='training loss')
         plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='val loss')
         plt.title('Loss')
         plt.xlabel('epochs')
         plt.ylabel('loss')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```





```
In [18]:
          # preparing test data
          test = pd.read_csv(data_dir + '/Test.csv')
          labels = test["ClassId"].values
          images = test["Path"].values
          data=[]
          for a in images:
                      image = Image.open(data_dir + '/' + a)
                      image = image.resize((height,width))
                      image = np.array(image)
                      data.append(image)
In [19]:
          X_pred = np.array(data)
          X_pred = X_pred/255
In [24]:
          # Predicting
          pred = model.predict_classes(X_pred)
In [25]:
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
          print('Test Data accuracy: ',accuracy_score(labels, pred)*100)
         Test Data accuracy: 97.55344418052256
In [ ]:
```