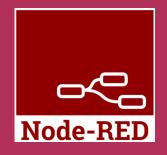




# MQTTon



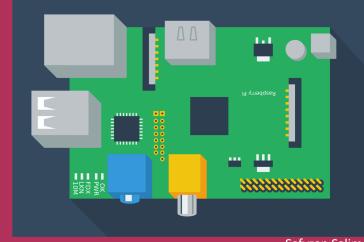












Safyzan Salim scriptworkz ent

### Scenario

You have been assigned to monitor the temperature and moisture of a server room. The results can be monitored anywhere. Your system must be able to capture 2 server racks' temperature and humidity, and also the server room's temperature and humidity too.

Future Project >>A notification alarm will be activated if the any of the sensors passes the certain condition, e.g., rack temperature greater than 25°C, or server room's temp too high... etc.

# **Prerequisites**

#### Hardware:

- Raspberry Pi board with:
  - -Raspberry Pi OS
  - -16 GB class 10 microSD
  - -5V 2.5A power supply
- ESP32 with Temperature & Humidity Sensor, DHT11\*\*

#### Software:

- Node-RED
- Arduino IDE
- Arduino Client for MQTT library
- Aedes MQTT

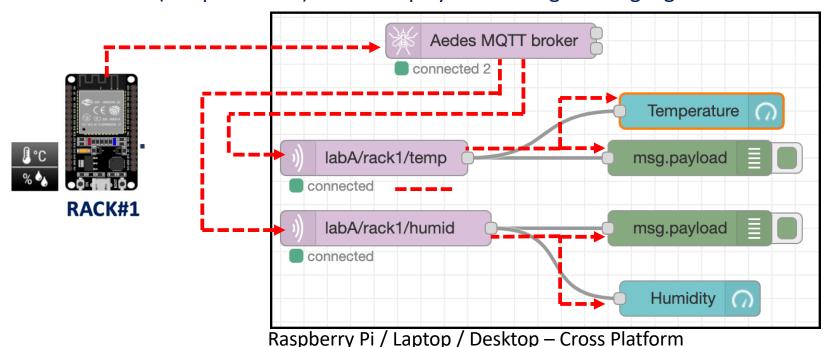
#### WiFi:

A 2.4G AP

\*\* This project uses Grove - Temperature & Humidity Sensor (DHT11)

### **How It Works**

- ESP32 & DHT11 will be fixed at a rack, named Rack#1 at Lab A. Aedes broker is running on a Raspberry Pi (PC/Laptop/Mac).
- After connected to WiFi, data from ESP32 will be sent to broker.
- Since the Node-RED has subscribed topic labA/rack1/temp & labA/rack1/humid from ESP32, both information (temp & humid) will be displayed at debug & also gauges in real time.





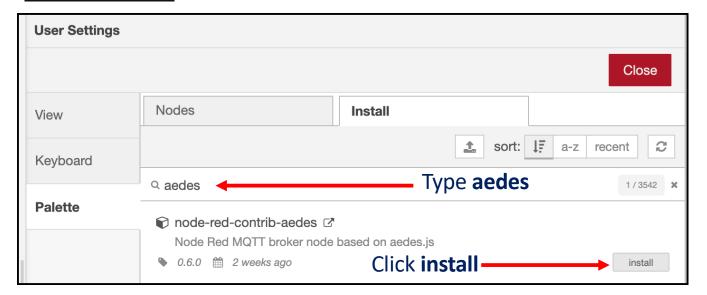
### i. Install & Run Aedes Broker Service

- Execute Node-RED service.
- Install Aedes broker by clicking:

Node-RED Menu > Manage palette > Install > type aedes at search module > node-red-contrib-aedes > install



Manage palette



Wait & make sure the install button changed to installed.

SZS - Oct 2021

## ii. Test Aedes Broker Service

Setup as in the figure.

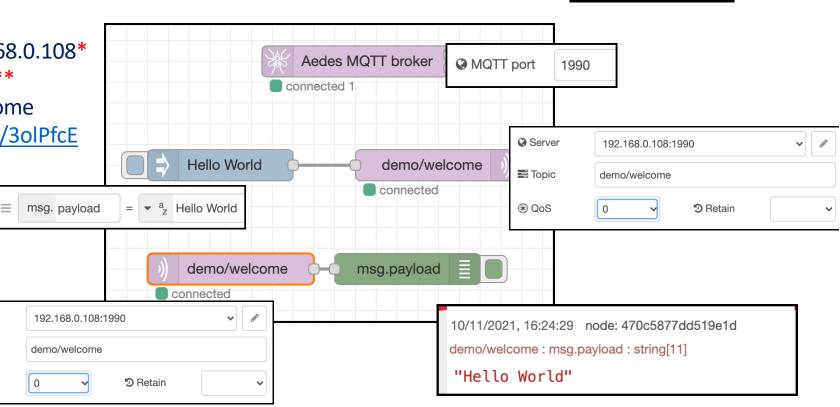
Configurations:

BROKER IP = 192.168.0.108\*

MQTT port = 1990 \*\*

• Topic = demo/welcome

Download: <a href="https://bit.ly/3olPfcE">https://bit.ly/3olPfcE</a>



Deploy

Server

Topic

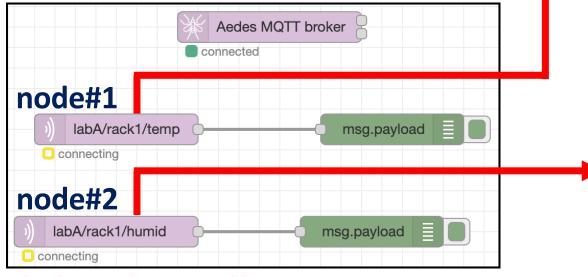
QoS

\*\* Do not use 1880 – reserved to localhost:1880 SZS - Nov 2021

<sup>\*</sup> Please check your device IP address.

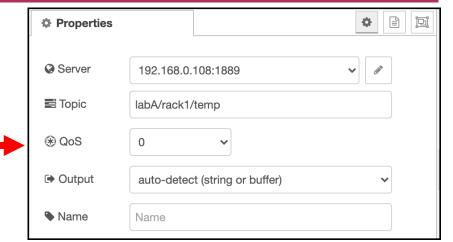
# iii. Deploying Aedes Broker

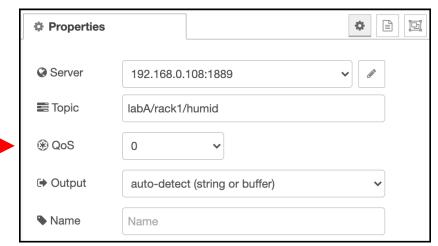
- Configurations:
  - Broker IP = 192.168.0.108\*
  - MQTT port = 1889\*\*
  - MQTT\_IN = labA/rack1/temp ← node#1
  - MQTT\_IN = labA/rack1/humid ← node#2
- Download palette: <a href="https://bit.ly/3qGwyTE">https://bit.ly/3qGwyTE</a>.





<sup>\*\*</sup> do not use 1880 – reserved to localhost:1880



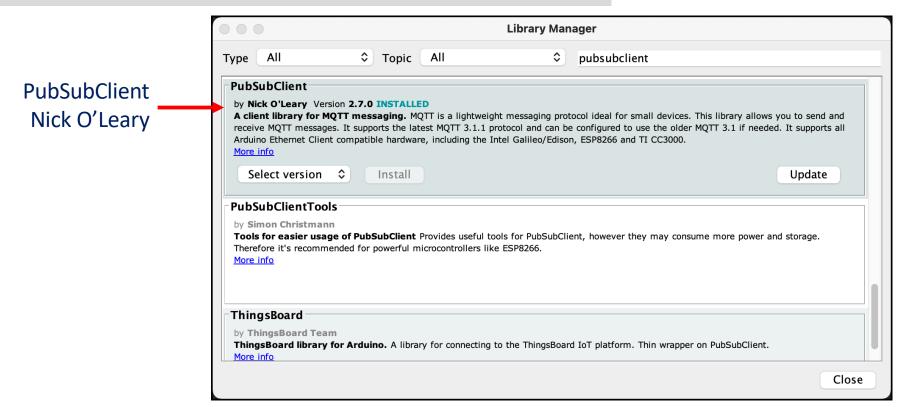




# iv. Arduino Client MQTT

Install New Library by opening Library Manager and search for PubSubClient by Nick O'Leary – latest version.

#### **Sketch > Include Library > Manage Libraries**



Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/30dwDnb">https://bit.ly/30dwDnb</a>.

```
sketch_nov11a-nov21-aedes-esp32-groove-dht11
15
                                                                #16
                                                                     Remove // and put // at
16 //#include <ESP8266WiFi.h> //if you are using nodemcu
                                                                #17
                                                                     Line#15 if you are using
17 #include <WiFi.h> //if you are using esp32
18 #include <PubSubClient.h>
                                                                     NodeMCU.
19
20 /////GROVE DHT11////////
21 #include "DHT.h"
22 #define DHTTYPE DHT11
23
                                                                      Place a jumper at signal pin to
                                                                #24
24 #define DHTPIN 26 // connect signal to pin 26
                                                                      pin 26 of ESP32.
25 DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
```

### v. Arduino PubSub Sketch

Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/30dwDnb">https://bit.ly/30dwDnb</a>.

```
30
31 // Update these with values suitable for your network.
32 const char* ssid = "YOUR SSID";
33 const char* password = "YOUR SSID PASSWORD";
34 const char* mqtt_server = "NODE-RED IP ADDRESS"; /// NodeRED IP Address #34
35 int mqtt_port = 1889; //Must match with broker's MQTT port - dont use 1880
36 IP address of your Node-RED device.
```

Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/30dwDnb">https://bit.ly/30dwDnb</a>.

```
44 void setup() {
    Serial.begin(115200);
                                                                                           From Serial Monitor
    // Start up the library
                                                #50 Connecting to raspberrypi 2.4G
    client.setServer(mqtt_server, mqtt_port);
                                                #52 .WiFi Connected...
    client.setCallback(callback);
                                                #53 MOTT Server IP Address:192.168.0.108:1884
49
                                                #57 ESP32 IP Address: 192.168.0.110
50
    setup_wifi(); //function call
                                                #59 Modbus RTU Master Online
51
                                                    77.00 28.90 Reading from DHT11 sensor
52
    Serial.println("WiFi Connected...");
                                                    Attempting MQTT connection...Broker connected to ESP32
53
    Serial.print("MQTT Server IP Address:");
    Serial.print(matt_server);
54
55
    Serial.print(":");
56
    Serial.println(String(mqtt_port));
    Serial.print("ESP32 IP Address: ");
    Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
58
    Serial.println("Modbus RTU Master Online");
60
    pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
62 }
```

Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/30dwDnb">https://bit.ly/30dwDnb</a>.

```
63
                                                  A function to connect the ESP32 /
64 void setup_wifi() {
    delay(10);
                                                  NodeMCU to existing access point
    // Start by connecting to a WiFi network
                                                  (WiFi).
    Serial.println();
    Serial.print("Connecting to ");
    Serial.println(ssid);
70
71
    WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
72
                                                       Check your SSID & password in
73
    while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
                                                       case non-stop dotted line
74
      delay(500);
                                                       appears.
      Serial.print(".");
76
77 }
78
```

Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/30dwDnb">https://bit.ly/30dwDnb</a>.

```
103 void reconnect() {
                                                                  ESP32 @ NodeMCU ensure
104
105
    // Loop until we're reconnected
                                                                  persistent connection between
     while (!client.connected()) {
106
                                                                  MCU and the broker.
       Serial.print("Attempting MQTT connection...");
107
    // Attempt to connect
108
       if (client.connect("ESP32Client")) {
109
110
           Serial.println("Broker connected to ESP32");
           client.subscribe("event"); // Topic at ESP32
111
       } else {
112
113
           Serial.print("failed, rc=");
114
           Serial.print(client.state());
115
           Serial.println(" try again in 5 seconds");
116
           // Wait 5 seconds before retrying
117
           delay(5000);
118
119
120 }
```

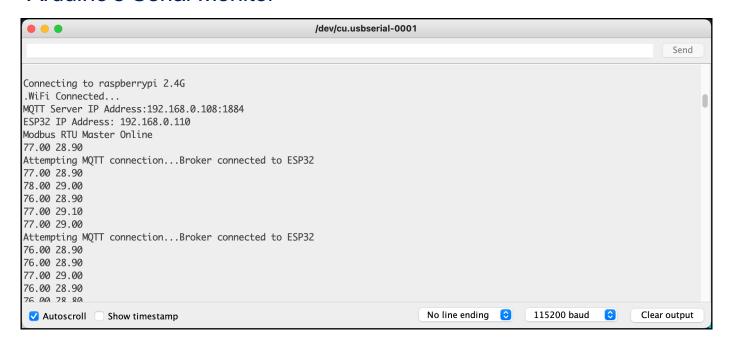
### v. Arduino PubSub Sketch

Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/30dwDnb">https://bit.ly/30dwDnb</a>.

```
123
     124
     float temp_hum_val[2] = {0}; // grove_dht set nilai 2 array = 0
                                                                      L#124 Set 2 array elements;
125
     dht.readTempAndHumidity(temp_hum_val); // baca temp & humid
                                                                            temp hum val[0] &
126
     temp hum val[1]. Set both value
    Serial.print(temp_hum_val[0]);
                                                                            = 0.
    Serial.print(" ");
                                                                      L#125 Start to read temp & humid from
    Serial.println(temp_hum_val[1]);
     char tempValue[15], humidValue[15];
130
                                                                            sensor.
     dtostrf(temp_hum_val[0],4, 0, humidValue); // convert float to char L#127 Print both values; temp & humid
131
     dtostrf(temp_hum_val[1],4, 0, tempValue); // convert float to char
132
                                                                            at Serial Monitor.
     client.publish("labA/rack1/humid", humidValue); /// send char
133
                                                                      1#127 Convert temp & humid from float
     client.publish("labA/rack1/temp", tempValue); /// send char
134
                                                                            to char.
135
                                                                      L#133 Publish the temp & humid value
136
     if (!client.connected()) {
                                                                            accordingly. Topic name must
137
       reconnect(); //function call
                                                                            match with Node-RED's topic.
138
                                                                      L#136 Will reconnect to broker if
                                                                            disconnected.
```

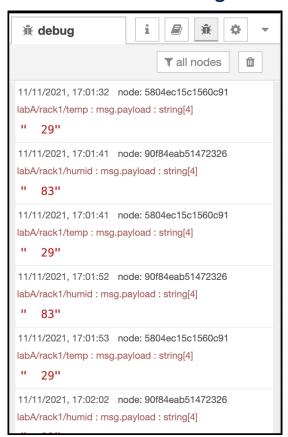
# v. Arduino PubSub Sketch – Expected Output

Arduino's Serial Monitor



\* Do check your IP address, Topic at your sketch if you did not get as expected output.

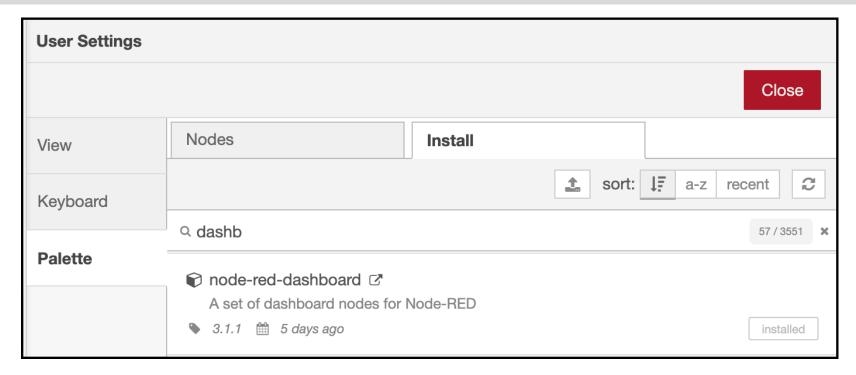
Node-RED Debug Window



### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

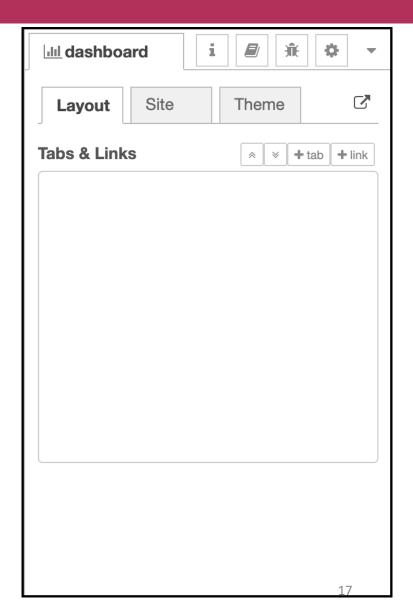
- Go to Node-RED editor.
- Install Dashboard broker by clicking:

Node-RED Menu > Manage palette > Install > type dashboard at search module > node-red-dashboard > install



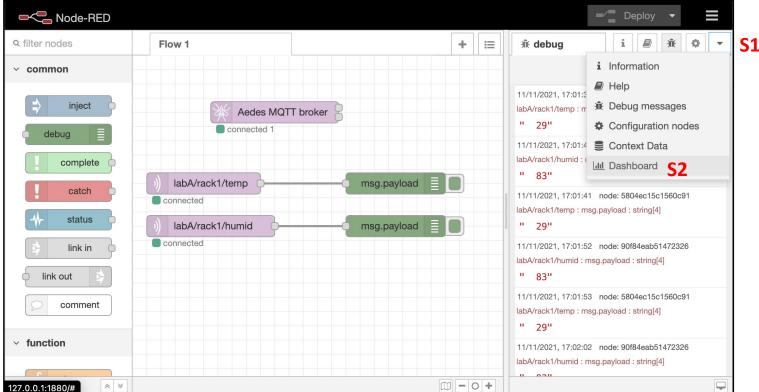
### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

- In order to run a Node-RED **dashboard**, you need to create a **tab** & a **group**.
- Decide what information that you want to display.
- In our case, you should consider:
  - ✓ Classroom : Lab A
  - ✓ Rack ID: 1
  - ✓ Item to visual/display: **Temperature & Humidity**
- Thus,
  - Tab = Main Title = Lab A
  - Group = Sub Title = Rack1
- FYI, more than 1 group can be hosted by 1 tab.
- Your tab can also host group from other tab.



### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

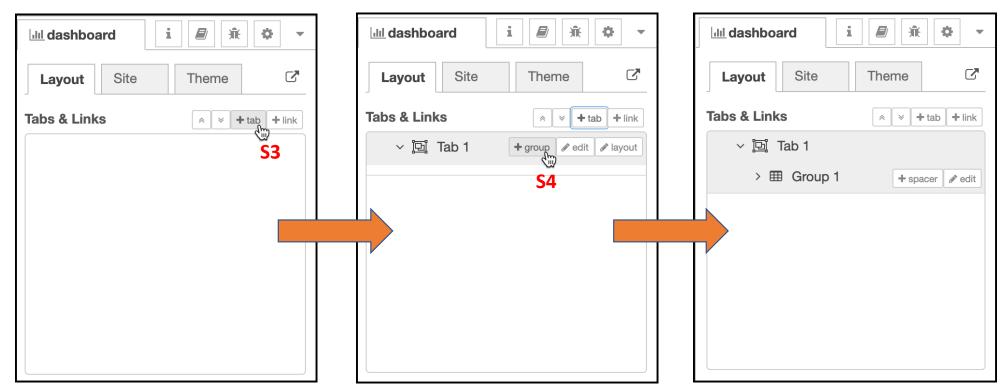
- We need to setup dashboard properties before connecting the gauge/meter node to the flow.
- Step 1: Click the dropdown Menu of Node-RED.
- Step 2: Click Dashboard link.



### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

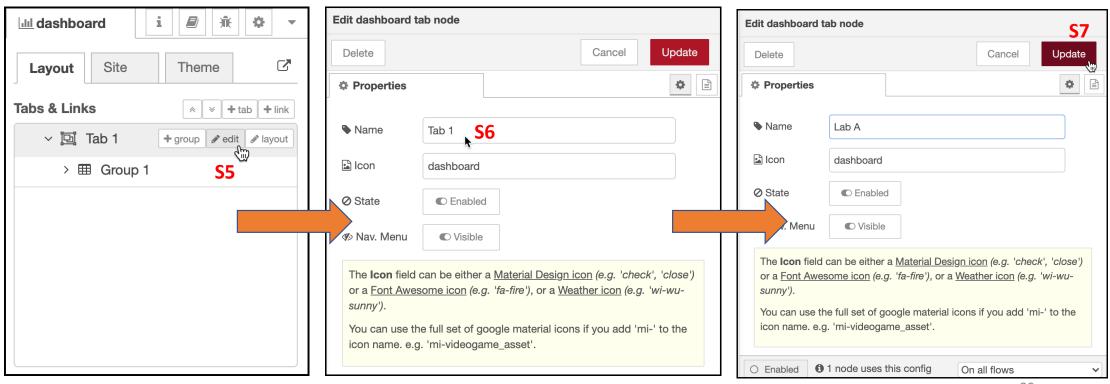


- Step 3: Create a project by clicking + tab .
- Step 4: Add element in your project by clicking at + group .
- You may edit/update/delete **tab** properties or **group** properties by clicking at edit



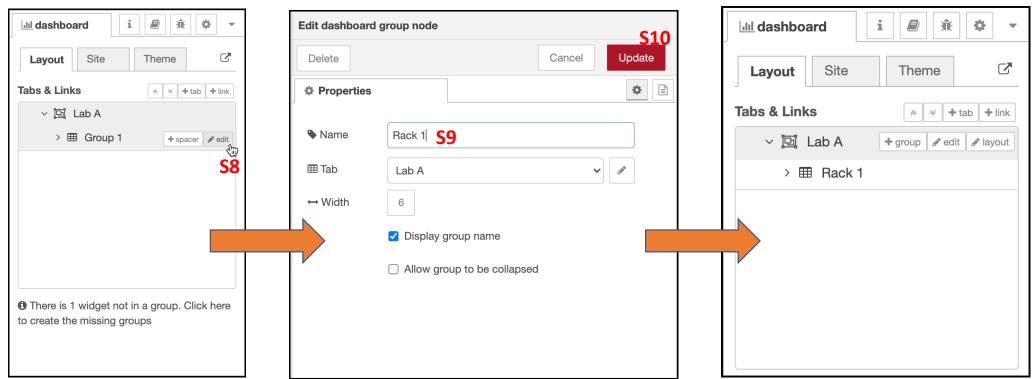
### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

- Step 5: Click ø edit to edit the Tab 1 name.
- Step 6: Change Tab 1 with Lab A.
- Step 7: Next, click Update to save the setting.



### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

- Step 8: Click edit tab at Group 1.
- Step 9: Change Group 1 to Rack 1.
- Step 10: Click Update tab to save the setting..



### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

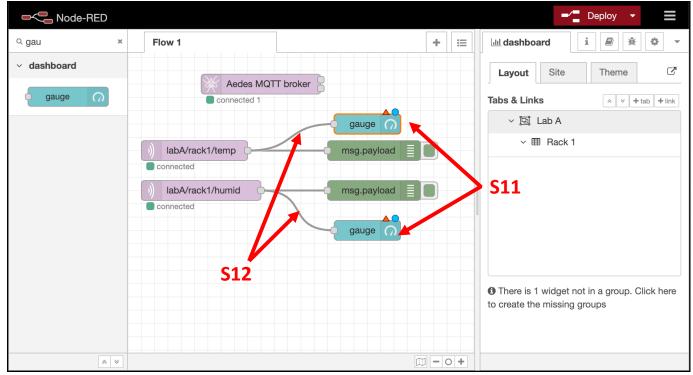
Step 11: Now, add 2 gauges from dashboard palette.

Step 12: Wire each gauge to labA/rack1/temp & labA/rack1/humid respectively.

Any of dashboard palette must be configured into its specific tab & group.

The chances of your node appears in different tab will happen when you mistakenly mapped the groups &

tabs.

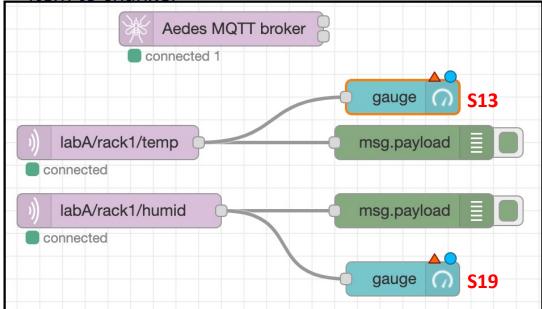


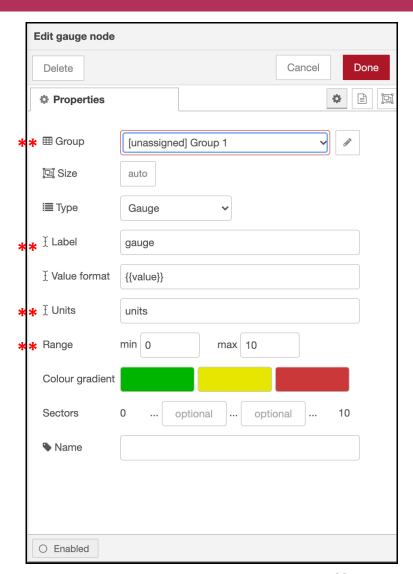
### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

### **Configuration of Gauges.**

- Step 13: Double click gauge connected to labA/rack1/temp.
- Step 19: Double click gauge connected to labA/rack1/humid.

\*\*Item to change.





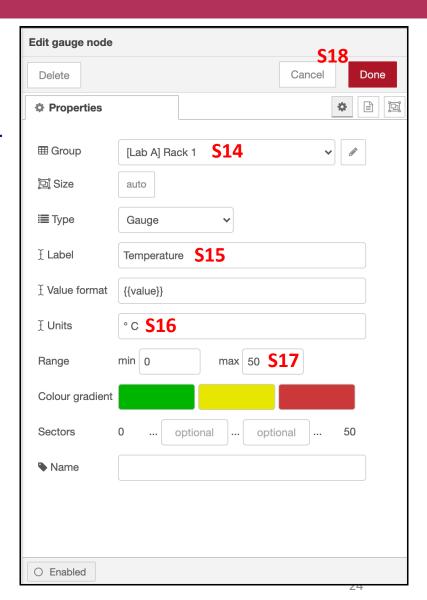
### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

#### **Update Temperature Gauge Properties.**

■ Step 14: Click textbox at Group . Change [unassigned] Group 1 to select [Lab A] Rack 1.



- Step 15: Change text gauge to Temperature at
- Step 16: Replace units with °C (you may copy ° here).
- Step 17: Replace maximum range 10 with 50
- DHT11's range is between **0° C to 50° C**.
- Step 18: Click upon completion. \*\*Item to change.



### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

**Update Humidity Gauge Properties.** 

Step 20: Click textbox at Group . Change [unassigned] Group 1

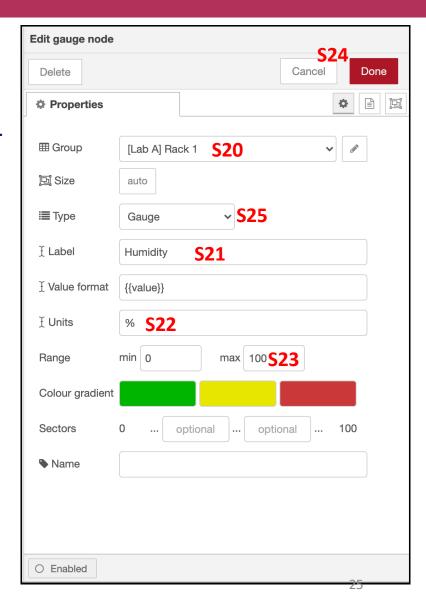




- Step 21: Change text gauge to Temperature at
- Step 22: Replace units with ° C (you may copy ° here).
- Step 23: Replace maximum range 10 with 50
- Humidity range is between 0° C to 100° C.
- Step 24: Click Done upon completion.
- Step 25: Node-RED offers a few interactive visual for metering.

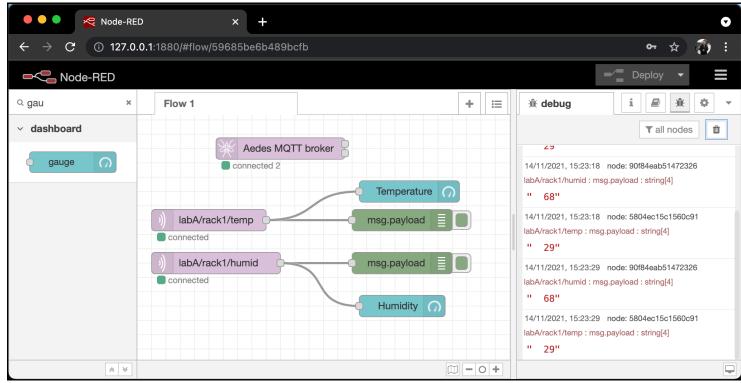
You may go to **Type** & select the output that suit with your needs. Do not forget to click **Deploy** button.



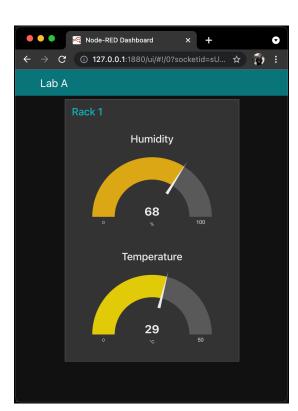


### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

Download the file working file from <a href="https://bit.ly/3DfNfsl">https://bit.ly/3DfNfsl</a>.







**Node-RED Dashboard** 

### vi. Create Visual Dashboard

#### **Adding More Racks.**

- In order to add more rack, means you have to add more sensors.
- You have to consider the topic at ESP32 and also at broker side.
- Assume you want to add Rack 2, Lab A. Open arduino sketch (<a href="https://bit.ly/31WQUhn">https://bit.ly/31WQUhn</a>) and change: labA/rack1/humid at line number 133 to labA/rack2/humid, and also, labA/rack1/temp at line number 134 to labA/rack2/temp.

```
client.publish("labA/rack1/humid", humidValue); /// send char client.publish("labA/rack1/temp", tempValue); /// send char
```

Next, at Node-RED flow editor, add 2 mqtt in, set IP address similar with steps, label the topic as labA/rack2/humid and labA/rack2/temp.

### QUESTIONS

### **END**

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