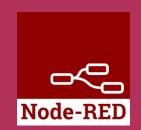


MQTT Broker, Node-RED and ESP32 IoT Development Board

[PART 1b]









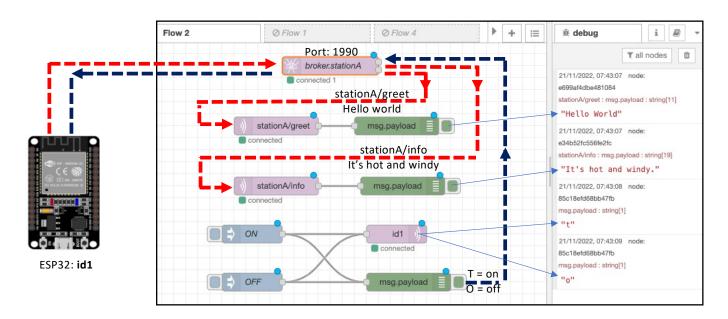


PART 1b: Node-RED + MQTT + IoT Development Board

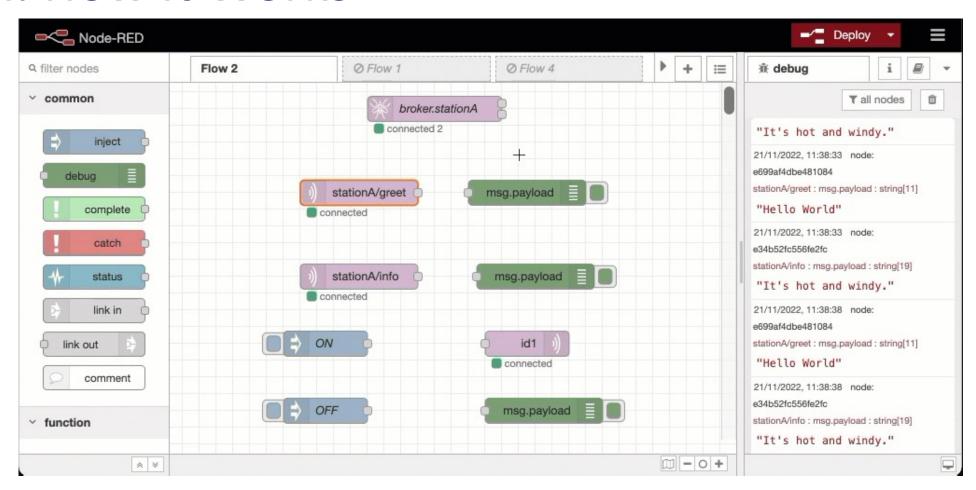
PART 1b

i. Integration MQTT and Node-RED with ESP32

- Add new Flow, Aedes Broker, 2 x MQTT In nodes, 1 x MQTT Out, 2 x Debug and 2 x Inject nodes.
- Set the broker's port to 1990.
- In this exercise, string of text will be sent from microcontroller to Node-RED and will be displayed at debug tab.
- LED at ESP32 will be switch on and off from Node-RED when inject node is click.



ii. How It Works



i. Arduino Client MQTT Library

Install Nick O'Learry's PubSubClient library.

Sketch > Include Library > Manage Libraries



```
🧧 sketch_nov20a_flat-file_1 | Arduino IDE 2.0.1
           sketch nov20a flat-file 1.ino
                                    #include <PubSubClient.h>
 pubsubclient
                                    // Sensor Config
PubSubClient by Nick
O'Leary
                                   // Set GPI02 as an OUTPUT pin.
<nick.oleary@gmail.com>
                                    #define ledPin 2
Version 2.7
MQTT is a lightweight
messaging protocol ideal
                                    unsigned long lastMillis = 0;
for small devices. This
library allows you to send
and receive MQTT
messages. It supports the
                              31 const char* ssid = "raspberrypi 2.46";//"YOUR SSID";
latest MQTT 3.1.1 protocol
                                   const char* password = "123456788";//"YOUR SSID PASSWORD";
and can be configured to
use the older MQTT 3.1 if
needed. It supports all
Arduino Ethernet Client
                                   const char* mqtt_server = "192.168.0.166";// MQTT Broker IP ADDRESS";
compatible hardware,
                                   const char *topic = "id1"; //Topic or ID for this microcontroller
including the Intel
                              37 const char *mqtt_username = "";
Galileo/Edison, ESP8266
and TI CC3000.
                              38    const char *mqtt_password = "";
A client library for MQTT
                                   const int mqtt_port = 1990;
messaging.
                                    WiFiClient espClient;
                                    PubSubClient client(espClient);
  2.8.0 ~
             INSTALL
                                                        Ln 36, Col 25 UTF-8 DOIT ESP32 DEVKIT V1 on /dev/cu.usbserial-014BE726 🚨
```

Download the file working file from <u>sketch nov20a flat-file 1.ino</u>.

```
sketch_nov20a_flat-file_1.ino

15
16    //#include <ESP8266WiFi.h> //if you are using nodemcu
17    #include <WiFi.h> //if you are using esp32
18    #include <PubSubClient.h>
19
20    // Set GPI02 as an OUTPUT pin.
21    #define ledPin 2
22
```

Remove // at #16 and put // at #17 if you are using NodeMCU.

ESP32 has an on board led defined as GPIO2. #21 mapped ledPin to 2. [2 = GPIO2].

Must use 2.4GHz WiFi only

■ Download the file working file from sketch nov20a flat-file 1.ino.

```
// WiFi information
const char* ssid = "raspberrypi 2.4G";//"YOUR SSID";
const char* password = "123456788";//"YOUR SSID PASSWORD";

// MQTT Broker information
const char* mqtt_server = "192.168.0.166";// MQTT Broker IP ADDRESS";
const char *topic = "id1"; //Topic or ID for this microcontroller
const char *mqtt_username = "";
const char *mqtt_password = "";
const int mqtt_port = 1990;

WiFiClient espClient;//A WiFi library that Set ESP32 as client
PubSubClient client(espClient);//A client library that support MQTT
```

- #27 & #28 Your access point ssid and password.
- #31 Laptop / desktop / SBC IP address which running Node-RED service.
- #32 'id1' is the identification for this microcontroller. Each microcontroller must have a unique identification.
- #33 & #34 is broker's username & password. Double click aedes broker to set parameters. "" = no uname& pwd.
- #35 Change default port number from 1883 to 1990. Must aware when deciding port number, incorrect port will cause other program fail to execute.

 Scriptworkz Ent Nov 2022

Download the file working file from <u>sketch nov20a flat-file 1.ino</u>.

#41 to #63 and #65 to #79 are 2 functions that works on connecting the ESP32 to network and also to Aedes broker.



void setup()

```
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(115200);
 // Set ledPin as Output
 pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
 // Switch off Led
 digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
 // Connecting to a MQTT broker
 client.setServer(mqtt_server, mqtt_port);
 client.setCallback(callback);
 //function call for WiFi connection
 setup_wifi();
 Serial.println("WiFi Connected...");
 Serial.print("MOTT Server IP Address:"):
 Serial.print(mqtt_server);
 Serial.print(":");
 Serial.println(String(mgtt port));
 Serial.print("ESP32 IP Address: ");
 Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
```

void setup wifi()

```
64
65  //connecting to WiFI - 2.4GHz only
66  void setup_wifi() {
67   delay(10);
68   // Start by connecting to a WiFi network
69   Serial.println();
70   Serial.println(ssid);
71   Serial.println(ssid);
72   WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
73   While (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
74   delay(500);
75   Serial.print(".");
76   }
77   Serial.print(".");
78  }
79  }
```

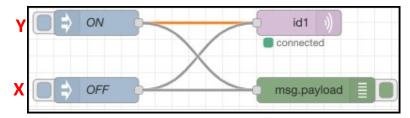
■ Download the file working file from <u>sketch nov20a flat-file 1.ino</u>.

```
80
      // Instructions received from broker
      void callback(char* topic, byte* payload, unsigned int length) {
        /* To display message sent from broker */
        Serial.print("Message arrived [");
        Serial.print(topic);
        Serial.print("] ");
        for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
          Serial.print((char)payload[i]);
90
        /* This section is for controlling output: LED, servo etc */
        Serial.println();
94
        if ((char)payload[0] == 't') {
          Serial.println("ON");
          digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
        } else {
           Serial.println("OFF");
          digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
100
101
103
104
```

This section deals with incoming message from Node-RED i.e., Aedes broker.

Y will switch on built in led on ESP, while X will switch off the led.

Every time the X/Y is press, t or o will be transmitted to ESP32. and process at this section.



```
22/11/2022, 17:37:26 node:

85c18efd68bb47fb

msg.payload : string[1]

"t"

22/11/2022, 17:37:28 node:

85c18efd68bb47fb

msg.payload : string[1]

"o"
```

■ Download the file working file from sketch nov20a flat-file 1.ino.

```
void loop() {

//Function to establish connection to MQTT Broker

if (!client.connected()) {

reconnect();

}

// publish a message roughly every second.

if (millis() - lastMillis > 5000) {

lastMillis = millis();

client.publish("stationA/greet", "Hello World"); //PUBLISH TO TOPIC /hello MSG world order

client.publish("stationA/info", "It's hot and windy."); //PUBLISH TO TOPIC /hello MSG world order

/// Serial.println (" Hello World ");

}

client.loop();

client.loop();

}
```

The syntax client.pubulish() is used to send information or data from ESP32 to Node-RED.

Incorrect topic on either side, i.e., ESP32 or Aedes broker, causes no information will be publish.

Messages will be transmitted every 5 seconds, whereby 1000 is equivalent with 1 second.

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END OF PART 1b