Generic Schematic Checklist

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Visual Design

- Power supplies use supply symbols, not wires
- Positive supplies point up, and negative supplies/ground point down
- Groups of nets above ≥ 4 nets collected into buses
- o All nets descriptively named
- Net "stubs" have an "off-sheet" ("XREF" in EAGLE) label
- Blocks in your schematic clearly labeled
- There's a frame around the schematic
- It's clear *where* your power is coming from
- Data flow (inputs, outputs) are clear and labeled

Part values

- Special case capacitors marked with power and tolerance
- Capacitors have the appropriate voltage
- Power dissipation checked in all of your resistors
- Special case resistors marked with power and tolerance
- Print your BOM. Check that each part is in stock at a distributor.

Electrical Rule checks

- All of your components have values (including "NP")
- All inputs have the correct voltage levels
- All outputs have the correct load impedance
- All MOSFETs placed *forwards* wrt the body diode
- No (non-approved) errors OR warnings in the ERC
- Your schematic is peer reviewed by at least two different people.
- Double check your approved errors, looking for anomalies and possible errors.

Best Practices

- Small, low ESR (e.g., ceramic) bypass capacitors on ALL IC supplies
- Large bypass (e.g., electrolytic) capacitors on your board at the power connector and regulator IC.
- Design for Test: place test points on critical signals
- **Design for Fail**: group components in separable modular blocks
- Place programming connectors and DOUBLE CHECK their pinouts
- Add debugging hardware (e.g., test switches, LEDs, scope probe points, etc)