

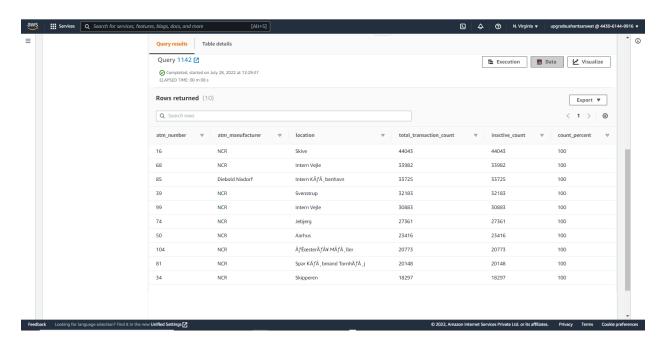


## Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

#### 1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count, sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count, (inactive\_count/total\_transaction\_count)\*100 as count\_percent from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location I where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location having count\_percent > 50 order by inactive\_count desc limit 10;







# 2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

select f.weather\_main,

count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,

sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,

case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000

else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as

numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)

end as inactive\_count\_percent

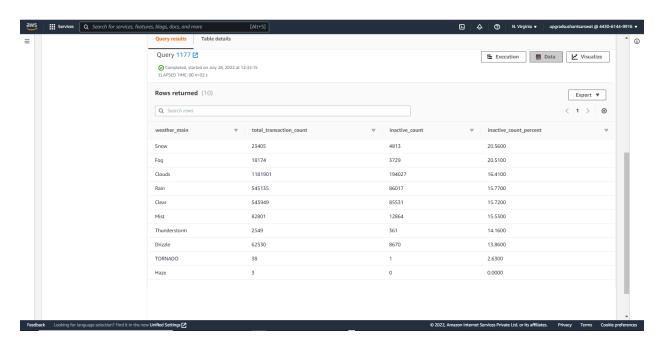
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f

where f.weather\_main != "

group by f.weather\_main

order by inactive\_count\_percent desc

limit 10:

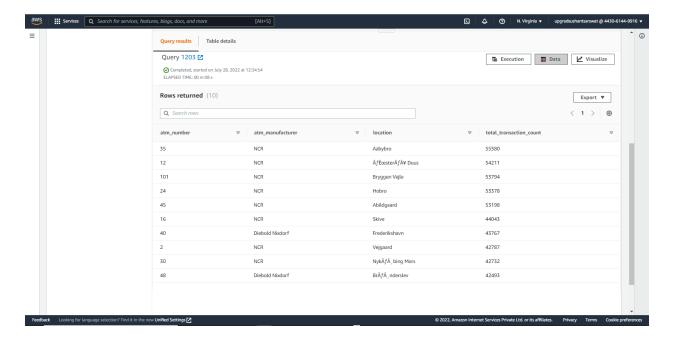






## 3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location I where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location order by total\_transaction\_count desc limit 10;







#### 4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

select d.year, d.month,

count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,

sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,

case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000

else trunc((cast(inactive count as

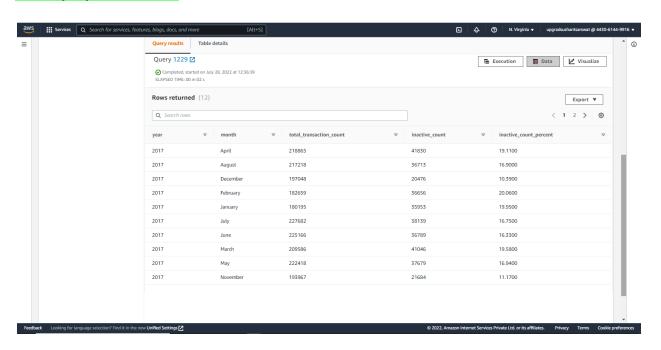
numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)

end as inactive\_count\_percent

from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f inner join atm\_data.dim\_date d on f.date\_id =d.date\_id

group by d.year, d.month

order by d.year, d.month;

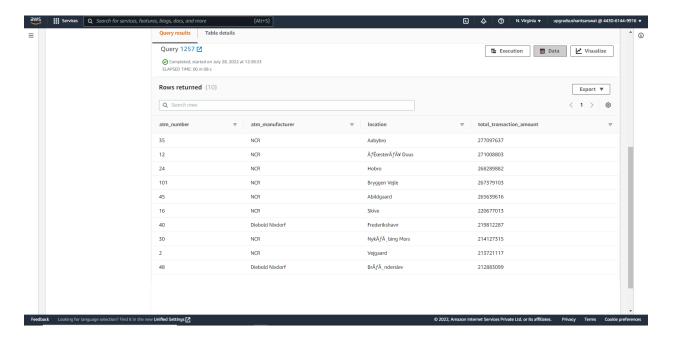






### 5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location,
sum(transaction\_amount) as total\_transaction\_amount
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location I
where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id
group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location
order by total\_transaction\_amount desc
limit 10;







## 6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

select ct.card\_type,

count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,

sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,

case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000

else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)

end as inactive\_count\_percent

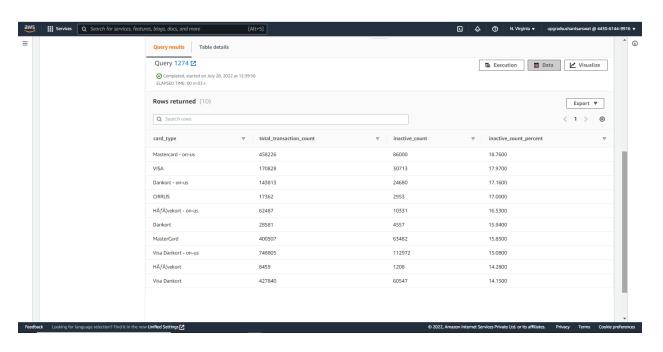
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_card\_type ct

where f.card\_type\_id = ct.card\_type\_id

group by ct.card\_type

order by inactive\_count\_percent desc

limit 10;

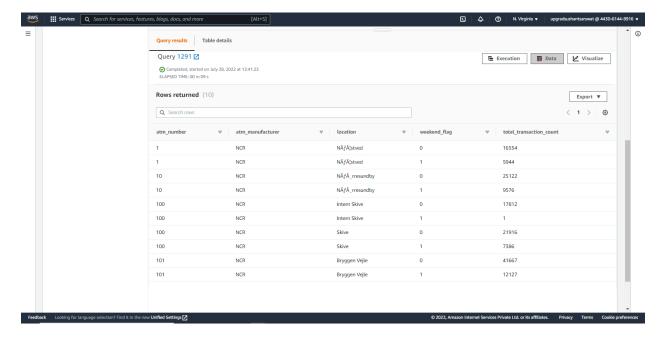






7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM\_number, ATM\_manufacturer, location, weekend\_flag and then total\_transaction\_count

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location,
case when d.weekday in ('Saturday','Sunday') then 1 else 0 end as weekend\_flag,
count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location I,
atm\_data.dim\_date d
where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id and f.date\_id = d.date\_id
group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location, weekend\_flag
order by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, I.location, weekend\_flag,
total\_transaction\_count
limit 10;







#### 8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, d.weekday,

count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count

from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f inner join atm\_data.dim\_atm a on f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id

inner join atm\_data.dim\_location I on a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id

inner join atm data.dim date d on f.date id = d.date id

where I.location = 'Vejgaard' and d.weekday in

(select d.weekday

from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f inner join atm\_data.dim\_date d on f.date\_id = d.date\_id

inner join atm data.dim location I on f.weather loc id = I.location id

where I.location = 'Vejgaard'

group by d.weekday

order by count(f.trans\_id) desc

limit 1)

group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, d.weekday

order by total\_transaction\_count;

