## Clang Code Standard Plugins

#### Job Mensen & Richard Faasse

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This document shows the steps needed to install the tooling used in this project to enforce code standards.

## 1 Clean code (beautifier

It is decided to use style tooling for formatting the C++ code. This is chosen so that developers don't need to worry about style issues.

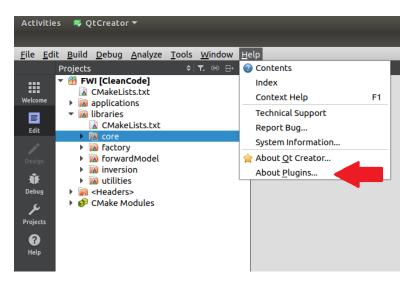
## **Install Clang-Format**

In Linux, open your terminal, and type in sudo apt install clang-format

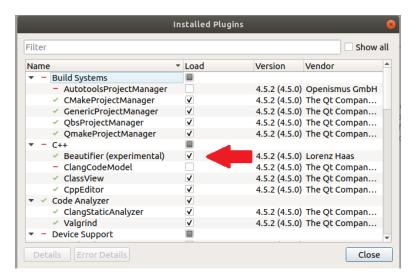
## Implementation for your IDE

#### A) Plugin in Qt Creator

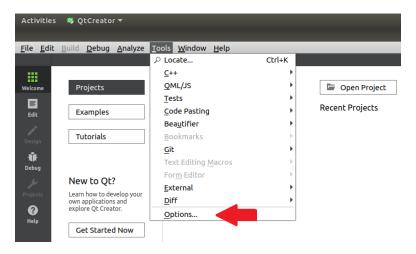
1. Open Qt Creator, go to Help, and select About Plugins...



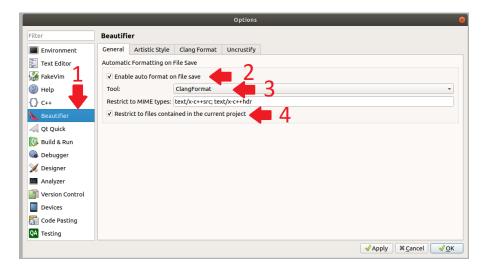
2. Select Beautifier (experimental) under C++, and close Qt Creator.



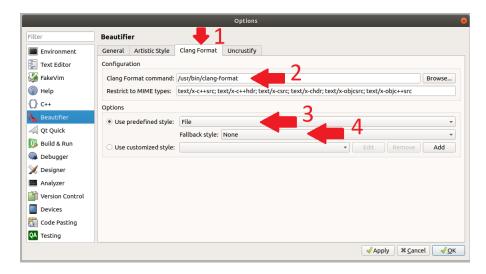
3. Open Qt Creator, go to **Tools**, and select **Options...** 



4. In Options select Beautifier (1). In the General tab, check Enable auto format on File Save (2), select ClangFomat (3), and check Restrict to files contained in the current poject (4).



5. In this window select tab **Clang Format** (1). Verify if **Clang Format command** (2) is correctly filled in. Select option **File** in **Use predefined style** (3) and select **None** as **Fallback style** (4). Note: Clang-Format automatically searches for the .clang-format file in the (parent) directory.



#### B) CLang Format in other IDE's

In most IDE's a Clang-format plugin is available that works in a similar way as described above. It is important to select predefined style by file. Clang-Format will then automatically search the style format file.

#### Change the style format

The style used by Clang-Format is implemented in the .clang-format file in the parallelized-fwi folder. This file has no name, and is thus simply called .clang-format. In Ubuntu it is a hidden file, but it can be shown by clicking  $\mathbf{Crtl} + \mathbf{H}$ . Note: the version of Clang-Format is decisive for commands that can be used. Unfortunately, some commands had to be removed.

# 2 Code-standards (Naming & Good practice)

For the enforcing of code standards, clang-tidy is used, which gives IDE warnings when code-standard criteria are not met. These standards themselves are described in the CodeStandards documentation in this project (found in the README folder).

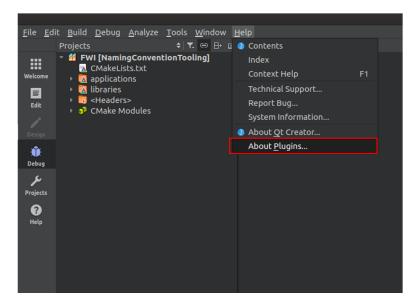
## Install clang-tidy

Run the following command in your Linux terminal: sudo apt install clang-tidy

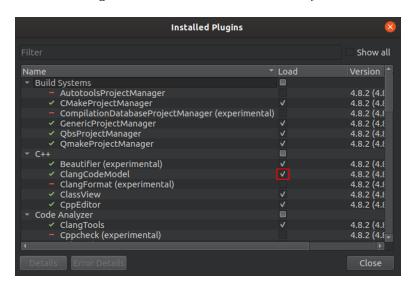
### Implementation for your IDE

## A) Plugin in Qt Creator

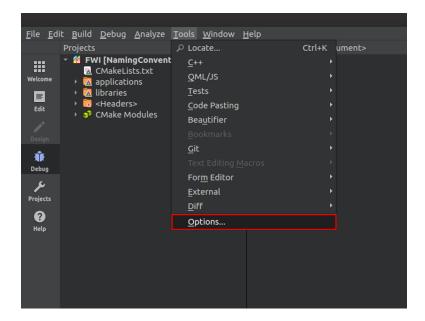
1. To enable the clang-tidy plugin into the Qt Creator IDE, first go to  $\mathbf{Help} \to \mathbf{About\ Plugins...}$ 



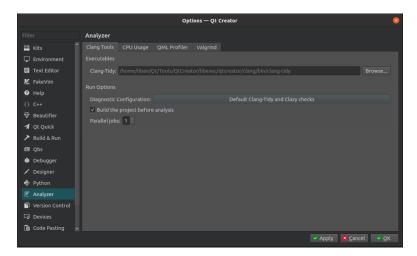
2. Tick the box next to the **ClangCodeModel** if this was not already the case.



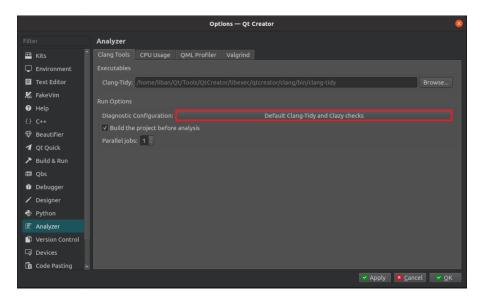
3. Having done this, go to **Tools**  $\rightarrow$  **Options** 



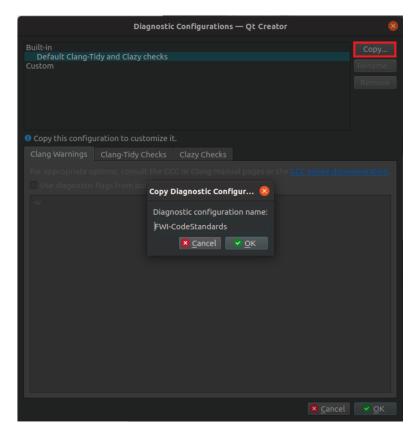
4. In the options, go to **Analyzer** and to the **Clang Tools** tab.



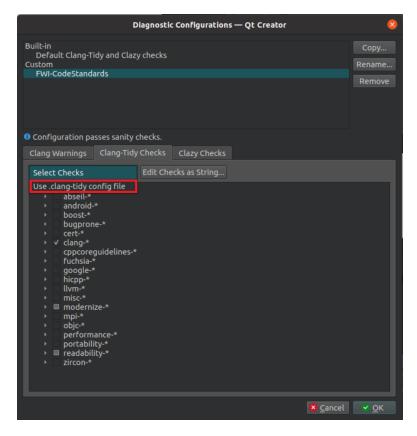
5. Next select Diagnostic Configuration by clicking on Default Clang-Tidy and Clazy Checks option.



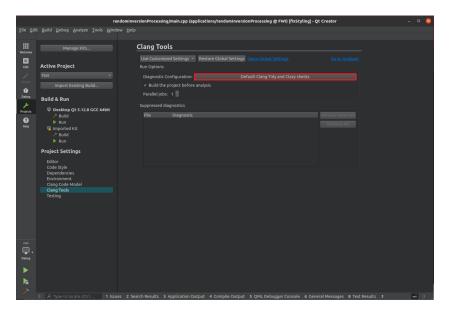
6. Select **Default Clang-Tidy and Clazy checks** and press **Copy** to be able to customize it and give it a suitable name.



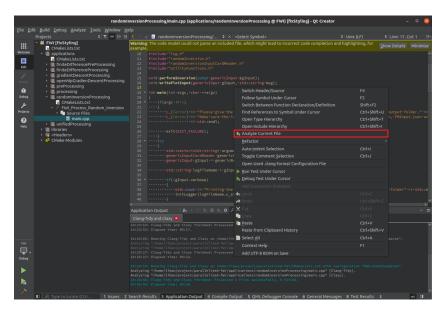
7. Select your own diagnostic configuration, go to the tab Clang-Tidy Checks, select Use .clang-tidy config file in the drop-down and click OK.



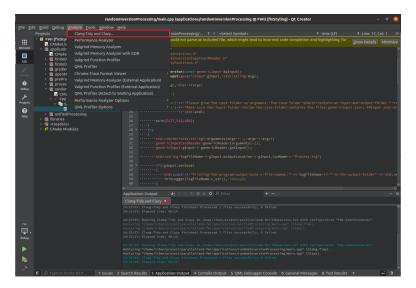
8. Lastly, select the newly created diagnostic configuration in **Projects**  $\rightarrow$  **Clang Tools** tab and click on **Default Clang-Tidy and Clazy checks** diagnostic configuration. Since the .clang-tidy file is already set up in the git-folder, the IDE should give warnings according to the style specified in the .clang-tidy file.



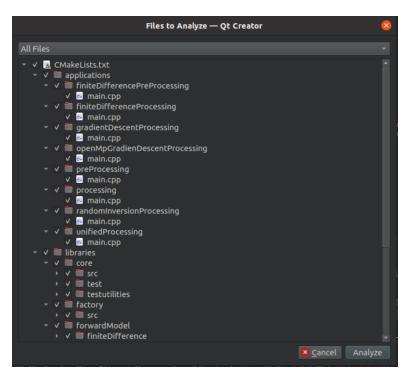
9. In order to run the style analysis one should select a project file and use a right mouse button click to activate the context menu. By selecting **Analyze current file** option the style checks can activated.



10. An alternative way to run the checks on multiple files is to go to Analyze → Clang-Tidy and Clazy.



11. And make a final selection of the files which should be checked.



Note: It could take a while before the clang-tidy has parsed the project and starts giving warnings.

#### B) Clang-tidy in other IDE's

In other IDE's these checks can be implemented in a similar fashion, by using the .clang-tidy configuration file.

#### Change the code-standards format

The style used by Clang-Format is implemented in the .clang-tidy file in the parallelized-fwi folder. This file has no name, and is thus simply called .clang-tidy. In Ubuntu it is a hidden file, but it can be shown by clicking  $\mathbf{Crtl} + \mathbf{H}$ .