Data Science(Machine Learning, Deep Learning)

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- 실습 소스 깃 참고
<실전 머신러닝 활용 및 데이터 수집>
train.py 구현 및 실행
<train.py 소스 코드>
import argparse
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch optim as optim
from model import ImageClassifier
from trainer import Trainer
from utils import load mnist
from utils import split_data
from utils import get_hidden_sizes
def define_argparser():
    p = argparse.ArgumentParser()
    p.add_argument('--model_fn', required=True)
    p.add_argument('--gpu_id', type=int, default=0 if torch.cuda.is_available() else -1)
    p.add_argument('--train_ratio', type=float, default=.8)
    p.add_argument('--batch_size', type=int, default=256)
    p.add_argument('--n_epochs', type=int, default=20)
    p.add_argument('--n_layers', type=int, default=5)
    p.add_argument('--use_dropout', action='store_true')
    p.add_argument('--dropout_p', type=float, default=.3)
    p.add_argument('--verbose', type=int, default=1)
    config = p.parse_args()
    return config
def main(config):
    # Set device based on user defined configuration.
    device = torch.device('cpu') if config.gpu_id < 0 else torch.device('cuda:%d' %
config.gpu_id)
```

```
x, y = load_mnist(is_train=True, flatten=True)
    x, y = split_data(x.to(device), y.to(device), train_ratio=config.train_ratio)
    print("Train:", x[0].shape, y[0].shape)
    print("Valid:", x[1].shape, y[1].shape)
    input\_size = int(x[0].shape[-1])
    output\_size = int(max(y[0])) + 1
    model = ImageClassifier(
        input_size=input_size,
        output_size=output_size,
        hidden_sizes=get_hidden_sizes(input_size,
                                        output size,
                                        config.n_layers),
        use_batch_norm=not config.use_dropout,
        dropout_p=config.dropout_p,
    ).to(device)
    optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters())
    crit = nn.NLLLoss()
    if config.verbose >= 1:
        print(model)
        print(optimizer)
        print(crit)
    trainer = Trainer(model, optimizer, crit)
    trainer.train(
        train_data=(x[0], y[0]),
        valid_data=(x[1], y[1]),
        config=config
    )
    # Save best model weights.
    torch.save({
        'model': trainer.model.state_dict(),
        'opt': optimizer.state_dict(),
        'config': config,
    }, config.model_fn)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    config = define_argparser()
    main(config)
main이 보통은 숨겨져 있음.
소스 코드를 파악할 때 main부분을 파악하는 것이 중요함.
```

arg = 인수, 매개변수라고도 함 함수를 호출할 때 전달되는 값을 인수라고 하고, 함수를 정의할 때 선언되는 변수를 매개변수라고 합니다.

arg는 인수와 매개변수의 개념을 모두 포함하는 포괄적인 용어

<train.py 활용>
Anaconda Prompt
<Pytorch 설치>
(base) C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning
소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise>conda install pytorch
The following packages will be downloaded:

package	l build	
ca-certificates-2023.08.22 conda-content-trust-0.2.0 libuv-1.44.2 ninja-1.10.2 ninja-base-1.10.2 openssl-1.1.1w pytorch-2.0.1	haa95532_0 py311haa95532_0 h2bbff1b_0 haa95532_5 h6d14046_5 h2bbff1b_0 lcpu_py311hd080823_0	123 KB 82 KB 288 KB 14 KB 255 KB 5.5 MB 91,2 MB
	 Total:	 97.5 MB

Total: 97.

Package 설치 중간에 Proceed ([y]/n)?가 나오면 y입력

(base) C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning 소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise>python train.py usage: train.py [-h] --model_fn MODEL_FN [--gpu_id GPU_ID] [--train_ratio TRAIN_RATIO] [--batch_size BATCH_SIZE]

[--n_epochs N_EPOCHS] [--n_layers N_LAYERS] [--use_dropout] [--dropout_p DROPOUT_P] [--verbose VERBOSE] train.py: error: the following arguments are required: --model_fn

에러가 뜸

if __name__ == '__main__':
 config = define_argparser()
 main(config)
argparser로 매개변수(인수)를 쪼갬

(base) C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning 소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise>python train.py --model_fn tmp.pth --gpu_id -1 --batch_size 256 --n_epochs 20 -n_layers 5

아래같이 에러가 뜨는 경우 conda install torchvision으로 TorchVision 설치해 줘야 함 (base) C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning
소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise>python train.py --model_fn tmp.pth --gpu_id -1
--batch_size 256 --n_epochs 20 --n_layers 5

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning
소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise\train.py", line 85, in <module>
   main(config)
 File "C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning
소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise\train.py", line 41, in main
   x, y = load mnist(is train=True, flatten=True)
          ^^^^^
 File "C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning
소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise\utils.py", line 5, in load_mnist
   from torchvision import datasets, transforms
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'torchvision'
(base) C:\Users\admin\Desktop\BigData DeepLearning\DeepLearning
소스코드\실습\15-practical_exercise>python train.py --model_fn tmp.pth --gpu_id -1
--batch_size 256 --n_epochs 20 --n_layers 5
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
../data\MNIST\raw\train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
100%|
          9912422/9912422 [00:00<00:00, 33641580.07it/s]
Extracting ../data\MNIST\raw\train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ../data\MNIST\raw
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
../data\MNIST\raw\train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
100%
         28881/28881 [00:00<00:00, 343026.50it/s]
Extracting ../data\MNIST\raw\train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to ../data\MNIST\raw
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
../data\MNIST\raw\t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
100%|
1648877/1648877 [00:01<00:00, 1347742.62it/s]
Extracting ../data\MNIST\raw\t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ../data\MNIST\raw
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to
../data\MNIST\raw\t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
100%|
                                              4542/4542 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
Extracting ../data\MNIST\raw\t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to ../data\MNIST\raw
Train: torch, Size([48000, 784]) torch, Size([48000])
Valid: torch.Size([12000, 784]) torch.Size([12000])
ImageClassifier(
 (layers): Sequential(
   (0): Block(
```

(block): Sequential(

```
(0): Linear(in features=784, out features=630, bias=True)
        (1): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01)
        (2): BatchNorm1d(630, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      )
    )
    (1): Block(
      (block): Sequential(
        (0): Linear(in features=630, out features=476, bias=True)
        (1): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01)
        (2): BatchNorm1d(476, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True.
track_running_stats=True)
      )
    )
    (2): Block(
      (block): Sequential(
        (0): Linear(in_features=476, out_features=322, bias=True)
        (1): LeakyReLU(negative slope=0.01)
        (2): BatchNorm1d(322, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
      )
    )
    (3): Block(
      (block): Sequential(
        (0): Linear(in_features=322, out_features=168, bias=True)
        (1): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01)
        (2): BatchNorm1d(168, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
      )
    )
    (4): Linear(in features=168, out features=10, bias=True)
    (5): LogSoftmax(dim=-1)
  )
)
Adam (
Parameter Group 0
    amsgrad: False
    betas: (0.9, 0.999)
    capturable: False
    differentiable: False
    eps: 1e-08
    foreach: None
    fused: None
    Ir: 0.001
    maximize: False
    weight_decay: 0
NLLLoss()
Epoch(1/20): train_loss=1.9742e-01 valid_loss=1.0411e-01 lowest_loss=1.0411e-01
Epoch(2/20): train_loss=8.1424e-02 valid_loss=9.0457e-02 lowest_loss=9.0457e-02
```

Epoch(3/20): train loss=5.6666e-02 valid loss=8.7683e-02 lowest loss=8.7683e-02 Epoch(4/20): train_loss=4.2112e-02 valid loss=1.0279e-01 lowest loss=8.7683e-02 valid loss=8.5411e-02 Epoch(5/20): train_loss=3.5553e-02 lowest_loss=8.5411e-02 Epoch(6/20): train loss=2.5702e-02 valid loss=7.4233e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(7/20): train loss=2.6314e-02 valid loss=7.5723e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(8/20): train_loss=2.0976e-02 valid_loss=8.4059e-02 lowest_loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(9/20): train loss=1.5663e-02 valid loss=9.4074e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(10/20): train_loss=1.7997e-02 valid_loss=8.3264e-02 lowest_loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(11/20): train loss=1.5647e-02 valid loss=8.0157e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(12/20): train loss=1,3690e-02 valid loss=7.8018e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(13/20): train_loss=1.5982e-02 lowest_loss=7.4233e-02 valid loss=8.3138e-02 Epoch(14/20): train_loss=1.2972e-02 valid loss=8.2686e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(15/20): train loss=1.1763e-02 valid loss=7.6221e-02 lowest loss=7.4233e-02 Epoch(16/20): train loss=1,2345e-02 valid loss=7.0978e-02 lowest loss=7.0978e-02 Epoch(17/20): train_loss=8.5329e-03 valid_loss=7.4744e-02 lowest_loss=7.0978e-02 lowest_loss=7.0978e-02 Epoch(18/20): train_loss=9.8661e-03 valid loss=8.3837e-02 Epoch(19/20): train_loss=7.0544e-03 valid_loss=7.6451e-02 lowest_loss=7.0978e-02 Epoch(20/20): train loss=1.0674e-02 valid loss=7.2226e-02 lowest loss=7.0978e-02

에러가 안 뜨면 이와 같이 나오면서 tmp.pth가 생성이 됨.

<MNIST란?>

MNIST는 "Modified National Institute of Standards and Technology"의 약어로, 손으로 쓴 숫자(0에서 9까지)로 이루어진 대형 데이터 세트 머신 러닝 및 딥 러닝에서 기본적으로 사용되는 벤치마크 데이터 세트

MNIST 데이터 세트는 컴퓨터 비전에서 이미지 분류 알고리즘을 개발하고 테스트하는 데 사용된다. 많은 머신 러닝 및 딥 러닝 프레임워크와 라이브러리에서 쉽게 사용할 수 있습니다. MNIST 데이터 세트는 비교적 작고 간단하기 때문에, 머신 러닝 및 딥 러닝 모델을 처음 학습하는 데 좋은 출발점이 된다.

colab에서의 Linux 환경 구현
!ls로 현재 디렉토리 위치 확인
model.py를 content에 끌어다 넣고 !python model.py 실행
앞서 tmp.pth 만든 것 역시 content에 복사

Jupyter Notebook에서는 환경이 다를 수 있음.