## 1 A review of automatic theorem proving

## 1.1 Introduction

- Proving B follows from A: conditions of first-order predicate calculus
- Single non-empty collection D: universe of discourse
- Relation symbols on  $D^n$  (n is degree of relation)
- Relation symbols with n=0, truth value already determined
- Variables, arbitrary values of D
- Terms, from functions composed with their arguments
- Atomic formulae or atoms: relation symbol followed by a parenthesized list of terms; either T or F
- -B is said to follow from A iff no way for D to be chosen, so that  $(A \wedge \neg B)$  is T.
- Statement can't be T is **unsatifiable**. If choice that is T, satisfiable.

## 1.2 A quick summary of the background theory

- Show statment, S, containing  $n \ge 0$  vars, is unsatisfiable S is treated as a combination of atoms.
- $-S(x_1,...,X_n)$ , show no interpretation of vocabularly  $R_1...,R_k$ ,  $f_1,...f_m$  of S which makes S T.

## 2 Introduction

This is a test