```
1 %
 2 % | | |
                               1 1
 3 % | |__| |
                             _ \ '_ \| '__/ _ \ \ /\ / / | |
 4 % | |/ \| ' ` \ /
5 % | | | | (_) | | | | | | __/ |_) | | | __/\ V V / | |
6 % |_| |_|\__/|_| |_|\__|.__/|_| \___|
7 % (ASCII font Big from https://www.coolgenerator.com/ascii-text-generator
 9 % Homebrew CTD Data Grapher / Visualizer
10 % Author: Sophie Scopazzi
11 % Author Website: sophiescopazzi.com
12 % Date: OCT 2022
13
14 % always
15 clear all
16 close all
17
18 %% INSTRUCTIONS - HOW TO USE THIS CODE
19 % There are comments throughout code as well
20 % If you want to contact me about this code, use my website
22 % 1. Put this script in same folder as datafile.txt
   % Check name of datafile is the same as in the script
24 % 2. Ensure sensors are in the correct order in the data from the Arduino
% script, or none of it will make sense (EC, TDS, sal, etc) in order
26 % 3. Fine correct time values in this plot, record for next step
  % Want data from downward travel, upward water column is disturbed
28 % 4. Recomment step 3, put the values recorded into DEPLOY DATA PULLING
29 % 5. Plots or subplots as desired. Set xlims and ylims as necessary
30
31 %% 2. DATA INGEST AND CLEANING
32 % datafile from CTD, ensure name is correct, script in same folder as data
33 data = readtable('DATAFILE.TXT');
35 % ensure the data is labeled correctly, will depend on Arduino code
36 % get data from data table, BUT it has nans
                   = data(:,1); %EC data
   EC nans
37
38
     TDS nans
                   = data(:,2); %TDS
39
    sal nans
                   = data(:,3); %salinity
40
    mbar nans
                  = data(:,4); %mbar
    temp nans = data(:,5); %temp in C
41
42
     dmeter nans = data(:,6); %depth in meters
43
44
          % take nans out of above data
          EC table = rmmissing(EC nans);
45
46
          TDS table
                      = rmmissing(TDS_nans);
          sal table = rmmissing(sal_nans);
47
          mbar table = rmmissing(mbar_nans);
48
          temp table = rmmissing(temp nans);
49
          dmeter table = rmmissing(dmeter nans);
50
51
52
      % convert data from table to array for plotting / manipulation
53
      EC
                    = table2array(EC table);
                       table2array(TDS_table);
54
      TDS
```

```
55
       sal
                    = table2array(sal table);
 56
     mbar
                    = table2array(mbar table);
 57
     temp
                    = table2array(temp table);
 58
                   = table2array(dmeter table);
       dmeter
 59
 60 % convert mbar to feet, incase you want to do that
 61 % depth feet = mbar.*0.033455256555148;
 62
 63 % convert meters to feet, in case you want to use the Mapping Toolbox
 64 % deploy feet = distdim(dmeter, 'meters', 'feet'); % (needs Mapping Toolbox)
 65 dfeet = dmeter.*3.28084; % I didn't want to use Mapping Toolbox
 66
 67 %% 3. TO FIND CORRECT START / STOP VALUES IN TIME
      % FIND TIME VALUES IN THIS PLOT
 68
 69
      % look in this plot to find where depth values start and stop
      % this is what you will put in below, the (93:135), etc
 70
      % uncomment below --- 56-59
 71
      % n = length(mbar);
 72
73
      % time = 1:n;
 74
     % figure;
75
     % plot(time, mbar);
 76
 77 %% 4. DEPLOY DATA PULLING
     % take out only parts of the data for deployments
      % this is the values found 'FIND DEPTH VALUE PLOT'
 79
80
      % if you have more or less than four, change it
 81
 82
      % ONE
 83
     deploy1 EC
                       = EC
                                  (93:135,1);
     deploy1 TDS
 84
                       = TDS
                                  (93:135,1);
      deploy1 feet
                       = dfeet
                                  (93:135,1);
 85
       deploy1 temp
                                 (93:135,1);
 86
                       = temp
 87
     deploy1 sal
                       = sal
                                  (93:135,1);
 88
      % TWO
 89
 90
       deploy2 EC
                       = EC
                                  (609:660,1);
     deploy2 TDS
                       = TDS
 91
                                  (609:660,1);
                      = dfeet (609:660,1);
 92
     deploy2 feet
                       = temp
 93
       deploy2 temp
                                 (609:660,1);
 94
       deploy2 sal
                       = sal
                                 (609:660,1);
 95
 96
       % THREE
 97
       deploy3 EC
                         EC
                                  (774:799,1);
98
     deploy3 TDS
                       = TDS
                                  (774:799,1);
     deploy3 feet
                       = dfeet (774:799,1);
99
                       = temp
100
       deploy3 temp
                                  (774:799,1);
101
       deploy3 sal
                       = sal
                                  (774:799,1);
102
103
     % FOUR
     deploy4 EC
104
                       = EC
                                  (832:979,1);
105
     deploy4 TDS
                       = TDS
                                  (832:979,1);
     deploy4 feet
                       = dfeet
                                  (832:979,1);
106
107
     deploy4 temp
                      = temp (832:979,1);
       deploy4 sal
108
                           sal
                                  (832:979,1);
```

```
109
110 %% 5. GRAPHS
111 % however many you did, make that many subplot graphs
112 % or you can put them on their own plots (not subplot them)
113 % these are the same with the numbers changed, 1-4
114
        figure;
        subplot(2,2,1); % subplot since I want four graphs on one figure
115
        plot(deploy1 temp,deploy1 feet,'red');
116
117
        title('One');
118
        hold
        plot(deploy1 sal, deploy1 feet, 'blue');
119
        set(gca,'Ydir','reverse'); % to make zero the top of Y axis
120
        ylim([0 40]); % use the depth you deployed
121
        xlim([14.5 19]) % use the range of your data
122
123
        legend('temp', 'salinity')
        ylabel('depth (ft)');
124
125
        xlabel('°C | PSU (ppt)');
126
            subplot(2,2,2);
127
128
            plot(deploy2 temp,deploy2 feet, 'red');
129
            title('Two');
130
            hold
131
            plot(deploy2 sal,deploy2 feet,'blue');
            set(gca, 'Ydir', 'reverse');
132
133
            ylim([0 40]); % use the depth you deployed
134
            xlim([14.5 19]) % use the range of your data
135
            legend('temp','salinity')
136
            ylabel('depth (ft)');
137
            xlabel('°C | PSU (ppt)');
138
        subplot(2,2,3);
139
        plot(deploy3 temp,deploy3 feet,'red');
140
        title('Three');
141
142
        hold
        plot(deploy3 sal,deploy3 feet,'blue');
143
144
        set(gca, 'Ydir', 'reverse');
        ylim([0 40]); % use the depth you deployed
145
146
        xlim([14.5 19]) % use the range of your data
        legend('temp','salinity')
147
148
        ylabel('depth (ft)');
149
        xlabel('°C | PSU (ppt)');
150
            subplot(2,2,4);
151
            plot(deploy4 temp,deploy4 feet, 'red');
152
            title('Four');
153
154
            hold
            plot(deploy4 sal, deploy4 feet, 'blue');
155
            set(gca, 'Ydir', 'reverse');
156
157
            ylim([0 40]); % use the depth you deployed
            xlim([14.5 19]) % use the range of your data
158
159
            legend('temp','salinity')
            ylabel('depth (ft)');
160
161
            xlabel('°C | PSU (ppt)');
```