

# Apache Kafka 101

Samuel Costa - 43552



## Challenges

- Integrate complex systems that interact in complicated ways
- Assembling data that has multiple sources
- Synchronization between production and consumption
- Horizontal scaling
- Current patterns include:
  - Event-driven architectures
  - Save event history for re-processing
  - Scaling not done by adding faster hardware



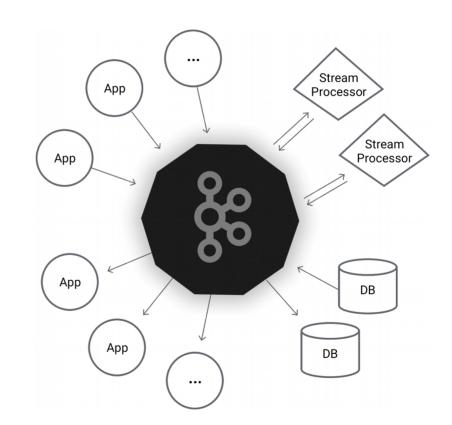
#### **Features**

- Pub & Sub
- Process
- Store
- Ordering
- Distributed
- Redundant



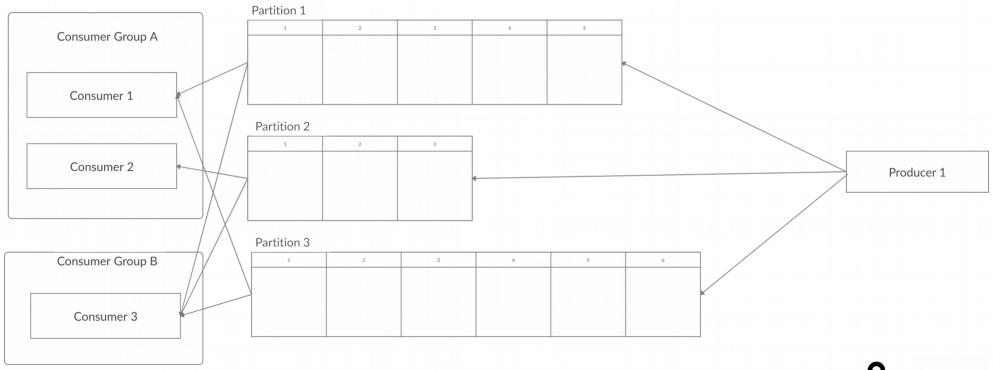
## Architecture

- Producers
- Consumers
- Connectors
- Stream Processors
- Topics
- Partitions
- Consumer Groups





# Anatomy of a Topic





# Takeaways

- Records are composed of key (sequential number), value (byte array) and timestamp
- Replication factor is not the same as number of partitions
- Attention to ordering guarantees!



## Who uses it







**NETFLIX** 











### Demo

Commands used in this presentation are available at



sscosta/kafka-demo



### **Further References**

- Narkhede, Neha, et al. Kafka: The Definitive Guide: Real-Time Data and Stream Processing at Scale. First edition, O'Reilly Media, 2017
- "Benchmarking Apache Kafka: 2 Million Writes Per Second (On Three Cheap Machines)" https://engineering.linkedin.com/kafka/benchmarking-apache-ka fka-2-million-writes-second-three-cheap-machines
- Netflix Tech Blog "Kafka Inside Keystone Pipeline" https://netflixtechblog.com/kafka-inside-keystone-pipeline-dd5a eabaf6bb