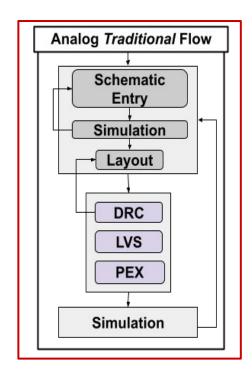
Glayout

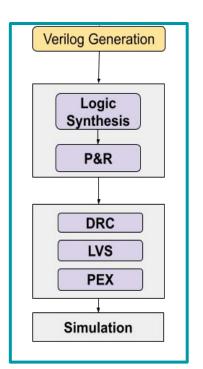
Introduction



Traditional Analog Flow

- Analog layout
 - Traditionally hand-done layout, custom design
- Analog design is very tedious and time consuming
- Custom layout is also not portable between different PDKs





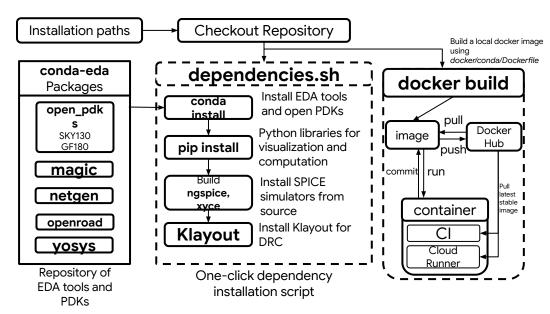


Open-Source EDA Workflow

Streamlined development and distribution with reproducible results

- Express Dependency Installer vs. Lightweight Docker Build
- Reproducible Results,
 Jupyter Notebooks



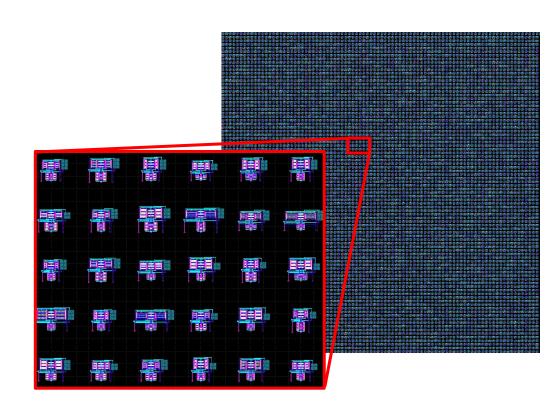




Glayout: Pythonic Framework for Analog Layout Design

Glayout is built using only open-source tools and PDKs

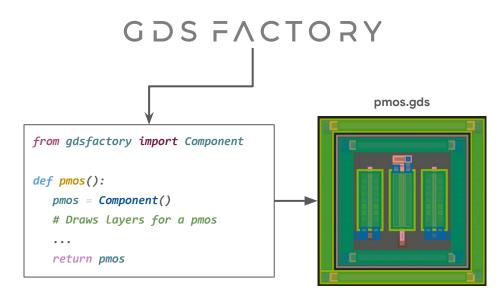
Can be deployed on your local machine or a cloud server with no restrictions.





Programmatic Layout Generation

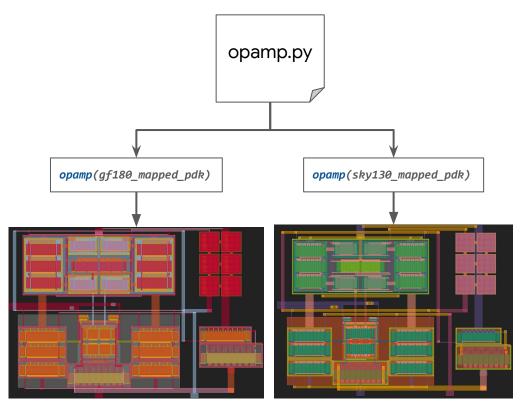
- Libraries currently exist for GDS file generation
 - GDSFactory
- Layouts can be implemented with python functions
 - Functions/classes for component placement, movement
 - Hierarchical layout design





Introduction to Glayout

- PDK-agnostic layout generation
 - Generalizes PDK rules and layers
 - Primitive pcells
 - Routing and placement macros
- Built on top of GDSFactory for component drawing



Two opamps generated from the same function for two different processes

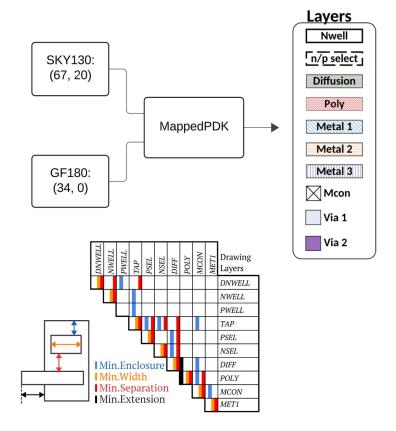


MappedPDK



MappedPDK

- Generalizes PDK
 - Stores information about layers and design rules
- This information is then used for component generation
- Stores information as Grules and Glayers





Glayers

- Generic layers
 - Layers shared by multiple processes
- MappedPDK maps these generic layers to actual process layers
- We access pdk.get_glayer() to select layers to draw rectangles for

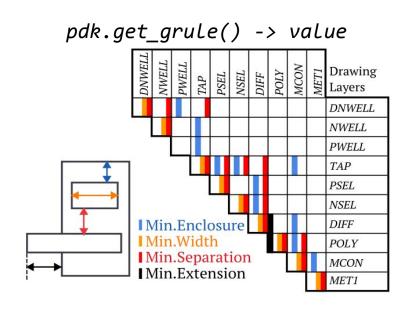
pdk.get_glayer() -> integer datatype

	Generic Layers	SKY130	GF180
	Polysilicon	(66, 20)	(30, 0)
FEOL	n-select	(93, 44)	(32, 0)
	•••		
	Metal 1	(67, 20)	(34, 0)
BEOL	Via 1	(67, 44)	(35, 0)
	• • •	• • •	• • •



Grules

- Rules for individual and multiple generic layers
 - Different for every PDK
- pdk.get_grule() lets us access these rules through specifying generic layers
- We use this when we are specifying dimensions/spacing

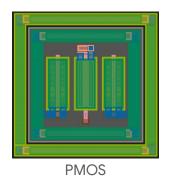


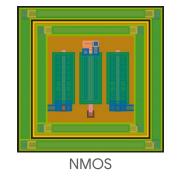


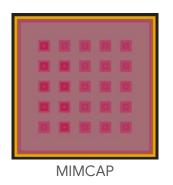
Primitives

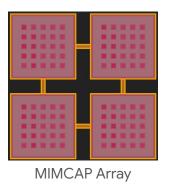


Primitives









...and many more

Glayout provides a number of of commonly used parameterized primitives, all written in Glayout to allow portability



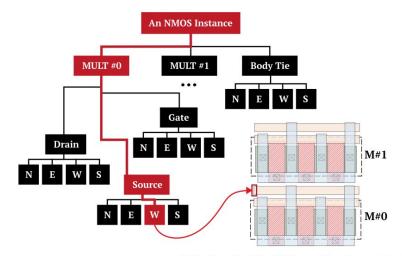
Ports and Routing

Ports

- A port describes an edge of a polygon
- Ports include center, width, and orientation of an edge

Routing

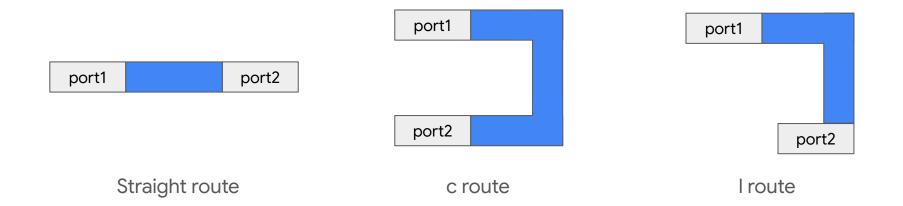
- Routing is used to connect ports together
- Required to create complex designs



Selecting the West Edge of the Source Port of an NMOS with M=2



Simple Routes



Glayout supports these macros for routing with ports. These are also parametrized, which arguments for extensions, metal layers, etc., etc.

