

Factory Bootstrap Specification

Version: 1.0.0

Status: Draft

Last Updated: 2026-01-07

Owner: Code-Factory Core Team

Table of Contents

1. [Overview](#)
 2. [One-Click Onboarding Flow](#)
 3. [GitHub OAuth & App Installation](#)
 4. [LLM Configuration](#)
 5. [Secret Management](#)
 6. [User Experience & Feedback](#)
 7. [Fallback Scenarios](#)
 8. [Technical Implementation](#)
 9. [Testing Requirements](#)
-

Overview

The Factory Bootstrap process is the first-run experience for Code-Factory. It must be:

- **Effortless:** Single command `factory init` should handle everything
- **Beautiful:** Charm.sh TUI with clear progress indicators
- **Intelligent:** Auto-detect configurations and minimize user input
- **Resilient:** Graceful fallbacks for offline/no-GitHub scenarios
- **Secure:** Proper secret handling with user consent

Design Principles

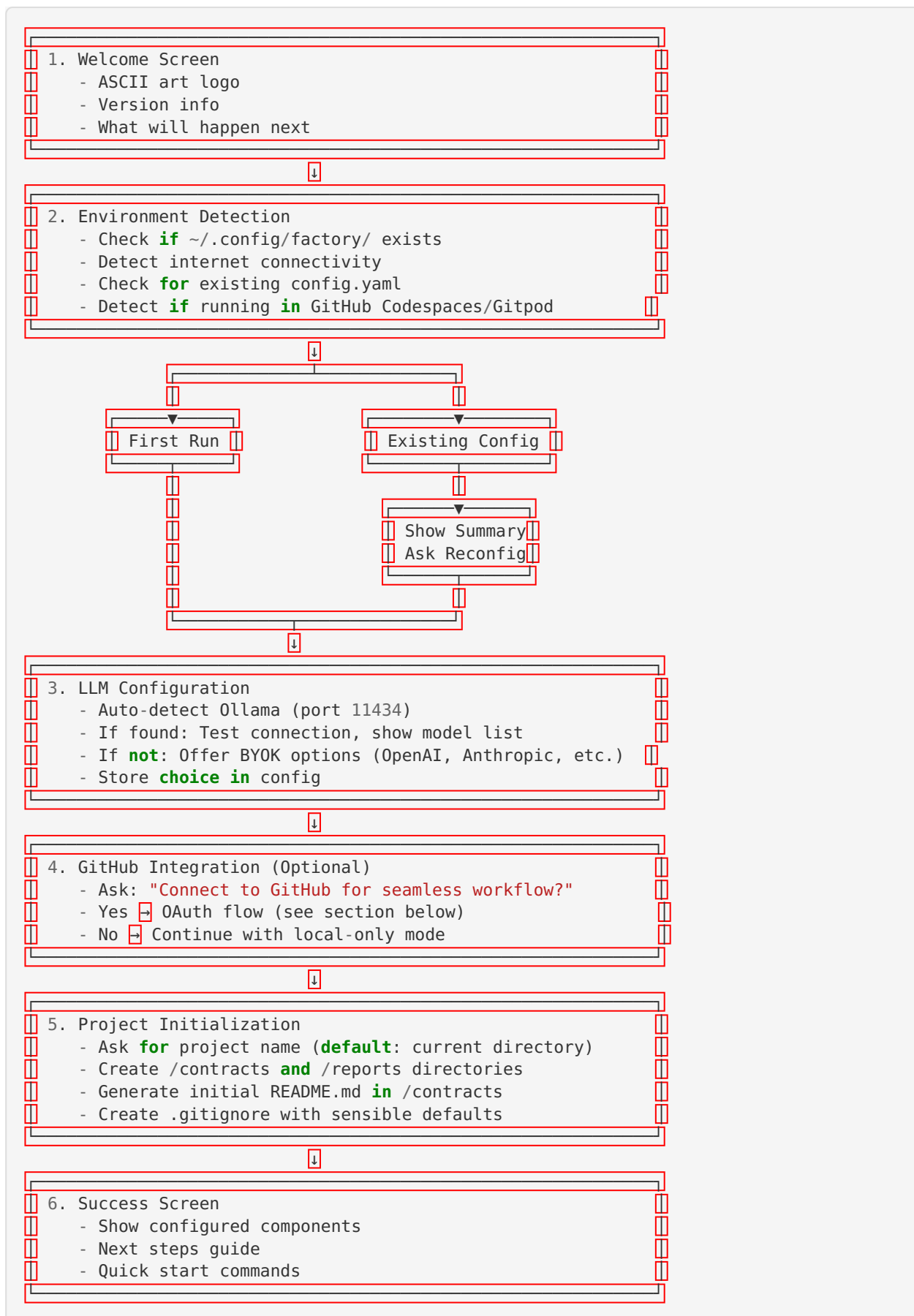
1. **Zero to Hero in 60 Seconds:** From install to first spec generation
 2. **Progressive Disclosure:** Show complexity only when needed
 3. **Safety First:** All destructive actions require explicit confirmation
 4. **Teach as You Go:** Provide context and help inline
 5. **Fail Gracefully:** Never leave user in broken state
-

One-Click Onboarding Flow

Entry Point: `factory init`

```
$ factory init
```

Flow Diagram



Detailed Step Specifications

Step 1: Welcome Screen

UI Layout:



Welcome to Code-Factory! 🙌

This setup wizard will configure your development factory in about a minute.

What we'll do:

- Configure your AI assistant (Ollama or bring-your-own-key)
- Optionally connect to GitHub for seamless collaboration
- Set up your project structure
- Create your first contract template

Press Enter to continue, or Ctrl+C to exit...

Implementation Notes:

- Use `lipgloss` for styling
- Animate the welcome text (fade-in effect)
- Show version from build metadata
- Keyboard: Enter = Continue, Ctrl+C = Exit, ? = Help

Step 2: Environment Detection

Display:

Checking your environment...

- ✓ Internet connectivity: Online
- ✓ Configuration directory: Creating ~/.config/factory/
- ✓ Runtime environment: Local machine
- Existing configuration: None found

Detected environment: Local Development

Detection Logic:

```

type EnvironmentInfo struct {
    IsOnline      bool
    HasExistingConfig bool
    ConfigPath    string
    IsCodespaces  bool
    IsGitpod       bool
    IsCI          bool
}

func DetectEnvironment() (*EnvironmentInfo, error) {
    env := &EnvironmentInfo{}

    // Check internet
    env.IsOnline = checkInternet("https://api.github.com/zen")

    // Check for existing config
    configPath := filepath.Join(os.UserHomeDir(), ".config", "factory", "config.yaml")
    env.ConfigPath = configPath
    env.HasExistingConfig = fileExists(configPath)

    // Detect cloud environments
    env.IsCodespaces = os.Getenv("CODESPACES") == "true"
    env.IsGitpod = os.Getenv("GITPOD_WORKSPACE_ID") != ""
    env.IsCI = os.Getenv("CI") == "true"

    return env, nil
}

```

Behavior:

- If `HasExistingConfig == true`: Show summary screen and ask “Reconfigure? [y/N]”
- If offline: Skip GitHub integration, proceed with local-only
- If in Codespaces/Gitpod: Show warning about ephemeral storage

Step 3: LLM Configuration

3.1 Ollama Auto-Detection

Display:

```

Configuring AI Assistant...

Checking for local Ollama installation...
✓ Ollama detected at http://localhost:11434
✓ Connection successful

Available models:
• llama3.2:latest (recommended)
• codellama:latest
• mistral:latest

Select your preferred model:
> llama3.2:latest
codellama:latest
mistral:latest
[Other model...]

```

Detection Code:

```

func DetectOllama() (*OllamaInfo, error) {
    // Try common ports
    ports := []int{11434, 11435}

    for _, port := range ports {
        url := fmt.Sprintf("http://localhost:%d/api/tags", port)
        resp, err := http.Get(url)
        if err != nil {
            continue
        }
        defer resp.Body.Close()

        if resp.StatusCode == 200 {
            var result struct {
                Models []struct {
                    Name string `json:"name"`
                    Size int64  `json:"size"`
                } `json:"models"`
            }
            json.NewDecoder(resp.Body).Decode(&result)

            return &OllamaInfo{
                Available: true,
                Endpoint:  fmt.Sprintf("http://localhost:%d", port),
                Models:    result.Models,
            }, nil
        }
    }

    return &OllamaInfo{Available: false}, nil
}

```

3.2 BYOK (Bring Your Own Key) Flow

If Ollama not detected:

```

No local Ollama installation found.

You can:
  1. Install Ollama now (recommended for privacy)
     ☐ Visit https://ollama.ai/download
  2. Use an external LLM provider

Select provider:
> OpenAI (GPT-4, GPT-3.5)
  Anthropic (Claude 3)
  Google (Gemini)
  Azure OpenAI
  Custom endpoint

[Enter API Key]: 

Testing connection...
☒ API key valid
☒ Model access confirmed: gpt-4o

```

Configuration Storage:

```
# ~/.config/factory/config.yaml
llm:
  provider: "ollama" # or "openai", "anthropic", "google", "azure", "custom"
  endpoint: "http://localhost:11434"
  model: "llama3.2:latest"
  # For BYOK:
  # api_key_ref: "factory.llm.openai.key" # Reference to secret in keyring
```

Secret Handling:

- Never store API keys in plain text config
- Use OS keyring (keychain on macOS, Secret Service on Linux, Credential Manager on Windows)
- Library: github.com/zalando/go-keyring

```
import "github.com/zalando/go-keyring"

func StoreAPIKey(provider, key string) error {
    service := "factory.llm." + provider
    return keyring.Set(service, "api_key", key)
}

func GetAPIKey(provider string) (string, error) {
    service := "factory.llm." + provider
    return keyring.Get(service, "api_key")
}
```

Step 4: GitHub Integration

4.1 Prompt Screen

```
GitHub Integration (Optional)

Connecting to GitHub enables:
• Automatic PR creation from CHANGE_ORDER mode
• Direct spec commits to your repositories
• Seamless team collaboration
• Issue tracking integration

This requires:
• GitHub OAuth authentication
• Installing the Code-Factory GitHub App
• Granting repository access

Would you like to connect GitHub? [y/N]: _
```

4.2 OAuth Flow (see detailed section below)

Step 5: Project Initialization

Setting up your project...

Project name (default: code-factory): my-awesome-app
Project path: /home/user/projects/my-awesome-app

Creating structure:

- ✓ /contracts/ - Your specifications live here
- ✓ /reports/ - Generated reports and analysis
- ✓ README.md - Project documentation
- ✓ .gitignore - Sensible defaults

Initializing git repository...

- ✓ Git initialized
- ✓ Initial commit created

Project ready! 🎉

Generated Files:

/contracts/README.md :

Project Contracts

This directory contains your project specifications in plain markdown.

Structure

- **specs** - Feature specifications
- **architecture** - System architecture documents
- **decisions** - Architecture Decision Records (ADRs)

Getting Started

1. Create a new spec: `factory intake`
2. Review existing code: `factory review`
3. Request changes: `factory change-order`

Spec Format

See `template.md` for the standard format.

/.gitignore :

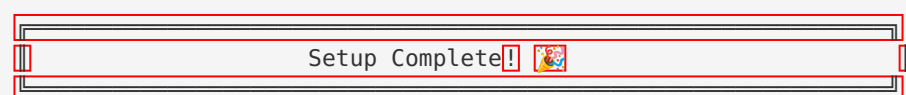
```
# Factory outputs
[?]reports[?]
[*].factory.tmp

# OS
.DS_Store
Thumbs.db

# Secrets
.env
[*].key
[*].pem

# IDE
.vscode[?]
.idea[?]
[*].swp
[*].sw0
```

Step 6: Success Screen



Your Code-Factory **is** ready **to use**!

Configuration:

- AI Provider: Ollama (llama3.2:latest)
- GitHub: Connected (@username)
- Project: /home/user/projects/my-awesome-app

Next Steps:

1. **Create** your **first** specification:
\$ factory intake
2. Review existing **code**:
\$ factory review src/
3. Request a code **change**:
\$ factory change-order
4. **Get** help **anytime**:
\$ factory help

Tips:

- **All** specs **are** stored **in** /contracts/ **as** markdown
- Reports **are** generated **in** /reports/
- **Use** [?]factory config[?] **to reconfigure** anytime

Happy building! 🏗️

Press **any key** to **exit**...

GitHub OAuth & App Installation

Overview

GitHub integration uses **OAuth Device Flow** (ideal for CLI) and requires installing the **Code-Factory GitHub App** for repository access.

Why GitHub App vs Personal Access Token?

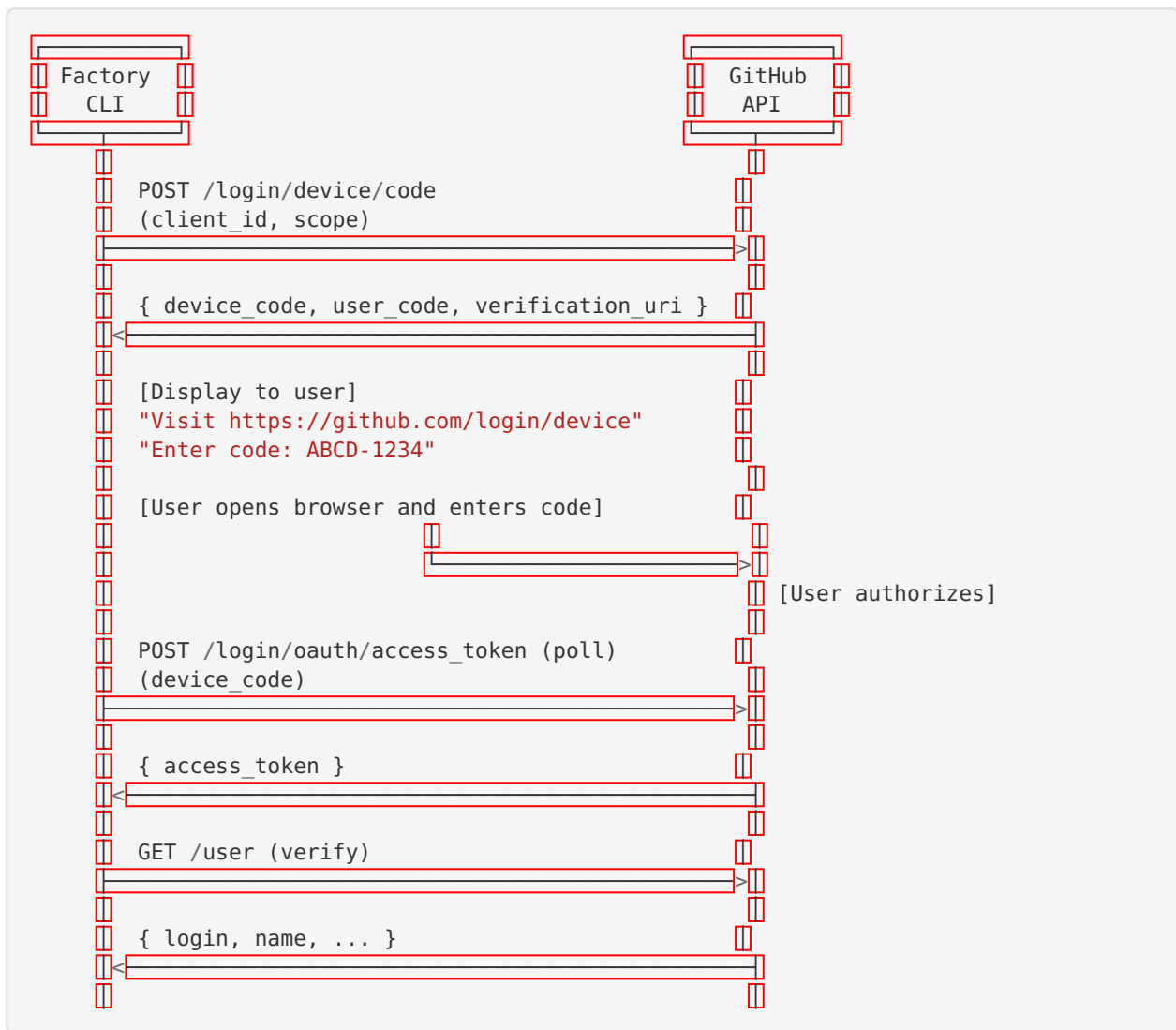
Feature	GitHub App	PAT
User consent	✓ Per-repo	✗ All-or-nothing
Token rotation	✓ Automatic	✗ Manual
Audit trail	✓ Detailed	⚠ Limited
Revocation	✓ Per-installation	✗ All access
Rate limits	✓ Higher	⚠ Lower

OAuth Device Flow

Why Device Flow?

- No need for localhost callback server
- Works in SSH sessions, containers, remote machines
- User-friendly: shows code + URL

Flow Diagram:



Implementation

Step 1: Initiate Device Flow

```

type DeviceCodeResponse struct {
    DeviceCode    string `json:"device_code"`
    UserCode      string `json:"user_code"`
    VerificationURI string `json:"verification_uri"`
    ExpiresIn     int    `json:"expires_in"`
    Interval      int    `json:"interval"`
}

func InitiateDeviceFlow(clientID string) (*DeviceCodeResponse, error) {
    data := url.Values{}
    data.Set("client_id", clientID)
    data.Set("scope", "repo read:user")

    resp, err := http.PostForm(
        "https://github.com/login/device/code",
        data,
    )
    if err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }
    defer resp.Body.Close()

    var result DeviceCodeResponse
    if err := json.NewDecoder(resp.Body).Decode(&result); err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }

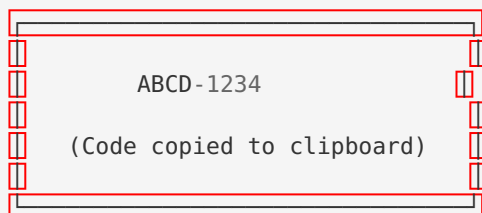
    return &result, nil
}

```

Step 2: Display to User

Connecting to GitHub...

1. Visit: <https://github.com/login/device>
2. Enter this code: ABCD-1234



Waiting **for** authorization... [Press Ctrl+C to cancel]

[Spinner animation]

UI Enhancement:

- Copy code to clipboard automatically
- Optionally open browser (ask user first)
- Show countdown timer (usually 15 minutes to complete)

Step 3: Poll for Token

```

func PollForAccessToken(clientID, deviceCode string, interval int) (string, error) {
    ticker := time.NewTicker(time.Duration(interval) * time.Second)
    defer ticker.Stop()

    timeout := time.After(15 * time.Minute)

    for {
        select {
        case <-timeout:
            return "", errors.New("authorization timeout")
        case <-ticker.C:
            token, err := checkAuthorization(clientID, deviceCode)
            if err == nil {
                return token, nil
            }
            // Continue polling on "authorization_pending"
            // Return error on other errors
        }
    }
}

func checkAuthorization(clientID, deviceCode string) (string, error) {
    data := url.Values{}
    data.Set("client_id", clientID)
    data.Set("device_code", deviceCode)
    data.Set("grant_type", "urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:device_code")

    resp, err := http.PostForm(
        "https://github.com/login/oauth/access_token",
        data,
    )
    if err != nil {
        return "", err
    }
    defer resp.Body.Close()

    var result struct {
        AccessToken string `json:"access_token"`
        Error        string `json:"error"`
    }
    json.NewDecoder(resp.Body).Decode(&result)

    if result.Error == "authorization_pending" {
        return "", errors.New("pending")
    } else if result.Error != "" {
        return "", errors.New(result.Error)
    }

    return result.AccessToken, nil
}

```

Step 4: Verify Token & Get User Info

```

func GetAuthenticatedUser(token string) (*GitHubUser, error) {
    req, _ := http.NewRequest("GET", "https://api.github.com/user", nil)
    req.Header.Set("Authorization", "Bearer "+token)
    req.Header.Set("Accept", "application/vnd.github.v3+json")

    client := &http.Client{Timeout: 10 * time.Second}
    resp, err := client.Do(req)
    if err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }
    defer resp.Body.Close()

    if resp.StatusCode != 200 {
        return nil, fmt.Errorf("authentication failed: %d", resp.StatusCode)
    }

    var user GitHubUser
    if err := json.NewDecoder(resp.Body).Decode(&user); err != nil {
        return nil, err
    }

    return &user, nil
}

```

Success Display:

```

✓ Authorization successful!

Authenticated as: @username (John Doe)
Email: john@example.com

Permissions granted:
• Read user profile
• Access public and private repositories

```

GitHub App Installation

When to Install:

- After successful OAuth (if user wants repo access)
- Can be deferred to first use of GitHub features

Flow:

To enable repository operations, you need to install the Code-Factory GitHub App.

This will allow Code-Factory to:

- Create branches and PRs
- Read repository contents
- Create commits
- Add comments and reviews

Installation URL:

<https://github.com/apps/code-factory/installations/new>

1. Open the URL above
2. Select repositories to grant access
3. Complete installation

[Open in browser] [Skip **for** now]

Waiting **for** installation confirmation...

Verification:

```
func CheckAppInstallation(token string) (bool, []string, error) {
    req, _ := http.NewRequest(
        "GET",
        "https://api.github.com/user/installations",
        nil,
    )
    req.Header.Set("Authorization", "Bearer "+token)
    req.Header.Set("Accept", "application/vnd.github.v3+json")

    client := &http.Client{Timeout: 10 * time.Second}
    resp, err := client.Do(req)
    if err != nil {
        return false, nil, err
    }
    defer resp.Body.Close()

    var result struct {
        Installations []struct {
            AppSlug string `json:"app_slug"`
            Account struct {
                Login string `json:"login"`
            } `json:"account"`
        } `json:"installations"`
    }
    json.NewDecoder(resp.Body).Decode(&result)

    for _, inst := range result.Installations {
        if inst.AppSlug == "code-factory" {
            // Get accessible repositories
            repos, _ := getInstallationRepos(token, inst.Account.Login)
            return true, repos, nil
        }
    }

    return false, nil, nil
}
```

Required Permissions and Scopes

OAuth Scopes:

```
repo           # Full repository access
read:user      # User profile info
read:org       # Organization membership
workflow       # GitHub Actions access (optional)
```

GitHub App Permissions:

```
# app.yml (for GitHub App configuration)
default_permissions:
  contents: write      # Read/write repository contents
  pull_requests: write # Create and manage PRs
  issues: write        # Create and manage issues
  metadata: read       # Read repository metadata

events:
  - pull_request
  - push
  - issue_comment
```

Secret Storage

Configuration File:

```
# ~/.config/factory/config.yaml
github:
  enabled: true
  username: "johndoe"
  token_ref: "factory.github.oauth.token" # Keyring reference
  app_installed: true
  installation_id: 12345678
```

Keyring Storage:

```
// Store OAuth token
keyring.Set("factory.github", "oauth.token", accessToken)

// Store installation token (if using GitHub App API)
keyring.Set("factory.github", "installation.token", installationToken)
```

Security Considerations:

- Tokens are NEVER written to config file or logs
 - Use OS-native secure storage
 - Implement token refresh logic
 - Handle revocation gracefully
-

LLM Configuration

Detection Strategy

Priority Order:

1. **Ollama** (localhost:11434) - Check first
2. **Environment variables** - OPENAI_API_KEY, ANTHROPIC_API_KEY, etc.
3. **Existing config** - ~/.config/factory/config.yaml
4. **Interactive prompt** - Ask user

Ollama Integration

Detection:


```

func DetectOllama(ctx context.Context) (*OllamaConfig, error) {
    endpoints := []string{
        "http://localhost:11434",
        "http://127.0.0.1:11434",
        os.Getenv("OLLAMA_HOST"),
    }

    for _, endpoint := range endpoints {
        if endpoint == "" {
            continue
        }

        // Try to connect
        url := endpoint + "/api/tags"
        req, _ := http.NewRequestWithContext(ctx, "GET", url, nil)

        client := &http.Client{Timeout: 2 * time.Second}
        resp, err := client.Do(req)
        if err != nil {
            continue
        }
        defer resp.Body.Close()

        if resp.StatusCode == 200 {
            var result struct {
                Models []OllamaModel `json:"models"`
            }
            json.NewDecoder(resp.Body).Decode(&result)

            return &OllamaConfig{
                Endpoint: endpoint,
                Available: true,
                Models: result.Models,
            }, nil
        }
    }

    return &OllamaConfig{Available: false}, nil
}

type OllamaModel struct {
    Name      string `json:"name"`
    Size      int64  `json:"size"`
    ModifiedAt time.Time `json:"modified_at"`
    Details   struct {
        Format string `json:"format"`
        Family string `json:"family"`
    } `json:"details"`
}

```

Model Selection UI:

Select Ollama Model:

```
> ☒ llama3.2:latest          7.4 GB  [recommended]
☐ codellama:latest           7.4 GB  [for code]
☐ mistral:latest             4.1 GB
☐ llama2:latest             3.8 GB
☐ deepseek-coder:latest      6.7 GB
```

[↑↓] Navigate [Enter] Select [/] Search [q] Quit

Tip: codellama is optimized for code generation

Configuration:

```
llm:
  provider: ollama
  endpoint: http://localhost:11434
  model: llama3.2:latest
  options:
    temperature: 0.7
    num_ctx: 8192      # Context window
    num_predict: 2048  # Max tokens
```

BYOK (Bring Your Own Key) Providers

Supported Providers:

1. **OpenAI**
 - Models: gpt-4o, gpt-4, gpt-3.5-turbo
 - API: <https://api.openai.com/v1>
 - Key format: sk-...
2. **Anthropic**
 - Models: claude-3-opus, claude-3-sonnet
 - API: <https://api.anthropic.com/v1>
 - Key format: sk-ant-...
3. **Google (Gemini)**
 - Models: gemini-pro, gemini-ultra
 - API: <https://generativelanguage.googleapis.com/v1>
 - Key format: Alza...
4. **Azure OpenAI**
 - Models: Custom deployments
 - API: <https://{resource}.openai.azure.com>
 - Auth: API Key or Azure AD
5. **Custom Endpoint**
 - Any OpenAI-compatible API
 - Examples: LM Studio, LocalAI, vLLM

Interactive Configuration:

LLM **Provider**: OpenAI

API **Key**: [Show]

Testing **connection**...

- ☒ **Connection** successful
- ☒ Available **models**: gpt-4o, gpt-4, gpt-3.5-turbo

Select model:

> gpt-4o (recommended)
 gpt-4
 gpt-3.5-turbo

Advanced **Options**: [Configure]

- ☐ **Temperature**: 0.7
- ☐ **Max tokens**: 2048
- ☐ **Top P**: 1.0

[Save] [Cancel]

Validation:

```
func ValidateOpenAIKey(apiKey string) error {
    req, _ := http.NewRequest(
        "GET",
        "https://api.openai.com/v1/models",
        nil,
    )
    req.Header.Set("Authorization", "Bearer "+apiKey)

    client := &http.Client{Timeout: 10 * time.Second}
    resp, err := client.Do(req)
    if err != nil {
        return fmt.Errorf("connection failed: %w", err)
    }
    defer resp.Body.Close()

    if resp.StatusCode == 401 {
        return errors.New("invalid API key")
    } else if resp.StatusCode != 200 {
        return fmt.Errorf("API error: %d", resp.StatusCode)
    }

    return nil
}
```

Configuration Persistence

Config File Structure:

```
# ~/.config/factory/config.yaml
version: "1.0"

llm:
  provider: "openai" # ollama, openai, anthropic, google, azure, custom

  # For Ollama
  endpoint: "http://localhost:11434"
  model: "llama3.2:latest"

  # For BYOK (secrets stored in keyring)
  api_key_ref: "factory.llm.openai.key"
  model: "gpt-4o"

  # Common options
  options:
    temperature: 0.7
    max_tokens: 2048
    top_p: 1.0

github:
  enabled: true
  username: "johndoe"
  token_ref: "factory.github.oauth.token"
  app_installed: true

project:
  name: "my-awesome-app"
  path: "/home/user/projects/my-awesome-app"
  contracts_dir: "contracts"
  reports_dir: "reports"
```

Secret Management

Principle: Never Store Secrets in Plain Text

Storage Locations (in order of preference):

1. **OS Keyring** - System-native secure storage (primary)
2. **Environment Variables** - For CI/CD and containers
3. **Encrypted File** - Fallback for systems without keyring

OS Keyring Implementation

Library: `github.com/zalando/go-keyring`

Operations:

```

package secrets

import (
    "fmt"
    "github.com/zalando/go-keyring"
)

const ServiceName = "factory"

// Store a secret
func Store(key, value string) error {
    return keyring.Set(ServiceName, key, value)
}

// Retrieve a secret
func Get(key string) (string, error) {
    value, err := keyring.Get(ServiceName, key)
    if err == keyring.ErrNotFound {
        return "", fmt.Errorf("secret not found: %s", key)
    }
    return value, err
}

// Delete a secret
func Delete(key string) error {
    return keyring.Delete(ServiceName, key)
}

// List all secret keys
func List() ([]string, error) {
    // Note: go-keyring doesn't support listing
    // We maintain a list in config file
    return []string{}, nil
}

```

Secret References in Config:

```

llm:
  provider: openai
  api_key_ref: "llm.openai.key" # Reference to keyring entry

github:
  token_ref: "github.oauth.token"

```

Fallback: Encrypted File

For systems without keyring support (e.g., headless Linux servers):

```

import (
    "crypto/aes"
    "crypto/cipher"
    "crypto/rand"
    "encoding/base64"
    "io"
)

// Encrypt using AES-GCM with key derived from machine ID + user password
func EncryptSecret(plaintext, password string) (string, error) {
    key := deriveKey(password, getMachineID())

    block, err := aes.NewCipher(key)
    if err != nil {
        return "", err
    }

    gcm, err := cipher.NewGCM(block)
    if err != nil {
        return "", err
    }

    nonce := make([]byte, gcm.NonceSize())
    io.ReadFull(rand.Reader, nonce)

    ciphertext := gcm.Seal(nonce, nonce, []byte(plaintext), nil)
    return base64.StdEncoding.EncodeToString(ciphertext), nil
}

// Store in ~/.config/factory/secrets.enc

```

Environment Variable Fallback

Priority:

1. Keyring
2. Environment variable
3. Prompt user

```

func GetLLMAPIKey(provider string) (string, error) {
    // Try keyring first
    key, err := secrets.Get("llm." + provider + ".key")
    if err == nil {
        return key, nil
    }

    // Try environment variable
    envVar := strings.ToUpper(provider) + "_API_KEY"
    if key := os.Getenv(envVar); key != "" {
        return key, nil
    }

    // Prompt user
    return promptForAPIKey(provider)
}

```

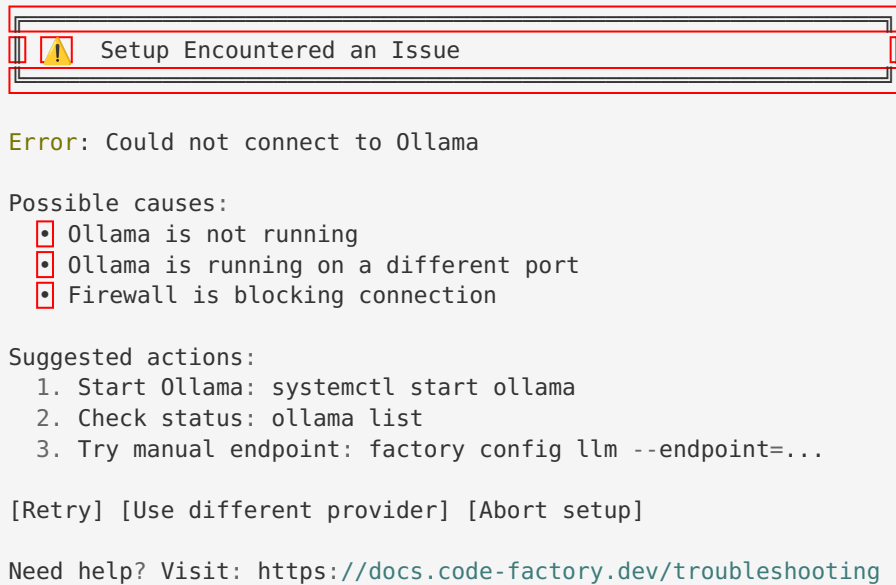
User Consent & Confirmation

Before Storing Secrets:

Error Handling

Principle: Never leave user confused or in broken state

Error Display:



```
Setup Encountered an Issue

Error: Could not connect to Ollama

Possible causes:
  • Ollama is not running
  • Ollama is running on a different port
  • Firewall is blocking connection

Suggested actions:
  1. Start Ollama: systemctl start ollama
  2. Check status: ollama list
  3. Try manual endpoint: factory config llm --endpoint=...

[Retry] [Use different provider] [Abort setup]

Need help? Visit: https://docs.code-factory.dev/troubleshooting
```

Error Recovery:


```

func handleSetupError(err error) Action {
    switch {
    case isNetworkError(err):
        return Action{
            Message: "Network connection failed",
            Suggestions: []string{
                "Check internet connectivity",
                "Try again in a moment",
                "Continue with offline mode",
            },
            CanRetry: true,
        }

    case isAuthError(err):
        return Action{
            Message: "Authentication failed",
            Suggestions: []string{
                "Check your credentials",
                "Regenerate API key",
                "Try different authentication method",
            },
            CanRetry: true,
        }

    default:
        return Action{
            Message: "Unexpected error occurred",
            Suggestions: []string{
                "Save error log",
                "Report issue on GitHub",
                "Contact support",
            },
            CanRetry: false,
        }
    }
}

```

Contextual Help

Inline Tips:

- 💡 Tip: Press '?' at any time for help
- 💡 Tip: You can reconfigure anytime with `factory config`
- 💡 Tip: All specs are version-controlled. Use git to track changes.

Help Dialog (Press '?'):

Help: LLM Configuration

Ollama vs BYOK:

Ollama (Recommended):

- ☒ Free and open source
- ☒ Runs locally (private)
- ☒ No API costs
- ☒ Requires local resources
- ☒ Limited to smaller models

BYOK (OpenAI, Claude, etc.):

- ☒ Access to latest models
- ☒ No local resources needed
- ☒ Generally faster
- ☒ Costs per API call
- ☒ Data sent to third party

Recommendation:

- Development: Use Ollama (free, private)
- Production: Use BYOK (better quality)

[Close] [Learn more online]

Confirmation Before Destructive Actions

Example:

 Warning: Overwrite Existing Configuration?

Current configuration will be replaced:

- LLM Provider: Ollama → OpenAI
- GitHub: Disconnected → Connected

This action cannot be undone.

Type 'yes' to confirm: _

Fallback Scenarios

Scenario 1: Offline Mode

Detection:

```
func IsOnline() bool {
    _, err := net.DialTimeout("tcp", "github.com:443", 3*time.Second)
    return err == nil
}
```

Behavior:

⚠ No internet connection detected

Running in offline mode:

- ✓ Ollama (local) will be used
- ✗ GitHub integration unavailable
- ✗ External LLM providers unavailable

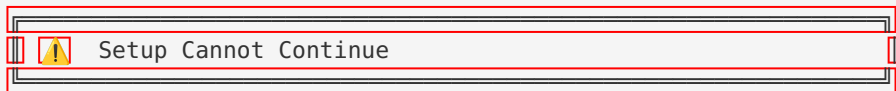
Continue with offline mode? [Y/n]

Limitations:

- No GitHub OAuth
- No external LLM APIs
- Must use local Ollama

Scenario 2: No Ollama + Offline

Cannot proceed:



Code-Factory requires an LLM provider, but:

- No internet connection (cannot use external APIs)
- Ollama not detected (no local LLM)

To **continue**, either:

1. Install Ollama: <https://ollama.ai/download>
2. Connect to internet and use external provider

[Retry detection] [Exit setup]

Scenario 3: GitHub OAuth Failure

Fallback Options:

GitHub OAuth failed

Alternative authentication methods:

1. Personal Access Token (classic)
 - Create at: <https://github.com/settings/tokens>
 - Requires: repo, read:user
2. GitHub CLI (gh)
 - Use existing authentication: gh auth status
3. Skip GitHub integration
 - Continue with local-only mode


Select option [1-3]: _

Scenario 4: Keyring Not Available

Detection & Fallback:




```
func IsKeyringAvailable() bool {
    err := keyring.Set("factory.test", "test", "test")
    if err != nil {
        return false
    }
    keyring.Delete("factory.test", "test")
    return true
}
```

Fallback Flow:

 Secure keyring **not** available

Your system doesn't have a keyring service (common in headless servers).

Alternative storage options:

1. Environment variables (recommended **for** servers)
 -  Export OPENAI_API_KEY=sk-...
2. Encrypted file (less secure)
 -  Requires **master** password
3. Config file (NOT recommended - plain text)
 -  Only **for** testing/development

Select option [1-3]: _

Scenario 5: Running in CI/CD

Detection:

```
func IsCI() bool {
    return os.Getenv("CI") == "true" ||
        os.Getenv("GITHUB_ACTIONS") == "true" ||
        os.Getenv("GITLAB_CI") == "true"
}
```

Behavior:

CI/CD environment detected

Skipping interactive setup.

Configure via environment **variables**:

```
export FACTORY_LLM_PROVIDER=openai
export OPENAI_API_KEY=sk-...
export FACTORY_GITHUB_TOKEN=ghp-...
```

Or use config file:

```
factory init --config=factory.yaml --non-interactive
```

[Exit]

Technical Implementation

CLI Structure

```
cmd/factory/  
├── main.go          # Entry point  
├── commands/  
│   ├── init.go      # Bootstrap command  
│   ├── intake.go  
│   ├── review.go  
│   ├── change_order.go  
│   ├── rescue.go  
│   └── config.go     # Reconfiguration  
└── tui/  
    └── init/  
        ├── model.go  # Bubble Tea model  
        ├── welcome.go # Welcome screen  
        ├── env.go     # Environment detection  
        ├── llm.go     # LLM configuration  
        ├── github.go  # GitHub integration  
        └── success.go  # Success screen
```

State Machine

```

type InitState int

const (
    StateWelcome InitState = iota
    StateEnvDetection
    StateLLMConfig
    StateGitHubIntegration
    StateProjectInit
    StateSuccess
)

type InitModel struct {
    state      InitState
    env        *EnvironmentInfo
    llm        *LLMConfig
    github     *GitHubConfig
    project    *ProjectConfig
    err        error
}

func (m InitModel) Update(msg tea.Msg) (tea.Model, tea.Cmd) {
    switch msg := msg.(type) {
    case tea.KeyMsg:
        switch msg.String() {
        case "ctrl+c", "q":
            return m, tea.Quit
        case "enter":
            return m.advance()
        }
    }
    return m, nil
}

func (m InitModel) advance() (tea.Model, tea.Cmd) {
    switch m.state {
    case StateWelcome:
        m.state = StateEnvDetection
        return m, detectEnvironment
    case StateEnvDetection:
        m.state = StateLLMConfig
        return m, detectLLM
    // ... etc
    }
}

```

Configuration Schema

```
// pkg/config/types.go
type Config struct {
    Version string          `yaml:"version"`
    LLM      LLMConfig               `yaml:"llm"`
    GitHub   *GitHubConfig           `yaml:"github,omitempty"`
    Project  ProjectConfig           `yaml:"project"`
}

type LLMConfig struct {
    Provider string          `yaml:"provider" // ollama, openai, etc.`
    Endpoint string          `yaml:"endpoint,omitempty"`
    Model    string          `yaml:"model"`
    APIKeyRef string        `yaml:"api_key_ref,omitempty"`
    Options  map[string]interface{} `yaml:"options,omitempty"`
}

type GitHubConfig struct {
    Enabled      bool `yaml:"enabled"`
    Username     string `yaml:"username"`
    TokenRef     string `yaml:"token_ref"`
    AppInstalled bool `yaml:"app_installed"`
    InstallationID int64 `yaml:"installation_id,omitempty"`
}

type ProjectConfig struct {
    Name      string `yaml:"name"`
    Path      string `yaml:"path"`
    ContractsDir string `yaml:"contracts_dir"`
    ReportsDir string `yaml:"reports_dir"`
}
```

API Calls Summary

GitHub API:

1. POST /login/device/code - Initiate OAuth device flow
2. POST /login/oauth/access_token - Poll for access token
3. GET /user - Get authenticated user info
4. GET /user/installations - Check GitHub App installation
5. GET /user/repos - List user repositories (optional)

Ollama API:

1. GET /api/tags - List available models
2. POST /api/generate - Test generation (optional)

External LLM APIs:

1. OpenAI: GET /v1/models - Validate API key
2. Anthropic: POST /v1/messages - Test request
3. Google: Similar validation calls

Error Codes

```
const (  
    ErrOK = 0  
  
    // Environment errors (1xx)  
    ErrNoInternet = 101  
    ErrNoKeyring = 102  
    ErrNoWriteAccess = 103  
  
    // LLM errors (2xx)  
    ErrNoLLMProvider = 201  
    ErrOllamaNotFound = 202  
    ErrInvalidAPIKey = 203  
    ErrLLMConnectionFailed = 204  
  
    // GitHub errors (3xx)  
    ErrGitHubOAuthFailed = 301  
    ErrGitHubAppNotInstalled = 302  
    ErrGitHubPermissionDenied = 303  
  
    // Project errors (4xx)  
    ErrInvalidProjectPath = 401  
    ErrProjectAlreadyExists = 402  
    ErrGitInitFailed = 403  
)
```

Testing Requirements

Unit Tests

Coverage Requirements:

- Environment detection: 90%+
- OAuth flow: 85%+
- LLM configuration: 85%+
- Secret management: 95%+

Example Tests:


```
// internal/bootstrap/env_test.go
func TestDetectEnvironment(t *testing.T) {
    tests := []struct {
        name      string
        setup      func()
        expected EnvironmentInfo
    }{
        {
            name: "codespaces detected",
            setup: func() {
                os.Setenv("CODESPACES", "true")
            },
            expected: EnvironmentInfo{
                IsCodespaces: true,
                IsOnline: true,
            },
        },
        // ... more tests
    }

    for _, tt := range tests {
        t.Run(tt.name, func(t *testing.T) {
            tt.setup()
            defer os.Clearenv()

            result, err := DetectEnvironment()
            assert.NoError(t, err)
            assert.Equal(t, tt.expected, result)
        })
    }
}
```

Integration Tests

Mock GitHub API:

```
// Use httptest to mock GitHub API responses
func TestOAuthDeviceFlow(t *testing.T) {
    server := httptest.NewServer(http.HandlerFunc(func(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.
Request) {
        if r.URL.Path == "/login/device/code" {
            json.NewEncoder(w).Encode(DeviceCodeResponse{
                DeviceCode: "test-device-code",
                UserCode: "ABCD-1234",
                VerificationURI: "https://github.com/login/device",
            })
        }
    })
    defer server.Close()

    // Test OAuth flow with mock server
}
```

Mock Ollama:

```

func TestOllamaDetection(t *testing.T) {
    server := httptest.NewServer(http.HandlerFunc(func(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.
Request) {
        json.NewEncoder(w).Encode(map[string]interface{}{
            "models": []map[string]string{
                {"name": "llama3.2:latest"},
            },
        })
    }))
    defer server.Close()

    // Override Ollama endpoint for test
    config, err := DetectOllama(server.URL)
    assert.NoError(t, err)
    assert.True(t, config.Available)
}

```

E2E Tests

Scenarios:

1. **Fresh install, Ollama available**
 - Should detect Ollama
 - Should offer model selection
 - Should complete successfully
2. **Fresh install, no Ollama, with API key env var**
 - Should detect API key from environment
 - Should validate connection
 - Should complete successfully
3. **Fresh install, offline**
 - Should detect offline mode
 - Should show appropriate message
 - Should guide user on next steps
4. **Re-initialization**
 - Should detect existing config
 - Should ask for confirmation
 - Should preserve selected settings

Manual Testing Checklist

- [] Fresh install on macOS
- [] Fresh install on Linux (Ubuntu)
- [] Fresh install on Windows
- [] Re-init with existing config
- [] Offline mode
- [] Ollama auto-detection
- [] Each BYOK provider (OpenAI, Anthropic, etc.)
- [] GitHub OAuth device flow
- [] GitHub App installation
- [] Error recovery flows
- [] Help dialogs

- [] Keyboard navigation
- [] Screen resize handling

Appendix

Sample Configuration Files

~/config/factory/config.yaml:

```
version: "1.0.0"

llm:
  provider: ollama
  endpoint: http://localhost:11434
  model: llama3.2:latest
  options:
    temperature: 0.7
    num_ctx: 8192

github:
  enabled: true
  username: johndoe
  token_ref: github.oauth.token
  app_installed: true
  installation_id: 12345678

project:
  name: my-awesome-app
  path: /home/user/projects/my-awesome-app
  contracts_dir: contracts
  reports_dir: reports

ui:
  color_scheme: auto # auto, light, dark
  animations: true
```

Dependencies

go.mod:

```
module github.com/ssdajoker/Code-Factory

go 1.21

require (
  github.com/charmbracelet/bubbletea v0.25.0
  github.com/charmbracelet/bubbles v0.18.0
  github.com/charmbracelet/lipgloss v0.9.1
  github.com/zalando/go-keyring v0.2.3
  github.com/spf13/cobra v1.8.0
  gopkg.in/yaml.v3 v3.0.1
  github.com/google/go-github/v57 v57.0.0
  golang.org/x/oauth2 v0.15.0
)
```

References

- [GitHub OAuth Device Flow](https://docs.github.com/en/apps/oauth-apps/building-oauth-apps/authorizing-oauth-apps#device-flow) (https://docs.github.com/en/apps/oauth-apps/building-oauth-apps/authorizing-oauth-apps#device-flow)
- [GitHub App Installation](https://docs.github.com/en/apps/maintaining-github-apps/installing-github-apps) (https://docs.github.com/en/apps/maintaining-github-apps/installing-github-apps)
- [Ollama API Documentation](https://github.com/ollama/ollama/blob/main/docs/api.md) (https://github.com/ollama/ollama/blob/main/docs/api.md)
- [Charm.sh Bubble Tea Tutorial](https://github.com/charmbracelet/bubbletea/tree/master/tutorials) (https://github.com/charmbracelet/bubbletea/tree/master/tutorials)

Revision History

Version	Date	Changes	Author
1.0.0	2026-01-07	Initial specification	Code-Factory Team