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References

Yeon-Koo Che (co-advisor)

Kelvin J. Lancaster Professor of Economics Columbia University yc2271@columbia.edu (212) 854-8276

Navin Kartik (co-advisor)

Professor of Economics
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Andrea Prat

Professor of Economics and R. P. Richman Professor of Business Columbia University ap3116@gsb.columbia.edu (212)854-6176

Fields of Specialization

Economic Theory, Dynamic Games, Information Economics, Media Economics

Education

May 2022 (expected) Ph.D. Economics Columbia University
2014 B.A. Math and Economics Brandeis University

Job Market Paper

Competition and Errors in Breaking News

Abstract: Reporting errors are endemic to breaking news, even though accuracy is prized by consumers. I present a continuous-time model to understand the strategic forces behind such reporting errors. News firms are rewarded for reporting before their competitors, but also for making reports that are credible in the eyes of consumers. Errors occur when firms fake, reporting a story despite lacking evidence. I establish existence and uniqueness of an equilibrium, which is characterized by a system of ordinary differential equations. Errors are driven by both a lack of commitment and by competition. A lack of commitment power gives rise to errors even in the absence of competition: firms are tempted to fake after their credibility has been established, capitalizing on the inability of consumers to detect fake reports. Competition exacerbates faking by engendering a preemptive motive. In addition, competition introduces observational learning, which causes errors to propagate through the market. The equilibrium features rich dynamics. Firms become gradually more credible over time whenever there is a preemptive motive. The increase in credibility rewards firms for taking their time, and thus endogenously mitigates the haste-inducing effects of preemption. A firm's behavior will also change in response to a rival report. This can take the form of a copycat effect, in which one firm's report triggers an immediate surge in faking by others.

Working Papers

Reputation in News Media: Speed vs. Accuracy

Abstract: We study news firms' reporting behavior, including their propensity to misreport, when they are reputation driven. In our model, a news firm (sender) dynamically learns about a state and reports to a consumer (receiver). Senders are concerned with their reputation at the end of the game and must choose when to time their report. We find that in equilibrium, the sender fakes, i.e., report despite being ignorant of the state, with positive probability in every period. This faking in turn leads to a higher level of misreporting than if the sender were instead truthful. We further find the sender's reputations is endogenously rewarded for both speed and accuracy, and thus we provide a microfoundation to the speed-accuracy tradeoff in the news media setting. Finally, we consider the dynamics in the sender's strategy, finding that the sender becomes more truthful, and thus less prone to misreporting, as time passes.

Works in Progress

Dynamic Reputation-Driven Media Bias

Abstract: We study the dynamics of reputation-driven media bias. To this end, we present a dynamic model of reputation-driven media bias. A firm privately learns about an issue in increments and reports to a consumer with each new piece of information. With each new report, the consumer updates her beliefs about the firm's information quality, i.e., the firm's reputation. Firms are forward-looking and thus take into account both their immediate and future reputations when reporting. Nonetheless, we establish that equilibrium reporting behavior is identical for myopic and forward-looking firms. In equilibrium, firms bias their reports, and this bias is shown to be driven by two separate factors. First, firms can appear more reputable by appealing to a consumer's prior bias (the *prior effect*). Separately firms with reports that are more consistent across time are viewed more favorably (the *consistency effect*). The relative importance of the consistency effect grows over time as the firm accumulates a richer history of reports.

News Accuracy and Speed: Theory and Experiment (with Silvio Ravaioli)

Recipient of 2021 IFREE Grant

Preemption and Private Learning

Work Experience

Research Assistant, Columbia University

Yeon-Koo Che 2019-2021

Andrea Prat 2018

Jacopo Perego Summer 2019
Bentley MacLeod Summer 2017

Research Associate, Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Macroeconomic and Monetary Studies, 2014-2016
Research and Statistics Division

Teaching Fellow

Game Theory (undergraduate) Fall 2018, Fall 2019, Spring 2020, Fall 2020

Microeconomic Theory (undergraduate) Spring 2018, Spring 2019

Industrial Organization (undergraduate) Fall 2017

Economics of the Environment (undergraduate) Summer 2017

Honors and Awards

Caswell L. Johnson Fellowship	Columbia University	2021
Dissertation Fellowship	Columbia University	2021

Dean's Fellowship Columbia University 2016-2020

Summer Fellowship Microeconomic Theory Initiative, 2020

Columbia University

Research Fellowship Program for Economic Research, Summers 2017, 2018, 2020

Columbia University

Sidney H. Cohen Award Department of Economics, 2014

for Best Undergraduate Thesis **Brandeis University**