mafs

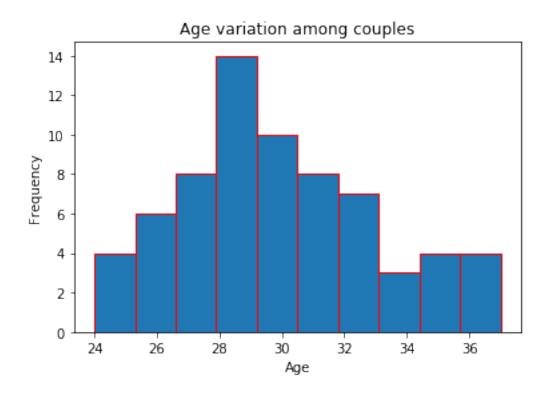
May 25, 2020

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns

        file = pd.read_csv("mafs.csv")
        file1 = file.copy(deep = True)

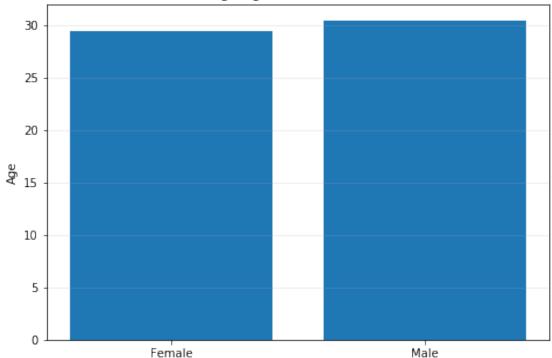
In [24]: # Age variation using a histogram
        plt.figure()
        A=plt.hist(file1["Age"], edgecolor="red")
        plt.xlabel("Age")
        plt.ylabel("Frequency")
        plt.title("Age variation among couples")

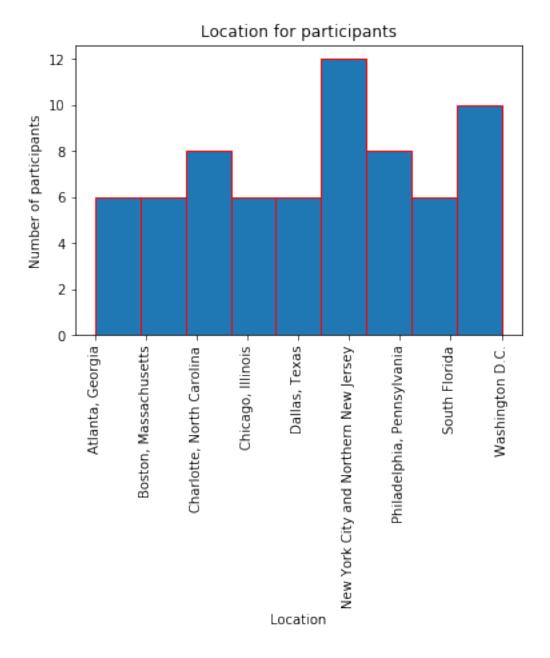
Out[24]: Text(0.5,1,'Age variation among couples')
```



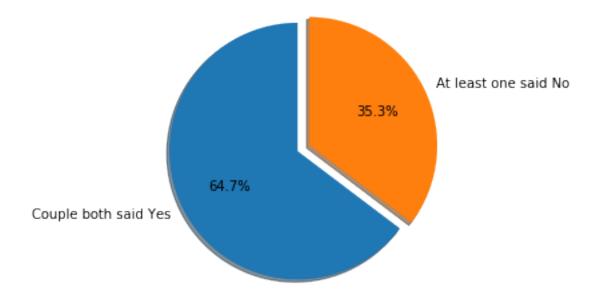
```
In [30]: F_Age = []
         M_Age = []
         for i in file1.index:
             if file1['Gender'][i] == 'F':
                 F_Age.append(file1['Age'][i])
             else:
                 M_Age.append(file1['Age'][i])
         #print(round(sum(F_Age)/len(F_Age),2))
         #print(round(sum(M_Age)/len(M_Age),2))
         # Plot average age of F&M
         fig = plt.figure()
         ax = fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])
         x_ax = ['Female','Male']
         y_{ax} = [29.44,30.5]
         ax.bar(x_ax,y_ax)
         plt.ylabel('Age')
         plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.25)
         plt.title('Average Age for male and female')
         plt.show()
29.44
30.5
```

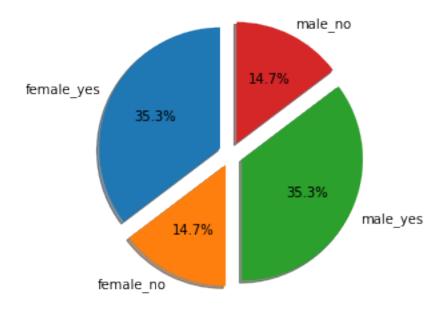
Average Age for male and female

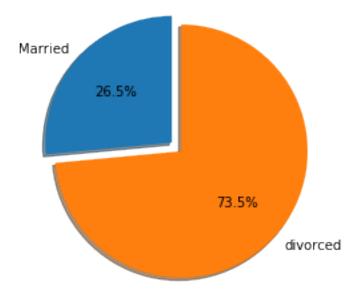




```
dec_count=0
fe_yes=0
mal_yes=0
final_dec=[]
# both say yes
for i in range(len(F_dec)):
    if F dec[i] =='Yes' and M dec[i] =='Yes':
        dec count+=1
        final_dec.append('Yes')
    else:
        final_dec.append('No')
    if F_dec[i] =='Yes':
        fe_yes+=1
    if M_dec[i] == 'Yes':
        mal_yes+=1
# print('both_yes:{}'.format(dec_count))#22 yes
# print('fe_yes:{}'.format(fe_yes)) #24
# print('mal_yes:{}'.format(mal_yes))#24
# print(len(F_dec))#34
# Status count (married or divorced)
st_count=0
for i in st:
    if i =='Married':
        st_count+=1
#print(st_count) #married 9
#print(F_dec)
#print(M_dec)
#print(st)
#how many couples said yes (accept marriage or dating)?
labels= 'Couple both said Yes', 'At least one said No'
sizes = [dec_count,len(F_dec)-dec_count]
explode = (0, 0.1)
fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
ax1.pie(sizes, explode=explode, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%',
        shadow=True, startangle=90)
ax1.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
plt.show()
```







```
In [96]: # age difference between couples
         #print(F_Age)
         #print(M_Age)
         age_diff=[]
         for i in range(len(F_Age)):
             age_diff.append(abs(F_Age[i]-M_Age[i]))
         #print(age_diff)
         # calculate nums of couples for each age difference
         age_dec={}
         age_dif={}
         for age, dec in zip(age_diff, final_dec):
             age_dif[age] = age_dif.get(age,0)+1
             if dec =='Yes':
                 age_dec[age] = age_dec.get(age,0)+1
         #print(age_dec)
         #print(age_dif)
         #age difference for married couple
         f_age=[]
         m_age=[]
         for i in file1.index:
             if file1['Status'][i] == 'Married':
                 if file1['Gender'][i] == 'F':
                     f_age.append(file1['Age'][i])
                 else:
```

```
m_age.append(file1['Age'][i])
married_age_diff_dic={}
for i in range(len(f_age)):
    married_age_diff_dic[abs(f_age[i]-m_age[i])]=married_age_diff_dic.get(abs(f_age[i]))
#print(married_age_diff_dic)
num_yes = [4,7,3,3,2,2,1,0]
num_age_diff=[5,9,4,7,3,2,2,2]
num_married = [2,0,2,3,1,0,1,0]
# Does age difference effect couples?
x=np.arange(8)
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])
ax.bar(x + 0.00, num_age_diff, color='b', width=0.25)
ax.bar(x + 0.25, num\_yes, color='r', width = 0.25)
ax.bar(x + 0.5, num\_married, color='g', width = 0.25)
plt.legend(['Total num of couples', 'Num of couples say yes','Num of married'])
plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.25)
plt.xlabel('Age difference')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```

