

Practice Integration Gateway Test

$$\textcircled{1} \int \left(\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{t^{1/2}} \right) dt = \boxed{\sqrt{3}t + 2\sqrt{t} + C}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \int x^2 e^{2x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \int x e^{2x} dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \left[\frac{1}{2} x e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} \int e^{2x} dx \right]$$

$$u = x^2 \quad dv = e^{2x} dx$$
$$du = 2x dx \quad v = \frac{1}{2} e^{2x}$$

$$u = x \quad dv = e^{2x} dx$$
$$du = dx \quad v = \frac{1}{2} e^{2x}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} x e^{2x} + \frac{1}{4} e^{2x} + C}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \int \frac{x^2 + 2}{1 + 6x + x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{du}{u} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3} \ln |1 + 6x + x^3| + C}$$

$$u = 1 + 6x + x^3 \Rightarrow$$

$$du = 6 + 3x^2 dx$$
$$= 3(x^2 + 2) dx$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int \frac{\cos(x)}{1 + \sin^2(x)} dx = \int \frac{du}{1 + u^2} = \boxed{\arctan(\sin(x)) + C}$$

$$u = \sin(x) \Rightarrow$$

$$du = \cos(x) dx$$

$$\textcircled{5} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2(t) dt = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1 + \cos(2t)}{2} dt = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} dt + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos(2t) dt$$
$$= \left[\frac{1}{2} t + \frac{1}{4} \sin(2t) \right]_0^{\pi/2}$$
$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sin(\pi) \right) - \left(0 + \frac{1}{4} \sin(0) \right) = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \int_e^{e^2} \frac{1}{x(\ln(x))^3} dx = \int_{x=e}^{x=e^2} \frac{du}{u^3} = \left[-\frac{1}{2} (\ln(x))^{-2} \right]_e^{e^2}$$

$$u = \ln(x) \Rightarrow du = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{(\ln(e^2))^2} - \frac{1}{(\ln(e))^2} \right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{4} - 1 \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \frac{1}{t^2+t} = \frac{A}{t} + \frac{B}{t+1} \iff 1 = A(t+1) + Bt$$

$$t=0: 1=A$$

$$t=-1: 1=-B$$

$$\int \frac{dt}{t^2+t} = \int \frac{dt}{t} - \int \frac{dt}{t+1} = \boxed{\ln|t| - \ln|t+1| + C}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \int_1^4 \ln(t) dt = t \ln(t) \Big|_1^4 - \int_1^4 dt = [t \ln(t) - t]_1^4$$

$$u = \ln(t) \quad dv = dt$$

$$du = \frac{1}{t} dt \quad v = t$$

$$= (4 \ln(4) - 4) - (\ln(1)^0 - 1)$$

$$= \boxed{4 \ln(4) - 3}$$