8 Homework (Fourier Series)

- 1. Prove that $\cos x$ and $\sin 2x$ are orthogonal as functions in $L^2[-\pi,\pi]$.
 - 2. Let $f: [-\pi, \pi] \to \mathbb{R}$,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } -\pi \le x \le 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } 0 < x \le \pi \end{cases}.$$

- a) Find the Fourier coefficients $a_{-2}a_{-1}, a_0, a_1, a_2$.
- b) Find the partial Fourier sum: $F(x) = a_{-2}e_{-2} + a_{-1}e_{-1} + a_0e_0 + a_1e_1 + a_2e_2$.
- c) Graph the real part of the function F(x) (using eventually a calculator or software).
 - 3. Let $f: [-\pi, \pi] \to \mathbb{R}$,

$$f(x) = x$$
.

- a) Find the Fourier coefficients $a_{-2}a_{-1}, a_0, a_1, a_2$.
- b) Find the partial Fourier sum: $F(x) = a_{-2}e_{-2} + a_{-1}e_{-1} + a_0e_0 + a_1e_1 + a_2e_2$.
- c) Graph the real part of the function F(x) (using eventually a calculator or software).
 - 4. Let $f: [-\pi, \pi] \to \mathbb{R}$,

$$f(x) = x^2.$$

Assume that $..., a_{-n}, ..., a_n, ...$ are its Fourier coefficients. Using Parseval's identity, calculate

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |a_n|^2.$$

5. Prove that in the $L^2[-\pi,\pi]\times[-\pi,\pi]$, space with the inner product

$$\langle f, g \rangle = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x, y) g(x, y) dx dy.$$

the functions $f(x,y) = \sin x \cdot \cos y$ and $g(x,y) = \cos x \cdot \cos y$ are orthogonal.