# CS529 Fundamentals of Game Development

Lecture 6

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# Questions?

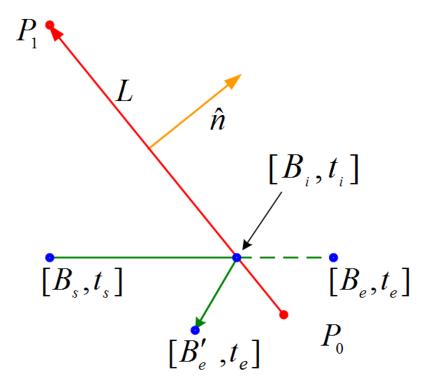
- Static Collision
  - Point/Circle
  - Circle/Circle
  - Point/Rectangle
  - Rectangle/Rectangle
- Review of Vector Algebra and Geometry
- Normal Line Equation
- Animated Point to Line Classification

#### Overview

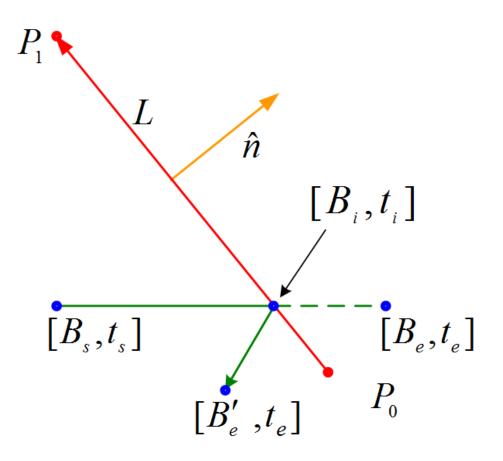
- Reflection
- Animated Circle to Line Segment

## Position of Ball After Collision (1/8)

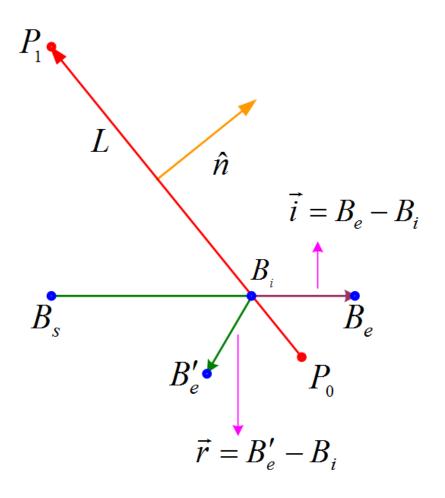
Assuming elastic collision



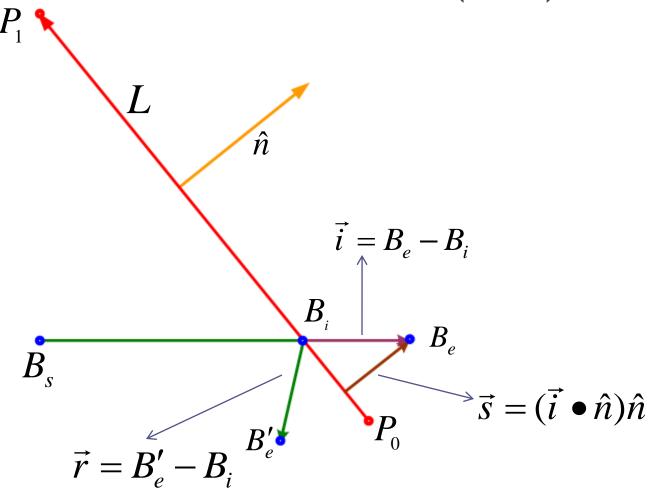
# Position of Ball After Collision (2/8)



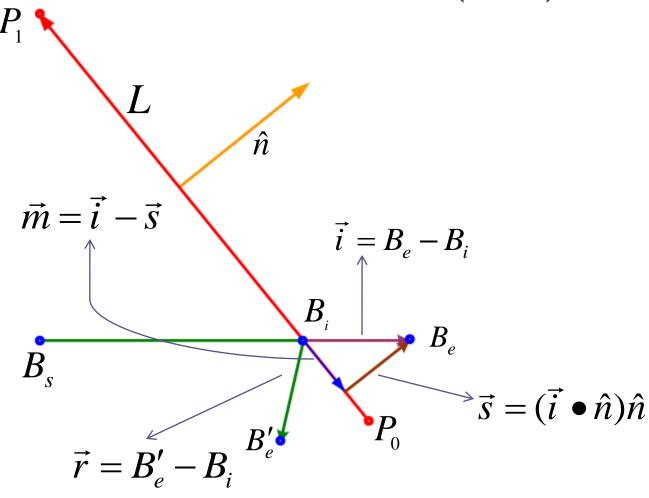
## Position of Ball After Collision (3/8)



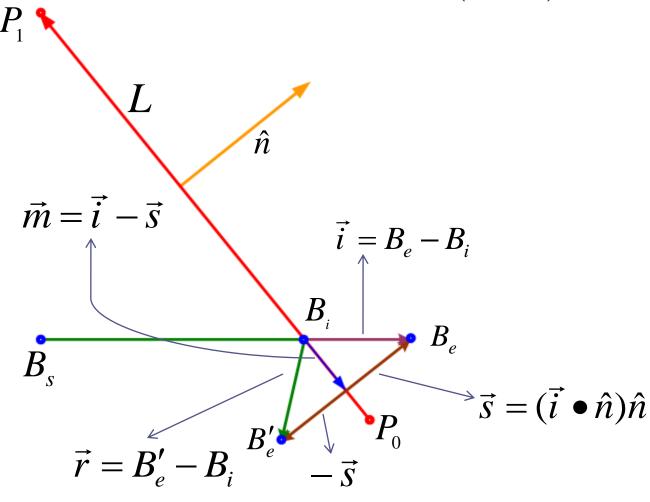
#### Position of Ball After Collision (4/8)



## Position of Ball After Collision (5/8)



#### Position of Ball After Collision (6/8)



## Position of Ball After Collision (7/8)

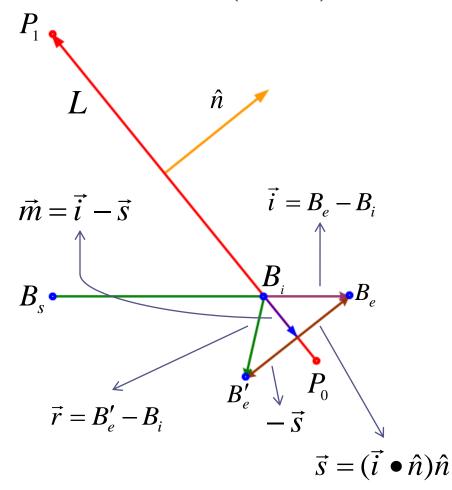
$$\vec{r} = \vec{m} - \vec{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r} = \vec{i} - 2\vec{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r} = \vec{i} - 2(\vec{i} \bullet \hat{n})\hat{n}$$

$$B'_e = B_i + \vec{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow B'_{e} = B_{i} + \vec{i} - 2(\vec{i} \bullet \hat{n})\hat{n}$$



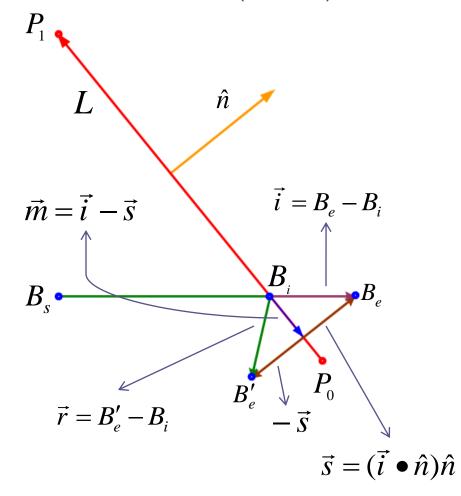
## Position of Ball After Collision (8/8)

$$\vec{r} = \vec{m} - \vec{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r} = \vec{i} - 2\vec{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r} = \vec{i} - 2(\vec{i} \bullet \hat{n})\hat{n}$$

$$\hat{v} = \frac{\vec{r}}{\|\vec{r}\|}$$



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#### Overview

- Reflection
- Animated Circle to Line Segment

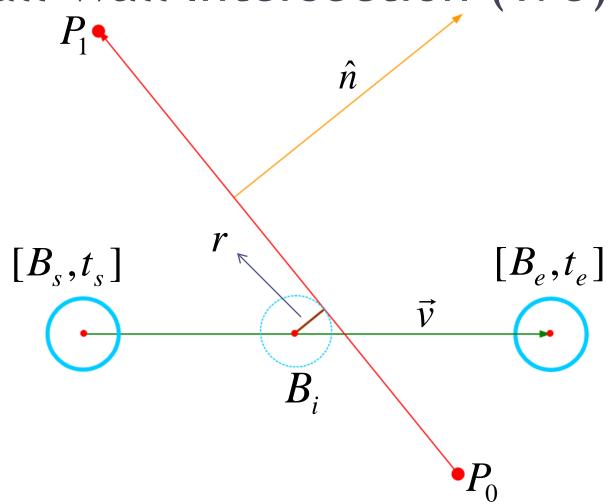
# Modeling Pinball as Circle

- Pinball modeled by a circle with center and radius r
- Located at center point  $B_s$  at top of frame
- Moving in direction given by normalized vector  $\vec{v}$  and speed k units

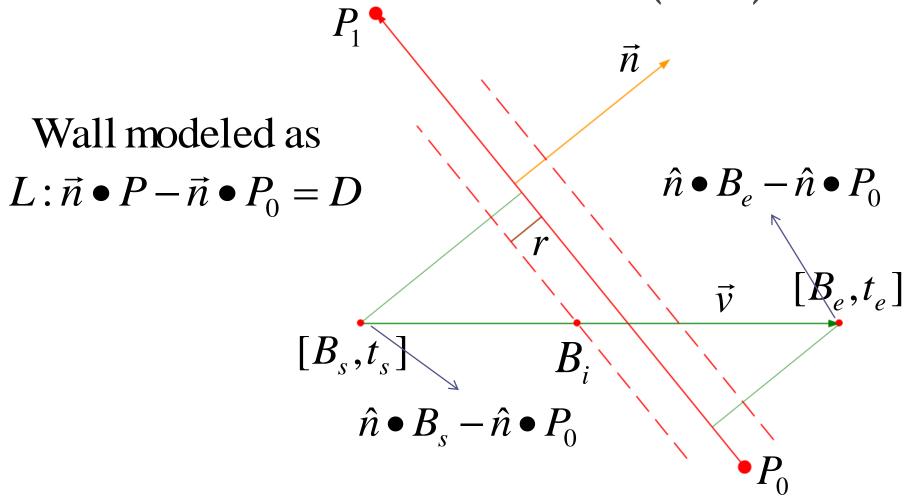
$$B(t) = B_s + k\hat{v}t, t \in [0,1]$$

• Velocity per <u>frame</u>  $\vec{v} = B_s B_e$   $\Rightarrow B(t) = B_s + \vec{v}t, t \in [0,1]$ 

# Pinball-Wall Intersection (1/3)



## Pinball-Wall Intersection (2/3)



# Pinball-Wall Intersection (3/3)

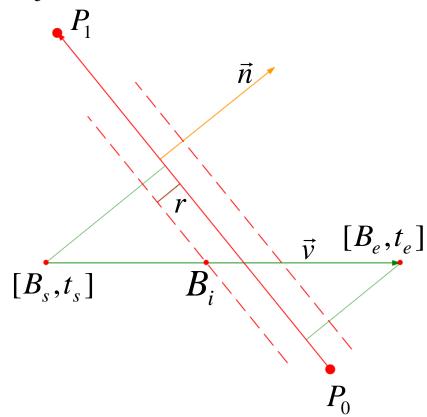
Pinball is inside at  $t_s$  and outside at  $t_e$ 

$$t_i = \frac{\hat{n} \bullet P_0 - \hat{n} \bullet B_s + D}{\hat{n} \bullet \vec{v}}$$

where  $t_i \in [0,1]$ 

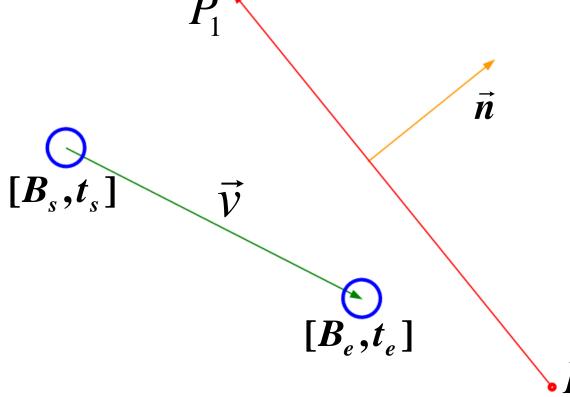
$$B_{i} = B_{s} + \vec{v} \left( \frac{\hat{n} \bullet P_{0} - \hat{n} \bullet B_{s} + D}{\hat{n} \bullet \vec{v}} \right)$$

Note: D = -r when  $B_s$  is inside D = r when  $B_s$  is outside



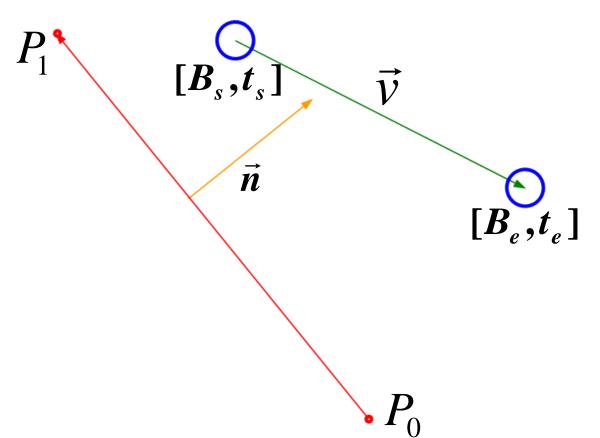
# Test for Non-Collision (1/4)

$$(\hat{n} \bullet B_s - \hat{n} \bullet P_0 < -r) \& \& (\hat{n} \bullet B_e - \hat{n} \bullet P_0 < -r)$$



# Test for Non-Collision (2/4)

$$(\hat{n} \bullet B_s - \hat{n} \bullet P_0 > r) \& \& (\hat{n} \bullet B_e - \hat{n} \bullet P_0 > r)$$



# Test for Non-Collision (3/4)

$$(B_{i}-P_{1}) \bullet (P_{0}-P_{1}) < 0$$

$$[B_{s},t_{s}] \qquad [B_{e},t_{e}]$$

$$[B_{i},t_{i}] \qquad \stackrel{\vec{n}}{\sim} \qquad \stackrel{\vec{n}}{\sim}$$

Ball collides with infinite extension of wall... not finite wall!

# Test for Non-Collision(4/4)

$$(B_{i}-P_{0}) \bullet (P_{1}-P_{0}) < 0$$

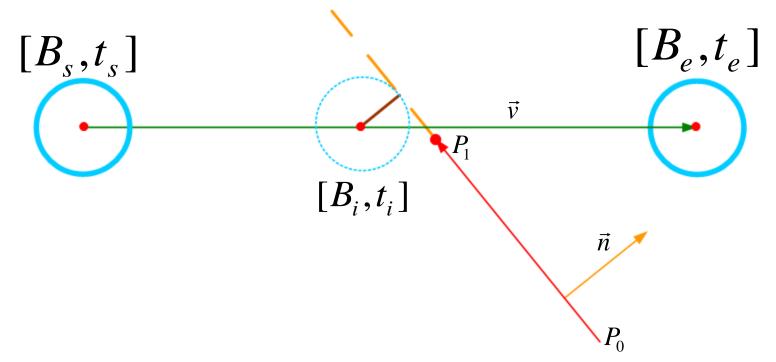
$$[B_{s},t_{s}] \qquad [B_{e},t_{e}]$$

$$[B_{i},t_{i}]$$

Ball collides with infinite extension of wall... not finite wall!

#### But! We have a Problem

The intersection point  $B_i$  is not on the line, but the ball collides with the wall.



# Steps

- Check for trivial rejection
  - $B_s$ ,  $B_e$  inside or both outside
  - Going from inside to outside and the collision type of the line segment is outside, and vice versa.
- Calculate the point and time of intersection
  - Check if the time is between  $t_s$  and  $t_e$
- Check if the point of intersection is on the line segment