Hadoop Map Reduce

Part Two: Movie Similarities

The objective of this part is to use a large corpus of movie data and provide recommendations of similar movies based on ratings by using statistical correlation and cosine similarity. Movies.csv and ratings.csv files are downloaded for this purpose.

Movies.csv file contains "Movie ID", "Movie Title", "Genre" The ratings.csv file contains "User ID", "Movie ID", "Rating", "Timestamp".

Following is the source code for all movie computations

I have used 1 mapper and 4 reducers in the source code

Description of each step written below with # symbol prior to the reducer and mapper.

Installed respective packages and libraries required for computation

Source Code:

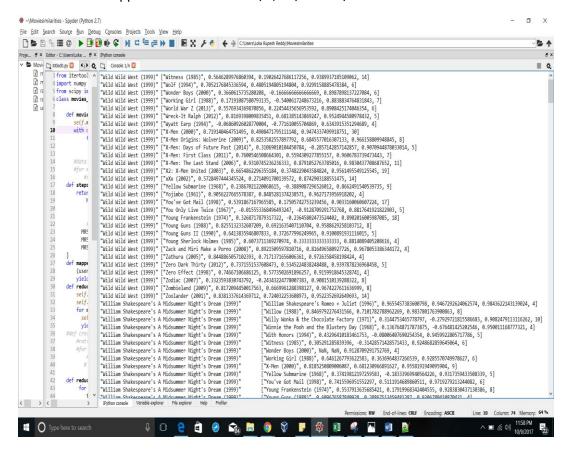
```
from mrjob.job import MRJob
from mrjob.step import MRStep
from itertools import combinations
import numpy
from scipy import spatial
class movies count(MRJob):
```

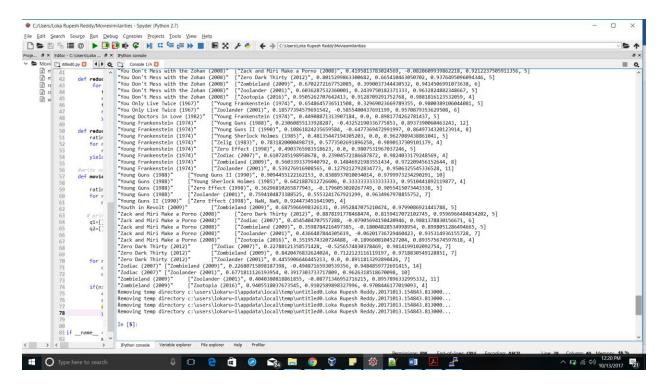
steps function determine the sequence of operations

```
MRStep(reducer=self.movie_similarity)
  ]
# Passing two files (movies.csv and ratings.csv) to the first mapper
  def moviedatasplit(self, _, line):
         dsplit = line.split(",")
         if (len(dsplit) == 3): # movie data
              yield dsplit[0], dsplit[1]
         else: # rating data
              yield dsplit[1], (dsplit[0], dsplit[2])
# generating user id as key and movie title, movierating as values with the help of first reducer
  def joinfilereducer(self, _, values):
         movielist = list(values)
         movietitle = movielist[0]
         tuplevalue = movielist[1:]
         for val in tuplevalue:
             userid = val[0]
             movierating = val[1]
             yield userid, (movietitle, movierating)
# generating combination of two movies as key and their respective ratings as value for each
user id with the second reducer
  def reducer_moviepairs(self,userid,values):
     for pair1, pair2 in combinations(values,2):
      title1=pair1[0]
      rating1=pair1[1]
      title2=pair2[0]
      rating2=pair2[1]
```

```
yield (title1,title2),(rating1,rating2)
# combining all the ratings for each movie pair by different users with the third reducer
  def reducer pairs(self,titles,ratings):
    rating=[]
    for r in ratings:
      rating.append(r)
    yield titles, rating
# finding similarity between movies using statistical coorelation and cosine similarity
  def movie_similarity(self,titles,ratings):
    rating =list(ratings)
    for ratings in rating:
      n=len(ratings)
    q1=[]
    q2=[]
    for r1 in ratings:
      q1.append((float(r1[0])))
      q2.append((float(r1[1])))
    if(n>3):
         cor = numpy.corrcoef(q1,q2)[0,1]
         cos_cor = 1-spatial.distance.cosine(q1,q2)
         avg_cor = 0.5*(cor+cos_cor)
         yield titles[0], (titles[1],avg_cor,cor,cos_cor,n)
# main function
if __name__ == '__main___':
      movies count.run()
```

➤ I have computer similarities for all movies, below is the screenshot that reinforces it. (with the condition being shared similarity>3), since for shared similarities <3, I could see Nan values, which happens in cases like num/0, inf/inf or 0/inf





Filter and format the output:

I have used 1 mapper and 4 reducers in the source code

Description of each step written below with # symbol prior to the reducer and mapper.

Source Code:

Imported packages and libraries required for computation

from mrjob.job import MRJob

from mrjob.step import MRStep

from itertools import combinations

import numpy

from scipy import spatial

class movies_count(MRJob):

Configure_options function is used to customize the output

def configure options(self):

super(movies_count, self).configure_options()

self.add_passthrough_option(

```
'-m', '--moviename', action="append", type='str', default=[], help='Expressions to
search for.')
    self.add_passthrough_option(
         '-p', '--rating_pairs', type='int', default=1, help='minimum rating pairs')
    self.add passthrough option(
         '-k', '--items', type='int', default=25, help='number of items to looks for')
    self.add_passthrough_option(
                   '-l', '-bound', type ='float', default=0.4, help ='similarity bound to look for')
  # steps determine the sequence of functions to be executed
  def steps(self):
    return [
      MRStep(mapper=self.moviedatasplit,
         reducer=self.joinfilereducer),
     MRStep(reducer=self.reducer_moviepairs),
     MRStep(reducer=self.reducer_pairs),
     MRStep(reducer=self.movie_similarity)
  1
# Passing two files (movies.csv and ratings.csv) to the first mapper
  def moviedatasplit(self, _, line):
        dsplit = line.split(",")
        if (len(dsplit) == 3): # movie data
              yield dsplit[0], dsplit[1]
        else: # rating data
              yield dsplit[1], (dsplit[0], dsplit[2])
# generating user id as key and movie title, movierating as values with the help of first reducer
  def joinfilereducer(self, _, values):
```

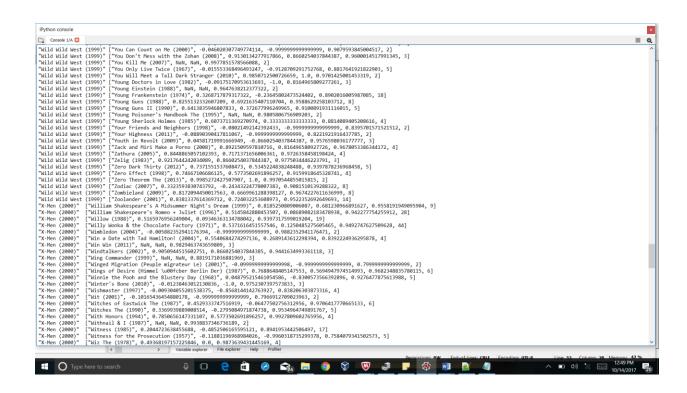
```
movietitle = movielist[0]
        tuplevalue = movielist[1:]
        for val in tuplevalue:
             userid = val[0]
             movierating = val[1]
             yield userid, (movietitle, movierating)
# generating combination of two movies as key and their respective ratings as value for each
user id with the second reducer
  def reducer_moviepairs(self,userid,values):
     for pair1,pair2 in combinations(values,2):
      title1=pair1[0]
      rating1=pair1[1]
      title2=pair2[0]
      rating2=pair2[1]
      yield (title1,title2),(rating1,rating2)
# combining all the ratings for each movie pair by different users with the third reducer
  def reducer_pairs(self,titles,ratings):
    rating=[]
    for r in ratings:
      rating.append(r)
    yield titles, rating
# finding similarity between movies using Cosine Similarity and Corelation
  def movie_similarity(self,titles,ratings):
    k= self.options.items
```

movielist = list(values)

```
rating =list(ratings)
    for ratings in rating:
      n=len(ratings)
    q1=[]
    q2=[]
    for r1 in ratings:
      q1.append((float(r1[0])))
      q2.append((float(r1[1])))
    if(n>self.options.rating_pairs):
        for movie in self.options.moviename:
          cor = numpy.corrcoef(q1,q2)[0,1]
          cos_cor = 1-spatial.distance.cosine(q1,q2)
          avg_cor = 0.5*(cor+cos_cor)
          while(k>0):
            if titles[0] == movie:
              yield titles[0],(titles[1],avg_cor,cor,cos_cor,n)
            elif titles[1]==movie:
              yield titles[1], (titles[0],avg_cor,cor,cos_cor,n)
            k=k-1
# Main function:
if __name__ == '__main__':
      movies count.run()
```

Command used -

-m "Wild Wild West (1999)" -k 25 -m "X-Men (2000)"-k 25 movies.csv ratings.csv



Ran the movie recommendation part 2 in amazon aws as well using EMR-(Elastic Map Reduce).

Set the environment variables aws_access_key_id , aws_secret_access_key in local system

Taken from the aws profile security options.

Procedure followed:

- 1) Kept the movies and ratings csv files, and python file in S3 bucket.
- 2) Created cluster using EMR with 1 Master Node and 9 slave nodes
- 3) Set the SSH key between master node and slave nodes
- 4) Connected to amazon aws using putty
- 5) Once connected, copied the files available in s3 bucket to the created instance
- 6) Executed the command from console

Commands used:

Performed the below step to copy each file one by one from s3 bucket to the instance created

1) aws s3 cp s3://moviesimilarities/movies.csv ./

Executed the program with the below command

1) python untitled.py movies.csv ratings.csv