

DDPM Q2

1. Proof of Eq (4) in DDPM paper

$$\text{Given } q(x_t | x_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(x_t; \sqrt{1-\beta_t} x_{t-1}, \beta_t I)$$

$$\text{let } \alpha_t = 1 - \beta_t$$

$$q(x_t | x_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(x_t; \sqrt{\alpha_t} x_{t-1}, (1-\alpha_t)I)$$

With the reparameterization trick, $x_t \sim q(x_t | x_{t-1})$ can be rewritten as:

$$x_t = \sqrt{\alpha_t} x_{t-1} + \sqrt{1-\alpha_t} \epsilon \text{ with } \epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(\epsilon; 0, I)$$

Then, we can do the following derivation:

$$\begin{aligned} x_t &= \sqrt{\alpha_t} x_{t-1} + \sqrt{1-\alpha_t} \epsilon_{t-1}^* \\ &= \sqrt{\alpha_t} (\sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}} x_{t-2} + \sqrt{1-\alpha_{t-1}} \epsilon_{t-2}^*) + \sqrt{1-\alpha_t} \epsilon_{t-1}^* \\ &= \sqrt{\alpha_t \alpha_{t-1}} x_{t-2} + \sqrt{\alpha_t - \alpha_t \alpha_{t-1}} \epsilon_{t-2}^* + \sqrt{1-\alpha_t} \epsilon_{t-1}^* \\ &= \sqrt{\alpha_t \alpha_{t-1}} x_{t-2} + \sqrt{\alpha_t - \alpha_t \alpha_{t-1} + \alpha_t - \alpha_t} \epsilon_{t-2}^* \\ &= \sqrt{\alpha_t \alpha_{t-1}} x_{t-2} + \sqrt{\alpha_t - \alpha_t \alpha_{t-1} + 1 - \alpha_t} \epsilon_{t-2}^* \\ &= \sqrt{\alpha_t \alpha_{t-1}} x_{t-2} + \sqrt{1 - \alpha_t \alpha_{t-1}} \epsilon_{t-2}^* \end{aligned}$$

$$= \dots$$

$$= \sqrt{\prod_{i=1}^t \alpha_i} x_0 + \sqrt{1 - \prod_{i=1}^t \alpha_i} \epsilon_0$$

$$\text{let } \bar{\alpha}_t = \prod_{i=1}^t \alpha_i, \text{ we have}$$

$$x_t = \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_t} x_0 + \sqrt{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} \epsilon_0 \sim \mathcal{N}(x_t; \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_t} x_0, (1-\bar{\alpha}_t)I)$$

$$q(x_t | x_0) = \mathcal{N}(x_t; \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_t} x_0, (1-\bar{\alpha}_t)I) \quad \#$$

2. Proof of $E_g(b)$ in DDPM paper

In 1., we have derived the Gaussian form of $g(x_t|x_0)$, this also means that with some modification we are able to obtain the Gaussian form of $g(x_{t-1}|x_0)$. With these prerequisites, we can start calculate the form of $g(x_{t-1}|x_t, x_0)$ by substituting into the Bayes rule expansion:

$$\begin{aligned}
 g(x_{t-1}|x_t, x_0) &= \frac{g(x_t|x_{t-1}, x_0)g(x_{t-1}|x_0)}{g(x_t|x_0)} \\
 &= \frac{N(x_t; \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_{t-1}, (1-\alpha_t)\mathbb{I})N(x_{t-1}; \sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}}x_0, (1-\alpha_{t-1})\mathbb{I})}{N(x_t; \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_0, (1-\alpha_t)\mathbb{I})} \\
 &\propto \exp \left\{ - \left[\frac{(x_t - \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_{t-1})^2}{2(1-\alpha_t)} + \frac{(x_{t-1} - \sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}}x_0)^2}{2(1-\alpha_{t-1})} - \frac{(x_t - \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_0)^2}{2(1-\alpha_t)} \right] \right\} \\
 &= \exp \left\{ - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(x_t - \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_{t-1})^2}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{(x_{t-1} - \sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}}x_0)^2}{1-\alpha_{t-1}} - \frac{(x_t - \sqrt{\alpha_t}x_0)^2}{1-\alpha_t} \right] \right\} \\
 &= \exp \left\{ - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(1 - 2\sqrt{\alpha_t}x_t x_{t-1} + \alpha_t x_{t-1}^2)}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{(x_{t-1}^2 - 2\sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}}x_{t-1}x_0)}{1-\alpha_{t-1}} + C(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\} \\
 &= \exp \left\{ - \frac{1}{2} \left[- \frac{2\sqrt{\alpha_t}x_t x_{t-1}}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\alpha_t x_{t-1}^2}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{x_{t-1}^2}{1-\alpha_{t-1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}}x_{t-1}x_0}{1-\alpha_{t-1}} + C(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{\alpha_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{1}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right) x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t} x_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right) x_{t-1} + C(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\alpha_t(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}) + 1 - \alpha_t}{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})} x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t} x_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right) x_{t-1} + C(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\alpha_t - \bar{\alpha}_t + 1 - \alpha_t}{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})} x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t} x_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right) x_{t-1} + C(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1 - \bar{\alpha}_t}{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})} x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t} x_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right) x_{t-1} + C(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1 - \bar{\alpha}_t}{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})} \right) \left[x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t} x_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right)}{\frac{1 - \bar{\alpha}_t}{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})}} x_{t-1} + C'(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1 - \bar{\alpha}_t}{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})} \right) \left[x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t} x_t}{1-\alpha_t} + \frac{\sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}} \right) (1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})}{1 - \bar{\alpha}_t} x_{t-1} + C'(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\frac{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t}} \right) \left[x_{t-1}^2 - 2 \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t}(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})x_t + \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}}(1-\alpha_t)x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} x_{t-1} + C'(x_t, x_0) \right] \right\}$$

$$x_{t-1} \sim \mathcal{N} \left(x_{t-1}; \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t}(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})x_t + \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}}(1-\alpha_t)x_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t}, \frac{(1-\alpha_t)(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} \mathbf{I} \right)$$

Where $C(X_t, X_0)$ and $C'(X_t, X_0)$ are functions that composed only of X_t, X_0 and α , in which $C'(X_t, X_0)$ can be shown to complete the square.

$$X_{t-1}^2 - 2 \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t}(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})X_t + \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}}(1-\alpha_t)X_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} X_{t-1} + C'(X_t, X_0) = \left(X_{t-1} - \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t}(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})X_t + \sqrt{\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}}(1-\alpha_t)X_0}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} \right)^2$$

Using the notations $\tilde{\mu}_t(X_t, X_0) = \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_{t-1}}\beta_t}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} X_0 + \frac{\sqrt{\alpha_t}(1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1})}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} X_t$ and

$\tilde{\beta}_t = \frac{1-\bar{\alpha}_{t-1}}{1-\alpha_t} \beta_t$, we have

$$q(X_{t-1} | X_t, X_0) = \mathcal{N}(X_{t-1}; \tilde{\mu}_t(X_t, X_0), \tilde{\beta}_t \mathbf{I}) \quad \text{##}$$

3. Proof of $E_8(8)$ in DDPM paper

Given the denoising matching term

$$L_{t-1} = E_{q(x_t|x_0)} [D_{KL}(q(x_{t-1}|x_t, x_0) \| p_\theta(x_{t-1}|x_t))]$$

We already know the gaussian form of $q(x_{t-1}|x_t, x_0)$, thus we can set the variance of $p_\theta(x_{t-1}|x_t)$ to match exactly, optimizing the KL term reduces to minimizing the difference between the means of the two distributions.

$$\text{let } \sigma_t^2 = \tilde{\beta}_t = \frac{1-\bar{\alpha}_t}{1-\bar{\alpha}_t} \beta_t, \quad \Sigma(t) = \sigma_t^2 \mathbf{I}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_{t-1} &= E_{q(x_t|x_0)} [D_{KL}(\mathcal{N}(x_{t-1}|\tilde{\mu}_t, \Sigma(t)) \| \mathcal{N}(x_{t-1}|\mu_\theta, \Sigma(t)))] \\ &= E_{q(x_t|x_0)} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left[\log \frac{\det(\Sigma(t))}{\det(\Sigma(t))} - d + \text{tr}(\Sigma(t)^{-1} \Sigma(t)) + (\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t)^T \Sigma(t)^{-1} (\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t) \right] \right] \\ &= E_{q(x_t|x_0)} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left[-d + d + (\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t)^T \Sigma(t)^{-1} (\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t) \right] \right] \\ &= E_{q(x_t|x_0)} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left[(\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t)^T \Sigma(t)^{-1} (\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t) \right] \right] \\ &= E_{q(x_t|x_0)} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left[(\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t)^T (\sigma_t^{-2} \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t) \right] \right] \\ &= E_{q(x_t|x_0)} \left[\frac{1}{2\sigma_t^2} \|\mu_\theta - \tilde{\mu}_t\|^2 \right] \# \end{aligned}$$