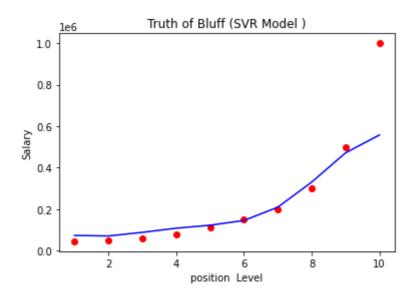
Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [4]: # Importing database
         db=pd.read_csv('position_salaries_dataset.csv')
         x=db.iloc[:,1:-1].values
         y=db.iloc[:,-1].values
In [5]: print(x)
         [[ 1]
          [ 2]
          [ 3]
          [ 4]
          [ 5]
          [ 6]
          [7]
          [8]
          [ 9]
          [10]]
In [6]:
         print(y)
                    50000
                                                                            500000
         [ 45000
                            60000
                                    80000 110000 150000 200000
                                                                   300000
          1000000]
In [7]: #reshpape y
         y= y.reshape(len(y),1)
In [8]: print(y)
         [[ 45000]
          [ 50000]
            60000]
          [ 80000]
          [ 110000]
          [ 150000]
          [ 200000]
          [ 300000]
          [ 500000]
          [1000000]]
         Feature Scaling
In [9]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         sc_x = StandardScaler()
         sc_y = StandardScaler()
         x = sc_x.fit_transform(x)
         y = sc_y.fit_transform(y)
In [10]: print (x)
```

```
[[-1.5666989]
          [-1.21854359]
          [-0.87038828]
          [-0.52223297]
          [-0.17407766]
          [ 0.17407766]
          [ 0.52223297]
          [ 0.87038828]
          [ 1.21854359]
          [ 1.5666989 ]]
In [11]: print(y)
         [[-0.72004253]
          [-0.70243757]
          [-0.66722767]
          [-0.59680786]
          [-0.49117815]
          [-0.35033854]
          [-0.17428902]
          [ 0.17781001]
          [ 0.88200808]
          [ 2.64250325]]
In [16]: #Traioning the SVR model on the whole dataset
         from sklearn.svm import SVR
         regressor = SVR (kernel ='rbf' )
         regressor.fit(x, y)
         /usr/local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:1183: DataConv
         ersionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please c
         hange the shape of y to (n_samples, ), for example using ravel().
         y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
Out[16]:
        ▼ SVR
         SVR()
         Predicting a new result
In [15]: # Have to predict salary of candidate having 6.5 years of exp
         sc_y.inverse_transform(regressor.predict(sc_x.transform([[6.5]])).reshape(-1,1))
Out[15]: array([[170370.0204065]])
         Visualizing the SVR Result
In [18]:
         plt.scatter(sc_x.inverse_transform(x), sc_y.inverse_transform (y), color = 'red')
         plt.plot(sc_x.inverse_transform(x), sc_y.inverse_transform(regressor.predict(x).res
         plt.title('Truth of Bluff (SVR Model )')
         plt.xlabel('position Level')
         plt.ylabel('Salary')
         plt.show()
```



```
In [25]: # Visualising the SVR Results (for higher Solution and smoother curve)

x_grid = np.arange(min(sc_x.inverse_transform (x)), max(sc_x.inverse_transform(x)),
x_grid = x_grid.reshape((len(x_grid) , 1))
plt.scatter(sc_x.inverse_transform(x), sc_y.inverse_transform(y), color='red')

#Make Predictions on the x_grid
predictions = regressor.predict(sc_x.transform(x_grid))

#Reshape the prediction array
predictions = predictions.reshape(-1, 1)

plt.plot(x_grid, sc_y.inverse_transform(predictions), color = 'blue')
plt.title("Truth or Bluff (SVR)")
plt.xlabel("Position Level")
plt.ylabel("Salary")
plt.show()
```

