Static Analysis

1. Virus Total Analysis

Hash Analysis

- File Hash: [Insert MD5, SHA-1, SHA-256 hash value]
 - o MD5: 5ef83811304bc53b79628202f9b8891b
 - o SHA-1: 29b8a02a98404b1f80342badc952f8f9ba600edf
 - o SHA-256:

547812259c4887610d6482eb78dd01717cf37b6f7d38cd2314f56927cd6fb6d1

- Method of hash acquisition: [Describe process]
 - o Found on VirusTotal
- [Link to VirusTotal results]
 - o https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/547812259c4887610d6482eb78dd0 1717cf37b6f7d38cd2314f56927cd6fb6d1/summary

Vendor Analysis

- Number of vendors flagging as malicious: [X/Y]: 62/72
- Analysis of vendor results:
 - O [Discuss patterns in detection]
 - Ransomware Trojan
 - Worm
 - O [Common malware names identified]
 - WannaCryptor
 - Win32:WanaCry-A Trojan
 - WannaCry
 - Ransom.Zenshirsh.SL8
 - O [Notable vendor disagreements]
 - Some say WannaCry, some say WannaCrypt
 - They all seem to point to a ransomware trojan

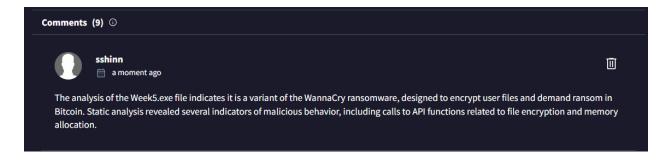
File History

- First Submission Date: [Date]
 - O First Submission: 2025-02-19 17:05:51 UTC
- File Creation Date from Windows: [Date]
 - O Creation Time: 2010-11-20 09:05:05 UTC
- Analysis of submission timeline:
 - O [Discussion of file age]
 - It was not released or discovered for approximately 14 years since when it was created
 - O [Notable resubmissions or changes]

■ It has been submitted and resubmitted a few times in the last few days, probably because of this class

Community Score

- [Link to your VirusTotal community contribution]
- https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/547812259c4887610d6482eb78dd01717cf 37b6f7d38cd2314f56927cd6fb6d1/community

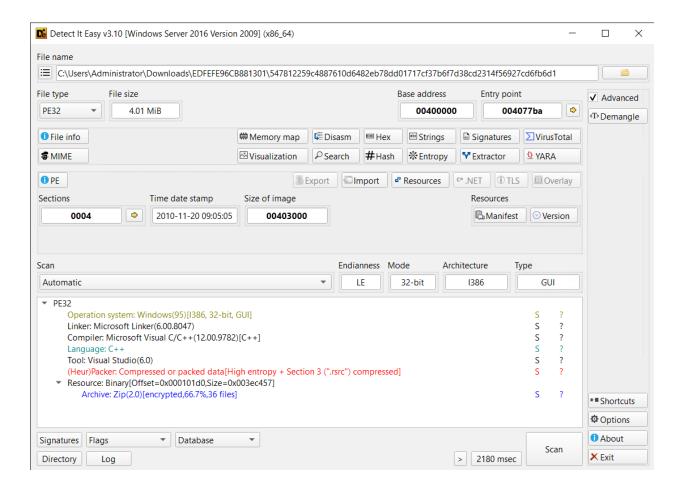


- Summary of initial findings posted to the community:
 - O [Key observations] The analysis of the Week5.exe file indicates it is a variant of the WannaCry ransomware, designed to encrypt user files and demand ransom in Bitcoin. Static analysis revealed several indicators of malicious behavior, including calls to API functions related to file encryption and memory allocation.
 - O [Potential indicators of compromise]: encrypted files, ransom note demanding bitcoin

2. Detect It Easy (DIE) Analysis

File Information

- File type: [Type] : PE32
- Architecture: [Architecture] : i386
- Compiler: [Compiler information] :
 - O Compiler: Microsoft Visual C/C++(12.00.9782)[C++]
- Additional relevant information:
 - O [List notable file characteristics]
 - Packed .rdata and .rsrc sections
 - O [Unusual headers or structures]
 - 4 sections
 - Archive, zip
 - Encrypted
 - Windows 95
 - Language: C/C++

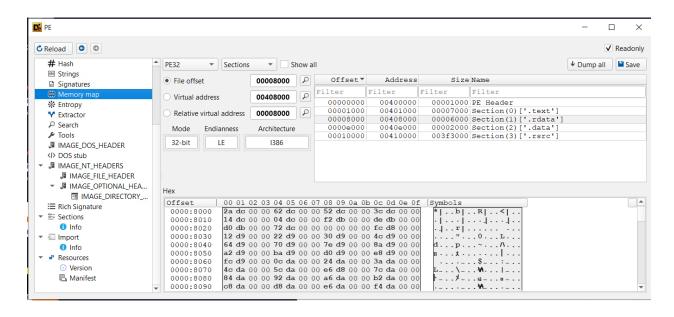


Memory Map Analysis

- Section breakdown:
 - O [.text section analysis]
 - File offset: 00001000
 - Virtual address: 00401000
 - Size: 00007000
 - O [.data section analysis]
 - File offset: 0000e000
 - Virtual address: 0040e000
 - Size: 00002000
 - WanaCryptOr string found
 - O [.rsrc section analysis]
 - File offset: 00010000
 - Virtual address: 00410000
 - Size: 003f3000
 - Found VirtualAlloc api call
 - O [Other relevant sections]
 - .rdata
 - File offset: 00008000
 - Virtual address: 00408000

• Size: 00006000

- Notable findings:
 - O [Unusual section permissions]
 - .rdata had RW permissions
 - O [Section size anomalies]
 - .rsrc was large (003f3000)



String Analysis

- Notable strings discovered:
- Sleep
- OpenMutexA
- GetFullPathNameA
- CopyFileA
- GetModuleFileNa meA
- VirtualAlloc
- VirtualFree
- VirtualProtect
- WANACRY!
- CloseHandle
- DeleteFileW

- MoveFileExW
- MoveFileW
- ReadFile
- WriteFile
- CreateFileW
- kernel32.dll
- Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider
- CryptGenKey
- CryptDecrypt
- CryptEncrypt
- CryptDestroyKey

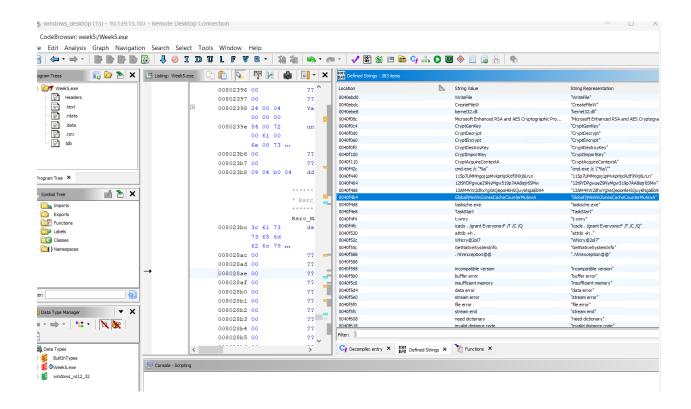
- CryptImportKey
- CryptAcquireCon textA
- Global\MsWinZon esCacheCounterM utexA
- tasksche.exe
- TaskStart
- t.wnry
- 4043233_ANIME_A WAY_FACE_NO_NOB ODY ICON
- VS VERSION INFO
- StringFileInfo
- 040904B0

- CompanyName
- CYBV 454 Week 5
 Malware Analysis
- FileDescription
- Week5 Malware Analysis
- FileVersion
- 1.1.4821.13121

- InternalName
- week5.exe
- LegalCopyright
- © 2025 Michael Galde. All rights reserved.
- OriginalFilename
- week5.exe

- ProductName
- University of Arizona ® Week5® Spring 2025 Malware Analysis
- ProductVersion
- 6.1.7601.17514

- O [URLs/IPs]
 - Urn:schemas-microsoft-com
- O File paths]
 - Software\
 - Global\MsWinZonesCacheCounterMutexA
- O [Command lines]
 - cmd.exe /c "%s"
- O [API calls]
 - VirtualAlloc
 - VirtualProtect
 - ReadFile
 - WriteFile
 - CreateFile
- Analysis of string findings:
 - O [Potential functionality indicated]
 - Allocate space for payload
 - VirtualAlloc
 - VirtualProtect
 - Payload is encrypted:
 - Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider
 - CryptGenKey
 - CryptDecrypt
 - CryptEncrypt
 - CryptDestroyKey
 - CryptImportKey
 - CryptAcquireContextA
 - O [Suspicious patterns]
 - WANACRY! variant of WannaCry ransomware
 - Used for educational purposes
 - Encrypted



Entropy Analysis

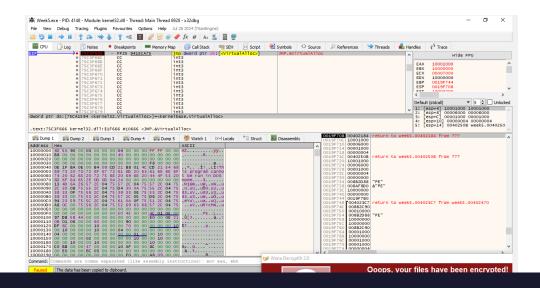
- Overall entropy score: [Score]: 7.99599
- Section-specific entropy:
 - O [List sections with unusual entropy]
 - O .text: 6.40429
 O .rdata: 6.66363
 O .rsrc: 7.99951
- Packing analysis:
 - O [Packed/Unpacked determination]
 - .rdata and .rsrc are packed, .data and .text are not packed
 - O [Packer identified (if applicable)]
 - I could not identify the packer
 - O [Unpacking methodology (if attempted)]
 - I could not unpack the .rdata and .rsrc sections using conventional methods
 - O [Alternative unpacking approaches (if needed)]
 - I tried to analyze the memory address pointed to by VirtualAlloc to find the payload using x32dbg
 - I was able to see contents of Week5.exe as a zipfile using 7zip

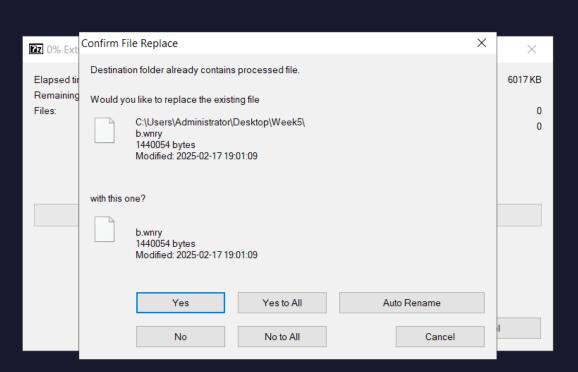
3. Static Analysis Summary

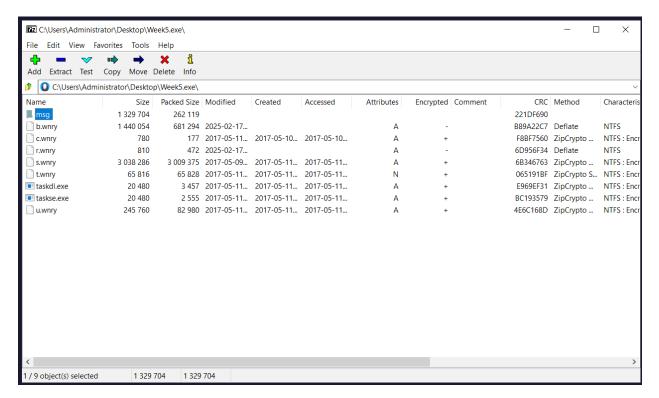
- Key findings from static analysis:
 - O [Major indicators of malicious behavior]
 - Strings to encrypt files and possibly encrypt payload
 - VirtualAlloc and VirtualProtect
 - References to WannaCry, a famous ransomware
 - VirusTotal flagged as malicious
 - O [Potential functionality]
 - To find the payload in the malware after identifying the VirtualAlloc function, I utilized x32dbg. Initially, I searched for VirtualAlloc by checking the Import Table for API calls, using the Memory Map to locate kernel32.dll. Once I identified the VirtualAlloc call, I set a breakpoint on its first instruction and ran the program until it hit the breakpoint.
 - Upon hitting the breakpoint, I inspected the arguments passed to VirtualAlloc by checking the stack. After stepping over the RET instruction, I used the Registers pane to examine the EAX register, which contained the allocated memory address. I copied the value of EAX and opened the Memory Map to find the corresponding memory region.
 - Seeing hex data written to the allocated address, I employed HxD to extract the payload. I utilized the "Binary Dump" feature to create a dump of the memory contents from the selected address, saving it as a new file for further analysis.

O [Risk indicators]

■ I right-clicked the Week5.exe to "Open With" 7zip and I was able to see a preview of the unzipped contents of the file. It shows two executables, taskdl.exe and taskse.exe. These files run the malware. I also see b.wnry, c.wnry, r.wnry, s..wnry, t..wnry, and u..wnry, which is suspicious. I got a warning, which warned me that if I unzipped the file, it would change the names of the Week5.exe file, which allowed me to get a peek at the wannacry encrypting function. I chose no, do not unzip, I was afraid if I did it would run the malware.





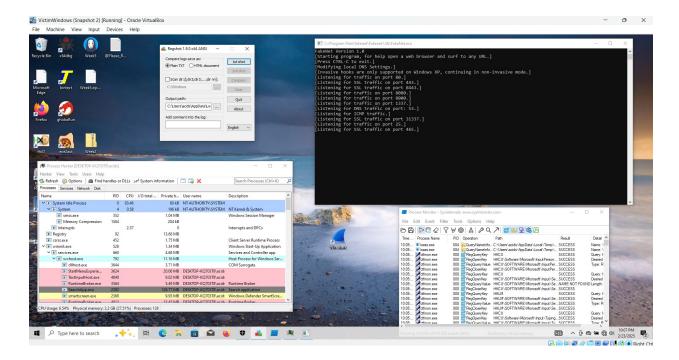


Dynamic Analysis

1. Analysis Environment

Environment Setup

- Virtual Machine specifications:
 - O [OS version] Windows 10
 - O [Memory allocation] 8GB
 - O [Network configuration] Not Attached



- Monitoring tools deployed:
 - O [Process monitoring] ProcMon, Process Hacker,,
 - O [Network monitoring] FakeNet
 - O RegShot

Keys:394379Values:675302

■ Compare:

Keys deleted: 26Values added: 21Values modified: 61Total changes: 216

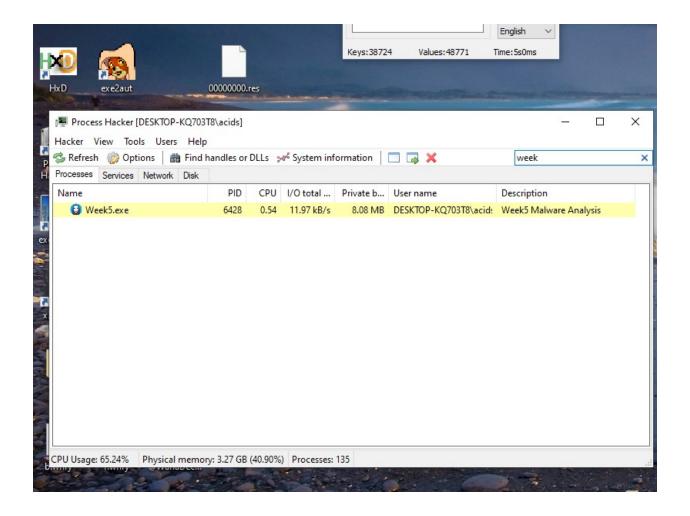
- Safety measures implemented:
 - O [Network isolation] Not attached to network
 - O [Snapshot configuration] snapshot saved with tools installed
 - O [Additional protections] fakenet, and no internet

2. Runtime Observations

Initial Execution

- [Immediate system changes]:
 - o Files encrypted on desktop
 - o Files created on desktop
 - Files changed name
 - O Pop up with WannaCry ransom notice to pay Bitcoin
- [Process creation]
 - o Files created
 - o Files renamed
 - o Files closed

File Edit Event Filter Tools Options Help Pill Desired Pill Operation Path Operation Path	Process Monitor	- Sysinterna	ls: www.sysinternals	s.com		×
Process Name						
0.10 Week 5.exe	> B 6 €	2 7 H	⊚ & <i> </i> ⁄ ⁄ Q			
0.10	Time Process Nan	ne PID	Operation	Path	Result	Detail *
0.10	0:10:	e 6428	8 CreateFile	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Conne	SHARING VIOLAT	Desired
0.10			_			
6.10 6 Week5 exe 6428						Creation
6.10 6 Week5 exe 6.428 6 Creater File 6.10 6 Week5 exe 6 W	0:10: @ Week5.ex	e 6428	8 🚡 Close File	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Conne	SUCCESS	
6.10 @ Week5.exe 6.428 @ CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Conne SUCCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr REPARSE Desired NLLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr REPARSE Desired NLLM\System\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\System\SurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\System\SurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\System\SurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\System\SurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\SurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired NLLM\System\SurrentControlSet\Set\System\S	0:10: 🔞 Week5.ex	e 6428	8 宿 Create File	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Conne	SUCCESS	Desired
6.10 6 Week5 exe 6.428 6 GreateFile 6.10 6 Week5 exe			8 🛅 Set Basic Inform	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Conne	SUCCESS	Creation
0.10				• •		
0.10	<u>=</u>					
0.10						
0:10	<u></u>			_		
0:10	The state of the s			-		
0:10				_		
0:10:			_	• •		
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10:						Поріасс
0:10:						
0:10:			_) Desired
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10:	0:10: @ Week5.ex					
0:10:	0:10: 🔞 Week5.ex		_	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros	NAME NOT FOUND	Desired
0:10:	0:10: 🔞 Week5.ex	e 6428	8 🎬 RegCreateKey	HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr	REPARSE	Desired
0:10:			8 🎬 RegCreateKey	HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr	ACCESS DENIED	Desired
0:10:				HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr	REPARSE	Desired
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CloseFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Temp SUCCESS 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros NAME NOT FOUND Desired 0:10: 3 Week5.exe 6428 RegCreateKey HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr REPARSE Desired 0:10: 4 Week5.exe 6428 RegCreateKey HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired 0:10: 5 Week5.exe 6428 RegCreateKey HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr ACCESS DENIED Desired 0:10: 6 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros SUCCESS Desired 0:10: 6 Week5.exe 6428 QueryAttributeT C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros SUCCESS Desired 0:10: 6 Week5.exe 6428 QueryBasicInfor C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros SUCCESS Creation 0:10: 6 Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros SUCCESS Desired			_			
0:10: Week5.exe						неріасє
0:10:			_			
0:10:						Decired
0:10:						
0:10:						
0:10:	<u> </u>					
0:10:	<u> </u>					
0:10:						_
0:10:				-		Desired
0:10:	<u></u>			HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Contr	REPARSE	Desired
0:10:	<u> </u>		8 🎬 RegCreateKey			Desired
0:10:	0:10: 🔞 Week5.ex	e 6428	8 🚡 Create File	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros	SUCCESS	Desired
0:10: Week5.exe 6428 CreateFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Temp SUCCESS Desired 0:10: Week5.exe 6428 SetRenameInfoC:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros SUCCESS Replace						Attribute
0:10: Week5.exe 6428 SetRenameInfoC:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Micros SUCCESS Replace	<u></u>					
			_			
0:10: ₩ Week5.exe 6428 CloseFile C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Temp SUCCESS	<u></u>			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Replace
	0:10: 😢 Week5.ex	e 6428	8 (in)CloseFile	C:\Users\acids\AppData\Local\Temp	SUCCESS	`



- [Network activity]
 - O Connections to various foreign IP addresses (ANY.RUN)
- [File system changes]
 - From ProcMon: files created, renamed, opened and closed

Continued Monitoring

- [Persistent changes]
 - o Encrypted files
- [Scheduled tasks]
 - Ransomware pop up only came up after running Week5.exe twice
- [Registry modifications]
 - o Keys:394379
 - o Values:675302
 - o Compare:
 - Keys deleted: 26
 - Values added: 21
 - Values modified: 61
 - Total changes: 216

- [Additional payloads]
 - O None found

3. Post-Execution Analysis

- System state changes:
 - O [Permanent modifications]
 - Files renamed, created and encrypted
 - O [Persistence mechanisms]
 - none
 - O [Data exfiltration evidence]
 - none
- Network activity summary:
 - O [Connection attempts]
 - O ANY.RUN
 - Connection attempts to many foreign IP addresses
 - O [Data transfers]
 - none
 - O [Command & Control activity]
 - none

Impact Analysis

1. User Impact Assessment

Home Users

- [Potential impact] Very high impact, will encrypt all files
- [Risk level] Very high risk
- [Data compromise potential], All files will be encrypted leading to loss of availability

Business Users

- [Operational impact] Will bring all operations to a halt because affected systems will be inoperable
- [Data security concerns]: Data could be exfiltrated, loss of availability of data
- [Financial implications]: Loss of time, possibly loss of \$300 per affected machine if ransom is paid, however even if ransom is paid there is no guarantee that files will be decrypted

Government Users

• [Security implications] Loss of control over files

- [Data sensitivity concerns] Sensitive data could be lost or damaged beyond repair
- [Operational disruption potential]: would cause loss of time, data, and resources

2. Mitigation Strategy

Immediate Response

- [Initial containment steps] Try to use decryptor if possible to regain access to files, inform all users about the infection to prevent further spreading.
- [System isolation procedures] Immediately disconnect from network
- [Data preservation methods]: Try to use decryptor. Backup encrypted files to a separate storage medium, if possible, to preserve them for potential future decryption attempts. Utilize any available backups to restore previous versions of affected files.

Long-term Prevention

- [Security control recommendations] Do not download suspicious programs, they could be trojans. Regularly update antivirus definitions and conduct security scans.
- [Policy modifications] Develop and enforce a strict software installation policy to ensure that only verified applications are installed. Conduct regular audits of installed software.
- [Training requirements]: Training to avoid suspicious links.

Conclusion

1. Analysis Reflection

- [Summary of findings]: The analysis of the Week5.exe file indicates it is a variant of the WannaCry ransomware, designed to encrypt user files and demand ransom in Bitcoin. Static analysis revealed several indicators of malicious behavior, including calls to API functions related to file encryption and memory allocation.
- [Unusual characteristics]: The file exhibited packed sections, unusual entropy scores, and suspicious strings indicating potential payload functionality. The dynamic analysis confirmed the execution of the malware resulted in immediate file encryption and ransom notifications.
- [Learning outcomes]: The analysis demonstrated the importance of both static and dynamic analysis in understanding malware behavior.

 Additionally, it reinforced the necessity of security measures and the rapid response required when dealing with ransomware threats.
- [Additional research needed]

2. Evidence Documentation

- [Screenshot descriptions and relevance]
- [Tool output documentation]: ProcMon, ProcessHacker, RegShot, Any.Run, Ghidra, Detect-It-Easy, x32dbg, HxD
- [Additional supporting materials]

