

Static Analysis

1. Virus Total Analysis

Hash Analysis

File Hash: MD5[be4208f4729b58e26caee68f0e1eacf9] and

SHA256[6c55988009c39eea5d8e1fa552c7db331b0328c5d62527b82f01074e5315f492]

Method of hash acquisition: [Detect-It-Easy]

Link to VirusTotal results:

[<https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/6c55988009c39eea5d8e1fa552c7db331b0328c5d62527b82f01074e5315f492>]

Vendor Analysis

Number of vendors flagging as malicious: [54/72]

Analysis of vendor results: Many of the vendors flag this malware as a Trojan, Win32, DiskWriter, KillMBR, ransomware

[Many vendors classify this malware as a Win32 DiskWriter Trojan]

[Lecture1, Week1]

[Some vendors classify this malware as a Lazy Trojan, some say it is a variant of LazyTrojan and some say it is a variant of Win32 DiskWriter Trojan]

File History

First Submission Date: [2025-01-22 21:28:42 UTC]

File Creation Date from Windows: [2021-10-06 13:56:33 UTC]

Analysis of submission timeline:

[This malware was created in October 2021 however it was first submitted to VirusTotal in January 2025]

[It has been submitted under two names, Lecture1 and Week1]

Community Score

[<https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/6c55988009c39eea5d8e1fa552c7db331b0328c5d62527b82f01074e5315f492/community>]

Summary of initial findings posted to the community:

[Executable makes system inoperable. Included Audio/visual component.]

[Flagged as malicious by over half of the included vendors. Listings including Trojan | Malware | disk writer]

2. Detect It Easy (DIE) Analysis

File Information

File type: [PE32]

Architecture: [I386]

Compiler: [Compiler: Microsoft Visual C/C++(19.16.27045) [LTCG/C]]

Additional relevant information:

[List notable file characteristics: Windows XP OS, Comments:Spring 2025 CYBV 454 Lecture 1 Malware File, CompanyName: University of Arizona - Michael Galde]

[IMAGE_DOS_HEADER, IMAGE_NT_HEADERS: IMAGE_FILE_HEADER, IMAGE_OPTIONAL_HEADER:IMAGE_DIRECTOEY_ENTRIES]

Memory Map Analysis

Section breakdown:

[.text section from memory address 00401000 to 0041e200]

[.data section from memory address 0046e000 to 0046e800]

[.rsrc section from memory address 00477000 to 00569600, chinese characters]

[_RDATA: chinese characters and symbols]

Notable findings:

Hex

Offset	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f	Symbols
0015:efe4	6d 61 6e 69 66 65 73 74 56 65 72 73 69 6f 6e 3d	manifestVersion=
0015:eff4	27 31 2e 30 27 3e 0d 0a 20 20 3c 74 72 75 73 74	'1.0'>.. <trust
0015:f004	49 6e 66 6f 20 78 6d 6c 6e 73 3d 22 75 72 6e 3a	Info xmlns="urn:
0015:f014	73 63 68 65 6d 61 73 2d 6d 69 63 72 6f 73 6f 66	schemas-microsof
0015:f024	74 2d 63 6f 6d 3a 61 73 6d 2e 76 33 22 3e 0d 0a	t-com:asm.v3">..
0015:f034	20 20 20 20 3c 73 65 63 75 72 69 74 79 3e 0d 0a	<security>..
0015:f044	20 20 20 20 20 20 3c 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 65 64	<requested
0015:f054	50 72 69 76 69 6c 65 67 65 73 3e 0d 0a 20 20 20	Privileges>..
0015:f064	20 20 20 20 20 3c 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 65 64 45	<requestedE
0015:f074	78 65 63 75 74 69 6f 6e 4c 65 76 65 6c 20 6c 65	xecutionLevel le
0015:f084	76 65 6c 3d 27 61 73 49 6e 76 6f 6b 65 72 27 20	vel='asInvoker'
0015:f094	75 69 41 63 63 65 73 73 3d 27 66 61 6c 73 65 27	uiAccess='false'
0015:f0a4	20 2f 3e 0d 0a 20 20 20 20 20 20 3c 2f 72 65 71	/>.. </req
0015:f0b4	75 65 73 74 65 64 50 72 69 76 69 6c 65 67 65 73	uestedPrivileges
0015:f0c4	3e 0d 0a 20 20 20 20 3c 2f 73 65 63 75 72 69 74	>.. </securit
0015:f0d4	79 3e 0d 0a 20 20 3c 2f 74 72 75 73 74 49 6e 66	y>.. </trustInf
0015:f0e4	6f 3e 0d 0a 3c 2f 61 73 73 65 6d 62 6c 79 3e 0d	o>..</assembly>..
0015:f0f4	0a 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

[Unusual section permissions: 00569444, 00569461]
[.text Virtual Size:0001D1C0, Raw Size:0001D200
.rdata Virtual Size:0004E790, Raw Size:0004E800
.data Virtual Size:0000720C, Raw Size:00000800
_RDATA Virtual Size:000005E0, Raw Size:00000600
.rsrc Virtual Size:000F24F5, Raw Size:000F2600
.reloc Virtual Size:00002378, Raw Size:00002400]

String Analysis

Notable strings discovered: "This program cannot be run in DOS mode"

Analysis of string findings:[Writer of malware: Michael Galde, for University of Arizona CYBV454, various API calls for memory management]
[Suspicious patterns: the text section is packed]

Entropy Analysis

Overall entropy score: [7.17248]

Section-specific entropy:

[the text section has entropy of 6.68034, it is packed]

Packing analysis:

[Packed/Unpacked determination: the text section is packed]

[Packer identified: __GenericHeuristicAnalysis_By_DosX.7.sg]

[Unpacking methodology (if attempted): I did not attempt]

[Alternative unpacking approaches (if needed)]

3. Static Analysis Summary

Key findings from static analysis: Executable makes system inoperable.

Included Audio/visual component. Flagged as malicious by over half of the included vendors. Listings including Trojan | Malware | disk writer. killMBR suggests the virus affects the Master Boot Record.

[flagged by virustotal as malicious, packed text section suggests obfuscation]

[makes system inoperable by affecting master boot record]

[Packed, flagged by antivirus]

Dynamic Analysis

1. Analysis Environment

Environment Setup

Virtual Machine specifications:

[Microsoft Windows XP, Professional Version 2002 Service Pack 3]

[444MB RAM]

[No internet]

Monitoring tools deployed:

[ANYRUN]

[ANYRUN]

[ANYRUN]

Safety measures implemented:

[Network isolation: virtual machine is not connected to internet]

[Snapshot configuration: default cyberapolis Windows XP machine configuration]

[Additional protections: none]

2. Runtime Observations

Initial Execution:

"The task described in the provided JSON is the execution of a file named "Week1.exe" located in the "C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\" directory. The process tree shows that the file was executed by another process with the same name, which was located in the same directory. Legitimate programs may use temporary folders to store and execute files. In this case, the execution of the file "Week1.exe" from a temporary folder could be a legitimate action if it is part of a normal program's behavior." - from AnyRun

[Immediate system changes: Computer is inoperable, screen displays flashing colors and pixelated images, blue screen, icons floating all around screen]

[Process creation: svchost.exe, SIHClient.exe, backgroundTaskHost.exe]

[Network activity:

192.168.100.255 on port 138, 40.127.240.158 on port 443, 23.35.238.131 on

port 443, 2.17.190.73 on port 80]
[File system changes: other /
Creates files or folders in the user directory
operation:
CREATE device:
DISK_FILE_SYSTEM object:
FILE name:
C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Packages\MicrosoftWindows.Client.CBS_cw5n1
h2txyewy\AC\Microsoft\CryptnetUrlCache\Content\E2C6CBAF0AF08CF203BA74BF
0D0AB6D5_363582827213C09529A76F35FB615187
status:0x00000000
created:
CREATED
access:
READ_CONTROL, SYNCHRONIZE, FILE_READ_DATA, FILE_WRITE_DATA,
FILE_APPEND_DATA, FILE_READ_EA, FILE_WRITE_EA, FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES,
FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES
]

Continued Monitoring

[Persistent changes: files created]
[Scheduled tasks: none]
[Registry modifications: none noted in AnyRun]
[Additional payloads: none noted in AnyRun]

3. Post-Execution Analysis

System state changes:

[Permanent modifications: files created]
[Persistence mechanisms: unknown]
[Data exfiltration evidence: unknown]

Network activity summary:

[Connection attempts: 23 Connections (example: 192.168.100.255 on port 138,
40.127.240.158 on port 443, 23.35.238.131 on port 443, 2.17.190.73 on port
80)]

[Data transfers: no data transfers]

[Command & Control activity: hijack master boot record, takes over whole
system and renders computer inoperable]

Impact Analysis

1. User Impact Assessment

Home Users

[Potential impact: Causes changes to master boot record, creates files, makes
connections]

[Risk level: moderate]

[Data compromise potential: no data was compromised]

Business Users

[Operational impact: Loss of time it takes for program to run, possible
permanent damage]

[Data security concerns: data could be transferred through connections]

[Financial implications: could cause damage to systems]

Government Users

[Security implications: Takes time to run program, data can be transferred]

off via connections]

[Data sensitivity concerns: Data can be transferred off machine via connections]

[Operational disruption potential: could disrupt operations]

2. Mitigation Strategy

Immediate Response

[Initial containment steps: wait until program finishes, do fulls system wipe]

[System isolation procedures: turn off connection to internet]

[Data preservation methods: copy all data to backup]

Long-term Prevention

[Security control recommendations: only run malware on a virtual machine]

[Policy modifications: do not run this program unless it is in a virtual machine or sandbox]

[Training requirements: train employees not to run suspicious programs]

Conclusion

1. Analysis Reflection

[Summary of findings: The analyzed file is a PE32 executable compiled with Microsoft Visual C++, was flagged as malicious by 54 out of 72 vendors on VirusTotal.

It is classified as a Trojan (Win32 DiskWriter, KillMBR, ransomware). The malware is packed, with obfuscation in the .text section, and high entropy (7.17 overall). Dynamic analysis confirmed its destructive behavior, including rendering the system inoperable by altering the Master Boot Record (MBR). Displaying visuals and altering system states. Creating new files and attempting network connections.]

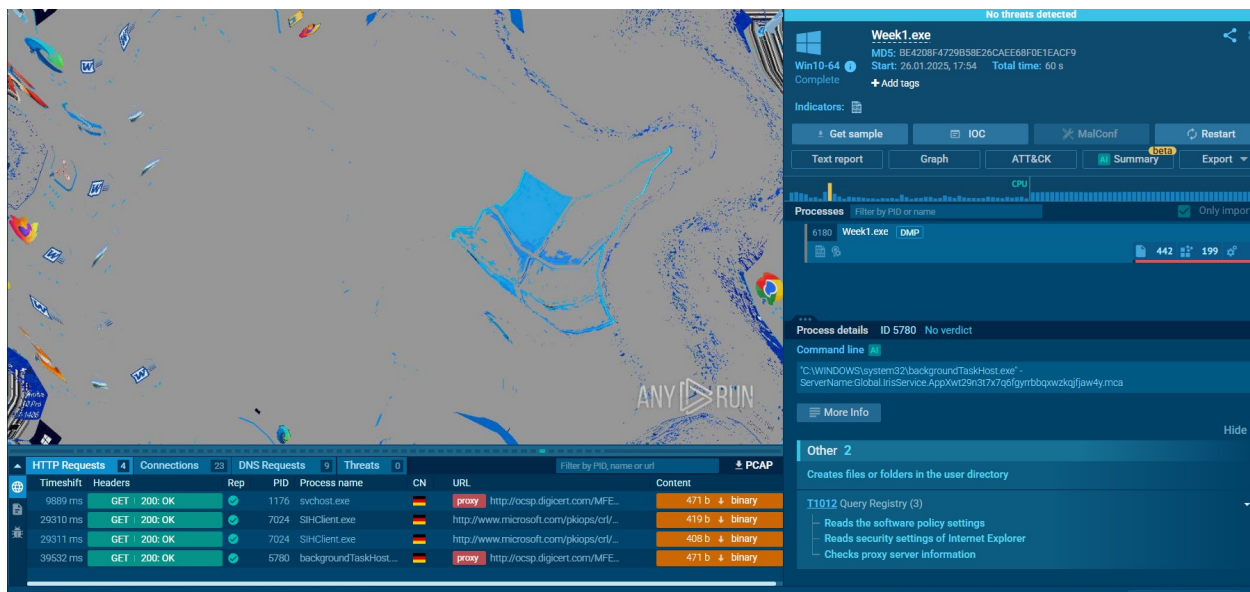
[Unusual characteristics: The malware contains metadata referencing "Spring 2025 CYBV 454 Lecture 1 Malware File" and a user (Michael Galde) at the University of Arizona, suggesting it was developed for academic purposes. Packed .text section and the presence of non-standard strings, such as Chinese characters in the .rsrc and _RDATA sections. Network activity involving multiple IPs and ports.]

[Learning outcomes: Understand the behavior and impact of master boot record-modifying malware. Understand the significance of packed sections and entropy in static analysis. Observe the impact of malicious software during dynamic analysis.]

[Additional research needed: Determine the purpose of the network connections made by the malware. Unpack code to analyze obfuscated code within the .text section.]

2. Evidence Documentation

[Screenshot descriptions and relevance:



]

[Tool output documentation: CFF Explorer, VirusTotal, Detect-It-Easy, AnyRun]

[Additional supporting materials]