1. Data Analyst

Technical Skills:

- Excel (Advanced): Pivot tables, formulas (VLOOKUP, INDEX-MATCH), macros.
- SQL: Joins (INNER, OUTER), GROUP BY, window functions (ROW_NUMBER, RANK), subqueries.
- Python or R (Optional but Preferred):
 - Python: pandas (dataframes, groupby), NumPy (arrays), matplotlib/seaborn (visualization).
 - R: dplyr, tidyr (tidy data), ggplot2 (visualizations).
- Visualization Platforms: Tableau or Power Bl—creating interactive dashboards, designing storyboards for reports.
- Statistics (Basic): Mean, median, mode, standard deviation, correlation, p-values, t-tests.

Soft Skills:

- Business communication (translating data insights into clear recommendations).
- Report writing (clarity, conciseness).
- Domain knowledge (e.g., finance, marketing, healthcare) to interpret data contextually.

2. Business Intelligence Developer

Technical Skills:

- SQL (Advanced): Performance tuning, indexing, stored procedures, data partitioning.
- ETL Tools: Informatica, Talend, Microsoft SSIS—designing data pipelines to move data from transactional databases to data warehouses.
- o BI Tools:
 - **Tableau:** Data sources, calculated fields, level-of-detail expressions, parameters.
 - Power BI: DAX (Data Analysis Expressions), Power Query (M language), dashboard design.

- Data Warehousing Concepts: Dimensional modeling (star/snowflake schemas), ETL vs ELT, OLAP cubes.
- Basic Scripting: Python or shell scripting to automate ETL tasks (optional but helpful).

- Stakeholder liaison (gathering reporting requirements).
- Visual design principles (choosing appropriate chart types, color theory for dashboards).
- o Analytical thinking (identifying key performance indicators and metrics).

3. Data Scientist

Technical Skills:

- o **Programming:** Python (primary) or R—writing clean, modular code.
 - Python libraries: pandas, NumPy, scikit-learn (for classical ML), matplotlib, seaborn, Plotly (visualization).
 - R libraries: caret, dplyr, ggplot2.

Machine Learning:

Supervised Learning:

- Regression (linear, polynomial, ridge, lasso).
- Classification (decision trees, random forests, gradient boosting like XGBoost, logistic regression, SVM).

Unsupervised Learning:

- Clustering (K-means, hierarchical).
- Dimensionality reduction (PCA, t-SNE).
- Model Evaluation: Cross-validation, confusion matrix, AUC-ROC, precision/recall, F1 score.

Deep Learning (Introductory):

 Familiarity with neural nets—TensorFlow/Keras or PyTorch for image/text tasks. Not mandatory but beneficial as a distinguishing skill.

Statistics & Math:

 Descriptive statistics, probability distributions (Gaussian, Poisson, etc.), hypothesis testing, Bayesian basics.

Data Wrangling:

- Handling missing values, outliers, categorical encoding, feature scaling/normalization.
- SQL/NoSQL: Extracting data from relational or document databases (MongoDB) for analysis.

Basic Deployment:

- Packaging models (pickle/ONNX), building a REST API (Flask, FastAPI) to serve model predictions.
- Version Control: Git for code collaboration.

Soft Skills:

- Storytelling with data (creating narratives around findings).
- Collaboration (working with domain experts to understand business context).
- Experimentation mindset (A/B testing, iterative model improvement).

4. Machine Learning Engineer

• Technical Skills:

- Strong Programming (Python): Writing reusable, production-grade code (PEP8, modular design).
- Deep Learning Frameworks:
 - TensorFlow (Keras API, TensorFlow Hub, TFX).
 - PyTorch (nn.Module, DataLoader, training loops).

Model Serving & Deployment:

- TensorFlow Serving, TorchServe, ONNX runtime.
- Build RESTful endpoints (Flask, FastAPI) that load a serialized model (SavedModel, .pt) and return predictions.
- Containerization: Docker (writing Dockerfiles, managing images).
- Kubernetes fundamentals: Deploying pods/services, creating Helm charts for model rollout.

o MLOps Tools:

- CI/CD pipelines (GitHub Actions, Jenkins) for automated training and deployment.
- Experiment tracking: MLflow, Weights & Biases, TensorBoard.

Cloud Platform Experience:

- AWS SageMaker (training jobs, model hosting).
- GCP AI Platform (training, hyperparameter tuning).

Azure ML (workspace, experiments, pipelines).

Data Engineering Basics:

- Working with large datasets: Spark (PySpark), Dask.
- Data storage: S3, GCS, HDFS.

Optimization & Scaling:

- Profiling code (cProfile), debugging GPU performance (NVIDIA Nsight).
- Techniques like mixed-precision training, model quantization for lower-latency inference.

Soft Skills:

- Problem-solving (adapting models to resource constraints, latency/throughput goals).
- Cross-functional collaboration (syncing with data engineers, DevOps, and frontend/backend teams).
- Documentation (maintaining model cards, architecture diagrams, runbooks).

5. Data Engineer

Technical Skills:

 SQL Mastery: Complex joins, window functions, performance tuning (indices, partition pruning).

Big Data Ecosystem:

- Apache Hadoop (HDFS, MapReduce paradigm).
- Apache Spark (RDD vs. DataFrame APIs, PySpark).
- Kafka (real-time streaming, producers/consumers, partitioning).

Data Warehouse Technologies:

 Amazon Redshift, Google BigQuery, Azure Synapse, Snowflake defining schemas, partitioning, optimizing queries.

ETL/ELT Tools & Orchestration:

- Apache Airflow (DAGs, operators, scheduling).
- AWS Glue, Azure Data Factory.
- Python or Scala for custom ETL scripts.

Cloud Infrastructure:

 AWS (S3 for storage, EMR for Spark clusters), GCP (Cloud Storage, Dataproc), Azure (Blob Storage, Databricks).

- Version Control & CI/CD: Git, GitLab CI or Jenkins for data pipeline workflows.
- Data Modeling: Star schema, snowflake schema, normalized vs. denormalized designs.

- o Communication (understanding data requirements from analytics teams).
- Attention to detail (ensuring data quality, handling edge cases).
- o Troubleshooting (debugging broken pipelines, data inconsistencies).

6. MLOps Engineer

Technical Skills:

Containerization & Orchestration:

- Docker: building images, multi-stage builds for small-sized containers.
- Kubernetes: pods, services, deployments, autoscaling, ConfigMaps.

O CI/CD for ML:

- GitHub/GitLab Actions or Jenkins: writing pipelines that automatically train and deploy models when new data arrives or code is updated.
- Automated testing: unit tests for data preprocessing functions, model evaluation tests.

Pipeline Orchestration:

- Kubeflow Pipelines, MLflow Projects/Models or TFX (TensorFlow Extended) pipelines.
- Scheduling and dependencies (ensuring training jobs, preprocessing, and testing happen in the correct order).

Monitoring & Logging:

- Prometheus/Grafana dashboards for system health and model performance metrics (accuracy drift, input data distribution changes).
- ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana) or Splunk for log aggregation.

Infrastructure as Code (IaC):

- Terraform: defining cloud resources (EKS clusters, IAM roles) as code.
- CloudFormation (AWS) or ARM templates (Azure).

- Cloud Services (Any One or Multiple): AWS (SageMaker, EKS, Lambda),
 GCP (AI Platform, GKE), Azure (ML Pipelines, AKS).
- Security & Compliance: Container scanning (Clair, Trivy), ensuring data encryption at rest/in transit, role-based access control.

- Collaboration (bridge between data scientists and DevOps).
- Systems thinking (understanding how data flows from ingestion to production inference).
- Documentation (write runbooks, alert thresholds, rollback procedures).

7. Deep Learning Engineer / Research Engineer

Technical Skills:

Neural Network Architectures:

- CNN architectures: AlexNet, VGG, ResNet, EfficientNet for vision tasks.
- RNNs/LSTMs/GRUs for sequences (speech, text, time series).
- Transformers (attention mechanism, encoder-decoder, selfattention)—BERT, GPT variants, Vision Transformers (ViT).

DL Framework Mastery:

- PyTorch: building custom nn.Module classes, DataLoader for batching, training loops, mixed-precision training (torch.cuda.amp).
- TensorFlow/Keras: tf.data pipelines, subclassing Model/Layer classes, callbacks, TPU support.

Advanced Topics:

- Transfer learning (fine-tuning pretrained models).
- Data augmentation techniques (CutMix, MixUp, random erasing).
- Generative models (VAEs, GANs—DCGAN, StyleGAN, CycleGAN) if in GenAl territory.

Mathematical Foundations:

 Linear algebra (vectors, matrices, eigenvalues), calculus (chain rule, gradient descent), probability (bayesian inference, KL divergence).

GPU/Distributed Training:

- Using multiple GPUs: DataParallel (PyTorch), MirroredStrategy (TensorFlow).
- Distributed frameworks: Horovod, DeepSpeed, PyTorch Lightning.

Experiment Tracking & Hyperparameter Tuning:

- Tools like Weights & Biases, MLflow, or TensorBoard for recording metrics, visualizing loss curves, and comparing runs.
- Automated hyperparameter search: Optuna, Ray Tune, Hyperopt.

Soft Skills:

- o Research mindset (reading and implementing new papers).
- o Analytical skills (diagnose vanishing gradients, overfitting, underfitting).
- Collaboration (often part of larger R&D teams, pair with other researchers/engineers).

8. NLP Engineer

Technical Skills:

Text Preprocessing:

- Tokenization (WordPiece, SentencePiece), stemming/lemmatization, removing stop words, handling misspellings.
- Working with unstructured text: cleaning HTML, parsing PDFs, OCR text extraction.

Embeddings & Language Models:

- Word embeddings: Word2Vec, GloVe, FastText (training vs. using pretrained).
- Contextual embeddings: BERT, RoBERTa, GPT, XLNet (fine-tuning for downstream tasks).
- Sequence labeling (NER), dependency parsing, part-of-speech tagging (spaCy, Stanza).

Advanced Architectures:

- Transformer APIs (Hugging Face Transformers: pipelines, Trainer class, tokenizers).
- Implementing custom transformer blocks (e.g., modifying attention heads, positional encodings).

Model Serving for NLP:

 Packaging NLP pipelines into production services (Flask/ FastAPI + Uvicorn/Gunicorn), optimizing inference speed (ONNX, TensorRT).

Evaluation Metrics:

 BLEU, ROUGE, METEOR for text generation; F1 score, precision/recall for classification; perplexity for language models.

- Speech/NLP Integration: (Optional, for speech-based products)
 - ASR (Automatic Speech Recognition) frameworks (DeepSpeech, wav2vec), TTS (Text-to-Speech) frameworks.

- o Linguistic intuition (understanding context, polysemy, sarcasm).
- o Critical thinking (assessing model biases in language, cultural nuances).
- Collaboration with domain experts (legal, medical) to tailor NLP solutions.

9. Computer Vision Engineer

Technical Skills:

- Image Preprocessing & Augmentation:
 - OpenCV (image resizing, cropping, thresholding), Pillow (basic PIL operations).
 - Advanced augmentations (Albumentations): random flips, color jitter, random crops, geometric transforms.

Vision Architectures:

- CNNs: building blocks (convolutional layers, pooling, batch normalization).
- Detection models: YOLOv3/v4/v5, Faster R-CNN, SSD—customizing anchor boxes, training on COCO or VOC datasets.
- Segmentation: U-Net, DeepLab, Mask R-CNN; understanding pixel-level annotation, IoU metrics.

Frameworks & Tools:

- PyTorch/TensorFlow for model building.
- Detectron2 (Facebook's library for object detection), MMDetection (OpenMMLab).

Deployment:

- Converting models to TorchScript, TensorRT for edge devices (Jetson Nano, NVIDIA Xavier).
- Building real-time inference pipelines (OpenCV + C++ or Python streaming).

Evaluation Metrics:

 mAP (mean Average Precision) for object detection, Dice coefficient for segmentation, PSNR/SSIM for image quality tasks.

Soft Skills:

- Attention to detail (labeling bounding boxes precisely).
- Creative problem-solving (devising augmentation strategies when data is limited).
- Collaboration with hardware engineers (integrating models into cameras, drones, robotics).

10. Prompt Engineer

Technical Skills:

- Deep Familiarity with LLMs & APIs:
 - OpenAl's API (usage of completions, chat completions endpoints).
 - Azure OpenAI, Anthropic Claude API—knowing version differences (GPT-3.5 vs GPT-4 Turbo vs GPT-4o, Claude 2).

Prompt Crafting Techniques:

- Chain-of-Thought prompting, few-shot prompting, zero-shot prompting.
- "Prompt injection" defense (ensuring safety and robustness).

Scripting Automation:

- Python scripts (requests or official SDKs) to automatically send batches of prompts, parse JSON responses, and post-process outputs.
- Using LangChain or LlamaIndex to build retrieval-augmented generation (RAG) pipelines that combine vector search with LLM prompts.

Basic NLP Understanding:

 Knowing tokenization (Byte-Pair Encoding, SentencePiece) to estimate token counts and reduce costs.

Domain-Specific Fine-Tuning/Adapters:

If a project requires fine-tuning on domain text (legal, medical), understanding how to prepare data and run fine-tuning jobs (e.g., OpenAl fine-tuning vs. LoRA on Hugging Face).

Soft Skills:

- Strong written communication (clear, unambiguous prompts).
- Analytical mindset to evaluate model outputs (detect hallucinations, measure relevance).
- Domain knowledge to craft prompts that suit specific industries (e.g., finance, healthcare).

11. Generative Al Researcher / Architect

Technical Skills:

Mathematical Foundations (Advanced):

 Deep understanding of probability (Bayesian inference), information theory (KL divergence, cross-entropy), optimization (SGD variants, Adam, RMSprop).

Generative Architectures:

- GANs: understanding generator/discriminator training dynamics, stabilizing techniques (Wasserstein GAN, gradient penalty).
- VAEs: implementing encoder/decoder, KL loss.
- Diffusion Models: math behind forward diffusion (Markov chain), reverse denoising process, training from scratch.
- Large-scale Transformers: custom attention mechanisms, memory optimization, sparsity.

Distributed & Scalable Training:

- Multi-GPU (DataParallel, DistributedDataParallel in PyTorch).
- Custom sharding strategies (tensor parallelism, pipeline parallelism) for extremely large models.
- Frameworks: DeepSpeed, FairScale, Megatron-LM.

Performance Profiling & Optimization:

- Using NVIDIA Nsight, PyTorch Profiler, or TensorBoard Profiler to locate bottlenecks.
- Quantization-aware training, pruning, knowledge distillation to compress models.

Research Workflow:

- Versioning experiments (Git + DVC), logging metrics, reproducibility (Docker or Conda environments).
- Familiarity with GPU clusters or TPUs (e.g., Google Cloud TPU v3/v4).

- Intellectual curiosity (keeping up with ArXiv, participating in ML/AI conferences—NeurIPS, ICML, CVPR).
- o Collaborative research (writing or co-authoring papers, peer reviewing).
- o Mentoring junior researchers, guiding research direction.

12. Al Product Manager

Technical Skills (Moderate Coding/Technical Literacy):

- Product Frameworks: Agile/Scrum (user stories, sprints, backlog grooming).
- Basic Data Literacy: Understanding A/B testing design, interpreting key metrics (conversion rate, uplift), backlog prioritization based on ML feasibility.
- High-Level ML Pipeline Understanding: Data needs (volume, variety),
 model life cycle (train → validate → deploy → monitor).
- Stakeholder Tools: Jira or Asana for project tracking, Confluence or Notion for documentation.

Business/Domain Skills:

- Market research (Kano model for feature prioritization), competitive analysis for similar AI products, ROI forecasting.
- o Pricing strategies, go-to-market planning for Al-based features.

Soft Skills:

- Leadership (coordinating cross-functional teams: engineering, design, marketing).
- o Communication (translating technical trade-offs to business stakeholders).
- Negotiation (allocating resources, scope-management).