

ZNZ HS16 Introduction to Neuroscience I Fall 2016

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The Summary of the lectures in 2016

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Repository page:

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Human & Comparative Neuroanatomy

Human Neuroanatomy

Nervous system

The nervous system is divided in two parts: the Central Nervous System (CNS) and the Peripheral Nervous System (PNS).

• CNS

Brain

Spinal Cord

PNS

Somatic and autonomic nervous system

Both system contains gray and white matter. In the PNS the gray matter contains **ganglia**: collection of neuron cell bodies -, the white matter contains **nerves**: bundles of axons. In the CNS the gray matter is divided in:

- Neural cortex gray matter on the surface of the brain
- Nuclei collection of neuron cell bodies in the interior of CNS
- Centers collection of neuron cell bodies in CNS, each center has specific processing functions
- High centers the most complex centers in brain.

The white matter in CNS is divided in two parts: the tracts: bundle of CNS axons that share a common origin and destination -, and the columns: several tracts that form an anatomically distinct mass

The centers and tracts that connect the brain with other organs and system in the body are called **pathways**. The ascending (sensory) pathway is called afferent. The descending (motor) pathway is called efferent.

Figure 1 shows some views of the brain.

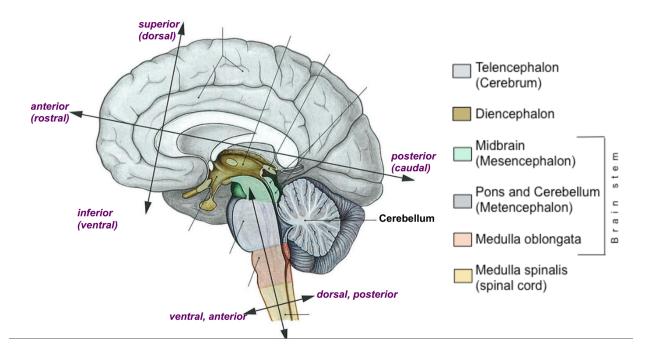


Figure 1: Views of the Brain

Comparative Neuroanatomy

Molecular & Cellular Neuroscience

Building a central nervous system

Excitability

Glia and more

Synapses

Systems Neuroscience

Somatosensory and Motor Systems

Visual System

Auditory & Vestibular System

Circuits underlying Emotion

Learning in artificial and biological neural networks

References

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