

# 智能系统与控制

## 树莓派：红外接收



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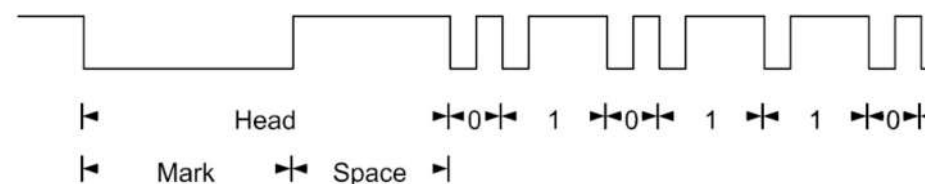
# 红外收发基本原理



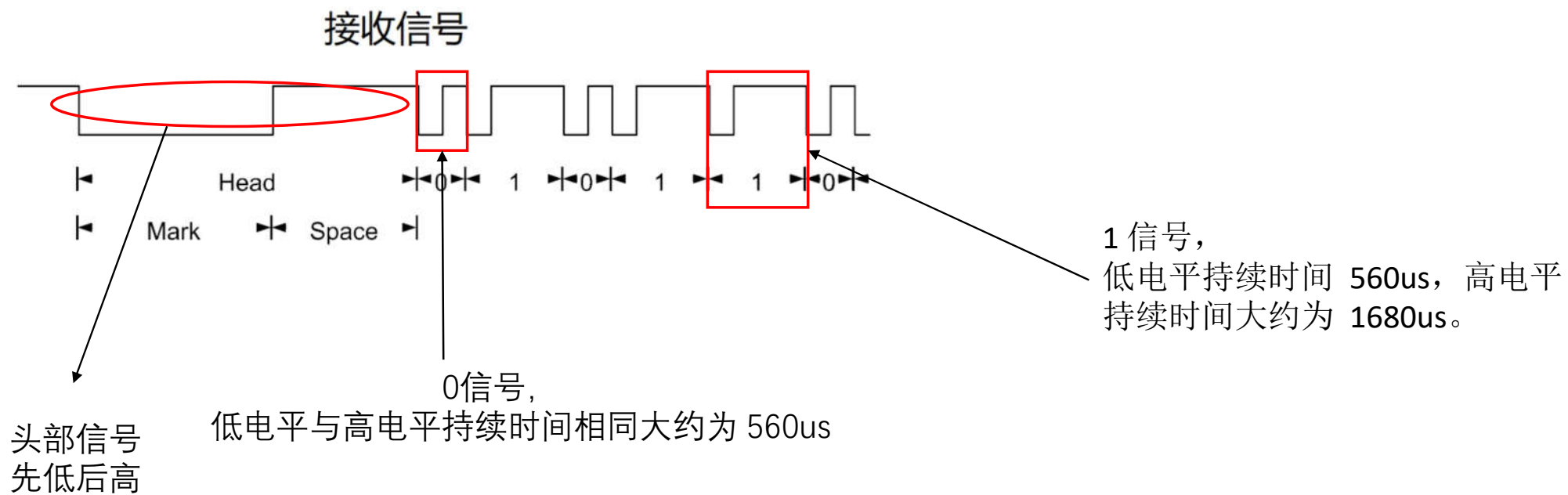
红外遥控器的顶端有一个红外发射头，当有按键按下时，遥控器内部的编码器就会发射一串这个按键所特有的二进制的 0,1 编码，这些编码经过 38k 载波的调制后通过红外发射头发射出去，



接收信号

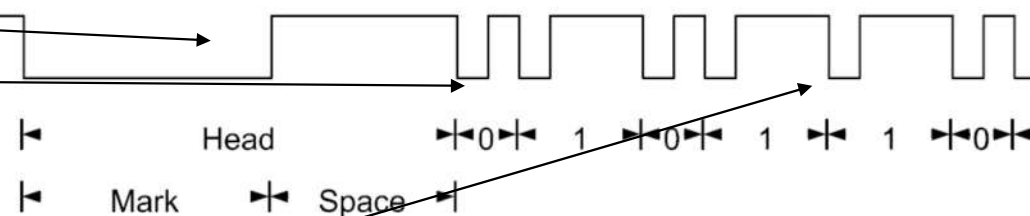


红外接模块的主要部件是一个**黑色的红外接收头**。它是一个 IC 化红外线受光元件。内部电路包括红外监测二极管，放大器，限幅器，带通滤波器，积分电路，比较器等，通过它可以将接受的红外信号滤波整形，提取包络，最终在它的信号输出引脚 DO 处



```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ mode2 -d /dev/lirc0
Using driver default on device /dev/lirc0
Trying device: /dev/lirc0
Using device: /dev/lirc0
pulse 9082
space 4466
pulse 609
space 548
pulse 610
space 548
pulse 609
space 549
pulse 610
space 548
pulse 610
space 548
pulse 610
space 548
pulse 610
space 548
pulse 609
space 550
pulse 611
space 1626
pulse 609
space 1626
pulse 610
space 1627
pulse 610
space 1627
pulse 611
space 1629
pulse 607
space 1627
pulse 610
space 1627
pulse 611
space 1626
```

接收信号



每次按键发送32位码

```
pulse 609
space 548
pulse 610
space 1628
pulse 609
space 1627
pulse 610
space 1626
pulse 610
space 39425
pulse 9086
space 2206
pulse 584
timeout 132926
```

结束

## 代码实现

RGB\_LED :    R -- G18  
               G -- G19  
               B -- G20

IR :            D0 -- G17

Buzzer:        G27

DHT11 : G16

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
from pin_dic import pin_dic
import time
from test_pwm_led import RGB_LED
from test_pwm_buzzer_song import Buzzer_Song
from test_DHT11 import DHT11
import lirc

if __name__ == "__main__":

    GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)

    # LED 小灯
    pin_R = pin_dic['G18']
    pin_G = pin_dic['G19']
    pin_B = pin_dic['G20']

    # 蜂鸣器
    pin_buzzer = pin_dic['G27']

    # DHT11
    pin_DHT11 = pin_dic['G16']

    # 测试小灯
    m_RGB_LED = RGB_LED(pin_R, pin_G, pin_B)

    # 测试蜂鸣器
    m_buzzer_song = Buzzer_Song(pin_buzzer, 0.3)

    notes = ['cm1', 'cm1', 'cm1', 'c15', 'cm3', 'cm3', 'cm3', 'cm1',
             'cm1', 'cm3', 'cm5', 'cm5', 'cm4', 'cm3', 'cm2', 'cm2',
             'cm3', 'cm4', 'cm4', 'cm3', 'cm3', 'cm2', 'cm3', 'cm1', 'cm1',
             'cm3', 'cm2', 'c15', 'c17', 'cm2', 'cm1']

    beats = [1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2,
             1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3, 1,
             1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1,
             1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3]

    # 测试DHT11
    m_DHT11 = DHT11(pin_DHT11)
```

```
sockid = lirc.init("test_yu", "lircrc", blocking=False)
```

```
try:
    while True:

        code_ir = lirc.nextcode()

        if code_ir == [u'red']:
            print("红灯")
            m_RGB_LED.setColor((255,0,0))

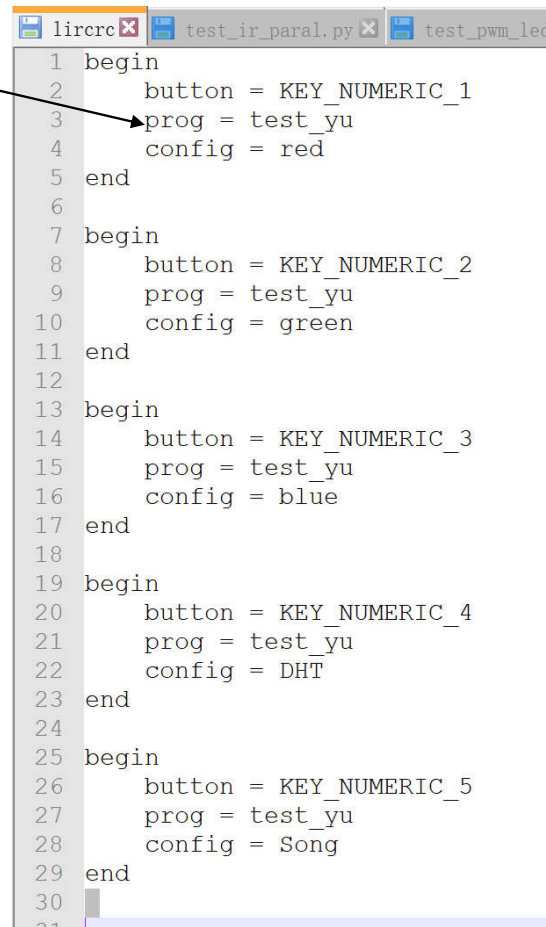
        elif code_ir == [u'green']:
            print("绿灯")
            m_RGB_LED.setColor((0,255,0))

        elif code_ir == [u'blue']:
            print("蓝灯")
            m_RGB_LED.setColor((0,0,255))

        elif code_ir == [u'DHT']:
            flag, result = m_DHT11.read_DHT()

            if flag:
                print("温度: %-3.1f C\n" % result[0])
                print("湿度: %-3.1f %% \n" % result[1])
            else:
                print("ERROR")

        elif code_ir == [u'Song']:
            m_buzzer_song.play_song(notes,beats)
        # else:
        #     print("key %s not find"%(code_ir))
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print('\n Ctrl + C QUIT')
finally:
    lirc.deinit()
    GPIO.cleanup()
```



```
1 begin
2     button = KEY_NUMERIC_1
3     prog = test_yu
4     config = red
5 end
6
7 begin
8     button = KEY_NUMERIC_2
9     prog = test_yu
10    config = green
11 end
12
13 begin
14     button = KEY_NUMERIC_3
15     prog = test_yu
16     config = blue
17 end
18
19 begin
20     button = KEY_NUMERIC_4
21     prog = test_yu
22     config = DHT
23 end
24
25 begin
26     button = KEY_NUMERIC_5
27     prog = test_yu
28     config = Song
29 end
30
```

## 红外按键+多任务处理

任务1： 利用RGB-LED，循环显示不同的颜色

按键1 开始/停止

按键2 暂停/回复

任务2： 利用蜂鸣器，循环演奏音乐

按键3 开始/停止

按键4 暂停/回复

任务3： 利用DHT11，显示温度  
和湿度

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
from pin_dic import pin_dic
import time
from test_DHT11 import DHT11
import lirc
import threading
```

```
class Runing_LED(threading.Thread):
    def __init__(self, pins, colors):
        super(Runing_LED, self).__init__()

        self.pins = pins
        self.colors = colors
        self.f_running = False
        self.f_pause = False

    def dostart(self):
        for pin in self.pins:
            GPIO.setup(pin, GPIO.OUT)
            GPIO.output(pin, GPIO.LOW)

            # 设置三个引脚为pwm对象，频率2000
            self.pwm_R = GPIO.PWM(self.pins[0], 2000)
            self.pwm_G = GPIO.PWM(self.pins[1], 2000)
            self.pwm_B = GPIO.PWM(self.pins[2], 2000)

            # 初始占空比为0
            self.pwm_R.start(0)
            self.pwm_G.start(0)
            self.pwm_B.start(0)
```

构造一个  
线程对象

```

def doston(self):
    self.pwm_R.stop()
    self.pwm_G.stop()
    self.pwm_B.stop()
    for pin in self.pins:
        GPIO.output(pin, GPIO.HIGH)

def color2ratio(self,x,min_color,max_color,min_ratio,max_ratio):
    return (x - min_color) * (max_ratio - min_ratio) / (max_color - min_color) + min_ratio

def setColor(self,col):
    R_val,G_val,B_val = col

    R =self.color2ratio(R_val, 0, 255, 0, 100)
    G =self.color2ratio(G_val, 0, 255, 0, 100)
    B =self.color2ratio(B_val, 0, 255, 0, 100)

    # 改变占空比
    self.pwm_R.ChangeDutyCycle(R)
    self.pwm_G.ChangeDutyCycle(G)
    self.pwm_B.ChangeDutyCycle(B)

def stop(self):
    self.f_running = False

def pause(self):
    self.f_pause = True

def resume(self):
    self.f_pause = False
  
```

**def run(self):**

```

self.doston()
self.f_running = True

while True:
    for col in self.colors:

        if not self.f_running:
            self.doston()
            self.f_running = False
            return

        while self.f_pause:
            if not self.f_running:
                self.doston()
                return
            else:
                pass

        # 设置颜色
        self.setColor(col)
        # 延时
        time.sleep(1)
  
```

判断  
是否  
结束

线程对象  
中必须写入  
的函数  
用来负责  
线程启动  
后执行的程序

判断是否  
暂停



```

class Runing_Song(threading.Thread):
    def __init__(self, pin, notes, beats):
        super(Runing_Song, self).__init__()

        # 设置蜂鸣器引脚模式
        self.pin_buzzer = pin
        GPIO.setup(self.pin_buzzer, GPIO.OUT)

        self.note2freq = {"cl1":131, "cl2":147, 'cl3':165, "cl4":175, "cl5":196, "cl6":211, "cl7":248,
                          "cm1":262, "cm2":294, 'cm3':330, "cm4":350, "cm5":393, "cm6":441, "cm7":495,
                          "ch1":525, "ch2":589, 'ch3':661, "ch4":700, "ch5":786, "ch6":882, "ch7":990
                          }

        self.delay_beat = 0.3

        self.f_running = False
        self.f_pause = False

    def __dostart__(self):
        # 创建PWM对象 初始频率 440 占空比 50%
        self.Buzzer = GPIO.PWM( pin_buzzer , 440)
        self.Buzzer.start(50)

    def __dostop__(self):
        self.Buzzer.stop()
        GPIO.output(self.pin_buzzer, GPIO.LOW)

    def stop(self):
        self.f_running = False

    def pause(self):
        self.f_pause = True

    def resume(self):
        self.f_pause = False

    def run(self):
        self.dostart()
        self.f_running = True

        while True:
            for note, beat in zip(notes, beats):

                if not self.f_running:
                    self.dostop()
                    self.f_running = False
                    return

                while self.f_pause:
                    if not self.f_running:
                        self.dostop()
                        return
                    else:
                        self.Buzzer.ChangeFrequency(0.1)
                        time.sleep(0.1)

                self.Buzzer.ChangeFrequency(self.note2freq[note])
                time.sleep(self.delay_beat*beat)

```

```

if __name__ == "__main__":

    GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)

    # LED 小灯
    pin_R = pin_dic['G18']
    pin_G = pin_dic['G19']
    pin_B = pin_dic['G20']

    # runing 小灯
    # 定义显示的颜色
    colors = [(255,0,0),(0,255,0),(0,0,255),(255,255,0),(0,197,204),(192,255,62),(148,0,211),(118,238,200)];
    pins_LED = [pin_R,pin_G,pin_B]
    m_runing_LED = Runing_LED(pins_LED,colors)
    m_runing_LED.setDaemon(True)
    flag_first_run_LED = True

    # 测试蜂鸣器
    pin_buzzer = pin_dic['G27']

    notes = ['cm1', 'cm1', 'cm1', 'cl5', 'cm3', 'cm3', 'cm3', 'cm1',
             'cm1', 'cm3', 'cm5', 'cm5', 'cm4', 'cm3', 'cm2', 'cm2',
             'cm3', 'cm4', 'cm4', 'cm3', 'cm2', 'cm3', 'cm1', 'cm1',
             'cm3', 'cm2', 'cl5', 'cl7', 'cm2', 'cm1']
    beats = [1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2,
             1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3, 1,
             1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1,
             1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3]

    flag_first_run_Song = True
    m_runing_song = Runing_Song(pin_buzzer,notes,beats)
    m_runing_song.setDaemon(True)

    # 测试DHT11
    pin_DHT11 = pin_dic['G16']
    m_DHT11 = DHT11(pin_DHT11)
  
```



定义线程对象

主线程退出，子线程也退出

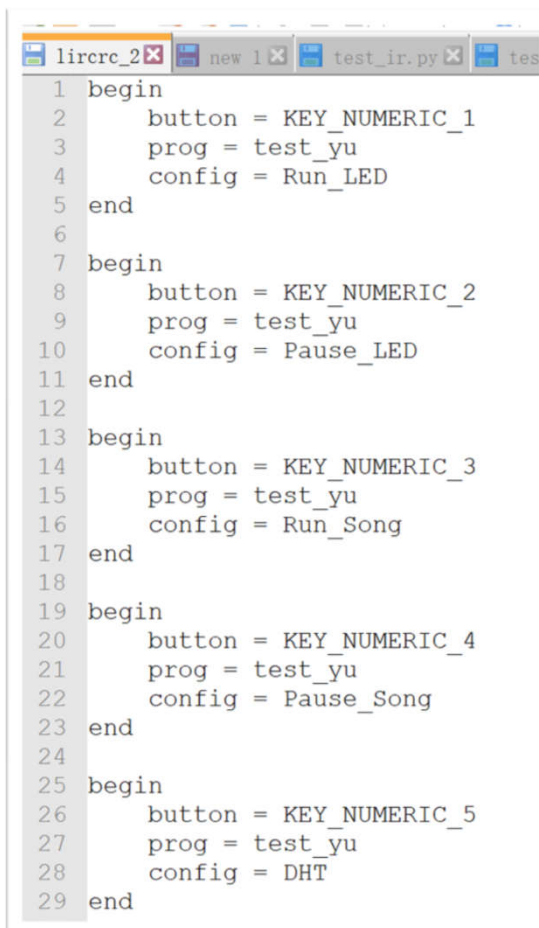
```
# 红外接收器初始化
sockid = lirc.init("test_yu", "lircrc_2", blocking=False)
```

```
try:
    while True:

        code_ir = lirc.nextcode()

        if code_ir == [u'DHT']:
            flag, result = m_DHT11.read_DHT()

            if flag:
                print("温度: %-3.1f C\n" % result[0])
                print("湿度: %-3.1f %% \n" % result[1])
            else:
                print("ERROR")
```



```
1 begin
2     button = KEY_NUMERIC_1
3     prog = test_yu
4     config = Run_LED
5 end
6
7 begin
8     button = KEY_NUMERIC_2
9     prog = test_yu
10    config = Pause_LED
11 end
12
13 begin
14     button = KEY_NUMERIC_3
15     prog = test_yu
16     config = Run_Song
17 end
18
19 begin
20     button = KEY_NUMERIC_4
21     prog = test_yu
22     config = Pause_Song
23 end
24
25 begin
26     button = KEY_NUMERIC_5
27     prog = test_yu
28     config = DHT
29 end
```

```
elif code_ir == [u'Run_LED']:
```

```
    if m_runing_LED.f_running:
        print("stop runing LED")
        m_runing_LED.stop()
```

```
    else:
        print("start runing LED")
```

```
        if flag_first_run_LED:
            m_runing_LED.start()
            flag_first_run_LED = False
```

```
        else:
            m_runing_LED = Runing_LED(pins_LED, colors)
            m_runing_LED.setDaemon(True)
            m_runing_LED.start()
```

首次  
启动

再次启动  
重定义  
线程

```
elif code_ir == [u'Pause_LED']:
```

```
    if m_runing_LED.f_pause:
        print("Resume Runing LED")
        m_runing_LED.resume()
```

```
    else:
        print("Pause Runing LED")
        m_runing_LED.pause()
```



```
elif code_ir == [u'Run_Song']:
```

```
    if m_runing_song.f_running:
        print("stop Song")
        m_runing_song.stop()
```

```
    else:
        print("start Song")
        if flag_first_run_Song:
            m_runing_song.start()
            flag_first_run_Song = False
```

```
        else:
            m_runing_song = Runing_Song(pin_buzzer, notes, beats)
            m_runing_song.setDaemon(True)
            m_runing_song.start()
```

```
elif code_ir == [u'Pause_Song']:
```

```
    if m_runing_song.f_pause:
        print("Resume Song")
        m_runing_song.resume()
```

```
    else:
        print("Pause Song")
        m_runing_song.pause()
```

```
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print('\n Ctrl + C QUIT')
finally:
    lirc.deinit()
    GPIO.cleanup()
```