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### Error Analysis

# Carrying out error analysis

#### Look at dev examples to evaluate ideas





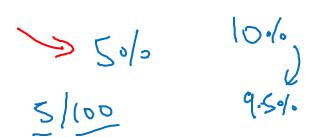
> 10% occuraç

Should you try to make your cat classifier do better on dogs?

Error analysis:



- 5 Get ~100 mislabeled dev set examples.
- · Count up how many are dogs.





#### Evaluate multiple ideas in parallel

Ideas for cat detection:

- Fix pictures of dogs being recognized as cats <-
- Fix great cats (lions, panthers, etc..) being misrecognized <

• Improve performance on blurry images —

Image	Dog	Great Cats	Plury	Instagram	Comments
1	<b>/</b>			✓	Pitbull
2			<b>/</b>	V	
3		$\checkmark$	<b>V</b>		Rainy day at 200
:	:	· · · /	;	K	
% of total	8 %	(430/2)	6/º/0	12%	
		<b>~</b>	<b>←</b>	_	



### Error Analysis

# Cleaning up Incorrectly labeled data

#### Incorrectly labeled examples



DL algorithms are quite robust to random errors in the training set.

Systematic errors

Andrew Ng

#### Error analysis



•	Image	Dog	Great Cat	Blurry	Incorrectly labeled	Comments				
$\uparrow$	•••									
	98				$\checkmark$	Labeler missed cat in background	$\leftarrow$			
	99		✓							
$\bigcup$	100				$\bigcirc$	Drawing of a cat; Not a real cat.	$\leftarrow$			
	% of total	8%	43%	$\underline{61\%}$	6%	V				
Overall dev set error 2%										
Errors due incorrect labels 0.6°/.   6.6°/.										
Errors due to other causes 9.4%   1.4%										
				1		2.10/0	1.9./6			

Goal of dev set is to help you select between two classifiers A & B.

#### Correcting incorrect dev/test set examples

- Apply same process to your dev and test sets to make sure they continue to come from the same distribution
- Consider examining examples your algorithm got right as well as ones it got wrong. (2)
- Train and dev/test data may now come from slightly different distributions.



### Error Analysis

Build your first system quickly, then iterate

#### Speech recognition example



- → Noisy background
  - Café noise
  - → Car noise
- Accent Guideline:

Young Build your first Stutter system quickly, then iterate

- → Set up dev/test set and metric
  - Build initial system quickly
  - Use Bias/Variance analysis & Error analysis to prioritize next steps.



### Mismatched training and dev/test data

Training and testing on different distributions

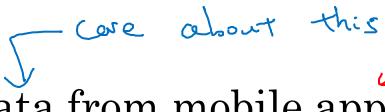
### Cat app example

#### Data from webpages









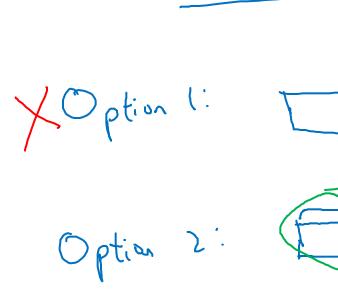
Data from mobile app





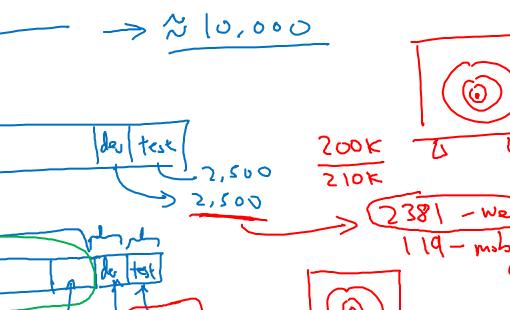








(mr. 792,000



Andrew Ng

#### Speech recognition example





#### **Training**

Purchased data ×y

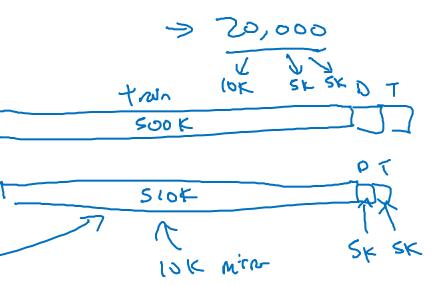
Smart speaker control

Voice keyboard

... 500,000 utbrances

#### Dev/test

Speech activated rearview mirror





deeplearning.ai

### Mismatched training and dev/test data

Bias and Variance with mismatched data distributions

#### Cat classifier example

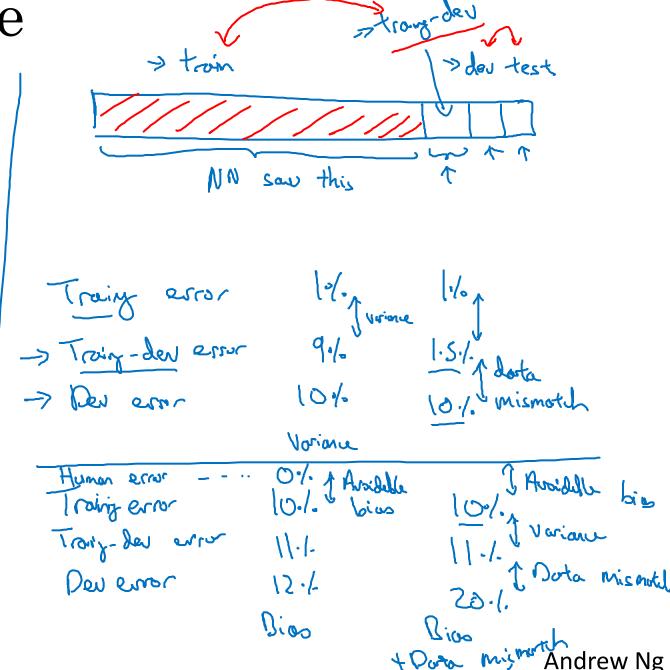
Assume humans get  $\approx 0\%$  error.

Training error

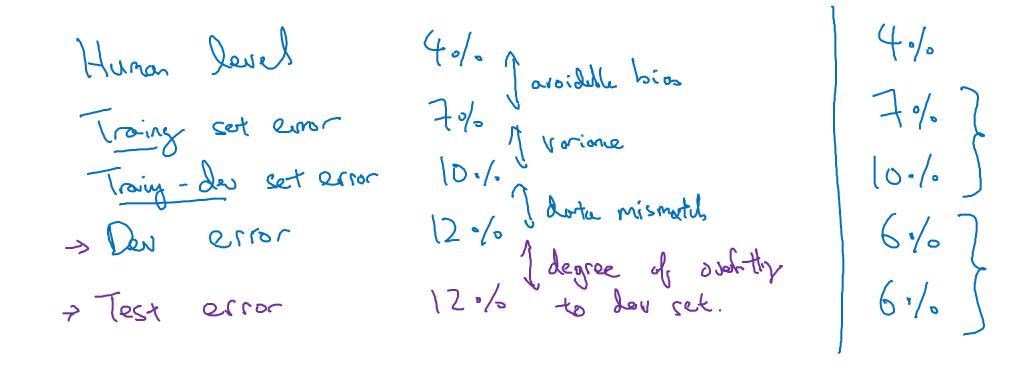
Dev error

10%

Training-dev set: Same distribution as training set, but not used for training

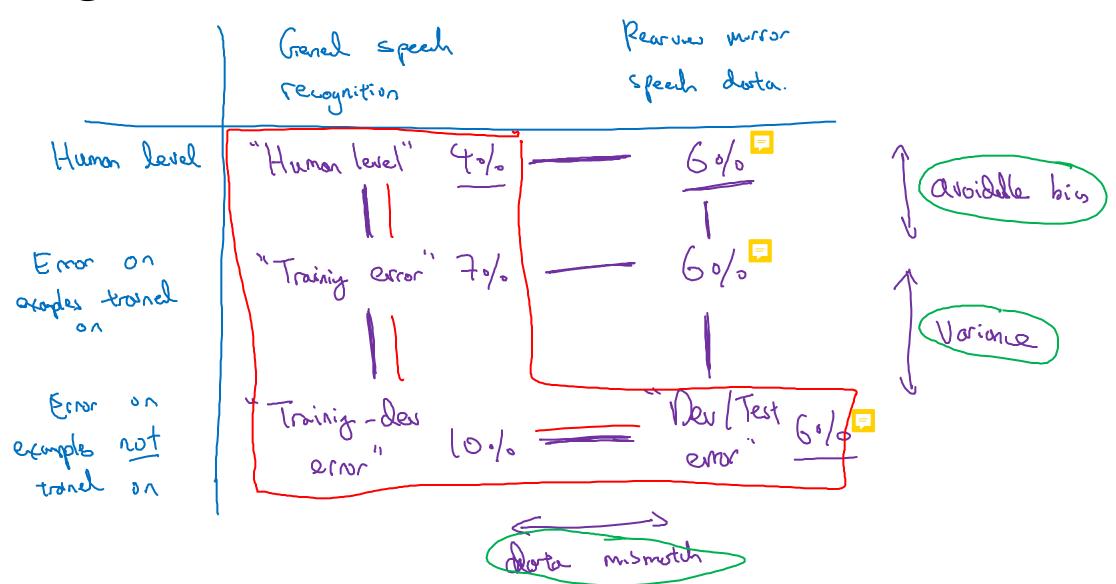


### Bias/variance on mismatched training and dev/test sets



#### More general formulation

Reasures milror





### Mismatched training and dev/test data

# Addressing data mismatch

#### Addressing data mismatch

 Carry out manual error analysis to try to understand difference between training and dev/test sets

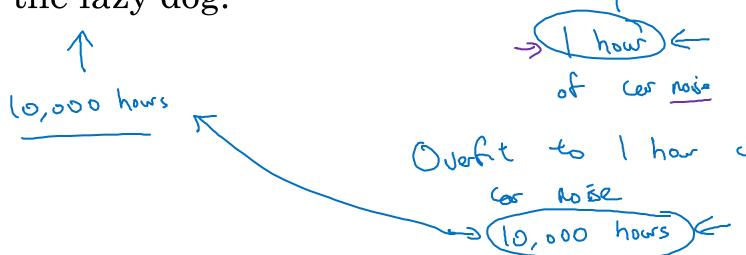
→ • Make training data more similar; or collect more data similar to dev/test sets

#### Artificial data synthesis

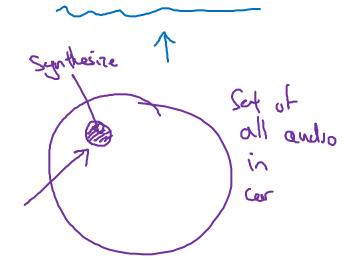


Car noise

"The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."



Synthesized in-car audio



#### Artificial data synthesis

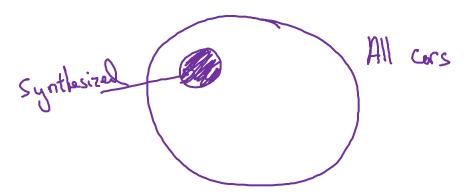
#### Car recognition:







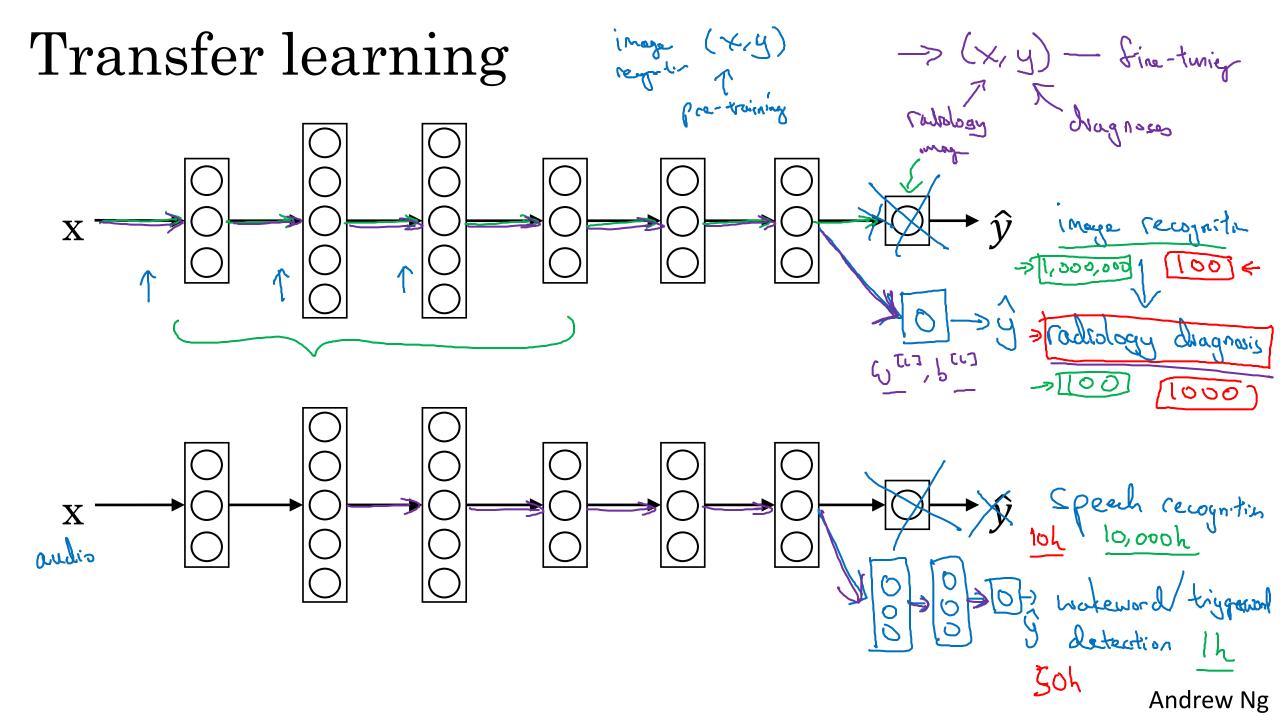






## Learning from multiple tasks

### Transfer learning



#### When transfer learning makes sense

Transh from A -> B

• Task A and B have the same input x.

• You have a lot more data for  $\underbrace{Task A}_{\uparrow}$  than  $\underbrace{Task B}_{\checkmark}$ .

• Low level features from A could be helpful for learning B.

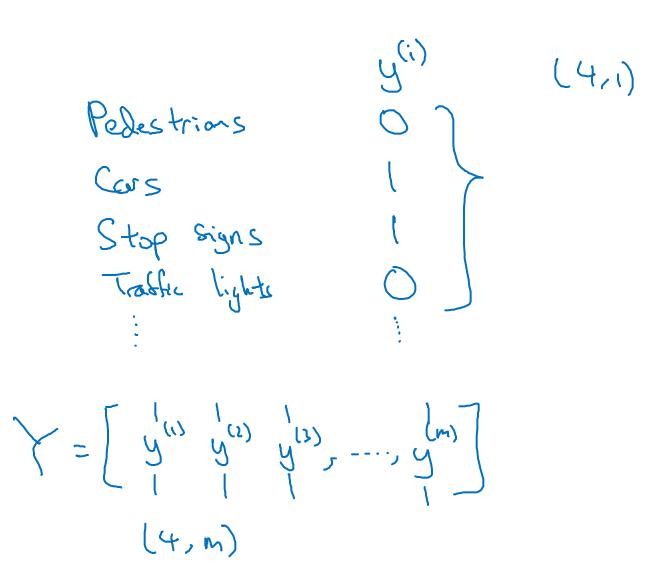


# Learning from multiple tasks

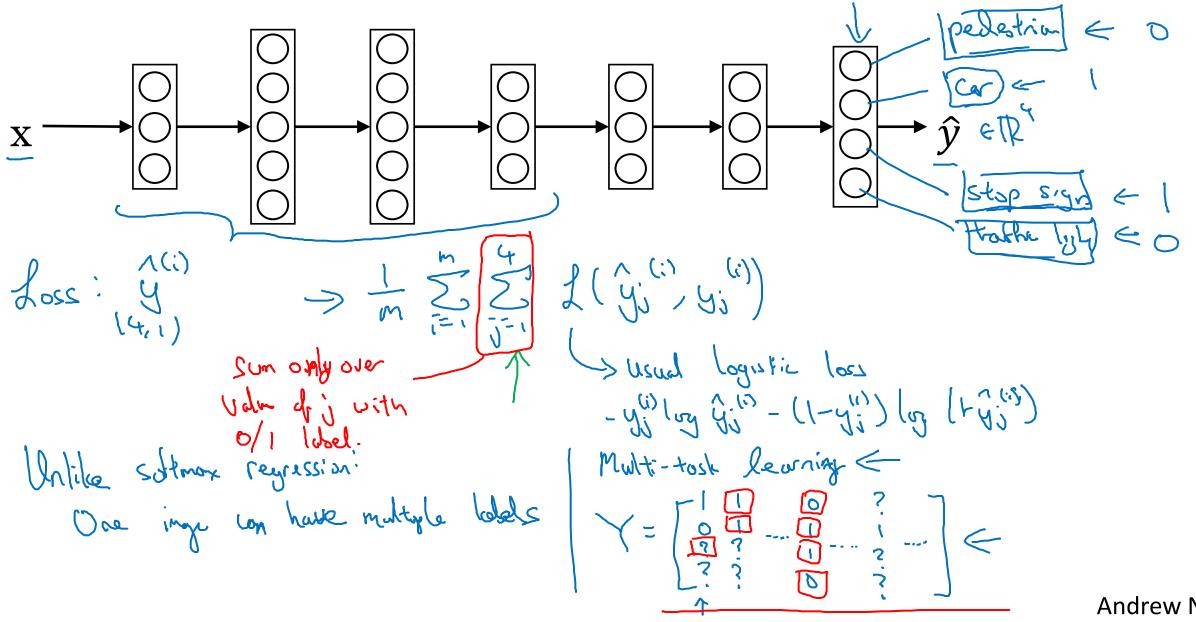
# Multi-task learning

#### Simplified autonomous driving example





#### Neural network architecture



Andrew Ng

#### When multi-task learning makes sense

• Training on a set of tasks that could benefit from having shared lower-level features.

• Usually: Amount of data you have for each task is quite

similar. A 1,000
A, 1,000
A, 1,000
A, 1,000
A, 1,000
A, 1,000

• Can train a big enough neural network to do well on all the tasks.

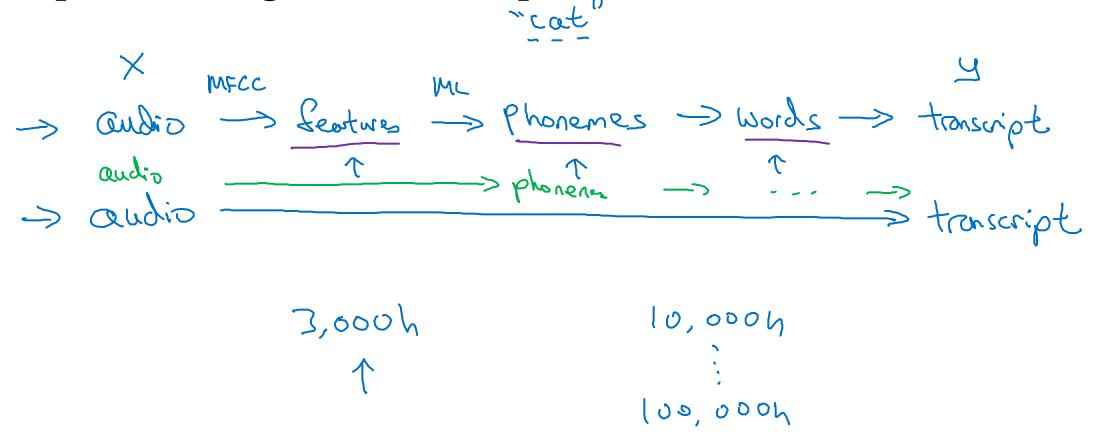


# End-to-end deep learning

What is end-to-end deep learning

#### What is end-to-end learning?

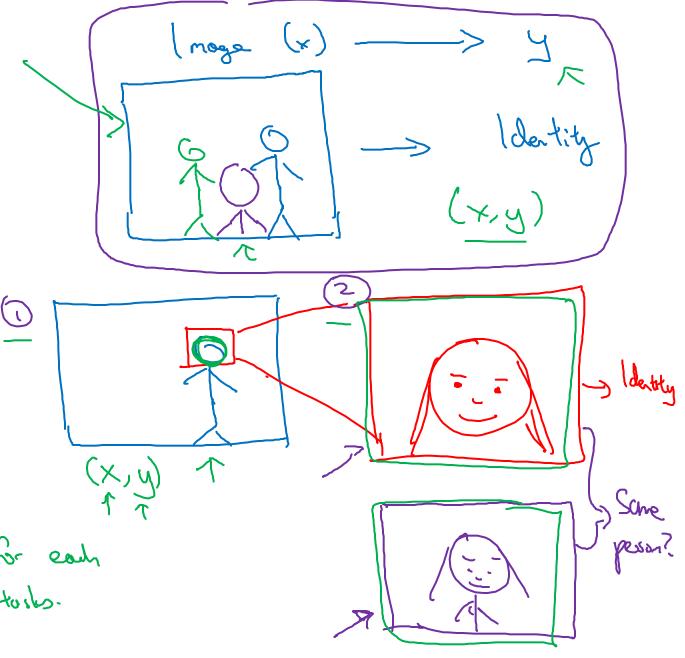
Speech recognition example



#### Face recognition



[Image courtesy of Baidu]



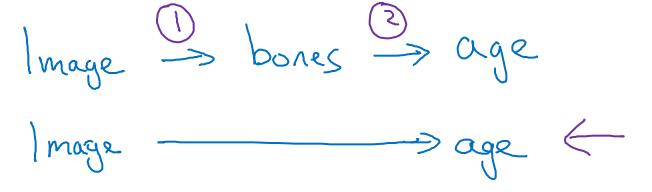
Andrew Ng

#### More examples

#### Machine translation

Estimating child's age:







### End-to-end deep learning

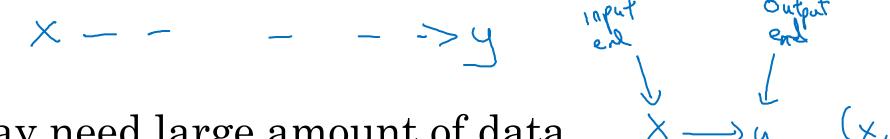
Whether to use end-to-end learning

#### Pros and cons of end-to-end deep learning

#### Pros:

Cons:

- Let the data speak
- Less hand-designing of components needed



- May need large amount of data
- Excludes potentially useful hand-designed components

#### Applying end-to-end deep learning

Key question: Do you have sufficient data to learn a function of the complexity needed to map x to y?

