# **MPI** for Python

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#### Abstract

This document describes the *MPI for Python* package. *MPI for Python* provides Python bindings for the *Message Passing Interface* (MPI) standard, allowing Python applications to exploit multiple processors on workstations, clusters and supercomputers.

This package builds on the MPI specification and provides an object oriented interface resembling the MPI-2 C++ bindings. It supports point-to-point (sends, receives) and collective (broadcasts, scatters, gathers) communication of any *picklable* Python object, as well as efficient communication of Python objects exposing the Python buffer interface (e.g. NumPy arrays and builtin bytes/array/memoryview objects).

### 1 Introduction

Over the last years, high performance computing has become an affordable resource to many more researchers in the scientific community than ever before. The conjunction of quality open source software and commodity hardware strongly influenced the now widespread popularity of Beowulf class clusters and cluster of workstations.

Among many parallel computational models, message-passing has proven to be an effective one. This paradigm is specially suited for (but not limited to) distributed memory architectures and is used in today's most demanding scientific and engineering application related to modeling, simulation, design, and signal processing. However, portable message-passing parallel programming used to be a nightmare in the past because of the many incompatible options developers were faced to. Fortunately, this situation definitely changed after the MPI Forum released its standard specification.

High performance computing is traditionally associated with software development using compiled languages. However, in typical applications programs, only a small part of the code is time-critical enough to require the efficiency of compiled languages. The rest of the code is generally related to memory management, error handling, input/output, and user interaction, and those are usually the most error prone and time-consuming lines of code to write and debug in the whole development process. Interpreted high-level languages can be really advantageous for this kind of tasks.

For implementing general-purpose numerical computations, MATLAB<sup>1</sup> is the dominant interpreted programming language. In the open source side, Octave and Scilab are well known, freely distributed software packages providing compatibility with the MATLAB language. In this work, we present MPI for Python, a new package enabling applications to exploit multiple processors using standard MPI "look and feel" in Python scripts.

#### 1.1 What is MPI?

MPI, [mpi-using] [mpi-ref] the *Message Passing Interface*, is a standardized and portable message-passing system designed to function on a wide variety of parallel computers. The standard defines the syntax and semantics of library routines and allows users to write portable programs in the main scientific programming languages (Fortran, C, or C++).

Since its release, the MPI specification [mpi-std1] [mpi-std2] has become the leading standard for message-passing libraries for parallel computers. Implementations are available from vendors of high-performance computers and from well known open source projects like MPICH [mpi-mpich] and Open MPI [mpi-openmpi].

### 1.2 What is Python?

Python is a modern, easy to learn, powerful programming language. It has efficient high-level data structures and a simple but effective approach to object-oriented programming with dynamic typing and dynamic binding. It supports modules and packages, which encourages program modularity and code reuse. Python's elegant syntax, together with its interpreted nature, make it an ideal language for scripting and rapid application development in many areas on most platforms.

The Python interpreter and the extensive standard library are available in source or binary form without charge for all major platforms, and can be freely distributed. It is easily extended with new functions and data types implemented in C or C++. Python is also suitable as an extension language for customizable applications.

Python is an ideal candidate for writing the higher-level parts of large-scale scientific applications [Hinsen97] and driving simulations in parallel architectures [Beazley97] like clusters of PC's or SMP's. Python codes are quickly developed, easily maintained, and can achieve a high degree of integration with other libraries written in compiled languages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MATLAB is a registered trademark of The MathWorks, Inc.

### 1.3 Related Projects

As this work started and evolved, some ideas were borrowed from well known MPI and Python related open source projects from the Internet.

#### OOMPI

- It has no relation with Python, but is an excellent object oriented approach to MPI.
- It is a C++ class library specification layered on top of the C bindings that encapsulates MPI into a functional class hierarchy.
- It provides a flexible and intuitive interface by adding some abstractions, like *Ports* and *Messages*, which enrich and simplify the syntax.

#### • Pypar

- Its interface is rather minimal. There is no support for communicators or process topologies.
- It does not require the Python interpreter to be modified or recompiled, but does not permit interactive parallel runs.
- General (*picklable*) Python objects of any type can be communicated. There is good support for numeric arrays, practically full MPI bandwidth can be achieved.

#### • pyMPI

- It rebuilds the Python interpreter providing a built-in module for message passing. It does permit interactive parallel runs, which are useful for learning and debugging.
- It provides an interface suitable for basic parallel programing. There is not full support for defining new communicators or process topologies.
- General (picklable) Python objects can be messaged between processors. There is not support for numeric arrays.

### • Scientific Python

- It provides a collection of Python modules that are useful for scientific computing.
- There is an interface to MPI and BSP (Bulk Synchronous Parallel programming).
- The interface is simple but incomplete and does not resemble the MPI specification. There is support for numeric arrays.

Additionally, we would like to mention some available tools for scientific computing and software development with Python.

- NumPy is a package that provides array manipulation and computational capabilities similar to those found in IDL, MATLAB, or Octave. Using NumPy, it is possible to write many efficient numerical data processing applications directly in Python without using any C, C++ or Fortran code.
- SciPy is an open source library of scientific tools for Python, gathering a variety of high level science and engineering modules together as a single package. It includes modules for graphics and plotting, optimization, integration, special functions, signal and image processing, genetic algorithms, ODE solvers, and others.
- Cython is a language that makes writing C extensions for the Python language as easy as Python itself. The Cython language is very close to the Python language, but Cython additionally supports calling C functions and declaring C types on variables and class attributes. This allows the compiler to generate very efficient C code from Cython code. This makes Cython the ideal language for wrapping for external C libraries, and for fast C modules that speed up the execution of Python code.

• SWIG is a software development tool that connects programs written in C and C++ with a variety of high-level programming languages like Perl, Tcl/Tk, Ruby and Python. Issuing header files to SWIG is the simplest approach to interfacing C/C++ libraries from a Python module.

### 2 Overview

MPI for Python provides an object oriented approach to message passing which grounds on the standard MPI-2 C++ bindings. The interface was designed with focus in translating MPI syntax and semantics of standard MPI-2 bindings for C++ to Python. Any user of the standard C/C++ MPI bindings should be able to use this module without need of learning a new interface.

### 2.1 Communicating Python Objects and Array Data

The Python standard library supports different mechanisms for data persistence. Many of them rely on disk storage, but *pickling* and *marshaling* can also work with memory buffers.

The pickle modules provide user-extensible facilities to serialize general Python objects using ASCII or binary formats. The marshal module provides facilities to serialize built-in Python objects using a binary format specific to Python, but independent of machine architecture issues.

*MPI for Python* can communicate any built-in or user-defined Python object taking advantage of the features provided by the pickle module. These facilities will be routinely used to build binary representations of objects to communicate (at sending processes), and restoring them back (at receiving processes).

Although simple and general, the serialization approach (i.e., *pickling* and *unpickling*) previously discussed imposes important overheads in memory as well as processor usage, especially in the scenario of objects with large memory footprints being communicated. Pickling general Python objects, ranging from primitive or container built-in types to user-defined classes, necessarily requires computer resources. Processing is also needed for dispatching the appropriate serialization method (that depends on the type of the object) and doing the actual packing. Additional memory is always needed, and if its total amount is not known *a priori*, many reallocations can occur. Indeed, in the case of large numeric arrays, this is certainly unacceptable and precludes communication of objects occupying half or more of the available memory resources.

MPI for Python supports direct communication of any object exporting the single-segment buffer interface. This interface is a standard Python mechanism provided by some types (e.g., strings and numeric arrays), allowing access in the C side to a contiguous memory buffer (i.e., address and length) containing the relevant data. This feature, in conjunction with the capability of constructing user-defined MPI datatypes describing complicated memory layouts, enables the implementation of many algorithms involving multidimensional numeric arrays (e.g., image processing, fast Fourier transforms, finite difference schemes on structured Cartesian grids) directly in Python, with negligible overhead, and almost as fast as compiled Fortran, C, or C++ codes.

#### 2.2 Communicators

In MPI for Python, Comm is the base class of communicators. The Intracomm and Intercomm classes are subleasses of the Comm class. The Comm. Is\_inter method (and Comm. Is\_intra, provided for convenience but not part of the MPI specification) is defined for communicator objects and can be used to determine the particular communicator class.

The two predefined intracommunicator instances are available: COMM\_SELF and COMM\_WORLD. From them, new communicators can be created as needed.

The number of processes in a communicator and the calling process rank can be respectively obtained with methods *Comm. Get\_size* and *Comm. Get\_rank*. The associated process group can be retrieved from a communicator by calling the *Comm. Get\_group* method, which returns an instance of the *Group* class. Set operations with *Group* objects like

like *Group.Union*, *Group.Intersection* and *Group.Difference* are fully supported, as well as the creation of new communicators from these groups using *Comm.Create* and *Comm.Create\_group*.

New communicator instances can be obtained with the *Comm.Clone*, *Comm.Dup* and *Comm.Split* methods, as well methods *Intracomm.Create\_intercomm* and *Intercomm.Merge*.

Virtual topologies (*Cartcomm*, *Graphcomm* and *Distgraphcomm* classes, which are specializations of the *Intracomm* class) are fully supported. New instances can be obtained from intracommunicator instances with factory methods *Intracomm.Create\_cart* and *Intracomm.Create\_graph*.

#### 2.3 Point-to-Point Communications

Point to point communication is a fundamental capability of message passing systems. This mechanism enables the transmission of data between a pair of processes, one side sending, the other receiving.

MPI provides a set of *send* and *receive* functions allowing the communication of *typed* data with an associated *tag*. The type information enables the conversion of data representation from one architecture to another in the case of heterogeneous computing environments; additionally, it allows the representation of non-contiguous data layouts and user-defined datatypes, thus avoiding the overhead of (otherwise unavoidable) packing/unpacking operations. The tag information allows selectivity of messages at the receiving end.

#### **Blocking Communications**

MPI provides basic send and receive functions that are *blocking*. These functions block the caller until the data buffers involved in the communication can be safely reused by the application program.

In MPI for Python, the Comm. Send, Comm. Recv and Comm. Sendrecv methods of communicator objects provide support for blocking point-to-point communications within Intracomm and Intercomm instances. These methods can communicate memory buffers. The variants Comm. send, Comm. recv and Comm. sendrecv can communicate general Python objects.

#### **Nonblocking Communications**

On many systems, performance can be significantly increased by overlapping communication and computation. This is particularly true on systems where communication can be executed autonomously by an intelligent, dedicated communication controller.

MPI provides *nonblocking* send and receive functions. They allow the possible overlap of communication and computation. Non-blocking communication always come in two parts: posting functions, which begin the requested operation; and test-for-completion functions, which allow to discover whether the requested operation has completed.

In MPI for Python, the Comm. Isend and Comm. Irecv methods initiate send and receive operations, respectively. These methods return a Request instance, uniquely identifying the started operation. Its completion can be managed using the Request. Test, Request. Wait and Request. Cancel methods. The management of Request objects and associated memory buffers involved in communication requires a careful, rather low-level coordination. Users must ensure that objects exposing their memory buffers are not accessed at the Python level while they are involved in nonblocking message-passing operations.

#### **Persistent Communications**

Often a communication with the same argument list is repeatedly executed within an inner loop. In such cases, communication can be further optimized by using persistent communication, a particular case of nonblocking communication allowing the reduction of the overhead between processes and communication controllers. Furthermore, this kind of optimization can also alleviate the extra call overheads associated to interpreted, dynamic languages like Python.

In MPI for Python, the Comm.Send\_init and Comm.Recv\_init methods create persistent requests for a send and receive operation, respectively. These methods return an instance of the Prequest class, a subclass of the Request class. The actual communication can be effectively started using the Prequest.Start method, and its completion can be managed as previously described.

### 2.4 Collective Communications

Collective communications allow the transmittal of data between multiple processes of a group simultaneously. The syntax and semantics of collective functions is consistent with point-to-point communication. Collective functions communicate *typed* data, but messages are not paired with an associated *tag*; selectivity of messages is implied in the calling order. Additionally, collective functions come in blocking versions only.

The more commonly used collective communication operations are the following.

- Barrier synchronization across all group members.
- Global communication functions
  - Broadcast data from one member to all members of a group.
  - Gather data from all members to one member of a group.
  - Scatter data from one member to all members of a group.
- Global reduction operations such as sum, maximum, minimum, etc.

In MPI for Python, the Comm.Bcast, Comm.Scatter, Comm.Gather, Comm.Allgather, Comm.Alltoall methods provide support for collective communications of memory buffers. The lower-case variants Comm.bcast, Comm. scatter, Comm.gather, Comm.allgather and Comm.alltoall can communicate general Python objects. The vector variants (which can communicate different amounts of data to each process) Comm.Scatterv, Comm.Gatherv, Comm.Alltoallv and Comm.Alltoallw are also supported, they can only communicate objects exposing memory buffers.

Global reducion operations on memory buffers are accessible through the <code>Comm.Reduce</code>, <code>Comm.Reduce\_scatter</code>, <code>Comm.Allreduce</code>, <code>Intracomm.Scan</code> and <code>Intracomm.Exscan</code> methods. The lower-case variants <code>Comm.reduce</code>, <code>Comm.allreduce</code>, <code>Intracomm.scan</code> and <code>Intracomm.exscan</code> can communicate general Python objects; however, the actual required reduction computations are performed sequentially at some process. All the predefined (i.e., <code>SUM</code>, <code>PROD</code>, <code>MAX</code>, etc.) reduction operations can be applied.

# 2.5 Support for GPU-aware MPI

Several MPI implementations, including Open MPI and MVAPICH, support passing GPU pointers to MPI calls to avoid explict data movement between the host and the device. On the Python side, GPU arrays have been implemented by many libraries that need GPU computation, such as CuPy, Numba, PyTorch, and PyArrow. In order to increase library interoperability, two kinds of zero-copy data exchange protocols are defined and agreed upon: DLPack and CUDA Array Interface. For example, a CuPy array can be passed to a Numba CUDA-jit kernel.

MPI for Python provides an experimental support for GPU-aware MPI. This feature requires:

- 1. mpi4py is built against a GPU-aware MPI library.
- 2. The Python GPU arrays are compliant with either of the protocols.

See the *Tutorial* section for further information. We note that

- Whether or not a MPI call can work for GPU arrays depends on the underlying MPI implementation, not on mpi4py.
- This support is currently experimental and subject to change in the future.

### 2.6 Dynamic Process Management

In the context of the MPI-1 specification, a parallel application is static; that is, no processes can be added to or deleted from a running application after it has been started. Fortunately, this limitation was addressed in MPI-2. The new specification added a process management model providing a basic interface between an application and external resources and process managers.

This MPI-2 extension can be really useful, especially for sequential applications built on top of parallel modules, or parallel applications with a client/server model. The MPI-2 process model provides a mechanism to create new processes and establish communication between them and the existing MPI application. It also provides mechanisms to establish communication between two existing MPI applications, even when one did not *start* the other.

In MPI for Python, new independent process groups can be created by calling the Intracomm. Spawn method within an intracommunicator. This call returns a new intercommunicator (i.e., an Intercomm instance) at the parent process group. The child process group can retrieve the matching intercommunicator by calling the Comm. Get\_parent class method. At each side, the new intercommunicator can be used to perform point to point and collective communications between the parent and child groups of processes.

Alternatively, disjoint groups of processes can establish communication using a client/server approach. Any server application must first call the <code>Open\_port</code> function to open a <code>port</code> and the <code>Publish\_name</code> function to publish a provided <code>service</code>, and next call the <code>Intracomm.Accept</code> method. Any client applications can first find a published <code>service</code> by calling the <code>Lookup\_name</code> function, which returns the <code>port</code> where a server can be contacted; and next call the <code>Intracomm.Connect</code> method. Both <code>Intracomm.Accept</code> and <code>Intracomm.Connect</code> methods return an <code>Intercomm</code> instance. When connection between client/server processes is no longer needed, all of them must cooperatively call the <code>Comm.Disconnect</code> method. Additionally, server applications should release resources by calling the <code>Unpublish\_name</code> and <code>Close\_port</code> functions.

#### 2.7 One-Sided Communications

One-sided communications (also called *Remote Memory Access*, *RMA*) supplements the traditional two-sided, send/receive based MPI communication model with a one-sided, put/get based interface. One-sided communication that can take advantage of the capabilities of highly specialized network hardware. Additionally, this extension lowers latency and software overhead in applications written using a shared-memory-like paradigm.

The MPI specification revolves around the use of objects called *windows*; they intuitively specify regions of a process's memory that have been made available for remote read and write operations. The published memory blocks can be accessed through three functions for put (remote send), get (remote write), and accumulate (remote update or reduction) data items. A much larger number of functions support different synchronization styles; the semantics of these synchronization operations are fairly complex.

In *MPI for Python*, one-sided operations are available by using instances of the *Win* class. New window objects are created by calling the *Win.Create* method at all processes within a communicator and specifying a memory buffer. When a window instance is no longer needed, the *Win.Free* method should be called.

The three one-sided MPI operations for remote write, read and reduction are available through calling the methods <code>Win.Put</code>, <code>Win.Get</code>, and <code>Win.Accumulate</code> respectively within a <code>Win</code> instance. These methods need an integer rank identifying the target process and an integer offset relative the base address of the remote memory block being accessed.

The one-sided operations read, write, and reduction are implicitly nonblocking, and must be synchronized by using two primary modes. Active target synchronization requires the origin process to call the *Win.Start* and *Win.Complete* 

methods at the origin process, and target process cooperates by calling the *Win.Post* and *Win.Wait* methods. There is also a collective variant provided by the *Win.Fence* method. Passive target synchronization is more lenient, only the origin process calls the *Win.Lock* and *Win.Unlock* methods. Locks are used to protect remote accesses to the locked remote window and to protect local load/store accesses to a locked local window.

### 2.8 Parallel Input/Output

The POSIX standard provides a model of a widely portable file system. However, the optimization needed for parallel input/output cannot be achieved with this generic interface. In order to ensure efficiency and scalability, the underlying parallel input/output system must provide a high-level interface supporting partitioning of file data among processes and a collective interface supporting complete transfers of global data structures between process memories and files. Additionally, further efficiencies can be gained via support for asynchronous input/output, strided accesses to data, and control over physical file layout on storage devices. This scenario motivated the inclusion in the MPI-2 standard of a custom interface in order to support more elaborated parallel input/output operations.

The MPI specification for parallel input/output revolves around the use objects called *files*. As defined by MPI, files are not just contiguous byte streams. Instead, they are regarded as ordered collections of *typed* data items. MPI supports sequential or random access to any integral set of these items. Furthermore, files are opened collectively by a group of processes.

The common patterns for accessing a shared file (broadcast, scatter, gather, reduction) is expressed by using user-defined datatypes. Compared to the communication patterns of point-to-point and collective communications, this approach has the advantage of added flexibility and expressiveness. Data access operations (read and write) are defined for different kinds of positioning (using explicit offsets, individual file pointers, and shared file pointers), coordination (non-collective and collective), and synchronism (blocking, nonblocking, and split collective with begin/end phases).

In *MPI for Python*, all MPI input/output operations are performed through instances of the *File* class. File handles are obtained by calling the *File.Open* method at all processes within a communicator and providing a file name and the intended access mode. After use, they must be closed by calling the *File.Close* method. Files even can be deleted by calling method *File.Delete*.

After creation, files are typically associated with a per-process *view*. The view defines the current set of data visible and accessible from an open file as an ordered set of elementary datatypes. This data layout can be set and queried with the *File.Set\_view* and *File.Get\_view* methods respectively.

Actual input/output operations are achieved by many methods combining read and write calls with different behavior regarding positioning, coordination, and synchronism. Summing up, *MPI for Python* provides the thirty (30) methods defined in MPI-2 for reading from or writing to files using explicit offsets or file pointers (individual or shared), in blocking or nonblocking and collective or noncollective versions.

### 2.9 Environmental Management

#### Initialization and Exit

Module functions *Init* or *Init\_thread* and *Finalize* provide MPI initialization and finalization respectively. Module functions *Is\_initialized* and *Is\_finalized* provide the respective tests for initialization and finalization.

**Note:** MPI\_Init() or MPI\_Init\_thread() is actually called when you import the MPI module from the mpi4py package, but only if MPI is not already initialized. In such case, calling Init or Init\_thread from Python is expected to generate an MPI error, and in turn an exception will be raised.

**Note:** MPI\_Finalize() is registered (by using Python C/API function Py\_AtExit()) for being automatically called when Python processes exit, but only if mpi4py actually initialized MPI. Therefore, there is no need to call Finalize

#### Implementation Information

- The MPI version number can be retrieved from module function *Get\_version*. It returns a two-integer tuple (version, subversion).
- The Get\_processor\_name function can be used to access the processor name.
- The values of predefined attributes attached to the world communicator can be obtained by calling the Comm.
   Get attr method within the COMM WORLD instance.

#### **Timers**

MPI timer functionalities are available through the Wtime and Wtick functions.

#### **Error Handling**

In order facilitate handle sharing with other Python modules interfacing MPI-based parallel libraries, the predefined MPI error handlers <code>ERRORS\_RETURN</code> and <code>ERRORS\_ARE\_FATAL</code> can be assigned to and retrieved from communicators using methods <code>Comm.Set\_errhandler</code> and <code>Comm.Get\_errhandler</code>, and similarly for windows and files.

When the predefined error handler *ERRORS\_RETURN* is set, errors returned from MPI calls within Python code will raise an instance of the exception class *Exception*, which is a subclass of the standard Python exception RuntimeError.

**Note:** After import, mpi4py overrides the default MPI rules governing inheritance of error handlers. The *ERRORS\_RETURN* error handler is set in the predefined *COMM\_SELF* and *COMM\_WORLD* communicators, as well as any new *Comm*, *Win*, or *File* instance created through mpi4py. If you ever pass such handles to C/C++/Fortran library code, it is recommended to set the *ERRORS\_ARE\_FATAL* error handler on them to ensure MPI errors do not pass silently.

**Warning:** Importing with from mpi4py.MPI import \* will cause a name clashing with the standard Python Exception base class.

### 3 Tutorial

Warning: Under construction. Contributions very welcome!

**Tip:** Rolf Rabenseifner at HLRS developed a comprehensive MPI-3.1/4.0 course with slides and a large set of exercises including solutions. This material is available online for self-study. The slides and exercises show the C, Fortran, and Python (mpi4py) interfaces. For performance reasons, most Python exercises use NumPy arrays and communication routines involving buffer-like objects.

**Tip:** Victor Eijkhout at TACC authored the book *Parallel Programming for Science and Engineering*. This book is available online in PDF and HTML formats. The book covers parallel programming with MPI and OpenMP in C/C++ and Fortran, and MPI in Python using mpi4py.

MPI for Python supports convenient, pickle-based communication of generic Python object as well as fast, near C-speed, direct array data communication of buffer-provider objects (e.g., NumPy arrays).

#### • Communication of generic Python objects

You have to use methods with **all-lowercase** names, like *Comm.send*, *Comm.recv*, *Comm.bcast*, *Comm.* scatter, *Comm.gather*. An object to be sent is passed as a parameter to the communication call, and the received object is simply the return value.

The *Comm.isend* and *Comm.irecv* methods return *Request* instances; completion of these methods can be managed using the *Request.test* and *Request.wait* methods.

The Comm. recv and Comm. irecv methods may be passed a buffer object that can be repeatedly used to receive messages avoiding internal memory allocation. This buffer must be sufficiently large to accommodate the transmitted messages; hence, any buffer passed to Comm. recv or Comm. irecv must be at least as long as the pickled data transmitted to the receiver.

Collective calls like *Comm.scatter*, *Comm.gather*, *Comm.allgather*, *Comm.alltoall* expect a single value or a sequence of *Comm.size* elements at the root or all process. They return a single value, a list of *Comm.size* elements, or None.

**Note:** *MPI for Python* uses the **highest** protocol version available in the Python runtime (see the HIGHEST\_PROTOCOL constant in the pickle module). The default protocol can be changed at import time by setting the *MPI4PY\_PICKLE\_PROTOCOL* environment variable, or at runtime by assigning a different value to the *PROTOCOL* attribute of the *pickle* object within the *MPI* module.

#### • Communication of buffer-like objects

You have to use method names starting with an **upper-case** letter, like *Comm. Send*, *Comm. Recv*, *Comm. Bcast*, *Comm. Scatter*, *Comm. Gather*.

In general, buffer arguments to these calls must be explicitly specified by using a 2/3-list/tuple like [data, MPI.DOUBLE], or [data, count, MPI.DOUBLE] (the former one uses the byte-size of data and the extent of the MPI datatype to define count).

For vector collectives communication operations like *Comm. Scatterv* and *Comm. Gatherv*, buffer arguments are specified as [data, count, displ, datatype], where count and displ are sequences of integral values.

Automatic MPI datatype discovery for NumPy/GPU arrays and PEP-3118 buffers is supported, but limited to basic C types (all C/C99-native signed/unsigned integral types and single/double precision real/complex floating types) and availability of matching datatypes in the underlying MPI implementation. In this case, the buffer-provider object can be passed directly as a buffer argument, the count and MPI datatype will be inferred.

If mpi4py is built against a GPU-aware MPI implementation, GPU arrays can be passed to uppercase methods as long as they have either the \_\_dlpack\_\_ and \_\_dlpack\_device\_\_ methods or the \_\_cuda\_array\_interface\_\_ attribute that are compliant with the respective standard specifications. Moreover, only C-contiguous or Fortran-contiguous GPU arrays are supported. It is important to note that GPU buffers must be fully ready before any MPI routines operate on them to avoid race conditions. This can be ensured by using the synchronization API of your array library. mpi4py does not have access to any GPU-specific functionality and thus cannot perform this operation automatically for users.

### 3.1 Running Python scripts with MPI

Most MPI programs can be run with the command **mpiexec**. In practice, running Python programs looks like:

```
$ mpiexec -n 4 python script.py
```

to run the program with 4 processors.

### 3.2 Point-to-Point Communication

• Python objects (pickle under the hood):

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
  rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'a': 7, 'b': 3.14}
    comm.send(data, dest=1, tag=11)

elif rank == 1:
    data = comm.recv(source=0, tag=11)
```

• Python objects with non-blocking communication:

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
  rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'a': 7, 'b': 3.14}
    req = comm.isend(data, dest=1, tag=11)
    req.wait()

elif rank == 1:
    req = comm.irecv(source=0, tag=11)
    data = req.wait()
```

• NumPy arrays (the fast way!):

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
  rank = comm.Get_rank()

# passing MPI datatypes explicitly
if rank == 0:
    data = numpy.arange(1000, dtype='i')
    comm.Send([data, MPI.INT], dest=1, tag=77)
elif rank == 1:
    data = numpy.empty(1000, dtype='i')
    comm.Recv([data, MPI.INT], source=0, tag=77)
```

```
# automatic MPI datatype discovery
if rank == 0:
    data = numpy.arange(100, dtype=numpy.float64)
    comm.Send(data, dest=1, tag=13)
elif rank == 1:
    data = numpy.empty(100, dtype=numpy.float64)
    comm.Recv(data, source=0, tag=13)
```

#### 3.3 Collective Communication

• Broadcasting a Python dictionary:

• Scattering Python objects:

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = [(i+1)**2 for i in range(size)]
else:
    data = None
data = comm.scatter(data, root=0)
assert data == (rank+1)**2
```

• Gathering Python objects:

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

data = (rank+1)**2
data = comm.gather(data, root=0)
if rank == 0:
```

```
for i in range(size):
    assert data[i] == (i+1)**2
else:
    assert data is None
```

• Broadcasting a NumPy array:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = np.arange(100, dtype='i')
else:
    data = np.empty(100, dtype='i')
comm.Bcast(data, root=0)
for i in range(100):
    assert data[i] == i
```

• Scattering NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = None
if rank == 0:
    sendbuf = np.empty([size, 100], dtype='i')
    sendbuf.T[:,:] = range(size)
recvbuf = np.empty(100, dtype='i')
comm.Scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
assert np.allclose(recvbuf, rank)
```

• Gathering NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = np.zeros(100, dtype='i') + rank
recvbuf = None
if rank == 0:
    recvbuf = np.empty([size, 100], dtype='i')
comm.Gather(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
if rank == 0:
```

```
for i in range(size):
    assert np.allclose(recvbuf[i,:], i)
```

• Parallel matrix-vector product:

#### 3.4 MPI-IO

• Collective I/O with NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

amode = MPI.MODE_WRONLY|MPI.MODE_CREATE
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
fh = MPI.File.Open(comm, "./datafile.contig", amode)

buffer = np.empty(10, dtype=np.int)
buffer[:] = comm.Get_rank()

offset = comm.Get_rank()*buffer.nbytes
fh.Write_at_all(offset, buffer)

fh.Close()
```

• Non-contiguous Collective I/O with NumPy arrays and datatypes:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()
size = comm.Get_size()

amode = MPI.MODE_WRONLY|MPI.MODE_CREATE
fh = MPI.File.Open(comm, "./datafile.noncontig", amode)

item_count = 10

buffer = np.empty(item_count, dtype='i')
```

```
buffer[:] = rank

filetype = MPI.INT.Create_vector(item_count, 1, size)
filetype.Commit()

displacement = MPI.INT.Get_size()*rank
fh.Set_view(displacement, filetype=filetype)

fh.Write_all(buffer)
filetype.Free()
fh.Close()
```

### 3.5 Dynamic Process Management

• Compute Pi - Master (or parent, or client) side:

• Compute Pi - Worker (or child, or server) side:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

comm = MPI.Comm.Get_parent()
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

N = numpy.array(0, dtype='i')
comm.Bcast([N, MPI.INT], root=0)
h = 1.0 / N; s = 0.0
for i in range(rank, N, size):
    x = h * (i + 0.5)
    s += 4.0 / (1.0 + x**2)
PI = numpy.array(s * h, dtype='d')
```

### 3.6 CUDA-aware MPI + Python GPU arrays

• Reduce-to-all CuPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import cupy as cp

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = cp.arange(10, dtype='i')
recvbuf = cp.empty_like(sendbuf)
assert hasattr(sendbuf, '__cuda_array_interface__')
assert hasattr(recvbuf, '__cuda_array_interface__')
cp.cuda.get_current_stream().synchronize()
comm.Allreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf)

assert cp.allclose(recvbuf, sendbuf*size)
```

#### 3.7 One-Sided Communications

• Read from (write to) the entire RMA window:

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import dtlib
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()
datatype = MPI.FLOAT
np_dtype = dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)
itemsize = datatype.Get_size()
N = 10
win_size = N * itemsize if rank == 0 else 0
win = MPI.Win.Allocate(win_size, comm=comm)
buf = np.empty(N, dtype=np_dtype)
if rank == 0:
   buf.fill(42)
   win.Lock(rank=0)
   win.Put(buf, target_rank=0)
   win.Unlock(rank=0)
```

```
comm.Barrier()
else:
    comm.Barrier()
    win.Lock(rank=0)
    win.Get(buf, target_rank=0)
    win.Unlock(rank=0)
    assert np.all(buf == 42)
```

Accessing a part of the RMA window using the target argument, which is defined as (offset, count, datatype):

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import dtlib
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()
datatype = MPI.FLOAT
np_dtype = dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)
itemsize = datatype.Get_size()
N = comm.Get_size() + 1
win_size = N * itemsize if rank == 0 else 0
win = MPI.Win.Allocate(
    size=win_size,
    disp_unit=itemsize,
    comm=comm,
if rank == 0:
   mem = np.frombuffer(win, dtype=np_dtype)
   mem[:] = np.arange(len(mem), dtype=np_dtype)
comm.Barrier()
buf = np.zeros(3, dtype=np_dtype)
target = (rank, 2, datatype)
win.Lock(rank=0)
win.Get(buf, target_rank=0, target=target)
win.Unlock(rank=0)
assert np.all(buf == [rank, rank+1, 0])
```

### 3.8 Wrapping with SWIG

• C source:

```
/* file: helloworld.c */
void sayhello(MPI_Comm comm)
{
   int size, rank;
   MPI_Comm_size(comm, &size);
   MPI_Comm_rank(comm, &rank);
```

```
printf("Hello, World! "
    "I am process %d of %d.\n",
    rank, size);
}
```

• SWIG interface file:

```
// file: helloworld.i
%module helloworld
%{
#include <mpi.h>
#include "helloworld.c"
}%
%include mpi4py/mpi4py.i
%mpi4py_typemap(Comm, MPI_Comm);
void sayhello(MPI_Comm comm);
```

• Try it in the Python prompt:

```
>>> from mpi4py import MPI
>>> import helloworld
>>> helloworld.sayhello(MPI.COMM_WORLD)
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 1.
```

### 3.9 Wrapping with F2Py

• Fortran 90 source:

```
! file: helloworld.f90
subroutine sayhello(comm)
use mpi
implicit none
integer :: comm, rank, size, ierr
call MPI_Comm_size(comm, size, ierr)
call MPI_Comm_rank(comm, rank, ierr)
print *, 'Hello, World! I am process ',rank,' of ',size,'.'
end subroutine sayhello
```

• Compiling example using f2py

```
$ f2py -c --f90exec=mpif90 helloworld.f90 -m helloworld
```

• Try it in the Python prompt:

```
>>> from mpi4py import MPI
>>> import helloworld
>>> fcomm = MPI.COMM_WORLD.py2f()
>>> helloworld.sayhello(fcomm)
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 1.
```

# 4 mpi4py

This is the MPI for Python package.

The *Message Passing Interface* (MPI) is a standardized and portable message-passing system designed to function on a wide variety of parallel computers. The MPI standard defines the syntax and semantics of library routines and allows users to write portable programs in the main scientific programming languages (Fortran, C, or C++). Since its release, the MPI specification has become the leading standard for message-passing libraries for parallel computers.

*MPI for Python* provides MPI bindings for the Python programming language, allowing any Python program to exploit multiple processors. This package build on the MPI specification and provides an object oriented interface which closely follows MPI-2 C++ bindings.

### 4.1 Runtime configuration options

mpi4py.rc

This object has attributes exposing runtime configuration options that become effective at import time of the MPI module.

### **Attributes Summary**

initialize	Automatic MPI initialization at import
threads	Request initialization with thread support
thread_level	Level of thread support to request
finalize	Automatic MPI finalization at exit
fast_reduce	Use tree-based reductions for objects
recv_mprobe	Use matched probes to receive objects
errors	Error handling policy

#### **Attributes Documentation**

```
mpi4py.rc.initialize

Automatic MPI initialization at import.

Type
bool

Default
True

See also:
```

MPI4PY\_RC\_INITIALIZE

mpi4py.rc.threads

Request initialization with thread support.

Type
bool
Default
True

```
See also:
     MPI4PY_RC_THREADS
mpi4py.rc.thread_level
     Level of thread support to request.
          Type
              str
          Default
              "multiple"
          Choices
              "multiple", "serialized", "funneled", "single"
     See also:
     MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL
mpi4py.rc.finalize
     Automatic MPI finalization at exit.
          Type
              None or bool
          Default
              None
     See also:
     MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE
mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce
     Use tree-based reductions for objects.
          Type
              bool
          Default
              True
     See also:
     MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE
mpi4py.rc.recv_mprobe
     Use matched probes to receive objects.
          Type
              bool
          Default
              True
     See also:
     MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE
mpi4py.rc.errors
     Error handling policy.
          Type
              str
```

```
Default
"exception"

Choices
"exception", "default", "fatal"

See also:

MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS
```

### **Example**

MPI for Python features automatic initialization and finalization of the MPI execution environment. By using the mpi4py.rc object, MPI initialization and finalization can be handled programatically:

```
import mpi4py
mpi4py.rc.initialize = False  # do not initialize MPI automatically
mpi4py.rc.finalize = False  # do not finalize MPI automatically

from mpi4py import MPI # import the 'MPI' module

MPI.Init()  # manual initialization of the MPI environment
...  # your finest code here ...
MPI.Finalize() # manual finalization of the MPI environment
```

#### 4.2 Environment variables

The following environment variables override the corresponding attributes of the *mpi4py.rc* and *MPI.pickle* objects at import time of the *MPI* module.

**Note:** For variables of boolean type, accepted values are **0** and 1 (interpreted as False and True, respectively), and strings specifying a YAML boolean value (case-insensitive).

### MPI4PY\_RC\_INITIALIZE

```
Type bool

Default

True
```

Whether to automatically initialize MPI at import time of the mpi4py.MPI module.

```
See also:
```

```
mpi4py.rc.initialize
New in version 3.1.0.
```

#### MPI4PY\_RC\_FINALIZE

```
Type
None | bool

Default
None
```

```
Choices
              None, True, False
     Whether to automatically finalize MPI at exit time of the Python process.
     See also:
     mpi4py.rc.finalize
     New in version 3.1.0.
MPI4PY_RC_THREADS
          Type
              bool
          Default
              True
     Whether to initialize MPI with thread support.
     See also:
     mpi4py.rc.threads
     New in version 3.1.0.
MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL
          Default
               "multiple"
          Choices
               "single", "funneled", "serialized", "multiple"
     The level of required thread support.
     See also:
     mpi4py.rc.thread_level
     New in version 3.1.0.
MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE
          Type
              bool
          Default
     Whether to use tree-based reductions for objects.
     See also:
     mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce
     New in version 3.1.0.
MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE
          Type
              bool
          Default
```

True

Whether to use matched probes to receive objects.

#### See also:

```
mpi4py.rc.recv_mprobe
```

### MPI4PY\_RC\_ERRORS

#### Default

"exception"

#### Choices

"exception", "default", "fatal"

Controls default MPI error handling policy.

#### See also:

```
mpi4py.rc.errors
```

New in version 3.1.0.

#### MPI4PY\_PICKLE\_PROTOCOL

#### Type

int

#### Default

```
pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL
```

Controls the default pickle protocol to use when communicating Python objects.

#### See also:

PROTOCOL attribute of the MPI.pickle object within the MPI module.

New in version 3.1.0.

### MPI4PY\_PICKLE\_THRESHOLD

#### Type

int

#### Default

262144

Controls the default buffer size threshold for switching from in-band to out-of-band buffer handling when using pickle protocol version 5 or higher.

#### See also:

Module mpi4py.util.pkl5.

New in version 3.1.2.

### 4.3 Miscellaneous functions

```
mpi4py.profile(name, *, path=None, logfile=None)
```

Support for the MPI profiling interface.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) Name of the profiler library to load.
- path (sequence of str, *optional*) Additional paths to search for the profiler.
- **logfile** (str, *optional*) Filename prefix for dumping profiler output.

#### Return type

None

#### mpi4py.get\_config()

Return a dictionary with information about MPI.

#### **Return type**

Dict[str, str]

### mpi4py.get\_include()

Return the directory in the package that contains header files.

Extension modules that need to compile against mpi4py should use this function to locate the appropriate include directory. Using Python distutils (or perhaps NumPy distutils):

```
import mpi4py
Extension('extension_name', ...
    include_dirs=[..., mpi4py.get_include()])
```

### Return type

str

# 5 mpi4py.MPI

#### 5.1 Classes

### **Ancillary**

Datatype([datatype])	Datatype object
Status([status])	Status object
Request([request])	Request handle
Prequest([request])	Persistent request handle
Grequest([request])	Generalized request handle
<i>Op</i> ([op])	Operation object
Group([group])	Group of processes
Info([info])	Info object

### Communication

Comm([comm])	Communicator
Intracomm([comm])	Intracommunicator
Topocomm([comm])	Topology intracommunicator
Cartcomm([comm])	Cartesian topology intracommunicator
Graphcomm([comm])	General graph topology intracommunicator
Distgraphcomm([comm])	Distributed graph topology intracommunicator
<pre>Intercomm([comm])</pre>	Intercommunicator
Message([message])	Matched message handle

# **One-sided operations**

Win([win])	Window handle

# Input/Output

File([file])	File handle

# **Error handling**

Errhandler([errhandler])	Error handler
Exception([ierr])	Exception class

# Auxiliary

Pickle([dumps, loads, protocol])	Pickle/unpickle Python objects
memory(buf)	Memory buffer

# **5.2 Functions**

# **Version inquiry**

<pre>Get_version()</pre>	Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)
<pre>Get_library_version()</pre>	Obtain the version string of the MPI library

### Initialization and finalization

Init()	Initialize the MPI execution environment
<pre>Init_thread([required])</pre>	Initialize the MPI execution environment
Finalize()	Terminate the MPI execution environment
Is_initialized()	Indicates whether Init has been called
Is_finalized()	Indicates whether Finalize has completed
Query_thread()	Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI
	library
<pre>Is_thread_main()</pre>	Indicate whether this thread called Init or
	Init_thread

# **Memory allocation**

Alloc_mem(size[, info])	Allocate memory for message passing and RMA
Free_mem(mem)	Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()

# Address manipulation

Get_address(location)	Get the address of a location in memory
Aint_add(base, disp)	Return the sum of base address and displacement
Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)	Return the difference between absolute addresses

### Timer

Wtick()	Return the resolution of Wtime
Wtime()	Return an elapsed time on the calling processor

# **Error handling**

Get_error_class(errorcode)	Convert an error code into an error class
Get_error_string(errorcode)	Return the error string for a given error class or error
	code
Add_error_class()	Add an error class to the known error classes
Add_error_code(errorclass)	Add an error code to an error class
Add_error_string(errorcode, string)	Associate an error string with an error class or error-
	code

# **Dynamic process management**

Open_port([info])	Return an address that can be used to establish connec-
	tions between groups of MPI processes
Close_port(port_name)	Close a port
Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])	Publish a service name
<pre>Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])</pre>	Unpublish a service name
Lookup_name(service_name[, info])	Lookup a port name given a service name

### Miscellanea

Attach_buffer(buf)	Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered
	mode
Detach_buffer()	Remove an existing attached buffer
Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)	Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordi-
	nate direction
<pre>Get_processor_name()</pre>	Obtain the name of the calling processor
Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)	Register user-defined data representations
Pcontrol(level)	Control profiling

# **Utilities**

<pre>get_vendor()</pre>	Infomation about the underlying MPI implementation
5	, ,

# 5.3 Attributes

UNDEFINED	int UNDEFINED
ANY_SOURCE	int ANY_SOURCE
ANY_TAG	int ANY_TAG
PROC_NULL	int PROC_NULL
ROOT	int ROOT
BOTTOM	Bottom BOTTOM
IN_PLACE	InPlace IN_PLACE
KEYVAL_INVALID	int KEYVAL_INVALID
TAG_UB	int TAG_UB
HOST	int HOST
IO .	int IO
WTIME_IS_GLOBAL	int WTIME_IS_GLOBAL
UNIVERSE_SIZE	int UNIVERSE_SIZE
APPNUM	int APPNUM
LASTUSEDCODE	int LASTUSEDCODE
WIN_BASE	int WIN_BASE
WIN_SIZE	int WIN_SIZE
WIN_DISP_UNIT	int WIN_DISP_UNIT
WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR	int WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR
WIN_FLAVOR	int WIN_FLAVOR

Table 1 – continued from previous page

t WIN_MODEL  t SUCCESS  t ERR_LASTCODE  t ERR_COMM  t ERR_GROUP  t ERR_TYPE  t ERR_REQUEST  t ERR_BUFFER  t ERR_COUNT  t ERR_TAG  t ERR_RANK  t ERR_RANK  t ERR_ROOT  t ERR_TRUNCATE  t ERR_IN_STATUS  t ERR_PENDING  t ERR_DIMS  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG
t ERR_LASTCODE  t ERR_COMM  t ERR_GROUP  t ERR_TYPE  t ERR_REQUEST  t ERR_OP  t ERR_BUFFER  t ERR_COUNT  t ERR_TAG  t ERR_RANK  t ERR_RANK  t ERR_ROOT  t ERR_TRUNCATE  t ERR_IN_STATUS  t ERR_PENDING  t ERR_TOPOLOGY  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG
t ERR_COMM  t ERR_GROUP  t ERR_TYPE  t ERR_REQUEST  t ERR_OP  t ERR_BUFFER  t ERR_COUNT  t ERR_TAG  t ERR_RANK  t ERR_ROOT  t ERR_TRUNCATE  t ERR_IN_STATUS  t ERR_PENDING  t ERR_TOPOLOGY  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG  t ERR_ARG
t ERR_GROUP t ERR_TYPE t ERR_REQUEST t ERR_OP t ERR_BUFFER t ERR_COUNT t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_ARG t ERR_ARG t ERR_ARG t ERR_ARG
t ERR_TYPE t ERR_REQUEST t ERR_OP t ERR_BUFFER t ERR_COUNT t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_ARG t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_REQUEST t ERR_OP t ERR_BUFFER t ERR_COUNT t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_OP t ERR_BUFFER t ERR_COUNT t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_BUFFER t ERR_COUNT t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_COUNT t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_TAG t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_ARG
t ERR_RANK t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_ROOT t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_TRUNCATE t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_IN_STATUS t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_PENDING t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_TOPOLOGY t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_DIMS t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_ARG t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_OTHER
t ERR_UNKNOWN
t ERR_INTERN
t ERR_INFO
t ERR_FILE
t ERR_WIN
t ERR_KEYVAL
t ERR_INFO_KEY
t ERR_INFO_VALUE
t ERR_INFO_NOKEY
t ERR_ACCESS
t ERR_AMODE
t ERR_BAD_FILE
t ERR_FILE_EXISTS
t ERR_FILE_IN_USE
t ERR_NO_SPACE
t ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE
t ERR_IO
t ERR_READ_ONLY
t ERR_CONVERSION
t ERR_DUP_DATAREP
t ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP
t ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION
t ERR_NAME
t ERR_NO_MEM
t ERR_NOT_SAME
t ERR_PORT
t ERR_QUOTA
t ERR_SERVICE
t ERR_SPAWN
t ERR_BASE

Table 1 – continued from previous page

	continued from previous page
ERR_SIZE	int ERR_SIZE
ERR_DISP	int ERR_DISP
ERR_ASSERT	int ERR_ASSERT
ERR_LOCKTYPE	int ERR_LOCKTYPE
ERR_RMA_CONFLICT	int ERR_RMA_CONFLICT
ERR_RMA_SYNC	int ERR_RMA_SYNC
ERR_RMA_RANGE	int ERR_RMA_RANGE
ERR_RMA_ATTACH	int ERR_RMA_ATTACH
ERR_RMA_SHARED	int ERR_RMA_SHARED
ERR_RMA_FLAVOR	int ERR_RMA_FLAVOR
ORDER_C	int ORDER_C
ORDER_F	int ORDER_F
ORDER_FORTRAN	int ORDER_FORTRAN
TYPECLASS_INTEGER	int TYPECLASS_INTEGER
TYPECLASS_REAL	int TYPECLASS_REAL
TYPECLASS_COMPLEX	int TYPECLASS_COMPLEX
DISTRIBUTE_NONE	int DISTRIBUTE_NONE
DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK	int DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK
DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC	int DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC
DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG	int DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG
COMBINER_NAMED	int COMBINER_NAMED
COMBINER_DUP	int COMBINER_DUP
COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS	int COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS
COMBINER_VECTOR	int COMBINER_VECTOR
COMBINER_HVECTOR	int COMBINER_HVECTOR
COMBINER_INDEXED	int COMBINER_INDEXED
COMBINER_HINDEXED	int COMBINER_HINDEXED
COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK	int COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK
COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK	int COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK
COMBINER_STRUCT	int COMBINER_STRUCT
COMBINER_SUBARRAY	int COMBINER_SUBARRAY
COMBINER_DARRAY	int COMBINER_DARRAY
COMBINER_RESIZED	int COMBINER_RESIZED
COMBINER_F90_REAL	int COMBINER_F90_REAL
COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX	int COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX
COMBINER_F90_INTEGER	int COMBINER_F90_INTEGER
IDENT	int IDENT
CONGRUENT	int CONGRUENT
SIMILAR	int SIMILAR
UNEQUAL	int UNEQUAL
CART GRAPH	int CART int GRAPH
DIST_GRAPH	int DIST_GRAPH
UNWEIGHTED	int UNWEIGHTED
WEIGHTS_EMPTY  COMM TYPE SHAPED	int WEIGHTS_EMPTY
COMM_TYPE_SHARED	int COMM_TYPE_SHARED
BSEND_OVERHEAD	int BSEND_OVERHEAD
WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE	int WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE
WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE	int WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE int WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC
WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC	continues on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Table 1 – continued	d from previous page
WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED	int WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED
WIN_SEPARATE	int WIN_SEPARATE
WIN_UNIFIED	int WIN_UNIFIED
MODE_NOCHECK	int MODE_NOCHECK
MODE_NOSTORE	int MODE_NOSTORE
MODE_NOPUT	int MODE_NOPUT
MODE_NOPRECEDE	int MODE_NOPRECEDE
MODE_NOSUCCEED	int MODE_NOSUCCEED
LOCK_EXCLUSIVE	int LOCK_EXCLUSIVE
LOCK_SHARED	int LOCK_SHARED
MODE_RDONLY	int MODE_RDONLY
MODE_WRONLY	int MODE_WRONLY
MODE_RDWR	int MODE_RDWR
MODE_CREATE	int MODE_CREATE
MODE_EXCL	int MODE_EXCL
MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE	int MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE
MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN	int MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN
MODE_SEQUENTIAL	int MODE_SEQUENTIAL
MODE_APPEND	int MODE_APPEND
SEEK_SET	int SEEK SET
SEEK_CUR	int SEEK_CUR
SEEK_END	int SEEK_END
DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT	int DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT
DISP_CUR	int DISP_CUR
THREAD_SINGLE	int THREAD_SINGLE
THREAD_FUNNELED	int THREAD_FUNNELED
THREAD_SERIALIZED	int THREAD_SERIALIZED
THREAD_MULTIPLE	int THREAD_MULTIPLE
VERSION	int VERSION
SUBVERSION	int SUBVERSION
MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME	int MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME
MAX_ERROR_STRING	int MAX_ERROR_STRING
MAX_PORT_NAME	int MAX_PORT_NAME
MAX_INFO_KEY	int MAX_INFO_KEY
MAX_INFO_VAL	int MAX_INFO_VAL
MAX_OBJECT_NAME	int MAX_OBJECT_NAME
MAX_DATAREP_STRING	int MAX_DATAREP_STRING
MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING	int MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING
DATATYPE_NULL	Datatype DATATYPE_NULL
UB	Datatype UB
LB	Datatype LB
PACKED	Datatype PACKED
BYTE	Datatype BYTE
AINT	Datatype AINT
OFFSET	Datatype OFFSET
COUNT	Datatype COUNT
CHAR	Datatype CHAR
WCHAR	Datatype WCHAR
SIGNED_CHAR	Datatype SIGNED_CHAR
SHORT	Datatype SHORT
DIIOINI	continues on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Table 1	Table 1 – continued from previous page		
INT	Datatype INT		
LONG	Datatype LONG		
LONG_LONG	Datatype LONG_LONG		
UNSIGNED_CHAR	Datatype UNSIGNED_CHAR		
UNSIGNED_SHORT	Datatype UNSIGNED_SHORT		
UNSIGNED	Datatype UNSIGNED		
UNSIGNED_LONG	Datatype UNSIGNED_LONG		
UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG	Datatype UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG		
FLOAT	Datatype FLOAT		
DOUBLE	Datatype DOUBLE		
LONG_DOUBLE	Datatype LONG_DOUBLE		
C_BOOL	Datatype C_BOOL		
INT8_T	Datatype INT8_T		
INT16_T	Datatype INT16_T		
INT32_T	Datatype INT32_T		
INT64_T	Datatype INT64_T		
UINT8_T	Datatype UINT8_T		
UINT16_T	Datatype UINT16_T		
UINT32_T	Datatype UINT32_T		
UINT64_T	Datatype UINT64_T		
C_COMPLEX	Datatype C_COMPLEX		
C_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Datatype C_FLOAT_COMPLEX		
C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX		
C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX		
CXX_BOOL	Datatype CXX_BOOL		
CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Datatype CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX		
CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX		
CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX		
SHORT_INT	Datatype SHORT_INT		
INT_INT	Datatype INT_INT		
TWOINT	Datatype TWOINT		
LONG_INT	Datatype LONG_INT		
FLOAT_INT	Datatype FLOAT_INT		
DOUBLE_INT	Datatype DOUBLE_INT		
LONG_DOUBLE_INT	Datatype LONG_DOUBLE_INT		
CHARACTER	Datatype CHARACTER		
LOGICAL	Datatype LOGICAL		
INTEGER	Datatype INTEGER		
REAL	Datatype REAL		
DOUBLE_PRECISION	Datatype DOUBLE_PRECISION		
COMPLEX	Datatype COMPLEX		
DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype DOUBLE_COMPLEX		
LOGICAL1	Datatype LOGICAL1		
LOGICAL2	Datatype LOGICAL2		
LOGICAL4	Datatype LOGICAL4		
LOGICAL8	Datatype LOGICAL8		
INTEGER1	Datatype INTEGER1		
INTEGER2	Datatype INTEGER2		
INTEGER4	Datatype INTEGER4		
INTEGER8	Datatype INTEGER8 continues on next page		

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Table	1 – continued from previous page
INTEGER16	Datatype INTEGER16
REAL2	Datatype REAL2
REAL4	Datatype REAL4
REAL8	Datatype REAL8
REAL16	Datatype REAL16
COMPLEX4	Datatype COMPLEX4
COMPLEX8	Datatype COMPLEX8
COMPLEX16	Datatype COMPLEX16
COMPLEX32	Datatype COMPLEX32
UNSIGNED_INT	Datatype UNSIGNED_INT
SIGNED_SHORT	Datatype SIGNED_SHORT
SIGNED_INT	Datatype SIGNED_INT
SIGNED_LONG	Datatype SIGNED_LONG
SIGNED_LONG_LONG	Datatype SIGNED_LONG_LONG
BOOL	Datatype BOOL
SINT8_T	Datatype SINT8_T
SINT16_T	Datatype SINT16_T
SINT32_T	Datatype SINT32_T
SINT64_T	Datatype SINT64_T
F_BOOL	Datatype F_B00L
F_INT	Datatype F_INT
F_FLOAT	Datatype F_FLOAT
F_DOUBLE	Datatype F_DOUBLE
F_COMPLEX	Datatype F_COMPLEX
F_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Datatype F_FLOAT_COMPLEX
F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX
REQUEST_NULL	Request REQUEST_NULL
MESSAGE_NULL	Message MESSAGE_NULL
MESSAGE_NO_PROC	Message MESSAGE_NO_PROC
OP_NULL	Op OP_NULL
MAX	Op MAX
MIN	Op MIN
SUM	Op SUM
PROD	Op PROD
LAND	Op LAND
BAND	Op BAND
LOR	0p LOR
BOR	Op BOR
LXOR	Op LXOR
BXOR	Op BXOR
MAXLOC	Op MAXLOC
MINLOC	Op MINLOC
REPLACE	Op REPLACE
NO_OP	<i>Op</i> NO_OP
GROUP_NULL	Group GROUP_NULL
GROUP_EMPTY	Group GROUP_EMPTY
INFO_NULL	Info INFO_NULL
INFO_ENV	Info INFO_ENV
ERRHANDLER_NULL	Errhandler ERRHANDLER_NULL
ERRORS_RETURN	Errhandler ERRORS_RETURN

Table 1 – continued from previous page

ERRORS_ARE_FATAL	Errhandler ERRORS_ARE_FATAL
COMM_NULL	Comm COMM_NULL
COMM_SELF	Intracomm COMM_SELF
COMM_WORLD	Intracomm COMM_WORLD
WIN_NULL	Win WIN_NULL
FILE_NULL	File FILE_NULL
pickle	<i>Pickle</i> pickle

# 6 mpi4py.futures

New in version 3.0.0.

This package provides a high-level interface for asynchronously executing callables on a pool of worker processes using MPI for inter-process communication.

#### 6.1 concurrent.futures

The mpi4py.futures package is based on concurrent.futures from the Python standard library. More precisely, mpi4py.futures provides the MPIPoolExecutor class as a concrete implementation of the abstract class Executor. The submit() interface schedules a callable to be executed asynchronously and returns a Future object representing the execution of the callable. Future instances can be queried for the call result or exception. Sets of Future instances can be passed to the wait() and as\_completed() functions.

**Note:** The concurrent futures package was introduced in Python 3.2. A backport targeting Python 2.7 is available on PyPI. The *mpi4py futures* package uses concurrent futures if available, either from the Python 3 standard library or the Python 2.7 backport if installed. Otherwise, *mpi4py futures* uses a bundled copy of core functionality backported from Python 3.5 to work with Python 2.7.

#### See also:

#### Module concurrent, futures

Documentation of the concurrent, futures standard module.

#### 6.2 MPIPoolExecutor

The MPIPoolExecutor class uses a pool of MPI processes to execute calls asynchronously. By performing computations in separate processes, it allows to side-step the global interpreter lock but also means that only picklable objects can be executed and returned. The \_\_main\_\_ module must be importable by worker processes, thus MPIPoolExecutor instances may not work in the interactive interpreter.

MPIPoolExecutor takes advantage of the dynamic process management features introduced in the MPI-2 standard. In particular, the MPI.Intracomm.Spawn method of MPI.COMM\_SELF is used in the master (or parent) process to spawn new worker (or child) processes running a Python interpreter. The master process uses a separate thread (one for each MPIPoolExecutor instance) to communicate back and forth with the workers. The worker processes serve the execution of tasks in the main (and only) thread until they are signaled for completion.

**Note:** The worker processes must import the main script in order to *unpickle* any callable defined in the \_\_main\_\_ module and submitted from the master process. Furthermore, the callables may need access to other global variables. At the worker processes, *mpi4py.futures* executes the main script code (using the runpy module) under

the \_\_worker\_\_ namespace to define the \_\_main\_\_ module. The \_\_main\_\_ and \_\_worker\_\_ modules are added to sys.modules (both at the master and worker processes) to ensure proper *pickling* and *unpickling*.

**Warning:** During the initial import phase at the workers, the main script cannot create and use new *MPIPoolExecutor* instances. Otherwise, each worker would attempt to spawn a new pool of workers, leading to infinite recursion. *mpi4py.futures* detects such recursive attempts to spawn new workers and aborts the MPI execution environment. As the main script code is run under the \_\_worker\_\_ namespace, the easiest way to avoid spawn recursion is using the idiom if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_': ... in the main script.

#### class mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor(max\_workers=None, initializer=None, initializer

An Executor subclass that executes calls asynchronously using a pool of at most *max\_workers* processes. If *max\_workers* is None or not given, its value is determined from the *MPI4PY\_FUTURES\_MAX\_WORKERS* environment variable if set, or the MPI universe size if set, otherwise a single worker process is spawned. If *max\_workers* is lower than or equal to 0, then a ValueError will be raised.

*initializer* is an optional callable that is called at the start of each worker process before executing any tasks; *initargs* is a tuple of arguments passed to the initializer. If *initializer* raises an exception, all pending tasks and any attempt to submit new tasks to the pool will raise a BrokenExecutor exception.

#### Other parameters:

- python\_exe: Path to the Python interpreter executable used to spawn worker processes, otherwise sys.
   executable is used.
- python\_args: list or iterable with additional command line flags to pass to the Python executable. Command line flags determined from inspection of sys.flags, sys.warnoptions and sys.\_xoptions in are passed unconditionally.
- mpi\_info: dict or iterable yielding (key, value) pairs. These (key, value) pairs are passed (through an MPI.Info object) to the MPI.Intracomm. Spawn call used to spawn worker processes. This mechanism allows telling the MPI runtime system where and how to start the processes. Check the documentation of the backend MPI implementation about the set of keys it interprets and the corresponding format for values.
- globals: dict or iterable yielding (name, value) pairs to initialize the main module namespace in worker processes.
- *main*: If set to False, do not import the \_\_main\_\_ module in worker processes. Setting *main* to False prevents worker processes from accessing definitions in the parent \_\_main\_\_ namespace.
- *path*: list or iterable with paths to append to sys.path in worker processes to extend the module search path.
- *wdir*: Path to set the current working directory in worker processes using os.chdir(). The initial working directory is set by the MPI implementation. Quality MPI implementations should honor a wdir info key passed through *mpi\_info*, although such feature is not mandatory.
- env: dict or iterable yielding (name, value) pairs with environment variables to update os.environ in worker processes. The initial environment is set by the MPI implementation. MPI implementations may allow setting the initial environment through mpi\_info, however such feature is not required nor recommended by the MPI standard.

#### submit(func, \*args, \*\*kwargs)

Schedule the callable, *func*, to be executed as func(\*args, \*\*kwargs) and returns a Future object representing the execution of the callable.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=1)
future = executor.submit(pow, 321, 1234)
print(future.result())
```

map(func, \*iterables, timeout=None, chunksize=1, \*\*kwargs)

Equivalent to map(func, \*iterables) except func is executed asynchronously and several calls to func may be made concurrently, out-of-order, in separate processes. The returned iterator raises a TimeoutError if \_\_next\_\_() is called and the result isn't available after timeout seconds from the original call to map(). timeout can be an int or a float. If timeout is not specified or None, there is no limit to the wait time. If a call raises an exception, then that exception will be raised when its value is retrieved from the iterator. This method chops iterables into a number of chunks which it submits to the pool as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting chunksize to a positive integer. For very long iterables, using a large value for chunksize can significantly improve performance compared to the default size of one. By default, the returned iterator yields results in-order, waiting for successive tasks to complete. This behavior can be changed by passing the keyword argument unordered as True, then the result iterator will yield a result as soon as any of the tasks complete.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
for result in executor.map(pow, [2]*32, range(32)):
    print(result)
```

**starmap**(func, iterable, timeout=None, chunksize=1, \*\*kwargs)

Equivalent to itertools.starmap(func, iterable). Used instead of map() when argument parameters are already grouped in tuples from a single iterable (the data has been "pre-zipped"). map(func, \*iterable) is equivalent to starmap(func, zip(\*iterable)).

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
iterable = ((2, n) for n in range(32))
for result in executor.starmap(pow, iterable):
    print(result)
```

**shutdown**(*wait=True*, *cancel\_futures=False*)

Signal the executor that it should free any resources that it is using when the currently pending futures are done executing. Calls to submit() and map() made after shutdown() will raise RuntimeError.

If *wait* is True then this method will not return until all the pending futures are done executing and the resources associated with the executor have been freed. If *wait* is False then this method will return immediately and the resources associated with the executor will be freed when all pending futures are done executing. Regardless of the value of *wait*, the entire Python program will not exit until all pending futures are done executing.

If *cancel\_futures* is True, this method will cancel all pending futures that the executor has not started running. Any futures that are completed or running won't be cancelled, regardless of the value of *cancel\_futures*.

You can avoid having to call this method explicitly if you use the with statement, which will shutdown the executor instance (waiting as if *shutdown()* were called with *wait* set to True).

```
import time
with MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=1) as executor:
   future = executor.submit(time.sleep, 2)
assert future.done()
```

bootup(wait=True)

Signal the executor that it should allocate eagerly any required resources (in particular, MPI worker processes). If wait is True, then bootup() will not return until the executor resources are ready to process submissions. Resources are automatically allocated in the first call to submit(), thus calling bootup() explicitly is seldom needed.

## MPI4PY\_FUTURES\_MAX\_WORKERS

If the *max\_workers* parameter to *MPIPoolExecutor* is None or not given, the *MPI4PY\_FUTURES\_MAX\_WORKERS* environment variable provides fallback value for the maximum number of MPI worker processes to spawn.

**Note:** As the master process uses a separate thread to perform MPI communication with the workers, the backend MPI implementation should provide support for MPI. THREAD\_MULTIPLE. However, some popular MPI implementations do not support yet concurrent MPI calls from multiple threads. Additionally, users may decide to initialize MPI with a lower level of thread support. If the level of thread support in the backend MPI is less than MPI. THREAD\_MULTIPLE, mpi4py.futures will use a global lock to serialize MPI calls. If the level of thread support is less than MPI. THREAD\_SERIALIZED, mpi4py.futures will emit a RuntimeWarning.

**Warning:** If the level of thread support in the backend MPI is less than MPI. THREAD\_SERIALIZED (i.e, it is either MPI. THREAD\_SINGLE or MPI. THREAD\_FUNNELED), in theory mpi4py. futures cannot be used. Rather than raising an exception, mpi4py. futures emits a warning and takes a "cross-fingers" attitude to continue execution in the hope that serializing MPI calls with a global lock will actually work.

## 6.3 MPICommExecutor

Legacy MPI-1 implementations (as well as some vendor MPI-2 implementations) do not support the dynamic process management features introduced in the MPI-2 standard. Additionally, job schedulers and batch systems in supercomputing facilities may pose additional complications to applications using the MPI\_Comm\_spawn() routine.

With these issues in mind, <code>mpi4py.futures</code> supports an additional, more traditional, SPMD-like usage pattern requiring MPI-1 calls only. Python applications are started the usual way, e.g., using the <code>mpiexec</code> command. Python code should make a collective call to the <code>MPICommExecutor</code> context manager to partition the set of MPI processes within a MPI communicator in one master processes and many workers processes. The master process gets access to an <code>MPIPoolExecutor</code> instance to submit tasks. Meanwhile, the worker process follow a different execution path and team-up to execute the tasks submitted from the master.

Besides alleviating the lack of dynamic process management features in legacy MPI-1 or partial MPI-2 implementations, the MPICommExecutor context manager may be useful in classic MPI-based Python applications willing to take advantage of the simple, task-based, master/worker approach available in the mpi4py. futures package.

#### **class** mpi4py.futures.**MPICommExecutor**(comm=None, root=0)

Context manager for MPIPoolExecutor. This context manager splits a MPI (intra)communicator comm (defaults to MPI.COMM\_WORLD if not provided or None) in two disjoint sets: a single master process (with rank root in comm) and the remaining worker processes. These sets are then connected through an intercommunicator. The target of the with statement is assigned either an MPIPoolExecutor instance (at the master) or None (at the workers).

```
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.futures import MPICommExecutor
with MPICommExecutor(MPI.COMM_WORLD, root=0) as executor:
   if executor is not None:
```

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```
future = executor.submit(abs, -42)
assert future.result() == 42
answer = set(executor.map(abs, [-42, 42]))
assert answer == {42}
```

**Warning:** If *MPICommExecutor* is passed a communicator of size one (e.g., *MPI.COMM\_SELF*), then the executor instace assigned to the target of the with statement will execute all submitted tasks in a single worker thread, thus ensuring that task execution still progress asynchronously. However, the *GIL* will prevent the main and worker threads from running concurrently in multicore processors. Moreover, the thread context switching may harm noticeably the performance of CPU-bound tasks. In case of I/O-bound tasks, the *GIL* is not usually an issue, however, as a single worker thread is used, it progress one task at a time. We advice against using *MPICommExecutor* with communicators of size one and suggest refactoring your code to use instead a ThreadPoolExecutor.

## 6.4 Command line

Recalling the issues related to the lack of support for dynamic process management features in MPI implementations, <code>mpi4py.futures</code> supports an alternative usage pattern where Python code (either from scripts, modules, or zip files) is run under command line control of the <code>mpi4py.futures</code> package by passing <code>-m mpi4py.futures</code> to the <code>python</code> executable. The <code>mpi4py.futures</code> invocation should be passed a <code>pyfile</code> path to a script (or a zipfile/directory containing a <code>\_\_main\_\_.py</code> file). Additionally, <code>mpi4py.futures</code> accepts <code>-m mod</code> to execute a module named <code>mod</code>, <code>-c cmd</code> to execute a command string <code>cmd</code>, or even <code>-</code> to read commands from standard input (<code>sys.stdin</code>). Summarizing, <code>mpi4py.futures</code> can be invoked in the following ways:

```
$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures pyfile [arg] ...
$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures -m mod [arg] ...
$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures -c cmd [arg] ...
$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures - [arg] ...
```

Before starting the main script execution, <code>mpi4py.futures</code> splits <code>MPI.COMM\_WORLD</code> in one master (the process with rank 0 in <code>MPI.COMM\_WORLD</code>) and <code>numprocs - 1</code> workers and connects them through an MPI intercommunicator. Afterwards, the master process proceeds with the execution of the user script code, which eventually creates <code>MPIPoolExecutor</code> instances to submit tasks. Meanwhile, the worker processes follow a different execution path to serve the master. Upon successful termination of the main script at the master, the entire MPI execution environment exists gracefully. In case of any unhandled exception in the main script, the master process calls <code>MPI.COMM\_WORLD</code>. Abort(1) to prevent deadlocks and force termination of entire MPI execution environment.

**Warning:** Running scripts under command line control of *mpi4py. futures* is quite similar to executing a single-process application that spawn additional workers as required. However, there is a very important difference users should be aware of. All *MPIPoolExecutor* instances created at the master will share the pool of workers. Tasks submitted at the master from many different executors will be scheduled for execution in random order as soon as a worker is idle. Any executor can easily starve all the workers (e.g., by calling *MPIPoolExecutor.map()* with long iterables). If that ever happens, submissions from other executors will not be serviced until free workers are available.

#### See also:

#### **Command line**

Documentation on Python command line interface.

## 6.5 Examples

The following julia.py script computes the Julia set and dumps an image to disk in binary PGM format. The code starts by importing MPIPoolExecutor from the mpi4py.futures package. Next, some global constants and functions implement the computation of the Julia set. The computations are protected with the standard if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_': ... idiom. The image is computed by whole scanlines submitting all these tasks at once using the map method. The result iterator yields scanlines in-order as the tasks complete. Finally, each scanline is dumped to disk.

Listing 1: julia.py

```
from mpi4py.futures import MPIPoolExecutor
2
   x0, x1, w = -2.0, +2.0, 640*2
   y0, y1, h = -1.5, +1.5, 480*2
4
   dx = (x1 - x0) / w
   dy = (y1 - y0) / h
   c = complex(0, 0.65)
   def julia(x, y):
10
       z = complex(x, y)
11
       n\ =\ 255
12
       while abs(z) < 3 and n > 1:
13
            z = z^{**}2 + c
            n -= 1
15
       return n
16
17
   def julia_line(k):
18
       line = bytearray(w)
19
       y = y1 - k * dy
20
       for j in range(w):
21
            x = x0 + j * dx
22
            line[j] = julia(x, y)
23
       return line
24
25
      __name__ == '__main__':
26
27
       with MPIPoolExecutor() as executor:
28
            image = executor.map(julia_line, range(h))
            with open('julia.pgm', 'wb') as f:
30
                f.write(b'P5 %d %d %d\n' % (w, h, 255))
31
                for line in image:
32
                     f.write(line)
```

The recommended way to execute the script is by using the **mpiexec** command specifying one MPI process (master) and (optional but recommended) the desired MPI universe size, which determines the number of additional dynamically spawned processes (workers). The MPI universe size is provided either by a batch system or set by the user via command-line arguments to **mpiexec** or environment variables. Below we provide examples for MPICH and Open MPI implementations<sup>1</sup>. In all of these examples, the **mpiexec** command launches a single master process running the Python interpreter and executing the main script. When required, **mpi4py.futures** spawns the pool of 16 worker processes. The master submits tasks to the workers and waits for the results. The workers receive incoming tasks,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When using an MPI implementation other than MPICH or Open MPI, please check the documentation of the implementation and/or batch system for the ways to specify the desired MPI universe size.

execute them, and send back the results to the master.

When using MPICH implementation or its derivatives based on the Hydra process manager, users can set the MPI universe size via the -usize argument to **mpiexec**:

```
$ mpiexec -n 1 -usize 17 python julia.py
```

or, alternatively, by setting the MPIEXEC\_UNIVERSE\_SIZE environment variable:

```
$ MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE=17 mpiexec -n 1 python julia.py
```

In the Open MPI implementation, the MPI universe size can be set via the -host argument to **mpiexec**:

```
$ mpiexec -n 1 -host <hostname>:17 python julia.py
```

Another way to specify the number of workers is to use the *mpi4py.futures*-specific environment variable *MPI4PY\_FUTURES\_MAX\_WORKERS*:

```
$ MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=16 mpiexec -n 1 python julia.py
```

Note that in this case, the MPI universe size is ignored.

Alternatively, users may decide to execute the script in a more traditional way, that is, all the MPI processes are started at once. The user script is run under command-line control of *mpi4py.futures* passing the -m flag to the **python** executable:

```
$ mpiexec -n 17 python -m mpi4py.futures julia.py
```

As explained previously, the 17 processes are partitioned in one master and 16 workers. The master process executes the main script while the workers execute the tasks submitted by the master.

**GIL** 

See global interpreter lock.

# 7 mpi4py.util

New in version 3.1.0.

The mpi4py.util package collects miscellaneous utilities within the intersection of Python and MPI.

## 7.1 mpi4py.util.pkl5

New in version 3.1.0.

pickle protocol 5 (see PEP 574) introduced support for out-of-band buffers, allowing for more efficient handling of certain object types with large memory footprints.

MPI for Python uses the traditional in-band handling of buffers. This approach is appropriate for communicating non-buffer Python objects, or buffer-like objects with small memory footprints. For point-to-point communication, in-band buffer handling allows for the communication of a pickled stream with a single MPI message, at the expense of additional CPU and memory overhead in the pickling and unpickling steps.

The mpi4py.util.pkl5 module provides communicator wrapper classes reimplementing pickle-based point-to-point communication methods using pickle protocol 5. Handling out-of-band buffers necessarily involve multiple MPI messages, thus increasing latency and hurting performance in case of small size data. However, in case of large size data, the

zero-copy savings of out-of-band buffer handling more than offset the extra latency costs. Additionally, these wrapper methods overcome the infamous 2 GiB message count limit (MPI-1 to MPI-3).

**Note:** Support for pickle protocol 5 is available in the pickle module within the Python standard library since Python 3.8. Previous Python 3 releases can use the pickle5 backport, which is available on PyPI and can be installed with:

```
python -m pip install pickle5
```

```
class mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request(request=None)
    Request.
```

Custom request class for nonblocking communications.

Note: Request is not a subclass of mpi4py.MPI.Request

```
Parameters
         request (Iterable[MPI.Request]) -
     Return type
         Request
Free()
     Free a communication request.
         Return type
            None
cancel()
     Cancel a communication request.
         Return type
             None
get_status(status=None)
     Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
         Return type
             bool
test(status=None)
     Test for the completion of a request.
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
         Return type
             Tuple[bool, Optional[Any]]
wait(status=None)
     Wait for a request to complete.
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
```

```
Return type
```

Any

classmethod testall(requests, statuses=None)

Test for the completion of all requests.

#### Classmethod

classmethod waitall(requests, statuses=None)

Wait for all requests to complete.

#### Classmethod

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message(message=None)

Message.

Custom message class for matching probes.

Note: Message is not a subclass of mpi4py.MPI.Message

```
Parameters
```

message (Iterable[MPI.Message]) -

#### **Return type**

Message

recv(status=None)

Blocking receive of matched message.

## **Parameters**

status (Optional[Status]) -

## Return type

Any

irecv()

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

## Return type

Request

classmethod probe(comm, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Blocking test for a matched message.

## Classmethod

classmethod iprobe(comm, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

#### Classmethod

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm

Communicator.

Base communicator wrapper class.

send(obj, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send in standard mode.

- **obj** (Any) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

None

bsend(obj, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send in buffered mode.

#### **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- **dest** (*int*) -
- tag (int) -

## **Return type**

None

ssend(obj, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send in synchronous mode.

#### **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

## **Return type**

None

isend(obj, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send in standard mode.

## **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

ibsend(obj, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

## **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

```
issend(obj, dest, tag=0)
```

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

#### **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- **dest** (int) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

 $\textbf{recv}(\textit{buf=None}, \textit{source=ANY\_SOURCE}, \textit{tag=ANY\_TAG}, \textit{status=None})$ 

Blocking receive.

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (Optional[Buffer]) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## Return type

Any

irecv(buf=None, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG)

Nonblocking receive.

Warning: This method cannot be supported reliably and raises RuntimeError.

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (Optional[Buffer]) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -

#### Return type

Request

Send and receive.

- sendobj (Any) -
- dest (int) -
- sendtag (int) -
- recvbuf (Optional[Buffer]) -
- source (int) -
- recvtag(int)-

• status (Optional [Status]) -

## **Return type**

Any

mprobe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Blocking test for a matched message.

## **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## **Return type**

Message

improbe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

#### **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## **Return type**

Optional[Message]

bcast(obj, root=0)

Broadcast.

#### **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- **root** (*int*) -

## **Return type**

Any

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.Intracomm

Intracommunicator.

Intracommunicator wrapper class.

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.Intercomm

Intercommunicator.

Intercommunicator wrapper class.

## **Examples**

Listing 2: test-pkl5-1.py

```
import numpy as np
   from mpi4py import MPI
   from mpi4py.util import pkl5
   comm = pkl5.Intracomm(MPI.COMM_WORLD) # comm wrapper
   size = comm.Get_size()
   rank = comm.Get_rank()
   dst = (rank + 1) \% size
   src = (rank - 1) \% size
10
   sobj = np.full(1024**3, rank, dtype='i4') # > 4 GiB
11
   sreq = comm.isend(sobj, dst, tag=42)
   robj = comm.recv (None, src, tag=42)
   sreq.Free()
14
   assert np.min(robj) == src
   assert np.max(robj) == src
```

Listing 3: test-pk15-2.py

```
import numpy as np
   from mpi4py import MPI
   from mpi4py.util import pkl5
   comm = pkl5.Intracomm(MPI.COMM_WORLD) # comm wrapper
   size = comm.Get_size()
   rank = comm.Get_rank()
   dst = (rank + 1) \% size
   src = (rank - 1) \% size
10
   sobj = np.full(1024**3, rank, dtype='i4') # > 4 GiB
   sreq = comm.isend(sobj, dst, tag=42)
12
13
   status = MPI.Status()
14
   rmsg = comm.mprobe(status=status)
15
   assert status.Get_source() == src
   assert status.Get_tag() == 42
17
   rreq = rmsg.irecv()
   robj = rreq.wait()
19
20
   sreq.Free()
21
   assert np.max(robj) == src
22
   assert np.min(robj) == src
```

## 7.2 mpi4py.util.dtlib

```
New in version 3.1.0.

The mpi4py.util.dtlib module provides converter routines between NumPy and MPI datatypes.

mpi4py.util.dtlib.from_numpy_dtype(dtype)

Convert NumPy datatype to MPI datatype.

Parameters

dtype (numpy.typing.DTypeLike) - NumPy dtype-like object.

Return type

Datatype

mpi4py.util.dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)

Convert MPI datatype to NumPy datatype.

Parameters

datatype (Datatype) - MPI datatype.

Return type

numpy.dtype
```

# 8 mpi4py.run

New in version 3.0.0.

At import time, <code>mpi4py</code> initializes the MPI execution environment calling MPI\_Init\_thread() and installs an exit hook to automatically call MPI\_Finalize() just before the Python process terminates. Additionally, <code>mpi4py</code> overrides the default <code>ERRORS\_ARE\_FATAL</code> error handler in favor of <code>ERRORS\_RETURN</code>, which allows translating MPI errors in Python exceptions. These departures from standard MPI behavior may be controversial, but are quite convenient within the highly dynamic Python programming environment. Third-party code using <code>mpi4py</code> can just <code>from mpi4py</code> import MPI and perform MPI calls without the tedious initialization/finalization handling. MPI errors, once translated automatically to Python exceptions, can be dealt with the common <code>try...except...finally</code> clauses; unhandled MPI exceptions will print a traceback which helps in locating problems in source code.

Unfortunately, the interplay of automatic MPI finalization and unhandled exceptions may lead to deadlocks. In unattended runs, these deadlocks will drain the battery of your laptop, or burn precious allocation hours in your supercomputing facility.

Consider the following snippet of Python code. Assume this code is stored in a standard Python script file and run with **mpiexec** in two or more processes.

```
from mpi4py import MPI
assert MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_size() > 1
rank = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_rank()
if rank == 0:
    1/0
    MPI.COMM_WORLD.send(None, dest=1, tag=42)
elif rank == 1:
    MPI.COMM_WORLD.recv(source=0, tag=42)
```

Process 0 raises ZeroDivisionError exception before performing a send call to process 1. As the exception is not handled, the Python interpreter running in process 0 will proceed to exit with non-zero status. However, as <code>mpi4py</code> installed a finalizer hook to call <code>MPI\_Finalize()</code> before exit, process 0 will block waiting for other processes to also

enter the MPI\_Finalize() call. Meanwhile, process 1 will block waiting for a message to arrive from process 0, thus never reaching to MPI\_Finalize(). The whole MPI execution environment is irremediably in a deadlock state.

To alleviate this issue, <code>mpi4py</code> offers a simple, alternative command line execution mechanism based on using the -m flag and implemented with the <code>runpy</code> module. To use this features, Python code should be run passing -m <code>mpi4py</code> in the command line invoking the Python interpreter. In case of unhandled exceptions, the finalizer hook will call <code>MPI\_Abort()</code> on the <code>MPI\_COMM\_WORLD</code> communicator, thus effectively aborting the MPI execution environment.

**Warning:** When a process is forced to abort, resources (e.g. open files) are not cleaned-up and any registered finalizers (either with the atexit module, the Python C/API function Py\_AtExit(), or even the C standard library function atexit()) will not be executed. Thus, aborting execution is an extremely impolite way of ensuring process termination. However, MPI provides no other mechanism to recover from a deadlock state.

# 8.1 Interface options

The use of -m mpi4py to execute Python code on the command line resembles that of the Python interpreter.

```
• mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py pyfile [arg] ...
```

- mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py -m mod [arg] ...
- mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py -c cmd [arg] ...
- mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py [arg] ...

#### <pyfile>

Execute the Python code contained in *pyfile*, which must be a filesystem path referring to either a Python file, a directory containing a \_\_main\_\_.py file, or a zipfile containing a \_\_main\_\_.py file.

-m <mod>

Search sys.path for the named module *mod* and execute its contents.

-**c** <cmd>

Execute the Python code in the *cmd* string command.

Read commands from standard input (sys.stdin).

#### See also:

#### **Command line**

Documentation on Python command line interface.

## 9 Reference

mpi4py.MPI

Message Passing Interface.

# 9.1 mpi4py.MPI

Message Passing Interface.

## Classes

Communicator Datatype object Distributed graph topology intracommunicator Error handler File handle General graph topology intracommunicator Generalized request handle
Distributed graph topology intracommunicator  Error handler  File handle  General graph topology intracommunicator
Error handler File handle General graph topology intracommunicator
File handle General graph topology intracommunicator
General graph topology intracommunicator
Canaralizad raquast handla
Ocheranzeu request handie
Group of processes
Info object
Intercommunicator
Intracommunicator
Matched message handle
Operation object
Pickle/unpickle Python objects
Persistent request handle
Request handle
Status object
Topology intracommunicator
Window handle
Memory buffer

# mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm

## **Methods Summary**

<pre>Get_cart_rank(coords)</pre>	Translate logical coordinates to ranks
Get_coords(rank)	Translate ranks to logical coordinates
<pre>Get_dim()</pre>	Return number of dimensions
<pre>Get_topo()</pre>	Return information on the cartesian topology
Shift(direction, disp)	Return a tuple (source, dest) of process ranks for data
	shifting with Comm.Sendrecv()
Sub(remain_dims)	Return cartesian communicators that form lower-
	dimensional subgrids

## **Attributes Summary**

coords	coordinates	
dim	number of dimensions	
dims	dimensions	
ndim	number of dimensions	
periods	periodicity	
topo	topology information	

## **Methods Documentation**

```
Get_cart_rank(coords)
```

Translate logical coordinates to ranks

**Parameters** 

coords (Sequence[int]) -

Return type

int

Get\_coords(rank)

Translate ranks to logical coordinates

**Parameters** 

rank (int)-

Return type

List[int]

Get\_dim()

Return number of dimensions

Return type

int

Get\_topo()

Return information on the cartesian topology

Return type

Tuple[List[int], List[int], List[int]]

```
Shift(direction, disp)
          Return a tuple (source, dest) of process ranks for data shifting with Comm.Sendrecv()
              Parameters
                  • direction (int) -
                  • disp (int) -
              Return type
                  Tuple[int, int]
     Sub(remain_dims)
          Return cartesian communicators that form lower-dimensional subgrids
              Parameters
                  remain_dims (Sequence[boo1]) -
              Return type
                  Cartcomm
     Attributes Documentation
     coords
          coordinates
     dim
          number of dimensions
     dims
          dimensions
     ndim
          number of dimensions
     periods
          periodicity
     topo
          topology information
mpi4py.MPI.Comm
class mpi4py.MPI.Comm(comm=None)
     Bases: object
     Communicator
          Parameters
              comm (Optional[Comm]) -
          Return type
              Comm
     static __new__(cls, comm=None)
              Parameters
                  comm (Optional[Comm]) -
```

# Return type Comm

# **Methods Summary**

Abort([errorcode])	Terminate MPI execution environment
Allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Gather to All, gather data from all processes and dis-
	tribute it to all other processes in a group
Allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Gather to All Vector, gather data from all processes
	and distribute it to all other processes in a group pro-
	viding different amount of data and displacements
Allreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Reduce to All
Alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	All to All Scatter/Gather, send data from all to all pro-
	cesses in a group
Alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	All to All Scatter/Gather Vector, send data from all to
	all processes in a group providing different amount of
	data and displacements
Alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Generalized All-to-All communication allowing dif-
	ferent counts, displacements and datatypes for each
	partner
Barrier()	Barrier synchronization
Bcast(buf[, root])	Broadcast a message from one process to all other
	processes in a group
Bsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send in buffered mode
Bsend_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Persistent request for a send in buffered mode
Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a communicator
Clone()	Clone an existing communicator
Compare(comm1, comm2)	Compare two communicators
Create(group)	Create communicator from group
Create_group(group[, tag])	Create communicator from group
<pre>Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])</pre>	Create a new attribute key for communicators
Delete_attr(keyval)	Delete attribute value associated with a key
Disconnect()	Disconnect from a communicator
Dup([info])	Duplicate an existing communicator
Dup_with_info(info)	Duplicate an existing communicator
Free()	Free a communicator
Free_keyval(keyval)	Free an attribute key for communicators
Gather(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Gather together values from a group of processes
Gatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Gather Vector, gather data to one process from all
	other processes in a group providing different amount
	of data and displacements at the receiving sides
Get_attr(keyval)	Retrieve attribute value by key
<pre>Get_errhandler()</pre>	Get the error handler for a communicator
<pre>Get_group()</pre>	Access the group associated with a communicator
<pre>Get_info()</pre>	Return the hints for a communicator that are currently
	in use
<pre>Get_name()</pre>	Get the print name for this communicator
<pre>Get_name() Get_parent()</pre>	Get the print name for this communicator  Return the parent intercommunicator for this process

continues on next page

Table 2 – continued from previous page

Table 2 – continued from previous page		
<pre>Get_topology()</pre>	Determine the type of topology (if any) associated	
	with a communicator	
Iallgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Gather to All	
Iallgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Gather to All Vector	
Iallreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Nonblocking Reduce to All	
Ialltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather	
Ialltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather Vector	
Ialltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Generalized All-to-All	
Ibarrier()	Nonblocking Barrier	
Ibcast(buf[, root])	Nonblocking Broadcast	
Ibsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in buffered mode	
Idup()	Nonblocking duplicate an existing communicator	
Igather(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Nonblocking Gather	
Igatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Nonblocking Gather Vector	
Improbe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message	
Iprobe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a message	
<pre>Irecv(buf[, source, tag])</pre>	Nonblocking receive	
Ireduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root])	Nonblocking Reduce to Root	
<pre>Ireduce_scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[,])</pre>	Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter (vector version)	
<pre>Ireduce_scatter_block(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])</pre>	Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-	
	vector version)	
Irsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in ready mode	
Is_inter()	Test to see if a comm is an intercommunicator	
Is_intra()	Test to see if a comm is an intracommunicator	
<pre>Iscatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])</pre>	Nonblocking Scatter	
<pre>Iscatterv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])</pre>	Nonblocking Scatter Vector	
Isend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send	
Issend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in synchronous mode	
Join(fd)	Create a intercommunicator by joining two processes	
	connected by a socket	
Mprobe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message	
Probe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a message	
Recv(buf[, source, tag, status])	Blocking receive	
Recv_init(buf[, source, tag])	Create a persistent request for a receive	
Reduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root])	Reduce to Root	
Reduce_scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[,])	Reduce-Scatter (vector version)	
<pre>Reduce_scatter_block(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])</pre>	Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version)	
Rsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send in ready mode	
Rsend_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Persistent request for a send in ready mode	
Scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Scatter data from one process to all other processes	
	in a group	
Scatterv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Scatter Vector, scatter data from one process to all	
	other processes in a group providing different amount	
	of data and displacements at the sending side	
Send(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send	
<pre>Send_init(buf, dest[, tag])</pre>	Create a persistent request for a standard send	
Sendrecv(sendbuf, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf,])	Send and receive a message	
Sendrecv_replace(buf, dest[, sendtag,])	Send and receive a message	
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)	Store attribute value associated with a key	
Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a communicator	
	continues on next page	

Table 2 – continued from previous page

Table 2 – Continue	ed from previous page
Set_info(info)	Set new values for the hints associated with a com-
	municator
Set_name(name)	Set the print name for this communicator
Split([color, key])	Split communicator by color and key
Split_type(split_type[, key, info])	Split communicator by split type
Ssend(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send in synchronous mode
Ssend_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Persistent request for a send in synchronous mode
allgather(sendobj)	Gather to All
allreduce(sendobj[, op])	Reduce to All
alltoall(sendobj)	All to All Scatter/Gather
barrier()	Barrier
bcast(obj[, root])	Broadcast
bsend(obj, dest[, tag])	Send in buffered mode
f2py(arg)	
<pre>gather(sendobj[, root])</pre>	Gather
ibsend(obj, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in buffered mode
improbe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message
<pre>iprobe([source, tag, status])</pre>	Nonblocking test for a message
irecv([buf, source, tag])	Nonblocking receive
isend(obj, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send
issend(obj, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in synchronous mode
mprobe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message
probe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a message
py2f()	
recv([buf, source, tag, status])	Receive
reduce(sendobj[, op, root])	Reduce to Root
scatter(sendobj[, root])	Scatter
send(obj, dest[, tag])	Send
sendrecv(sendobj, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf,])	Send and Receive
ssend(obj, dest[, tag])	Send in synchronous mode

# **Attributes Summary**

group	communicator group
info	communicator info
is_inter	is intercommunicator
is_intra	is intracommunicator
is_topo	is a topology communicator
name	communicator name
rank	rank of this process in communicator
size	number of processes in communicator
topology	communicator topology type

#### **Methods Documentation**

#### Abort(errorcode=0)

Terminate MPI execution environment

**Warning:** This is a direct call, use it with care!!!.

```
Parameters
```

errorcode (int) -

#### Return type

NoReturn

## Allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Gather to All, gather data from all processes and distribute it to all other processes in a group

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

## Return type

None

#### **Allgatherv**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Gather to All Vector, gather data from all processes and distribute it to all other processes in a group providing different amount of data and displacements

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

#### Return type

None

## **Allreduce**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Reduce to All

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- op (0p) -

## Return type

None

## **Alltoall**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather, send data from all to all processes in a group

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecB, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

None

#### **Alltoallv**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather Vector, send data from all to all processes in a group providing different amount of data and displacements

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecV, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

## Return type

None

#### Alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Generalized All-to-All communication allowing different counts, displacements and datatypes for each partner

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecW, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecW) -

## **Return type**

None

#### Barrier()

Barrier synchronization

## Return type

None

Bcast(buf, root=0)

Broadcast a message from one process to all other processes in a group

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- root (int) -

## Return type

None

Bsend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send in buffered mode

## **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

#### Return type

None

## Bsend\_init(buf, dest, tag=0)

Persistent request for a send in buffered mode

```
• buf (BufSpec) -
             • dest (int) -
             • tag (int) -
         Return type
             Request
Call_errhandler(errorcode)
     Call the error handler installed on a communicator
         Parameters
             errorcode (int) -
         Return type
             None
Clone()
     Clone an existing communicator
         Return type
             Comm
classmethod Compare(comm1, comm2)
     Compare two communicators
         Parameters
             • comm1 (Comm) -
             • comm2 (Comm) -
         Return type
             int
Create(group)
     Create communicator from group
         Parameters
             group (Group) -
         Return type
             Comm
Create_group(group, tag=0)
     Create communicator from group
         Parameters
             • group (Group) -
             • tag (int) -
         Return type
{\tt classmethod\ Create\_keyval} ({\it copy\_fn=None, delete\_fn=None, nopython=False})
     Create a new attribute key for communicators
         Parameters
             • copy_fn (Optional [Callable [[Comm, int, Any], Any]]) -
```

• delete\_fn(Optional[Callable[[Comm, int, Any], None]]) -

```
• nopython (bool) -
        Return type
            int
Delete_attr(keyval)
    Delete attribute value associated with a key
         Parameters
            keyval (int) -
         Return type
            None
Disconnect()
    Disconnect from a communicator
         Return type
            None
Dup(info=None)
    Duplicate an existing communicator
         Parameters
            info (Optional[Info]) -
         Return type
            Comm
Dup_with_info(info)
    Duplicate an existing communicator
         Parameters
            info (Info) -
         Return type
            Comm
Free()
    Free a communicator
         Return type
            None
classmethod Free_keyval(keyval)
    Free an attribute key for communicators
         Parameters
            keyval (int) -
         Return type
Gather(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
    Gather together values from a group of processes
         Parameters
             • sendbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
             • recvbuf (Optional[BufSpecB]) -
             • root (int) -
```

```
Return type
```

None

```
Gatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
```

Gather Vector, gather data to one process from all other processes in a group providing different amount of data and displacements at the receiving sides

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Optional[BufSpecV]) -
- root (int) -

## **Return type**

None

#### Get\_attr(keyval)

Retrieve attribute value by key

#### **Parameters**

keyval (int) -

#### **Return type**

Optional[Union[int, Any]]

#### Get\_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a communicator

#### Return type

Errhandler

## Get\_group()

Access the group associated with a communicator

#### Return type

Group

## Get\_info()

Return the hints for a communicator that are currently in use

## Return type

Info

## Get\_name()

Get the print name for this communicator

## Return type

str

## classmethod Get\_parent()

Return the parent intercommunicator for this process

## Return type

Intercomm

## Get\_rank()

Return the rank of this process in a communicator

## Return type

int

```
Get_size()
     Return the number of processes in a communicator
         Return type
            int
Get_topology()
    Determine the type of topology (if any) associated with a communicator
         Return type
            int
Iallgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)
     Nonblocking Gather to All
         Parameters
             • sendbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
             • recvbuf (BufSpecB) -
         Return type
            Request
Iallgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)
     Nonblocking Gather to All Vector
         Parameters
             • sendbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
             • recvbuf (BufSpecV) -
         Return type
            Request
Iallreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)
    Nonblocking Reduce to All
         Parameters
             • sendbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
             • recvbuf (BufSpec) -
             • op (0p) –
```

Request

## Ialltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecB, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

## Return type

Request

## Ialltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather Vector

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecV, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

## **Return type**

Request

## Ialltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking Generalized All-to-All

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (*Union*[BufSpecW, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecW) -

### **Return type**

Request

#### Ibarrier()

Nonblocking Barrier

## Return type

Request

Ibcast(buf, root=0)

Nonblocking Broadcast

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- root (int) -

## Return type

Request

Ibsend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- **dest** (*int*) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

#### Idup()

Nonblocking duplicate an existing communicator

## **Return type**

Tuple[Comm, Request]

## Igather(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)

Nonblocking Gather

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Optional[BufSpecB]) -
- root (int) -

## Return type

Request

Igatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)

Nonblocking Gather Vector

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Optional[BufSpecV]) -
- root (int) -

#### Return type

Request

Improbe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message

#### **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

#### Return type

Optional[Message]

**Iprobe**(*source=ANY\_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY\_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a message

## **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag(int)-
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## Return type

bool

Irecv(buf, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG)

Nonblocking receive

- buf (BufSpec) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -

Request

Ireduce(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM, root=0)

Nonblocking Reduce to Root

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Optional[BufSpec]) -
- op (0p) -
- root (int) -

## Return type

Request

Ireduce\_scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, recvcounts=None, op=SUM)

Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter (vector version)

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- recvcounts (Optional[Sequence[int]]) -
- op (0p) -

## Return type

Request

Ireduce\_scatter\_block(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version)

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecB, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Union[BufSpec, BufSpecB]) -
- **op** (0p) –

## Return type

Request

Irsend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send in ready mode

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

```
Is_inter()
```

Test to see if a comm is an intercommunicator

## Return type

bool

## Is\_intra()

Test to see if a comm is an intracommunicator

#### Return type

bool

## Iscatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)

Nonblocking Scatter

## **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Optional[BufSpecB]) -
- recvbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- root (int) -

## **Return type**

Request

Iscatterv(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)

Nonblocking Scatter Vector

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Optional[BufSpecV]) -
- recvbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- root (int) -

#### Return type

Request

Isend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- **dest** (*int*) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

Issend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode

- buf (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

```
Return type
```

Request

## classmethod Join(fd)

Create a intercommunicator by joining two processes connected by a socket

#### **Parameters**

fd(int)-

#### Return type

Intercomm

Mprobe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Blocking test for a matched message

#### **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

### Return type

Message

Probe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Blocking test for a message

Note: This function blocks until the message arrives.

#### **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## Return type

Literal[True]

**Recv**(buf, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Blocking receive

Note: This function blocks until the message is received

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## Return type

None

#### Recv\_init(buf, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG)

Create a persistent request for a receive

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Prequest

Reduce(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM, root=0)

Reduce to Root

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Optional[BufSpec]) -
- op (0p) -
- root (int) -

## **Return type**

None

Reduce\_scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, recvcounts=None, op=SUM)

Reduce-Scatter (vector version)

## **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- recvcounts (Optional[Sequence[int]]) -
- op (0p) -

## **Return type**

None

Reduce\_scatter\_block(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version)

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpecB, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (Union[BufSpec, BufSpecB]) -
- **op** (0p) –

#### Return type

None

**Rsend**(buf, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send in ready mode

## **Parameters**

• **buf** (BufSpec) –

```
• dest (int) -
```

• tag (int) -

## Return type

None

## Rsend\_init(buf, dest, tag=0)

Persistent request for a send in ready mode

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

#### **Return type**

Request

Scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)

Scatter data from one process to all other processes in a group

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Optional[BufSpecB]) -
- recvbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- root (int) -

## Return type

None

Scatterv(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)

Scatter Vector, scatter data from one process to all other processes in a group providing different amount of data and displacements at the sending side

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Optional[BufSpecV]) -
- recvbuf (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- root (int) -

#### Return type

None

**Send**(buf, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send

**Note:** This function may block until the message is received. Whether or not *Send* blocks depends on several factors and is implementation dependent

- buf (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

None

**Send\_init**(buf, dest, tag=0)

Create a persistent request for a standard send

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- tag(int)-

## Return type

Prequest

**Sendrecv**(sendbuf, dest, sendtag=0, recvbuf=None, source=ANY\_SOURCE, recvtag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Send and receive a message

**Note:** This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

**Caution:** A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- sendtag (int) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- source (int) -
- recvtag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## Return type

None

 $\textbf{Sendrecv\_replace}(\textit{buf}, \textit{dest}, \textit{sendtag} = 0, \textit{source} = \textit{ANY\_SOURCE}, \textit{recvtag} = \textit{ANY\_TAG}, \textit{status} = \textit{None})$ 

Send and receive a message

**Note:** This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

**Caution:** A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- dest (int) -
- sendtag (int) -
- source (int) -
- recvtag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## **Return type**

None

## Set\_attr(keyval, attrval)

Store attribute value associated with a key

#### **Parameters**

- keyval (int) -
- attrval (Any) -

#### Return type

None

## Set\_errhandler(errhandler)

Set the error handler for a communicator

## **Parameters**

errhandler (Errhandler) -

## Return type

None

## Set\_info(info)

Set new values for the hints associated with a communicator

#### **Parameters**

info (Info) -

## Return type

None

## Set\_name(name)

Set the print name for this communicator

#### **Parameters**

name (str) -

## Return type

None

## Split(color=0, key=0)

Split communicator by color and key

- color (int) -
- key (int) -

Comm

Split\_type(split\_type, key=0, info=INFO\_NULL)

Split communicator by split type

#### **Parameters**

- split\_type (int) -
- key (int) -
- info (Info) -

## **Return type**

Comm

Ssend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Blocking send in synchronous mode

## **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- **dest** (int) -
- tag (int) -

## **Return type**

None

Ssend\_init(buf, dest, tag=0)

Persistent request for a send in synchronous mode

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- dest(int)-
- tag(int)-

#### **Return type**

Request

allgather(sendobj)

Gather to All

## **Parameters**

sendobj (Any) -

## **Return type**

List[Any]

allreduce(sendobj, op=SUM)

Reduce to All

## **Parameters**

- sendobj (Any) -
- op (Union[Op, Callable[[Any, Any], Any]]) -

## Return type

Any

```
alltoall(sendobj)
     All to All Scatter/Gather
         Parameters
            sendobj (Sequence[Any]) -
        Return type
            List[Any]
barrier()
    Barrier
         Return type
            None
bcast(obj, root=0)
    Broadcast
        Parameters
             • obj (Any) -
             • root (int) -
        Return type
            Any
bsend(obj, dest, tag=0)
    Send in buffered mode
         Parameters
             • obj (Any) -
             • dest (int) -
             • tag (int) -
        Return type
            None
classmethod f2py(arg)
        Parameters
            arg(int)-
        Return type
            Comm
gather(sendobj, root=0)
    Gather
        Parameters
             • sendobj (Any) -
             • root (int) -
        Return type
            Optional[List[Any]]
ibsend(obj, dest, tag=0)
```

Nonblocking send in buffered mode

- **obj** (Any) -
- **dest** (int) -
- tag (int) -

Request

improbe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message

#### **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## **Return type**

Optional[Message]

iprobe(source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a message

#### **Parameters**

- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## Return type

bool

irecv(buf=None, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG)

Nonblocking receive

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (Optional[Buffer]) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Request

isend(obj, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send

## **Parameters**

- **obj** (*Any*) –
- dest (int) -
- tag (int) -

## **Return type**

Request

```
issend(obj, dest, tag=0)
    Nonblocking send in synchronous mode
         Parameters
             • obj (Any) -
             • dest (int) -
            • tag (int) -
         Return type
            Request
mprobe(source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)
     Blocking test for a matched message
         Parameters
            • source (int) -
            • tag (int) -
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
        Return type
            Message
probe(source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)
     Blocking test for a message
         Parameters
            • source (int) -
             • tag(int)-
            • status (Optional [Status]) -
        Return type
            Literal[True]
py2f()
         Return type
            int
recv(buf=None, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)
    Receive
         Parameters
             • buf (Optional[Buffer]) -
             • source (int) -
            • tag (int) -
            • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
            Any
```

```
reduce(sendobj, op=SUM, root=0)
    Reduce to Root
        Parameters
            • sendobj (Any) -
            • op (Union[Op, Callable[[Any, Any], Any]]) -
            • root (int) -
        Return type
            Optional[Any]
scatter(sendobj, root=0)
    Scatter
        Parameters
            • sendobj (Sequence[Any]) -
            • root (int) -
        Return type
            Any
send(obj, dest, tag=0)
    Send
        Parameters
            • obj (Any) -
            • dest(int)-
            • tag (int) -
        Return type
            None
sendrecv(sendobj, dest, sendtag=0, recvbuf=None, source=ANY_SOURCE, recvtag=ANY_TAG,
          status=None)
    Send and Receive
        Parameters
            • sendobj (Any) -
            • dest (int) -
            • sendtag (int) -
            • recvbuf (Optional[Buffer]) -
            • source (int) -
            • recvtag (int) -
            • status (Optional [Status]) -
        Return type
            Any
```

```
ssend(obj, dest, tag=0)
          Send in synchronous mode
              Parameters
                  • obj (Any) -
                  • dest (int) -
                  • tag (int) -
              Return type
                  None
     Attributes Documentation
     group
          communicator group
     info
          communicator info
     is_inter
          is intercommunicator
     is_intra
          is intracommunicator
     is_topo
          is a topology communicator
     name
          communicator name
     rank
          rank of this process in communicator
     size
          number of processes in communicator
     topology
          communicator topology type
mpi4py.MPI.Datatype
class mpi4py.MPI.Datatype(datatype=None)
     Bases: object
     Datatype object
```

**Parameters** 

Return type

Datatype

datatype (Optional[Datatype]) -

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, datatype=None)

**Parameters** 

datatype (Optional[Datatype]) -

Return type

Datatype

# **Methods Summary**

Commit()	Commit the datatype
Create_contiguous(count)	Create a contiguous datatype
Create_darray(size, rank, gsizes, distribs,)	Create a datatype representing an HPF-like dis-
	tributed array on Cartesian process grids
Create_f90_complex(p,r)	Return a bounded complex datatype
Create_f90_integer(r)	Return a bounded integer datatype
Create_f90_real(p,r)	Return a bounded real datatype
Create_hindexed(blocklengths, displacements)	Create an indexed datatype with displacements in bytes
Create_hindexed_block(blocklength, displace-	Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized
ments)	blocks and displacements in bytes
Create_hvector(count, blocklength, stride)	Create a vector (strided) datatype
Create_indexed(blocklengths, displacements)	Create an indexed datatype
Create_indexed_block(blocklength, displace-	Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized
ments)	blocks
Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])	Create a new attribute key for datatypes
Create_resized(lb, extent)	Create a datatype with a new lower bound and extent
Create_struct(blocklengths, displacements,)	Create an datatype from a general set of block sizes,
er earee_s er a er (er en en eg as, a septare en en es, m)	displacements and datatypes
Create_subarray(sizes, subsizes, starts[, order])	Create a datatype for a subarray of a regular, multidi-
cares, success, starts, orderly	mensional array
<pre>Create_vector(count, blocklength, stride)</pre>	Create a vector (strided) datatype
Delete_attr(keyval)	Delete attribute value associated with a key
Dup()	Duplicate a datatype
Free()	Free the datatype
Free_keyval(keyval)	Free an attribute key for datatypes
Get_attr(keyval)	Retrieve attribute value by key
<pre>Get_contents()</pre>	Retrieve the actual arguments used in the call that cre-
	ated a datatype
<pre>Get_envelope()</pre>	Return information on the number and type of input
	arguments used in the call that created a datatype
<pre>Get_extent()</pre>	Return lower bound and extent of datatype
Get_name()	Get the print name for this datatype
Get_size()	Return the number of bytes occupied by entries in the
	datatype
<pre>Get_true_extent()</pre>	Return the true lower bound and extent of a datatype
Match_size(typeclass, size)	Find a datatype matching a specified size in bytes
Pack(inbuf, outbuf, position, comm)	Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.
<pre>Pack_external(datarep, inbuf, outbuf, position)</pre>	Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype,
- ,	using a portable data representation (external32).
	continues on next page

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Table 3 – continued from previous page

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Pack_external_size(datarep, count)	Return the upper bound on the amount of space
	(in bytes) needed to pack a message according
	to datatype, using a portable data representation
	(external32).
Pack_size(count, comm)	Return the upper bound on the amount of space
	(in bytes) needed to pack a message according to
	datatype.
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)	Store attribute value associated with a key
Set_name(name)	Set the print name for this datatype
<pre>Unpack(inbuf, position, outbuf, comm)</pre>	Unpack from contiguous memory according to
	datatype.
<pre>Unpack_external(datarep, inbuf, position, outbuf)</pre>	Unpack from contiguous memory according to
	datatype, using a portable data representation
	(external32).
decode()	Convenience method for decoding a datatype
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	

# **Attributes Summary**

combiner	datatype combiner	
contents	datatype contents	
envelope	datatype envelope	
extent		
is_named	is a named datatype	
is_predefined	is a predefined datatype	
1b	lower bound	
name	datatype name	
size		
true_extent	true extent	
true_lb	true lower bound	
true_ub	true upper bound	
ub	upper bound	

# **Methods Documentation**

# Commit()

Commit the datatype

Return type

Datatype

Create\_contiguous(count)

Create a contiguous datatype

**Parameters** 

count (int) -

# **Return type**

Datatype

**Create\_darray**(size, rank, gsizes, distribs, dargs, psizes, order=ORDER\_C)

Create a datatype representing an HPF-like distributed array on Cartesian process grids

#### **Parameters**

- **size** (*int*) -
- rank (int) -
- gsizes (Sequence[int]) -
- distribs (Sequence[int]) -
- dargs (Sequence[int]) -
- psizes (Sequence[int]) -
- order (int) -

#### **Return type**

Datatype

# classmethod Create\_f90\_complex(p, r)

Return a bounded complex datatype

### **Parameters**

- **p**(int)-
- **r** (int) -

# Return type

Datatype

# ${\tt classmethod}$ ${\tt Create\_f90\_integer}(r)$

Return a bounded integer datatype

#### **Parameters**

**r** (int) -

# **Return type**

Datatype

# classmethod Create\_f90\_real(p, r)

Return a bounded real datatype

#### **Parameters**

- **p**(int)-
- **r** (int) -

# Return type

Datatype

#### Create\_hindexed(blocklengths, displacements)

Create an indexed datatype with displacements in bytes

# **Parameters**

- blocklengths (Sequence[int]) -
- displacements (Sequence[int]) -

```
Return type
```

Datatype

#### Create\_hindexed\_block(blocklength, displacements)

Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks and displacements in bytes

#### **Parameters**

- blocklength (int) -
- displacements (Sequence[int]) -

### Return type

Datatype

# Create\_hvector(count, blocklength, stride)

Create a vector (strided) datatype

#### **Parameters**

- count (int) -
- blocklength (int) -
- stride (int) -

#### **Return type**

Datatype

# Create\_indexed(blocklengths, displacements)

Create an indexed datatype

#### **Parameters**

- blocklengths (Sequence[int]) -
- displacements (Sequence[int]) -

#### Return type

**Datatype** 

# Create\_indexed\_block(blocklength, displacements)

Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks

# **Parameters**

- blocklength(int) –
- displacements (Sequence[int]) -

#### **Return type**

Datatype

# classmethod Create\_keyval(copy\_fn=None, delete\_fn=None, nopython=False)

Create a new attribute key for datatypes

#### **Parameters**

- copy\_fn(Optional[Callable[[Datatype, int, Any], Any]]) -
- delete\_fn(Optional[Callable[[Datatype, int, Any], None]]) -
- nopython (bool) -

### Return type

```
Create_resized(lb, extent)
```

Create a datatype with a new lower bound and extent

#### **Parameters**

- **1b** (int) -
- extent (int) -

### **Return type**

Datatype

# ${\bf classmethod} \ \ {\bf Create\_struct} ({\it blocklengths}, {\it displacements}, {\it datatypes})$

Create an datatype from a general set of block sizes, displacements and datatypes

#### **Parameters**

- blocklengths (Sequence[int]) -
- displacements (Sequence[int]) -
- datatypes (Sequence [Datatype]) -

### **Return type**

Datatype

Create\_subarray(sizes, subsizes, starts, order=ORDER\_C)

Create a datatype for a subarray of a regular, multidimensional array

#### **Parameters**

- sizes (Sequence[int]) -
- subsizes (Sequence[int]) -
- starts (Sequence[int]) -
- order (int) -

#### Return type

**Datatype** 

Create\_vector(count, blocklength, stride)

Create a vector (strided) datatype

# **Parameters**

- count (int) -
- blocklength (int) -
- stride (int) -

# Return type

Datatype

# Delete\_attr(keyval)

Delete attribute value associated with a key

#### **Parameters**

keyval (int) -

# Return type

```
Dup()
     Duplicate a datatype
         Return type
             Datatype
Free()
     Free the datatype
         Return type
             None
classmethod Free_keyval(keyval)
     Free an attribute key for datatypes
         Parameters
             keyval (int) -
         Return type
             int
Get_attr(keyval)
     Retrieve attribute value by key
         Parameters
             keyval (int) -
         Return type
             Optional[Union[int, Any]]
Get_contents()
     Retrieve the actual arguments used in the call that created a datatype
         Return type
             Tuple[List[int], List[int], List[Datatype]]
Get_envelope()
     Return information on the number and type of input arguments used in the call that created a datatype
         Return type
             Tuple[int, int, int, int]
Get_extent()
     Return lower bound and extent of datatype
         Return type
             Tuple[int, int]
Get_name()
     Get the print name for this datatype
         Return type
             str
Get_size()
     Return the number of bytes occupied by entries in the datatype
         Return type
```

#### Get\_true\_extent()

Return the true lower bound and extent of a datatype

# Return type

Tuple[int, int]

# classmethod Match\_size(typeclass, size)

Find a datatype matching a specified size in bytes

#### **Parameters**

- typeclass (int) -
- **size** (*int*) -

#### **Return type**

**Datatype** 

Pack(inbuf, outbuf, position, comm)

Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.

#### **Parameters**

- inbuf (BufSpec) -
- outbuf (BufSpec) -
- position (int) -
- **comm** (Comm) -

### Return type

int

# Pack\_external(datarep, inbuf, outbuf, position)

Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype, using a portable data representation (external32).

#### **Parameters**

- datarep (str) -
- inbuf (BufSpec) -
- outbuf (BufSpec) -
- position (int) –

# Return type

int

# Pack\_external\_size(datarep, count)

Return the upper bound on the amount of space (in bytes) needed to pack a message according to datatype, using a portable data representation (**external32**).

#### **Parameters**

- datarep(str) -
- count (int) -

# Return type

### Pack\_size(count, comm)

Return the upper bound on the amount of space (in bytes) needed to pack a message according to datatype.

#### **Parameters**

- count (int) -
- **comm** (Comm) -

### **Return type**

int

#### Set\_attr(keyval, attrval)

Store attribute value associated with a key

#### **Parameters**

- keyval (int) -
- attrval (Any) -

#### **Return type**

None

#### Set\_name(name)

Set the print name for this datatype

#### **Parameters**

name (str) -

### **Return type**

None

# Unpack(inbuf, position, outbuf, comm)

Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.

#### **Parameters**

- inbuf (BufSpec) -
- position (int) -
- outbuf (BufSpec) -
- comm (Comm) -

# Return type

int

# Unpack\_external(datarep, inbuf, position, outbuf)

Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype, using a portable data representation (external32).

#### **Parameters**

- datarep (str) -
- inbuf (BufSpec) -
- position (int) -
- outbuf (BufSpec) -

# Return type

```
decode()
     Convenience method for decoding a datatype
         Return type
             Tuple[Datatype, str, Dict[str, Any]]
classmethod f2py(arg)
         Parameters
             arg(int)-
         Return type
             Datatype
py2f()
         Return type
             int
Attributes Documentation
combiner
     datatype combiner
contents
     datatype contents
envelope
     datatype envelope
extent
is_named
     is a named datatype
\verb"is_predefined"
     is a predefined datatype
1b
     lower bound
name
     datatype name
size
true_extent
     true extent
true_lb
     true lower bound
true_ub
```

true upper bound

upper bound

ub

# mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm(comm=None)
    Bases: Topocomm

Distributed graph topology intracommunicator

Parameters
    comm(Optional[Distgraphcomm]) -

Return type
    Distgraphcomm

static __new__(cls, comm=None)

Parameters
    comm(Optional[Distgraphcomm]) -

Return type
    Distgraphcomm
```

# **Methods Summary**

<pre>Get_dist_neighbors()</pre>	Return adjacency information for a distributed graph
	topology
<pre>Get_dist_neighbors_count()</pre>	Return adjacency information for a distributed graph
	topology

#### **Methods Documentation**

# Get\_dist\_neighbors()

Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology

#### Return type

Tuple[List[int], List[int], Optional[Tuple[List[int], List[int]]]]

# Get\_dist\_neighbors\_count()

Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology

# Return type

int

# mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler(errhandler=None)
```

Bases: object

Error handler

#### Parameters

errhandler(Optional[Errhandler]) -

# Return type

Errhandler

# **Methods Summary**

Free()	Free an error handler
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	
F) == ()	

# **Methods Documentation**

```
Free()
          Free an error handler
              Return type
                 None
     classmethod f2py(arg)
             Parameters
                 arg(int)-
             Return type
                 Errhandler
     py2f()
             Return type
                 int
mpi4py.MPI.File
class mpi4py.MPI.File(file=None)
     Bases: object
     File handle
          Parameters
             file (Optional[File]) -
          Return type
             File
     static __new__(cls, file=None)
```

**Parameters** 

Return type File

file (Optional[File]) -

# **Methods Summary**

Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a file
Close()	Close a file
Delete(filename[, info])	Delete a file
Get_amode()	Return the file access mode
Get_atomicity()	Return the atomicity mode
Get_byte_offset(offset)	Return the absolute byte position in the file corre-
	sponding to 'offset' etypes relative to the current view
Get_errhandler()	Get the error handler for a file
Get_group()	Return the group of processes that opened the file
Get_info()	Return the hints for a file that that are currently in use
<pre>Get_position()</pre>	Return the current position of the individual file
, and a second	pointer in etype units relative to the current view
<pre>Get_position_shared()</pre>	Return the current position of the shared file pointer
	in etype units relative to the current view
Get_size()	Return the file size
Get_type_extent(datatype)	Return the extent of datatype in the file
Get_view()	Return the file view
Iread(buf)	Nonblocking read using individual file pointer
Iread_all(buf)	Nonblocking collective read using individual file
(===================================	pointer
Iread_at(offset, buf)	Nonblocking read using explicit offset
Iread_at_all(offset, buf)	Nonblocking collective read using explicit offset
Iread_shared(buf)	Nonblocking read using shared file pointer
Iwrite(buf)	Nonblocking write using individual file pointer
<pre>Iwrite_all(buf)</pre>	Nonblocking collective write using individual file
((	pointer
<pre>Iwrite_at(offset, buf)</pre>	Nonblocking write using explicit offset
<pre>Iwrite_at_all(offset, buf)</pre>	Nonblocking collective write using explicit offset
<pre>Iwrite_shared(buf)</pre>	Nonblocking write using shared file pointer
Open(comm, filename[, amode, info])	Open a file
Preallocate(size)	Preallocate storage space for a file
Read(buf[, status])	Read using individual file pointer
Read_all(buf[, status])	Collective read using individual file pointer
Read_all_begin(buf)	Start a split collective read using individual file
	pointer
Read_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective read using individual file
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	pointer
Read_at(offset, buf[, status])	Read using explicit offset
Read_at_all(offset, buf[, status])	Collective read using explicit offset
Read_at_all_begin(offset, buf)	Start a split collective read using explict offset
Read_at_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective read using explict offset
Read_ordered(buf[, status])	Collective read using shared file pointer
Read_ordered_begin(buf)	Start a split collective read using shared file pointer
Read_ordered_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective read using shared file
_ ( = 1)	pointer
Read_shared(buf[, status])	Read using shared file pointer
Seek(offset[, whence])	Update the individual file pointer
Seek_shared(offset[, whence])	Update the shared file pointer
Set_atomicity(flag)	Set the atomicity mode

continues on next page

Table 4 – continued from previous page

	1 1 5
Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a file
Set_info(info)	Set new values for the hints associated with a file
Set_size(size)	Sets the file size
<pre>Set_view([disp, etype, filetype, datarep, info])</pre>	Set the file view
Sync()	Causes all previous writes to be transferred to the stor-
	age device
Write(buf[, status])	Write using individual file pointer
Write_all(buf[, status])	Collective write using individual file pointer
Write_all_begin(buf)	Start a split collective write using individual file
	pointer
Write_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective write using individual file
	pointer
<pre>Write_at(offset, buf[, status])</pre>	Write using explicit offset
Write_at_all(offset, buf[, status])	Collective write using explicit offset
Write_at_all_begin(offset, buf)	Start a split collective write using explict offset
<pre>Write_at_all_end(buf[, status])</pre>	Complete a split collective write using explict offset
Write_ordered(buf[, status])	Collective write using shared file pointer
Write_ordered_begin(buf)	Start a split collective write using shared file pointer
<pre>Write_ordered_end(buf[, status])</pre>	Complete a split collective write using shared file
	pointer
Write_shared(buf[, status])	Write using shared file pointer
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	

# **Attributes Summary**

amode	file access mode	
atomicity		
group info	file group	
info	file info	
size	file size	

# **Methods Documentation**

Call\_errhandler(errorcode)

Call the error handler installed on a file

Parameters errorcode (int) -

Return type

None

Close()

Close a file

Return type

```
classmethod Delete(filename, info=INFO_NULL)
     Delete a file
         Parameters
              • filename (str) -
              • info (Info) -
         Return type
             None
Get_amode()
     Return the file access mode
         Return type
             int
Get_atomicity()
     Return the atomicity mode
         Return type
             bool
Get_byte_offset(offset)
     Return the absolute byte position in the file corresponding to 'offset' etypes relative to the current view
         Parameters
             offset (int) -
         Return type
              int
Get_errhandler()
     Get the error handler for a file
         Return type
              Errhandler
Get_group()
     Return the group of processes that opened the file
         Return type
              Group
Get_info()
     Return the hints for a file that that are currently in use
         Return type
              Info
Get_position()
     Return the current position of the individual file pointer in etype units relative to the current view
         Return type
              int
Get_position_shared()
     Return the current position of the shared file pointer in etype units relative to the current view
         Return type
             int
```

```
Get_size()
     Return the file size
         Return type
             int
Get_type_extent(datatype)
     Return the extent of datatype in the file
         Parameters
             datatype (Datatype) -
         Return type
             int
Get_view()
     Return the file view
         Return type
             Tuple[int, Datatype, Datatype, str]
Iread(buf)
     Nonblocking read using individual file pointer
         Parameters
             buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iread_all(buf)
     Nonblocking collective read using individual file pointer
         Parameters
             buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iread_at(offset, buf)
     Nonblocking read using explicit offset
         Parameters
              • offset (int) -
              • buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iread_at_all(offset, buf)
     Nonblocking collective read using explicit offset
         Parameters
              • offset (int) -
              • buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
```

Request

```
Iread_shared(buf)
    Nonblocking read using shared file pointer
         Parameters
             buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iwrite(buf)
    Nonblocking write using individual file pointer
         Parameters
             buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iwrite_all(buf)
    Nonblocking collective write using individual file pointer
         Parameters
            buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iwrite_at(offset, buf)
     Nonblocking write using explicit offset
         Parameters
             • offset (int) -
             • buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iwrite_at_all(offset, buf)
     Nonblocking collective write using explicit offset
         Parameters
             • offset (int) -
             • buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
Iwrite_shared(buf)
    Nonblocking write using shared file pointer
         Parameters
             buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
             Request
classmethod Open(comm, filename, amode=MODE_RDONLY, info=INFO_NULL)
    Open a file
```

**Parameters** 

```
• comm (Intracomm) -
```

- filename (str) -
- amode (int) -
- info (Info) -

# **Return type**

File

# Preallocate(size)

Preallocate storage space for a file

#### **Parameters**

size(int)-

#### **Return type**

None

Read(buf, status=None)

Read using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# **Return type**

None

Read\_all(buf, status=None)

Collective read using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

# Read\_all\_begin(buf)

Start a split collective read using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

**buf** (BufSpec) -

# **Return type**

None

# Read\_all\_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective read using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# **Return type**

# Read\_at(offset, buf, status=None)

Read using explicit offset

#### **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

# Read\_at\_all(offset, buf, status=None)

Collective read using explicit offset

#### **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

# Read\_at\_all\_begin(offset, buf)

Start a split collective read using explict offset

#### **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- buf (BufSpec) -

# Return type

None

# Read\_at\_all\_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective read using explict offset

# **Parameters**

- buf(BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

#### Return type

None

# Read\_ordered(buf, status=None)

Collective read using shared file pointer

# **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

### Return type

# Read\_ordered\_begin(buf)

Start a split collective read using shared file pointer

#### **Parameters**

buf (BufSpec) -

# **Return type**

None

# Read\_ordered\_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective read using shared file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# **Return type**

None

### Read\_shared(buf, status=None)

Read using shared file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# **Return type**

None

# **Seek**(offset, whence=SEEK\_SET)

Update the individual file pointer

### **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- whence (int) -

# Return type

None

# Seek\_shared(offset, whence=SEEK\_SET)

Update the shared file pointer

# **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- whence (int) -

#### **Return type**

None

# Set\_atomicity(flag)

Set the atomicity mode

#### **Parameters**

flag (bool) -

# Return type

```
Set_errhandler(errhandler)
     Set the error handler for a file
         Parameters
             errhandler (Errhandler) -
         Return type
             None
Set_info(info)
     Set new values for the hints associated with a file
         Parameters
             info (Info) -
         Return type
             None
Set_size(size)
     Sets the file size
         Parameters
             size (int) -
         Return type
             None
Set_view(disp=0, etype=BYTE, filetype=None, datarep='native', info=INFO_NULL)
     Set the file view
         Parameters
             • disp (int) -
             • etype (Datatype) -
             • filetype (Optional [Datatype]) -
             • datarep (str) -
             • info (Info) -
         Return type
             None
Sync()
     Causes all previous writes to be transferred to the storage device
         Return type
             None
Write(buf, status=None)
     Write using individual file pointer
         Parameters
             • buf (BufSpec) -
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
             None
```

```
Write_all(buf, status=None)
```

Collective write using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

#### Write\_all\_begin(buf)

Start a split collective write using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

buf (BufSpec) -

# Return type

None

### Write\_all\_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective write using individual file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

# Write\_at(offset, buf, status=None)

Write using explicit offset

#### **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

# Write\_at\_all(offset, buf, status=None)

Collective write using explicit offset

### **Parameters**

- offset (int) -
- **buf** (BufSpec) –
- **status** (Optional[Status]) -

#### Return type

None

# Write\_at\_all\_begin(offset, buf)

Start a split collective write using explict offset

#### **Parameters**

```
• offset (int) -
```

• buf (BufSpec) -

# Return type

None

# Write\_at\_all\_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective write using explict offset

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

None

### Write\_ordered(buf, status=None)

Collective write using shared file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

### **Return type**

None

# Write\_ordered\_begin(buf)

Start a split collective write using shared file pointer

# **Parameters**

buf (BufSpec) -

#### **Return type**

None

# Write\_ordered\_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective write using shared file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- **buf** (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

#### Return type

None

# Write\_shared(buf, status=None)

Write using shared file pointer

#### **Parameters**

- buf (BufSpec) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

# Return type

```
classmethod f2py(arg)
             Parameters
                 arg(int)-
             Return type
                 File
     py2f()
             Return type
                 int
     Attributes Documentation
     amode
         file access mode
     atomicity
     group
         file group
     info
         file info
     size
         file size
mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm
class mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm(comm=None)
     Bases: Topocomm
     General graph topology intracommunicator
         Parameters
             comm (Optional[Graphcomm]) -
         Return type
             Graphcomm
     static __new__(cls, comm=None)
             Parameters
                 comm (Optional[Graphcomm]) -
             Return type
                 Graphcomm
```

# **Methods Summary**

Get_dims()	Return the number of nodes and edges
Get_neighbors(rank)	Return list of neighbors of a process
<pre>Get_neighbors_count(rank)</pre>	Return number of neighbors of a process
<pre>Get_topo()</pre>	Return index and edges

# **Attributes Summary**

index index	
index	
index	
nedges number of edges	
neighbors	
nneighbors number of neighbors	
nnodes number of nodes	
topo topology information	

# **Methods Documentation**

```
Get_dims()
```

Return the number of nodes and edges

# **Return type**

Tuple[int, int]

# Get\_neighbors(rank)

Return list of neighbors of a process

```
Parameters
```

rank (int) -

# **Return type**

List[int]

# Get\_neighbors\_count(rank)

Return number of neighbors of a process

# **Parameters**

rank (int)-

# **Return type**

int

# Get\_topo()

Return index and edges

# Return type

Tuple[List[int], List[int]]

# **Attributes Documentation**

```
dims
          number of nodes and edges
     edges
     index
     nedges
          number of edges
     neighbors
     nneighbors
          number of neighbors
     nnodes
          number of nodes
     topo
          topology information
mpi4py.MPI.Grequest
     Bases: Request
```

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Grequest(request=None)
     Generalized request handle
          Parameters
             request (Optional[Grequest]) -
          Return type
             Grequest
     static __new__(cls, request=None)
             Parameters
                 request (Optional[Grequest]) -
             Return type
                 Grequest
```

# **Methods Summary**

Complete()	Notify that a user-defined request is complete
Start(query_fn, free_fn, cancel_fn[, args,])	Create and return a user-defined request

# **Methods Documentation**

```
Complete()
          Notify that a user-defined request is complete
              Return type
                 None
     classmethod Start(query_fn, free_fn, cancel_fn, args=None, kargs=None)
          Create and return a user-defined request
              Parameters
                  • query_fn (Callable[..., None]) -
                  • free_fn (Callable[..., None]) -
                  • cancel_fn (Callable[..., None]) -
                  • args (Optional[Tuple[Any]]) -
                  • kargs (Optional [Dict[str, Any]]) -
              Return type
                 Grequest
mpi4py.MPI.Group
class mpi4py.MPI.Group(group=None)
     Bases: object
     Group of processes
          Parameters
              group (Optional[Group]) -
          Return type
              Group
     static __new__(cls, group=None)
              Parameters
                 group (Optional[Group]) -
              Return type
                 Group
```

# **Methods Summary**

Compare(group1, group2)	Compare two groups
Difference(group1, group2)	Produce a group from the difference of two existing
	groups
Dup()	Duplicate a group
Excl(ranks)	Produce a group by reordering an existing group and
	taking only unlisted members
Free()	Free a group
Get_rank()	Return the rank of this process in a group
Get_size()	Return the size of a group
Incl(ranks)	Produce a group by reordering an existing group and
	taking only listed members
<pre>Intersection(group1, group2)</pre>	Produce a group as the intersection of two existing
	groups
Range_excl(ranks)	Create a new group by excluding ranges of processes
	from an existing group
Range_incl(ranks)	Create a new group from ranges of of ranks in an ex-
	isting group
<pre>Translate_ranks(group1, ranks1[, group2])</pre>	Translate the ranks of processes in one group to those
	in another group
Union(group1, group2)	Produce a group by combining two existing groups
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	

# **Attributes Summary**

rank	rank of this process in group
size	number of processes in group

# **Methods Documentation**

classmethod Compare(group1, group2)

Compare two groups

# **Parameters**

- group1 (Group) -
- group2 (Group) -

# Return type

int

# classmethod Difference(group1, group2)

Produce a group from the difference of two existing groups

# **Parameters**

• group1 (Group) -

```
• group2 (Group) -
         Return type
             Group
Dup()
     Duplicate a group
         Return type
             Group
Excl(ranks)
     Produce a group by reordering an existing group and taking only unlisted members
         Parameters
             ranks (Sequence[int]) -
         Return type
             Group
Free()
     Free a group
         Return type
             None
Get_rank()
     Return the rank of this process in a group
         Return type
             int
Get_size()
     Return the size of a group
         Return type
             int
Incl(ranks)
     Produce a group by reordering an existing group and taking only listed members
         Parameters
             ranks (Sequence[int]) -
         Return type
             Group
classmethod Intersection(group1, group2)
     Produce a group as the intersection of two existing groups
         Parameters
             • group1 (Group) -
             • group2 (Group) -
         Return type
             Group
Range_excl(ranks)
```

Create a new group by excluding ranges of processes from an existing group

```
Parameters
            ranks (Sequence[Tuple[int, int, int]]) -
        Return type
            Group
Range_incl(ranks)
    Create a new group from ranges of of ranks in an existing group
         Parameters
            ranks (Sequence[Tuple[int, int, int]]) -
         Return type
            Group
classmethod Translate_ranks(group1, ranks1, group2=None)
    Translate the ranks of processes in one group to those in another group
         Parameters
             • group1 (Group) -
             • ranks1 (Sequence[int]) -
             • group2 (Optional [Group]) -
         Return type
            List[int]
classmethod Union(group1, group2)
    Produce a group by combining two existing groups
         Parameters
             • group1 (Group) -
             • group2 (Group) -
        Return type
            Group
classmethod f2py(arg)
        Parameters
            arg(int)-
         Return type
            Group
py2f()
         Return type
            int
```

# **Attributes Documentation**

```
rank
          rank of this process in group
     size
          number of processes in group
mpi4py.MPI.Info
class mpi4py.MPI.Info(info=None)
     Bases: object
     Info object
          Parameters
              info (Optional[Info]) -
          Return type
              Info
     static __new__(cls, info=None)
              Parameters
                  info (Optional[Info]) -
              Return type
                 Info
```

# **Methods Summary**

Create()	Create a new, empty info object
Delete(key)	Remove a (key, value) pair from info
Dup()	Duplicate an existing info object, creating a new ob-
	ject, with the same (key, value) pairs and the same
	ordering of keys
Free()	Free a info object
Get(key[, maxlen])	Retrieve the value associated with a key
Get_nkeys()	Return the number of currently defined keys in info
Get_nthkey(n)	Return the nth defined key in info.
Set(key, value)	Add the (key, value) pair to info, and overrides the
	value if a value for the same key was previously set
clear()	info clear
copy()	info copy
f2py(arg)	
get(key[, default])	info get
<pre>items()</pre>	info items
keys()	info keys
pop(key, *default)	info pop
popitem()	info popitem
py2f()	
update([other])	info update
values()	info values

# **Methods Documentation**

# classmethod Create()

Create a new, empty info object

# Return type

Info

# Delete(key)

Remove a (key, value) pair from info

### **Parameters**

key (str) –

# Return type

None

# Dup()

Duplicate an existing info object, creating a new object, with the same (key, value) pairs and the same ordering of keys

# Return type

Info

# Free()

Free a info object

```
Return type
             None
Get(key, maxlen=-1)
     Retrieve the value associated with a key
         Parameters
             • key (str) –
              • maxlen (int) -
         Return type
             Optional[str]
Get_nkeys()
     Return the number of currently defined keys in info
         Return type
             int
Get_nthkey(n)
     Return the nth defined key in info. Keys are numbered in the range [0, N) where N is the value returned by
     Info.Get_nkeys()
         Parameters
             n(int)-
         Return type
Set(key, value)
     Add the (key, value) pair to info, and overrides the value if a value for the same key was previously set
         Parameters
             • key (str) -
             • value (str) -
         Return type
             None
clear()
     info clear
         Return type
             None
copy()
     info copy
         Return type
             Info
classmethod f2py(arg)
         Parameters
             arg(int)-
```

Return type *Info* 

```
get(key, default=None)
     info get
         Parameters
             • key (str) –
             • default (Optional[str]) -
         Return type
             Optional[str]
items()
     info items
         Return type
             List[Tuple[str, str]]
keys()
     info keys
         Return type
            List[str]
pop(key, *default)
     info pop
         Parameters
             • key (str) –
             • default (str) -
         Return type
             str
popitem()
     info popitem
         Return type
             Tuple[str, str]
py2f()
         Return type
             int
update(other=(), **kwds)
     info update
         Parameters
             • other (Union[Info, Mapping[str, str], Iterable[Tuple[str, str]]]) -
             • kwds (str) -
         Return type
             None
values()
     info values
         Return type
             List[str]
```

# mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm(comm=None)
```

Bases: Comm

Intercommunicator

### **Parameters**

comm (Optional[Intercomm]) -

## Return type

*Intercomm* 

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, comm=None)

#### **Parameters**

comm (Optional[Intercomm]) -

## Return type

Intercomm

# **Methods Summary**

<pre>Get_remote_group()</pre>	Access the remote group associated with the inter-
	communicator
Get_remote_size()	Intercommunicator remote size
Merge([high])	Merge intercommunicator

# **Attributes Summary**

remote_group	remote group
remote_size	number of remote processes

## **Methods Documentation**

## Get\_remote\_group()

Access the remote group associated with the inter-communicator

# **Return type**

Group

# Get\_remote\_size()

Intercommunicator remote size

#### **Return type**

int

# Merge(high=False)

Merge intercommunicator

#### **Parameters**

 $\mathbf{high} \ (bool) \ -$ 

## Return type

Intracomm

# **Attributes Documentation**

```
remote_group
```

remote group

remote\_size

number of remote processes

# mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm

class mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm(comm=None)

Bases: Comm

Intracommunicator

**Parameters** 

comm (Optional[Intracomm]) -

Return type

Intracomm

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, comm=None)

**Parameters** 

comm (Optional[Intracomm]) -

**Return type** 

Intracomm

# **Methods Summary**

Accept(port_name[, info, root])	Accept a request to form a new intercommunicator
<pre>Cart_map(dims[, periods])</pre>	Return an optimal placement for the calling process
	on the physical machine
Connect(port_name[, info, root])	Make a request to form a new intercommunicator
Create_cart(dims[, periods, reorder])	Create cartesian communicator
Create_dist_graph(sources, degrees, destina-	Create distributed graph communicator
tions)	
Create_dist_graph_adjacent(sources, destina-	Create distributed graph communicator
tions)	
Create_graph(index, edges[, reorder])	Create graph communicator
Create_intercomm(local_leader, peer_comm,)	Create intercommunicator
Exscan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Exclusive Scan
Graph_map(index, edges)	Return an optimal placement for the calling process
	on the physical machine
Iexscan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Inclusive Scan
Iscan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Inclusive Scan
Scan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Inclusive Scan
Spawn(command[, args, maxprocs, info, root,])	Spawn instances of a single MPI application
Spawn_multiple(command[, args, maxprocs,])	Spawn instances of multiple MPI applications
exscan(sendobj[, op])	Exclusive Scan
scan(sendobj[, op])	Inclusive Scan

#### **Methods Documentation**

```
Accept(port_name, info=INFO_NULL, root=0)
```

Accept a request to form a new intercommunicator

#### **Parameters**

- port\_name (str) -
- info (Info) -
- root (int) -

#### **Return type**

Intercomm

Cart\_map(dims, periods=None)

Return an optimal placement for the calling process on the physical machine

#### **Parameters**

- dims (Sequence[int]) -
- periods (Optional[Sequence[bool]]) -

## Return type

int

Connect(port\_name, info=INFO\_NULL, root=0)

Make a request to form a new intercommunicator

#### **Parameters**

- port\_name (str) -
- info (Info) -
- root (int) -

# Return type

Intercomm

Create\_cart(dims, periods=None, reorder=False)

Create cartesian communicator

#### **Parameters**

- dims (Sequence[int]) -
- periods (Optional[Sequence[bool]]) -
- reorder (bool) -

### Return type

Cartcomm

 $\textbf{Create\_dist\_graph}(sources, \textit{degrees}, \textit{destinations}, \textit{weights} = \textit{None}, \textit{info} = \textit{INFO}\_\textit{NULL}, \textit{reorder} = \textit{False})$ 

Create distributed graph communicator

### **Parameters**

- sources (Sequence[int]) -
- degrees (Sequence[int]) -
- **destinations** (Sequence[int]) -

```
• weights (Optional[Sequence[int]]) -
```

- info (Info) -
- reorder (bool) -

## Return type

Distgraphcomm

Create distributed graph communicator

#### **Parameters**

- sources (Sequence[int]) -
- destinations (Sequence[int]) -
- sourceweights (Optional[Sequence[int]]) -
- destweights (Optional[Sequence[int]]) -
- info (Info) -
- reorder (bool) -

### Return type

Distgraphcomm

Create\_graph(index, edges, reorder=False)

Create graph communicator

#### **Parameters**

- index (Sequence[int]) -
- edges (Sequence[int]) -
- reorder (bool) -

#### Return type

Graphcomm

Create\_intercomm(local\_leader, peer\_comm, remote\_leader, tag=0)

Create intercommunicator

#### **Parameters**

- local\_leader (int) -
- peer\_comm (Intracomm) -
- remote\_leader(int)-
- tag (int) -

## Return type

Intercomm

Exscan(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

**Exclusive Scan** 

### **Parameters**

• **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -

```
• recvbuf (BufSpec) -
```

# Return type

None

Graph\_map(index, edges)

Return an optimal placement for the calling process on the physical machine

#### **Parameters**

- index (Sequence[int]) -
- edges (Sequence[int]) -

## Return type

int

Iexscan(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Inclusive Scan

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- op (0p) -

## Return type

Request

Iscan(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Inclusive Scan

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- op (0p) -

# **Return type**

Request

Scan(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Inclusive Scan

### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (Union[BufSpec, InPlace]) -
- recvbuf (BufSpec) -
- op (0p) –

## Return type

None

**Spawn**(*command*, *args=None*, *maxprocs=1*, *info=INFO\_NULL*, *root=0*, *errcodes=None*)

Spawn instances of a single MPI application

#### **Parameters**

• command (str) –

```
• args (Optional [Sequence[str]]) -
            • maxprocs (int) -
            • info (Info) -
            • root (int) -
            • errcodes (Optional[list]) -
        Return type
            Intercomm
Spawn_multiple(command, args=None, maxprocs=None, info=INFO_NULL, root=0, errcodes=None)
    Spawn instances of multiple MPI applications
        Parameters
            • command (Sequence[str]) -
            • args (Optional [Sequence [Sequence [str]]]) -
            • maxprocs (Optional[Sequence[int]]) -
            • info (Union[Info, Sequence[Info]]) -
            • root (int) -
            • errcodes (Optional[list]) -
        Return type
            Intercomm
exscan(sendobj, op=SUM)
    Exclusive Scan
        Parameters
            • sendobj (Any) -
            • op (Union[Op, Callable[[Any, Any], Any]]) -
        Return type
            Any
scan(sendobj, op=SUM)
    Inclusive Scan
        Parameters
            • sendobj (Any) -
            • op (Union[Op, Callable[[Any, Any], Any]]) -
        Return type
            Any
```

# mpi4py.MPI.Message

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Message(message=None)
    Bases: object

Matched message handle

Parameters
    message (Optional[Message]) -

Return type
    Message

static __new__(cls, message=None)

Parameters
    message (Optional[Message]) -

Return type
    Message
```

# **Methods Summary**

Iprobe(comm[, source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message
Irecv(buf)	Nonblocking receive of matched message
Probe(comm[, source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message
Recv(buf[, status])	Blocking receive of matched message
f2py(arg)	
<pre>iprobe(comm[, source, tag, status])</pre>	Nonblocking test for a matched message
irecv()	Nonblocking receive of matched message
<pre>probe(comm[, source, tag, status])</pre>	Blocking test for a matched message
py2f()	
recv([status])	Blocking receive of matched message

# **Methods Documentation**

classmethod Iprobe(comm, source=ANY\_SOURCE, tag=ANY\_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message

# **Parameters**

- **comm** (Comm) -
- source (int) -
- tag (int) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

## **Return type**

Optional[Message]

```
Irecv(buf)
     Nonblocking receive of matched message
         Parameters
            buf (BufSpec) -
         Return type
            Request
classmethod Probe(comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)
     Blocking test for a matched message
         Parameters
             • comm (Comm) -
            • source (int) -
             • tag (int) -
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
            Message
Recv(buf, status=None)
     Blocking receive of matched message
         Parameters
             • buf (BufSpec) -
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
            None
classmethod f2py(arg)
        Parameters
            arg(int)-
         Return type
            Message
classmethod iprobe(comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)
    Nonblocking test for a matched message
         Parameters
             • comm (Comm) -
             • source (int) -
             • tag(int)-
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
            Optional[Message]
irecv()
    Nonblocking receive of matched message
         Return type
```

Request

```
classmethod probe(comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)
          Blocking test for a matched message
              Parameters
                 • comm (Comm) -
                 • source (int) -
                 • tag (int) -
                 • status (Optional [Status]) -
             Return type
                 Message
     py2f()
             Return type
                 int
     recv(status=None)
          Blocking receive of matched message
              Parameters
                 status (Optional[Status]) -
             Return type
                 Any
mpi4py.MPI.Op
class mpi4py.MPI.Op(op=None)
     Bases: object
     Operation object
          Parameters
             op (Optional[Op]) -
          Return type
              Op
     static __new__(cls, op=None)
             Parameters
                 op (Optional[Op]) -
             Return type
                 Op
```

# **Methods Summary**

<pre>Create(function[, commute])</pre>	Create a user-defined operation
Free()	Free the operation
Is_commutative()	Query reduction operations for their commutativity
Reduce_local(inbuf, inoutbuf)	Apply a reduction operator to local data
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	

# **Attributes Summary**

is_commutative	is commutative
is_predefined	is a predefined operation

# **Methods Documentation**

classmethod Create(function, commute=False)

Create a user-defined operation

## **Parameters**

- function (Callable[[Buffer, Buffer, Datatype], None]) -
- commute (bool) -

# Return type

Op

## Free()

Free the operation

## **Return type**

None

## Is\_commutative()

Query reduction operations for their commutativity

## Return type

bool

# Reduce\_local(inbuf, inoutbuf)

Apply a reduction operator to local data

#### **Parameters**

- inbuf (BufSpec) -
- inoutbuf (BufSpec) -

# Return type

None

```
classmethod f2py(arg)
             Parameters
                 arg(int)-
             Return type
                 Op
     py2f()
             Return type
                 int
     Attributes Documentation
     is_commutative
         is commutative
     is_predefined
         is a predefined operation
mpi4py.MPI.Pickle
class mpi4py.MPI.Pickle(dumps=None, loads=None, protocol=None)
     Bases: object
     Pickle/unpickle Python objects
         Parameters
               • dumps (Optional [Callable [[Any, int], bytes]]) -
               • loads (Optional[Callable[[Buffer], Any]]) -
               • protocol (Optional[int]) -
     __init__(dumps=None, loads=None, protocol=None)
             Parameters
                 • dumps (Optional [Callable [[Any, int], bytes]]) -
                 • loads (Optional[Callable[[Buffer], Any]]) -
                 • protocol (Optional[int]) -
             Return type
                 None
```

# **Methods Summary**

dumps(obj[, buffer_callback])	Serialize object to pickle data stream.
loads(data[, buffers])	Deserialize object from pickle data stream.

PROTOCOL pickle protocol

```
Methods Documentation
```

```
dumps(obj, buffer_callback=None)
```

Serialize object to pickle data stream.

### **Parameters**

- **obj** (Any) -
- buffer\_callback (Optional[Callable[[Buffer], Any]]) -

## Return type

bytes

loads(data, buffers=None)

Deserialize object from pickle data stream.

#### **Parameters**

- data (Buffer) -
- buffers (Optional [Iterable [Buffer]]) -

### Return type

Any

# **Attributes Documentation**

#### **PROTOCOL**

pickle protocol

## mpi4py.MPI.Prequest

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Prequest(request=None)
```

Bases: Request

Persistent request handle

### **Parameters**

request (Optional[Prequest]) -

# Return type

Prequest

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, request=None)

### **Parameters**

request (Optional[Prequest]) -

## Return type

Prequest

# **Methods Summary**

Start()	Initiate a communication with a persistent request
Startall(requests)	Start a collection of persistent requests

#### **Methods Documentation**

```
Start()
          Initiate a communication with a persistent request
              Return type
                 None
     classmethod Startall(requests)
          Start a collection of persistent requests
              Parameters
                 requests (List[Prequest]) -
              Return type
                 None
mpi4py.MPI.Request
class mpi4py.MPI.Request(request=None)
     Bases: object
     Request handle
          Parameters
              request (Optional[Request]) -
          Return type
              Request
     static __new__(cls, request=None)
              Parameters
                 request (Optional[Request]) -
              Return type
```

Request

# **Methods Summary**

Cancel()	Cancel a communication request
Free()	Free a communication request
Get_status([status])	Non-destructive test for the completion of a request
Test([status])	Test for the completion of a send or receive
Testall(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of all previously initiated requests
Testany(requests[, status])	Test for completion of any previously initiated request
Testsome(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of some previously initiated re-
	quests
Wait([status])	Wait for a send or receive to complete
Waitall(requests[, statuses])	Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete
Waitany(requests[, status])	Wait for any previously initiated request to complete
Waitsome(requests[, statuses])	Wait for some previously initiated requests to com-
	plete
cancel()	Cancel a communication request
f2py(arg)	
get_status([status])	Non-destructive test for the completion of a request
py2f()	
test([status])	Test for the completion of a send or receive
testall(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of all previously initiated requests
testany(requests[, status])	Test for completion of any previously initiated request
testsome(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of some previously initiated re-
	quests
wait([status])	Wait for a send or receive to complete
waitall(requests[, statuses])	Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete
waitany(requests[, status])	Wait for any previously initiated request to complete
waitsome(requests[, statuses])	Wait for some previously initiated requests to com-
	plete
	·

# **Methods Documentation**

# Cancel()

Cancel a communication request

# Return type

None

# Free()

Free a communication request

# **Return type**

None

# Get\_status(status=None)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request

## **Parameters**

status (Optional[Status]) -

# **Return type**

bool

```
Test(status=None)
     Test for the completion of a send or receive
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
         Return type
            bool
classmethod Testall(requests, statuses=None)
     Test for completion of all previously initiated requests
         Parameters
             • requests (Sequence [Request]) -
             • statuses (Optional [List[Status]]) -
         Return type
            bool
classmethod Testany(requests, status=None)
     Test for completion of any previously initiated request
         Parameters
             • requests (Sequence [Request]) -
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
            Tuple[int, bool]
classmethod Testsome(requests, statuses=None)
     Test for completion of some previously initiated requests
         Parameters
             • requests (Sequence [Request]) -
             • statuses (Optional[List[Status]]) -
         Return type
            Optional[List[int]]
Wait(status=None)
     Wait for a send or receive to complete
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
         Return type
            Literal[True]
classmethod Waitall(requests, statuses=None)
     Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete
         Parameters
             • requests (Sequence [Request]) -
             • statuses (Optional [List[Status]]) -
         Return type
```

Literal[True]

```
classmethod Waitany(requests, status=None)
     Wait for any previously initiated request to complete
         Parameters
             • requests (Sequence [Request]) -
             • status (Optional [Status]) -
         Return type
            int
classmethod Waitsome(requests, statuses=None)
     Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete
         Parameters
             • requests (Sequence[Request]) -
             • statuses (Optional[List[Status]]) -
         Return type
             Optional[List[int]]
cancel()
     Cancel a communication request
         Return type
            None
classmethod f2py(arg)
         Parameters
            arg(int)-
         Return type
             Request
get_status(status=None)
     Non-destructive test for the completion of a request
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
         Return type
            bool
py2f()
         Return type
test(status=None)
     Test for the completion of a send or receive
         Parameters
             status (Optional[Status]) -
         Return type
             Tuple[bool, Optional[Any]]
```

```
classmethod testall(requests, statuses=None)
```

Test for completion of all previously initiated requests

#### **Parameters**

- requests (Sequence [Request]) -
- statuses (Optional[List[Status]]) -

#### **Return type**

Tuple[bool, Optional[List[Any]]]

#### classmethod testany(requests, status=None)

Test for completion of any previously initiated request

#### **Parameters**

- requests (Sequence[Request]) -
- status (Optional [Status]) -

### Return type

Tuple[int, bool, Optional[Any]]

### classmethod testsome(requests, statuses=None)

Test for completion of some previously initiated requests

#### **Parameters**

- requests (Sequence[Request]) -
- statuses (Optional [List[Status]]) -

#### **Return type**

Tuple[Optional[List[int]], Optional[List[Any]]]

### wait(status=None)

Wait for a send or receive to complete

#### **Parameters**

status (Optional[Status]) -

### Return type

Any

# classmethod waitall(requests, statuses=None)

Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete

#### **Parameters**

- requests (Sequence [Request]) -
- statuses (Optional[List[Status]]) -

# Return type

List[Any]

# ${\tt classmethod\ waitany}({\it requests}, {\it status=None})$

Wait for any previously initiated request to complete

### **Parameters**

- requests (Sequence[Request]) -
- **status** (Optional[Status]) -

```
Return type
```

Tuple[int, Any]

classmethod waitsome(requests, statuses=None)

Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete

## **Parameters**

- requests (Sequence[Request]) -
- statuses (Optional [List[Status]]) -

#### Return type

Tuple[Optional[List[int]], Optional[List[Any]]]

# mpi4py.MPI.Status

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Status(status=None)
```

Bases: object

Status object

## **Parameters**

status (Optional[Status]) -

# Return type

Status

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, status=None)

#### **Parameters**

status (Optional[Status]) -

## Return type

Status

# **Methods Summary**

<pre>Get_count([datatype])</pre>	Get the number of <i>top level</i> elements
<pre>Get_elements(datatype)</pre>	Get the number of basic elements in a datatype
Get_error()	Get message error
Get_source()	Get message source
<pre>Get_tag()</pre>	Get message tag
Is_cancelled()	Test to see if a request was cancelled
Set_cancelled(flag)	Set the cancelled state associated with a status
Set_elements(datatype, count)	Set the number of elements in a status
Set_error(error)	Set message error
Set_source(source)	Set message source
Set_tag(tag)	Set message tag
f2py(arg)	

py2f()

# **Attributes Summary**

cancelled	cancelled state	
count	byte count	
error		
source		
tag		

## **Methods Documentation**

```
Get_count(datatype=BYTE)
     Get the number of top level elements
         Parameters
            datatype (Datatype) –
         Return type
            int
Get_elements(datatype)
     Get the number of basic elements in a datatype
         Parameters
            datatype (Datatype) -
         Return type
            int
Get_error()
     Get message error
         Return type
            int
Get_source()
     Get message source
         Return type
            int
Get_tag()
     Get message tag
         Return type
            int
Is_cancelled()
     Test to see if a request was cancelled
         Return type
            bool
```

```
Set_cancelled(flag)
```

Set the cancelled state associated with a status

Note: This should be only used when implementing query callback functions for generalized requests

```
Parameters
flag (bool) –
Return type
None
```

Set\_elements(datatype, count)

**Parameters** 

Set the number of elements in a status

Note: This should be only used when implementing query callback functions for generalized requests

```
• count (int) –

Return type
None

Set_error(error)
Set message error

Parameters
error (int) –
```

• datatype (Datatype) -

Set\_source(source)

Set message source

Return type None

Parameters source (int) -

Return type None

Set\_tag(tag)

Set message tag

Parameters tag (int) -Return type

None

classmethod f2py(arg)

Parameters arg (List[int]) -

```
Return type
                 Status
     py2f()
             Return type
                 List[int]
     Attributes Documentation
     cancelled
         cancelled state
     count
         byte count
     error
     source
     tag
mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm
class mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm(comm=None)
     Bases: Intracomm
     Topology intracommunicator
         Parameters
             comm (Optional[Topocomm]) -
         Return type
             Topocomm
     static __new__(cls, comm=None)
             Parameters
                 comm (Optional[Topocomm]) -
```

Return type Topocomm

# **Methods Summary**

Ineighbor_allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All
Ineighbor_allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All Vector
Ineighbor_alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor All-to-All
Ineighbor_alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor All-to-All Vector
<pre>Ineighbor_alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)</pre>	Nonblocking Neighbor All-to-All Generalized
Neighbor_allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor Gather to All
Neighbor_allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor Gather to All Vector
Neighbor_alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor All-to-All
Neighbor_alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor All-to-All Vector
Neighbor_alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor All-to-All Generalized
neighbor_allgather(sendobj)	Neighbor Gather to All
neighbor_alltoall(sendobj)	Neighbor All to All Scatter/Gather

# **Attributes Summary**

degrees	number of incoming and outgoing neighbors
indegree	number of incoming neighbors
inedges	incoming neighbors
inoutedges	incoming and outgoing neighbors
outdegree	number of outgoing neighbors
outedges	outgoing neighbors

# **Methods Documentation**

Ineighbor\_allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpec) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

# **Return type**

Request

Ineighbor\_allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All Vector

# **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpec) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

## **Return type**

Request

Ineighbor\_alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking Neighbor All-to-All

**Parameters** 

- sendbuf (BufSpecB) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

# Return type

Request

## Ineighbor\_alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking Neighbor All-to-All Vector

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpecV) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

## Return type

Request

### Ineighbor\_alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Nonblocking Neighbor All-to-All Generalized

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpecW) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecW) -

#### Return type

Request

# ${\tt Neighbor\_allgather}(sendbuf, recvbuf)$

Neighbor Gather to All

### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpec) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

#### Return type

None

# Neighbor\_allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Neighbor Gather to All Vector

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpec) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

### **Return type**

None

# Neighbor\_alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Neighbor All-to-All

# **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpecB) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecB) -

## Return type

None

## Neighbor\_alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Neighbor All-to-All Vector

#### **Parameters**

- sendbuf (BufSpecV) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecV) -

## **Return type**

None

## Neighbor\_alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)

Neighbor All-to-All Generalized

#### **Parameters**

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW) -
- recvbuf (BufSpecW) -

# Return type

None

## neighbor\_allgather(sendobj)

Neighbor Gather to All

#### **Parameters**

sendobj (Any) -

# **Return type**

List[Any]

# neighbor\_alltoall(sendobj)

Neighbor All to All Scatter/Gather

#### **Parameters**

sendobj (List[Any]) -

## Return type

List[Any]

# **Attributes Documentation**

### degrees

number of incoming and outgoing neighbors

## indegree

number of incoming neighbors

#### inedges

incoming neighbors

## inoutedges

incoming and outgoing neighbors

## outdegree

number of outgoing neighbors

#### outedges

outgoing neighbors

# mpi4py.MPI.Win

```
class mpi4py.MPI.Win(win=None)
    Bases: object
    Window handle
        Parameters
            win (Optional [Win]) -
        Return type
            Win
    static __new__(cls, win=None)
        Parameters
            win (Optional [Win]) -
        Return type
            Win
```

# **Methods Summary**

Accumulate(origin, target_rank[, target, op])	Accumulate data into the target process
Allocate(size[, disp_unit, info, comm])	Create an window object for one-sided communica-
	tion
<pre>Allocate_shared(size[, disp_unit, info, comm])</pre>	Create an window object for one-sided communica-
	tion
Attach(memory)	Attach a local memory region
Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a window
Compare_and_swap(origin, compare, result,)	Perform one-sided atomic compare-and-swap
Complete()	Completes an RMA operations begun after an Win.
	Start()
Create(memory[, disp_unit, info, comm])	Create an window object for one-sided communica-
	tion
<pre>Create_dynamic([info, comm])</pre>	Create an window object for one-sided communica-
	tion
<pre>Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])</pre>	Create a new attribute key for windows
Delete_attr(keyval)	Delete attribute value associated with a key
Detach(memory)	Detach a local memory region
Fence([assertion])	Perform an MPI fence synchronization on a window
<pre>Fetch_and_op(origin, result, target_rank[,])</pre>	Perform one-sided read-modify-write
Flush(rank)	Complete all outstanding RMA operations at the
	given target
Flush_all()	Complete all outstanding RMA operations at all tar-
	gets
Flush_local(rank)	Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at
	the given target
Flush_local_all()	Complete locally all outstanding RMA opera- tions
	at all targets
Free()	Free a window
Free_keyval(keyval)	Free an attribute key for windows
<pre>Get(origin, target_rank[, target])</pre>	Get data from a memory window on a remote process.
	continues on next page

continues on next page

Table 5 – continued from previous page

Get_accumulate(origin, result, target_rank)	Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process
Get_attr(keyval)	Retrieve attribute value by key
Get_errhandler()	Get the error handler for a window
<pre>Get_group()</pre>	Return a duplicate of the group of the communicator
0.1.5.0	used to create the window
<pre>Get_info()</pre>	Return the hints for a windows that are currently in
	use
Get_name()	Get the print name associated with the window
Lock(rank[, lock_type, assertion])	Begin an RMA access epoch at the target process
Lock_all([assertion])	Begin an RMA access epoch at all processes
Post(group[, assertion])	Start an RMA exposure epoch
<pre>Put(origin, target_rank[, target])</pre>	Put data into a memory window on a remote process.
Raccumulate(origin, target_rank[, target, op])	Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process
Rget(origin, target_rank[, target])	Get data from a memory window on a remote process.
Rget_accumulate(origin, result, target_rank)	Accumulate data into the target process using remote
	memory access.
Rput(origin, target_rank[, target])	Put data into a memory window on a remote process.
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)	Store attribute value associated with a key
Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a window
Set_info(info)	Set new values for the hints associated with a window
Set_name(name)	Set the print name associated with the window
Shared_query(rank)	Query the process-local address for remote memory
	segments created with Win.Allocate_shared()
Start(group[, assertion])	Start an RMA access epoch for MPI
Sync()	Synchronize public and private copies of the given
	window
Test()	Test whether an RMA exposure epoch has completed
Unlock(rank)	Complete an RMA access epoch at the target process
Unlock_all()	Complete an RMA access epoch at all processes
Wait()	Complete an RMA exposure epoch begun with Win.
*	Post()
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	
tomemory()	Return window memory buffer
*	·

# **Attributes Summary**

attrs	window attributes
flavor	window create flavor
group	window group
info	window info
model	window memory model
name	window name

#### **Methods Documentation**

```
Accumulate(origin, target_rank, target=None, op=SUM)
    Accumulate data into the target process
        Parameters
             • origin (BufSpec) -
             • target_rank (int) -
             • target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -
             • op (0p) -
        Return type
            None
classmethod Allocate(size, disp_unit=1, info=INFO_NULL, comm=COMM_SELF)
    Create an window object for one-sided communication
        Parameters
             • size (int) -
             • disp_unit (int) -
             • info (Info) -
             • comm (Intracomm) -
        Return type
            Win
classmethod Allocate_shared(size, disp_unit=1, info=INFO_NULL, comm=COMM_SELF)
    Create an window object for one-sided communication
        Parameters
             • size (int) -
             • disp_unit (int) -
             • info (Info) -
             • comm (Intracomm) -
        Return type
            Win
Attach(memory)
    Attach a local memory region
        Parameters
            memory (Buffer) -
        Return type
            None
Call_errhandler(errorcode)
    Call the error handler installed on a window
        Parameters
            errorcode (int)-
```

```
Return type
            None
Compare_and_swap(origin, compare, result, target_rank, target_disp=0)
    Perform one-sided atomic compare-and-swap
        Parameters
            • origin (BufSpec) -
            • compare (BufSpec) -
            • result (BufSpec) -
            • target_rank (int) -
            • target_disp(int)-
        Return type
            None
Complete()
    Completes an RMA operations begun after an Win. Start()
        Return type
            None
classmethod Create(memory, disp_unit=1, info=INFO_NULL, comm=COMM_SELF)
    Create an window object for one-sided communication
        Parameters
            • memory (Union[Buffer, Bottom, None]) -
            • disp_unit (int) -
            • info (Info) -
            • comm (Intracomm) —
        Return type
            Win
classmethod Create_dynamic(info=INFO_NULL, comm=COMM_SELF)
    Create an window object for one-sided communication
        Parameters
            • info (Info) -
            • comm (Intracomm) -
        Return type
            Win
```

 $\textbf{classmethod Create\_keyval} (\textit{copy\_fn} = None, \textit{delete\_fn} = None, \textit{nopython} = False)$ 

Create a new attribute key for windows

#### **Parameters**

- copy\_fn (Optional [Callable [[Win, int, Any], Any]]) -
- delete\_fn(Optional[Callable[[Win, int, Any], None]]) -
- nopython (bool) -

```
Return type
             int
Delete_attr(keyval)
     Delete attribute value associated with a key
         Parameters
             keyval (int) -
         Return type
             None
Detach(memory)
     Detach a local memory region
         Parameters
             memory (Buffer) -
         Return type
             None
Fence(assertion=0)
     Perform an MPI fence synchronization on a window
         Parameters
             assertion (int) -
         Return type
             None
Fetch_and_op(origin, result, target_rank, target_disp=0, op=SUM)
     Perform one-sided read-modify-write
         Parameters
             • origin (BufSpec) -
             • result (BufSpec) -
             • target_rank (int) -
             • target_disp(int)-
             • op (0p) -
         Return type
             None
Flush(rank)
     Complete all outstanding RMA operations at the given target
         Parameters
             rank (int) -
         Return type
             None
Flush_all()
     Complete all outstanding RMA operations at all targets
         Return type
```

None

```
Flush_local(rank)
     Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at the given target
         Parameters
             rank (int) -
         Return type
             None
Flush_local_all()
     Complete locally all outstanding RMA opera- tions at all targets
         Return type
             None
Free()
     Free a window
         Return type
             None
classmethod Free_keyval(keyval)
     Free an attribute key for windows
         Parameters
             keyval (int) -
         Return type
             int
Get(origin, target_rank, target=None)
     Get data from a memory window on a remote process.
         Parameters
             • origin (BufSpec) -
             • target_rank (int) -
             • target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -
         Return type
             None
Get_accumulate(origin, result, target_rank, target=None, op=SUM)
     Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process
         Parameters
             • origin (BufSpec) -
             • result (BufSpec) -
             • target_rank (int) -
             • target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -
             • op (0p) -
         Return type
```

None

```
Get_attr(keyval)
     Retrieve attribute value by key
         Parameters
             keyval (int) -
         Return type
             Optional[Union[int, Any]]
Get_errhandler()
     Get the error handler for a window
         Return type
             Errhandler
Get_group()
     Return a duplicate of the group of the communicator used to create the window
         Return type
             Group
Get_info()
     Return the hints for a windows that are currently in use
         Return type
             Info
Get_name()
     Get the print name associated with the window
         Return type
             str
Lock(rank, lock_type=LOCK_EXCLUSIVE, assertion=0)
     Begin an RMA access epoch at the target process
         Parameters
             • rank (int) -
             • lock_type (int) -
             • assertion (int) -
         Return type
             None
Lock_all(assertion=0)
     Begin an RMA access epoch at all processes
         Parameters
             assertion (int) -
         Return type
             None
Post(group, assertion=0)
     Start an RMA exposure epoch
         Parameters
             • group (Group) -
```

• assertion (int) -

## **Return type**

None

Put(origin, target\_rank, target=None)

Put data into a memory window on a remote process.

#### **Parameters**

- origin (BufSpec) -
- target\_rank (int) -
- target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -

### **Return type**

None

Raccumulate(origin, target\_rank, target=None, op=SUM)

Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process

#### **Parameters**

- origin (BufSpec) -
- target\_rank (int) -
- target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -
- **op** (0p) –

## Return type

Request

Rget(origin, target\_rank, target=None)

Get data from a memory window on a remote process.

#### **Parameters**

- origin (BufSpec) -
- target\_rank (int) -
- target(Optional[TargetSpec]) -

# Return type

Request

Rget\_accumulate(origin, result, target\_rank, target=None, op=SUM)

Accumulate data into the target process using remote memory access.

### **Parameters**

- origin (BufSpec) -
- result (BufSpec) -
- target\_rank(int)-
- target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -
- op (0p) -

# Return type

Request

```
Put data into a memory window on a remote process.
         Parameters
             • origin (BufSpec) -
             • target_rank (int) -
             • target (Optional [TargetSpec]) -
         Return type
             Request
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)
    Store attribute value associated with a key
         Parameters
             • keyval (int) -
             • attrval (Any) -
         Return type
            None
Set_errhandler(errhandler)
     Set the error handler for a window
         Parameters
             errhandler (Errhandler) -
         Return type
            None
Set_info(info)
     Set new values for the hints associated with a window
         Parameters
             info (Info) -
         Return type
            None
Set_name(name)
     Set the print name associated with the window
         Parameters
            name (str) -
         Return type
            None
Shared_query(rank)
     Query the process-local address for remote memory segments created with Win. Allocate_shared()
         Parameters
            rank (int) -
         Return type
            Tuple[memory, int]
```

Rput(origin, target\_rank, target=None)

```
Start(group, assertion=0)
     Start an RMA access epoch for MPI
         Parameters
             • group (Group) -
             • assertion (int) -
         Return type
            None
Sync()
     Synchronize public and private copies of the given window
         Return type
            None
Test()
     Test whether an RMA exposure epoch has completed
         Return type
            bool
Unlock(rank)
     Complete an RMA access epoch at the target process
         Parameters
            rank (int) -
         Return type
            None
Unlock_all()
     Complete an RMA access epoch at all processes
         Return type
            None
Wait()
     Complete an RMA exposure epoch begun with Win.Post()
         Return type
            Literal[True]
classmethod f2py(arg)
         Parameters
             arg(int)-
         Return type
             Win
py2f()
         Return type
            int
tomemory()
     Return window memory buffer
         Return type
            memory
```

## **Attributes Documentation**

```
attrs
```

window attributes

## flavor

window create flavor

# group

window group

## info

window info

## model

window memory model

#### name

window name

# mpi4py.MPI.memory

class mpi4py.MPI.memory(buf)

Bases: object

Memory buffer

# **Parameters**

 ${f buf}$  (Buffer) -

## Return type

memory

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, buf)

## **Parameters**

**buf** (Buffer) -

# **Return type**

memory

# **Methods Summary**

Memory allocation
Memory from address and size in bytes
Memory from buffer-like object
Release the underlying buffer exposed by the memory
object
Return the data in the buffer as a byte string
Return a readonly version of the memory object

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## **Attributes Summary**

address	Memory address
format	A string with the format of each element
itemsize	The size in bytes of each element
nbytes	Memory size (in bytes)
obj	The underlying object of the memory
readonly	Boolean indicating whether the memory is read-only

## **Methods Documentation**

static allocate(nbytes, clear=False)

Memory allocation

#### **Parameters**

- nbytes (int) -
- clear (bool) -

## **Return type**

memory

static fromaddress(address, nbytes, readonly=False)

Memory from address and size in bytes

#### **Parameters**

- address (int) -
- nbytes (int) -
- readonly (bool) -

## **Return type**

memory

static frombuffer(obj, readonly=False)

Memory from buffer-like object

#### **Parameters**

- **obj** (Buffer) -
- readonly (bool) -

# Return type

memory

# release()

Release the underlying buffer exposed by the memory object

## Return type

None

## tobytes(order=None)

Return the data in the buffer as a byte string

#### **Parameters**

order (Optional[str]) -

#### **Return type**

bytes

#### toreadonly()

Return a readonly version of the memory object

#### **Return type**

memory

#### **Attributes Documentation**

#### address

Memory address

#### format

A string with the format of each element

#### itemsize

The size in bytes of each element

#### nbytes

Memory size (in bytes)

obj

The underlying object of the memory

### readonly

Boolean indicating whether the memory is read-only

### **Exceptions**

Exception([ierr])

Exception class

## mpi4py.MPI.Exception

```
exception mpi4py.MPI.Exception(ierr=SUCCESS)
```

Bases: RuntimeError

Exception class

**Parameters** 

ierr(int)-

Return type

Exception

static \_\_new\_\_(cls, ierr=SUCCESS)

**Parameters** 

ierr (int) -

**Return type** 

Exception

## **Methods Summary**

<pre>Get_error_class()</pre>	Error class
Get_error_code()	Error code
<pre>Get_error_string()</pre>	Error string

# **Attributes Summary**

error_class	error class
error_code	error code
error_string	error string

### **Methods Documentation**

Get\_error\_class()

Error class

Return type

int

Get\_error\_code()

Error code

**Return type** 

int

Get\_error\_string()

Error string

**Return type** 

str

## **Attributes Documentation**

error\_class

error class

error\_code

error code

error\_string

error string

## **Functions**

Add_error_code(errorclass)         Add an error code to an error class           Add_error_string(errorcode, string)         Associate an error string with an error class or errorcode           Aint_add(base, disp)         Return the sum of base address and displacement           Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)         Return the difference between absolute addresses           Allocate memory for message passing and RMA           Attach_buffer(buf)         Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode           Close_port(port_name)         Close a port           Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)         Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction           Detach_buffer()         Remove an existing attached buffer           Finalize()         Terminate the MPI execution environment           Free_mem(mem)         Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()           Get_address(location)         Get the address of a location in memory           Get_error_class(errorcode)         Convert an error code into an error class or error code           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version string of the MPI library           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version string of the MPI library           Get_version()         Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)           Init()         Initialize the MPI execution environment	Add_error_class()	Add an <i>error class</i> to the known error classes
Code	Add_error_code(errorclass)	Add an error code to an error class
Code	Add_error_string(errorcode, string)	Associate an error string with an error class or error-
Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)         Return the difference between absolute addresses           Allocate memory for message passing and RMA           Attach_buffer(buf)         Allocate memory for message passing and RMA           Close_port(port_name)         Close a port           Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)         Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction           Detach_buffer()         Remove an existing attached buffer           Finalize()         Terminate the MPI execution environment           Free_mem(mem)         Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()           Get_address(location)         Get the address of a location in memory           Get_error_class(errorcode)         Convert an error code into an error class or error code           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version string for a given error class or error code           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version string of the MPI library           Get_version()         Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)           Init()         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Init_thread([required])         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Init_thread(jequired])         Indicates whether Finalize has completed           Is_initialized()         Indicates whether Finalize has completed           Is_initialized()<		
Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)         Return the difference between absolute addresses           Allocate memory for message passing and RMA           Attach_buffer(buf)         Allocate memory for message passing and RMA           Close_port(port_name)         Close a port           Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)         Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction           Detach_buffer()         Remove an existing attached buffer           Finalize()         Terminate the MPI execution environment           Free_mem(mem)         Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()           Get_address(location)         Get the address of a location in memory           Get_error_class(errorcode)         Convert an error code into an error class or error code           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version string for a given error class or error code           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version string of the MPI library           Get_version()         Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)           Init()         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Init_thread([required])         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Init_thread(jequired])         Indicates whether Finalize has completed           Is_initialized()         Indicates whether Finalize has completed           Is_initialized()<	Aint_add(base, disp)	Return the sum of base address and displacement
Attach_buffer(buf)  Close_port(port_name)  Close a port  Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)  Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction  Detach_buffer()  Remove an existing attached buffer  Frinalize()  Free_mem(mem)  Free_mem(mem)  Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()  Get_address(location)  Get_teaddress(location)  Get_terror_class(errorcode)  Get_error_string(errorcode)  Get_library_version()  Get_processor_name()  Get_processor_name()  Get_version()  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread(mid_liame)  Indicate whether Init has been called  Indicate whether Init has been called  Indicate whether Init has been called  Init_thread  Lookup_name(service_name[, info])  Query_thread()  Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes  Pcontrol(level)  Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])  Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])  Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name, info])  Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name, info])  Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name, info])  Unpublish_name(service, name, port_name, info])  Unpublish_name(service, name, port_name, info))  Unpublish_name(service, name, port_name, info))  Unpublish_name(service, name	Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)	
Attach_buffer(buf)  Close_port(port_name)  Close a port  Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)  Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction  Detach_buffer()  Remove an existing attached buffer  Frinalize()  Terminate the MPI execution environment  Free_mem(mem)  Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()  Get_address(location)  Get_the address of a location in memory  Get_error_class(errorcode)  Get_error_string(errorcode)  Get_the address of a location in memory  Get_error_string(errorcode)  Return the error string for a given error class or error code  Get_library_version()  Get_processor_name()  Get_processor_name()  Get_version()  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Initialize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Indicates whether Finalize has completed  Is_initialized()  Indicates whether Init has been called  Indicates wh	Alloc_mem(size[, info])	Allocate memory for message passing and RMA
Close a port   Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)   Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction   Remove an existing attached buffer	Attach_buffer(buf)	
Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction		mode
nate direction	Close_port(port_name)	Close a port
Detach_buffer()   Remove an existing attached buffer   Finalize()   Terminate the MPI execution environment   Free mem(mem)   Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()   Get_address(location)   Get the address of a location in memory   Get_error_class(errorcode)   Convert an error code into an error class   Get_error_string(errorcode)   Return the error string for a given error class or error code   Get_library_version()   Obtain the version string of the MPI library   Get_processor_name()   Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)   Initialize the MPI execution environment   Init_thread([required])   Initialize the MPI execution environment   Is_finalized()   Indicates whether Finalize has completed   Is_initialized()   Indicates whether Init has been called   Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread   Indicate share the string of the MPI processes   Pcontrol([evel)   Control profiling   Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])   Publish a service name   Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes   Pcontrol([evel)   Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library   Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)   Register user-defined data representations   Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])   Unpublish a service name   Return the resolution of Wtime   Wtime()   Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)	Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordi-
Finalize() Free_mem(mem) Free_mem(mem) Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem() Get_address(location) Get the address of a location in memory Get_error_class(errorcode) Get_error_string(errorcode) Get_error_string(errorcode)  Get_library_version() Get_processor_name() Get_version() Get_version() Obtain the version string of the MPI library Get_processor_name() Get_version()  Init() Initialize the MPI execution environment Ini_t_thread([required]) Initialize the MPI execution environment Is_finalized() Indicates whether Finalize has completed Is_initialized() Indicates whether Finalize has completed Is_thread_main() Indicates whether Init has been called Lookup_name(service_name[, info]) Lookup a port name given a service name Open_port([info]) Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes Pcontrol([evel) Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info]) Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,) Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,) Register_user_defined data representations Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info]) Wtick() Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		nate direction
Free_mem(mem)  Get_address(location)  Get the address of a location in memory  Get_error_class(errorcode)  Get_error_string(errorcode)  Get_error_string(errorcode)  Get_library_version()  Get_processor_name()  Get_version()  Init()  Initalize the MPI execution environment  Init_thread([required])  Indicates whether Finalize has completed  Is_initialized()  Indicates whether Init has been called  Is_thread_main()  Lookup_name(service_name[, info])  Query_thread()  Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)  Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)  Return the error code into an error class or error code  Convert an error code into an error class or error code  Return the reror string for a given error class or error code  Return the reror string for a given error class or error code  Return the reror string for a given error class or error code  Return the reror string for a given error class or error code  Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	Detach_buffer()	Remove an existing attached buffer
Get_address(location)         Get the address of a location in memory           Get_error_class(errorcode)         Convert an error code into an error class           Get_error_string(errorcode)         Return the error string for a given error class or error code           Get_library_version()         Obtain the version string of the MPI library           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)           Init()         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Init_thread([required])         Indicates whether Finalize has completed           Is_initialized()         Indicates whether Init has been called           Is_thread_main()         Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread           Lookup_name(service_name[, info])         Lookup a port name given a service name           Open_port([info])         Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes           Pcontrol(level)         Control profiling           Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])         Publish a service name           Query_thread()         Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library           Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)         Register user-defined data representations           Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])         Unpublish a service name	Finalize()	Terminate the MPI execution environment
Get_error_class(errorcode)         Convert an error code into an error class           Get_error_string(errorcode)         Return the error string for a given error class or error code           Get_library_version()         Obtain the version string of the MPI library           Get_processor_name()         Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)           Init()         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Init_thread([required])         Initialize the MPI execution environment           Is_initialized()         Indicates whether Finalize has completed           Is_initialized()         Indicates whether Init has been called           Is_thread_main()         Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread           Lookup_name(service_name[, info])         Lookup a port name given a service name           Open_port([info])         Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes           Pcontrol(level)         Control profiling           Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])         Publish a service name           Query_thread()         Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library           Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)         Register user-defined data representations           Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])         Unpublish a service name <tr< td=""><td>Free_mem(mem)</td><td>Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()</td></tr<>	Free_mem(mem)	Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()
Get_error_string(errorcode)       Return the error string for a given error class or error code         Get_library_version()       Obtain the version string of the MPI library         Get_processor_name()       Obtain the name of the calling processor         Get_version()       Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)         Init()       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Init_thread([required])       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Is_finalized()       Indicates whether Finalize has completed         Is_initialized()       Indicates whether Init has been called         Is_thread_main()       Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread         Lookup_name(service_name[, info])       Lookup a port name given a service name         Open_port([info])       Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes         Pcontrol(level)       Control profiling         Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Publish a service name         Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime	Get_address(location)	
code         Get_library_version()       Obtain the version string of the MPI library         Get_processor_name()       Obtain the name of the calling processor         Get_version()       Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)         Init()       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Init_thread([required])       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Is_finalized()       Indicates whether Finalize has completed         Is_initialized()       Indicates whether Init has been called         Is_thread_main()       Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread         Lookup_name(service_name[, info])       Lookup a port name given a service name         Open_port([info])       Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes         Pcontrol(level)       Control profiling         Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Publish a service name         Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calli		Convert an error code into an error class
Get_library_version()       Obtain the version string of the MPI library         Get_processor_name()       Obtain the name of the calling processor         Get_version()       Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)         Init()       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Init_thread([required])       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Is_finalized()       Indicates whether Finalize has completed         Is_initialized()       Indicates whether Init has been called         Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread       Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread         Lookup_name(service_name[, info])       Lookup a port name given a service name         Open_port([info])       Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes         Pcontrol(level)       Control profiling         Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Publish a service name         Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	<pre>Get_error_string(errorcode)</pre>	Return the error string for a given error class or error
Get_processor_name()       Obtain the name of the calling processor         Get_version()       Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version, subversion)         Init()       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Init_thread([required])       Initialize the MPI execution environment         Is_finalized()       Indicates whether Finalize has completed         Is_initialized()       Indicates whether Init has been called         Is_thread_main()       Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread         Lookup_name(service_name[, info])       Lookup a port name given a service name         Open_port([info])       Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes         Pcontrol(level)       Control profiling         Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Publish a service name         Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		code
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Init_thread   Lookup_name(service_name[, info])   Lookup a port name given a service name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Lookup_name(service_name[, info])Lookup a port name given a service nameOpen_port([info])Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processesPcontrol(level)Control profilingPublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])Publish a service nameQuery_thread()Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI libraryRegister_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)Register user-defined data representationsUnpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])Unpublish a service nameWtick()Return the resolution of WtimeWtime()Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	<pre>Is_thread_main()</pre>	
Open_port([info])       Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes         Pcontrol(level)       Control profiling         Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Publish a service name         Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		
tions between groups of MPI processes  Pcontrol(level) Control profiling  Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info]) Publish a service name  Query_thread() Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library  Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,) Register user-defined data representations  Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info]) Unpublish a service name  Wtick() Return the resolution of Wtime  Wtime() Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		
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Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Publish a service name         Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		
Query_thread()       Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library         Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		
Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)     Register user-defined data representations       Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])     Unpublish a service name       Wtick()     Return the resolution of Wtime       Wtime()     Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		
Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn,)       Register user-defined data representations         Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	Query_thread()	
Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])       Unpublish a service name         Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wtick()       Return the resolution of Wtime         Wtime()       Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	<u> </u>	
Wtime() Return an elapsed time on the calling processor	<u> </u>	±
get_vendor() Infomation about the underlying MPI implementation		
	get_vendor()	Infomation about the underlying MPI implementation

```
mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_class
mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_class()
     Add an error class to the known error classes
          Return type
              int
mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_code
mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_code(errorclass)
     Add an error code to an error class
          Parameters
              errorclass (int) -
          Return type
              int
mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_string
mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_string(errorcode, string)
     Associate an error string with an error class or errorcode
          Parameters
                • errorcode (int) -
                • string (str) -
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Aint_add
mpi4py.MPI.Aint_add(base, disp)
     Return the sum of base address and displacement
          Parameters
                • base (int) -
                • disp(int)-
          Return type
              int
```

```
mpi4py.MPI.Aint_diff
\verb"mpi4py.MPI.Aint_diff" (addr1, addr2)
     Return the difference between absolute addresses
          Parameters
                • addr1 (int) -
                • addr2 (int) -
          Return type
              int
mpi4py.MPI.Alloc_mem
mpi4py.MPI.Alloc_mem(size, info=INFO_NULL)
     Allocate memory for message passing and RMA
          Parameters
                • size (int) -
                • info (Info) -
          Return type
              memory
mpi4py.MPI.Attach_buffer
mpi4py.MPI.Attach_buffer(buf)
     Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode
          Parameters
              buf (Buffer) -
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Close_port
mpi4py.MPI.Close_port(port_name)
     Close a port
```

**Parameters** 

**Return type** None

port\_name (str) -

```
mpi4py.MPI.Compute dims
mpi4py.MPI.Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)
     Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction
          Parameters
               • nnodes (int) -
               • dims (Union[int, Sequence[int]]) -
          Return type
              List[int]
mpi4py.MPI.Detach_buffer
mpi4py.MPI.Detach_buffer()
     Remove an existing attached buffer
          Return type
              Buffer
mpi4py.MPI.Finalize
mpi4py.MPI.Finalize()
     Terminate the MPI execution environment
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Free_mem
mpi4py.MPI.Free_mem(mem)
     Free memory allocated with Alloc_mem()
          Parameters
              mem (memory) -
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Get_address
mpi4py.MPI.Get_address(location)
     Get the address of a location in memory
          Parameters
              location (Union[Buffer, Bottom]) -
          Return type
              int
```

```
mpi4py.MPI.Get error class
mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_class(errorcode)
     Convert an error code into an error class
          Parameters
              errorcode (int) -
          Return type
              int
mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_string
mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_string(errorcode)
     Return the error string for a given error class or error code
          Parameters
              errorcode (int) -
          Return type
              str
mpi4py.MPI.Get_library_version
mpi4py.MPI.Get_library_version()
     Obtain the version string of the MPI library
          Return type
              str
mpi4py.MPI.Get processor name
mpi4py.MPI.Get_processor_name()
     Obtain the name of the calling processor
          Return type
              str
mpi4py.MPI.Get_version
mpi4py.MPI.Get_version()
     Obtain the version number of the MPI standard supported by the implementation as a tuple (version,
     subversion)
          Return type
              Tuple[int, int]
```

```
mpi4py.MPI.Init
mpi4py.MPI.Init()
     Initialize the MPI execution environment
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Init_thread
mpi4py.MPI.Init_thread(required=THREAD_MULTIPLE)
     Initialize the MPI execution environment
          Parameters
              required (int) -
          Return type
              int
mpi4py.MPI.Is finalized
mpi4py.MPI.Is_finalized()
     Indicates whether Finalize has completed
          Return type
              bool
mpi4py.MPI.Is_initialized
mpi4py.MPI.Is_initialized()
     Indicates whether Init has been called
          Return type
              bool
mpi4py.MPI.Is_thread_main
mpi4py.MPI.Is_thread_main()
     Indicate whether this thread called Init or Init_thread
          Return type
              bool
mpi4py.MPI.Lookup_name
mpi4py.MPI.Lookup_name(service_name, info=INFO_NULL)
     Lookup a port name given a service name
          Parameters
               • service_name (str) -
```

• info (Info) -

```
Return type
              str
mpi4py.MPI.Open_port
mpi4py.MPI.Open_port(info=INFO_NULL)
     Return an address that can be used to establish connections between groups of MPI processes
          Parameters
              info (Info) -
          Return type
              str
mpi4py.MPI.Pcontrol
mpi4py.MPI.Pcontrol(level)
     Control profiling
          Parameters
              level (int) -
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Publish_name
mpi4py.MPI.Publish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)
     Publish a service name
          Parameters
               • service_name (str) -
               • port_name (str) -
               • info (Info) -
          Return type
              None
mpi4py.MPI.Query_thread
mpi4py.MPI.Query_thread()
```

Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library

```
mpi4py.MPI.Register_datarep
```

• read\_fn(Callable[[Buffer, Datatype, int, Buffer, int], None]) -

• write\_fn(Callable[[Buffer, Datatype, int, Buffer, int], None]) -

• extent\_fn (Callable[[Datatype], int]) -

## Return type

None

### mpi4py.MPI.Unpublish\_name

mpi4py.MPI.Unpublish\_name(service\_name, port\_name, info=INFO\_NULL)

Unpublish a service name

#### **Parameters**

- service\_name (str) -
- port\_name (str) -
- info (Info) -

### Return type

None

### mpi4py.MPI.Wtick

mpi4py.MPI.Wtick()

Return the resolution of Wtime

### Return type

float

### mpi4py.MPI.Wtime

mpi4py.MPI.Wtime()

Return an elapsed time on the calling processor

#### **Return type**

float

# mpi4py.MPI.get\_vendor

## mpi4py.MPI.get\_vendor()

Infomation about the underlying MPI implementation

### Returns

- a string with the name of the MPI implementation
- an integer 3-tuple version (major, minor, micro)

### Return type

Tuple[str, Tuple[int, int, int]]

### **Attributes**

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
UNDEFINED	int UNDEFINED
ANY_SOURCE	int ANY_SOURCE
ANY_TAG	int ANY_TAG
PROC_NULL	int PROC_NULL
ROOT	int ROOT
BOTTOM	Bottom BOTTOM
IN_PLACE	InPlace IN_PLACE
KEYVAL_INVALID	int KEYVAL_INVALID
TAG_UB	int TAG_UB
HOST	int HOST
10	int IO
WTIME_IS_GLOBAL	int WTIME_IS_GLOBAL
UNIVERSE_SIZE	int UNIVERSE_SIZE
APPNUM	int APPNUM
LASTUSEDCODE	int LASTUSEDCODE
WIN_BASE	int WIN_BASE
WIN_SIZE	int WIN_SIZE
WIN_DISP_UNIT	int WIN_DISP_UNIT
WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR	int WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR
WIN_FLAVOR	int WIN_FLAVOR
WIN_MODEL	int WIN_MODEL
SUCCESS	int SUCCESS
ERR_LASTCODE	int ERR_LASTCODE
ERR_COMM	int ERR_COMM
ERR_GROUP	int ERR_GROUP
ERR_TYPE	int ERR_TYPE
ERR_REQUEST	int ERR_REQUEST
ERR_OP	int ERR_OP
ERR_BUFFER	int ERR_BUFFER
ERR_COUNT	int ERR_COUNT
ERR_TAG	int ERR_TAG
ERR_RANK	int ERR_RANK
ERR_ROOT	int ERR_ROOT
ERR_TRUNCATE	int ERR_TRUNCATE
ERR_IN_STATUS	int ERR_IN_STATUS
ERR_PENDING	int ERR_PENDING

Table 7 – continued from previous page

ERR_TOPOLOGY ERR_DIMS ERR_ARG ERR_OTHER ERR_UNKNOWN	int ERR_TOPOLOGY int ERR_DIMS int ERR_ARG int ERR_OTHER
ERR_ARG ERR_OTHER ERR_UNKNOWN	int ERR_ARG
ERR_OTHER ERR_UNKNOWN	
ERR_UNKNOWN	int ERR_OTHER
The Timeen	int ERR_UNKNOWN
ERR_INTERN	int ERR_INTERN
ERR_INFO	int ERR_INFO
ERR_FILE	int ERR_FILE
ERR_WIN	int ERR_WIN
ERR_KEYVAL	int ERR_KEYVAL
ERR_INFO_KEY	int ERR_INFO_KEY
ERR_INFO_VALUE	int ERR_INFO_VALUE
ERR_INFO_NOKEY	int ERR_INFO_NOKEY
ERR_ACCESS	int ERR_ACCESS
ERR_AMODE	int ERR_AMODE
ERR_BAD_FILE	int ERR_BAD_FILE
ERR_FILE_EXISTS	int ERR_FILE_EXISTS
ERR_FILE_IN_USE	int ERR_FILE_IN_USE
ERR_NO_SPACE	int ERR_NO_SPACE
ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE	int ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE
ERR_IO	int ERR_IO
ERR_READ_ONLY	int ERR_READ_ONLY
ERR_CONVERSION	int ERR_CONVERSION
ERR_DUP_DATAREP	int ERR_DUP_DATAREP
ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP	int ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP
ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION	int ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION
ERR_NAME	int ERR_NAME
ERR_NO_MEM	int ERR_NO_MEM
ERR_NOT_SAME	int ERR_NOT_SAME
ERR_PORT	int ERR_PORT
ERR_QUOTA	int ERR_QUOTA
ERR_SERVICE	int ERR_SERVICE
ERR_SPAWN	int ERR_SPAWN
ERR_BASE	int ERR_BASE
ERR_SIZE	int ERR_SIZE
ERR_DISP	int ERR_DISP
ERR_ASSERT	int ERR_ASSERT
ERR_LOCKTYPE	int ERR_LOCKTYPE
ERR_RMA_CONFLICT	int ERR_RMA_CONFLICT
ERR_RMA_SYNC	int ERR_RMA_SYNC
ERR_RMA_RANGE	int ERR_RMA_RANGE
ERR_RMA_ATTACH	int ERR_RMA_ATTACH
ERR_RMA_SHARED	int ERR_RMA_SHARED
ERR_RMA_FLAVOR	int ERR_RMA_FLAVOR
ORDER_C	int ORDER_C
ORDER_FORTRAN	int ORDER_FORTRAN
ORDER_F	int ORDER_F
TYPECLASS_INTEGER	int TYPECLASS_INTEGER
TYPECLASS_REAL	int TYPECLASS_REAL
TYPECLASS_COMPLEX	int TYPECLASS_COMPLEX  continues on next page

Table 7 – continued from previous page

	Table 7 – continued from previous page
DISTRIBUTE_NONE	int DISTRIBUTE_NONE
DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK	int DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK
DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC	int DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC
DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG	int DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG
COMBINER_NAMED	int COMBINER_NAMED
COMBINER_DUP	int COMBINER_DUP
COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS	int COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS
COMBINER_VECTOR	int COMBINER_VECTOR
COMBINER_HVECTOR	int COMBINER_HVECTOR
COMBINER_INDEXED	int COMBINER_INDEXED
COMBINER_HINDEXED	int COMBINER_HINDEXED
COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK	<pre>int COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK</pre>
COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK	<pre>int COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK</pre>
COMBINER_STRUCT	int COMBINER_STRUCT
COMBINER_SUBARRAY	int COMBINER_SUBARRAY
COMBINER_DARRAY	int COMBINER_DARRAY
COMBINER_RESIZED	int COMBINER_RESIZED
COMBINER_F90_REAL	int COMBINER_F90_REAL
COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX	<pre>int COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX</pre>
COMBINER_F90_INTEGER	int COMBINER_F90_INTEGER
IDENT	int IDENT
CONGRUENT	int CONGRUENT
SIMILAR	int SIMILAR
UNEQUAL	int UNEQUAL
CART	int CART
GRAPH	int GRAPH
DIST_GRAPH	int DIST_GRAPH
UNWEIGHTED	int UNWEIGHTED
WEIGHTS_EMPTY	int WEIGHTS_EMPTY
COMM_TYPE_SHARED	int COMM_TYPE_SHARED
BSEND_OVERHEAD	int BSEND_OVERHEAD
WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE	int WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE
WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE	int WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE
WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC	int WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC
WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED	int WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED
WIN_SEPARATE	int WIN_SEPARATE
WIN_UNIFIED	int WIN_UNIFIED
MODE_NOCHECK	int MODE_NOCHECK
MODE_NOSTORE	int MODE_NOSTORE
MODE_NOPUT	int MODE_NOPUT
MODE_NOPRECEDE	int MODE_NOPRECEDE
MODE_NOSUCCEED	int MODE_NOSUCCEED
LOCK_EXCLUSIVE	int LOCK_EXCLUSIVE
LOCK_SHARED	int LOCK_SHARED
MODE_RDONLY	int MODE_RDONLY
MODE_WRONLY	int MODE_WRONLY
MODE_RDWR	int MODE_RDWR
MODE_CREATE	int MODE_CREATE
MODE_EXCL  MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE	int MODE_EXCL int MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE
HODE_DELETE_ON_CLUSE	continues on next page

Table 7 – continued from previous page

	ontinued from previous page
MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN	int MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN
MODE_SEQUENTIAL	int MODE_SEQUENTIAL
MODE_APPEND	int MODE_APPEND
SEEK_SET	int SEEK_SET
SEEK_CUR	int SEEK_CUR
SEEK_END	int SEEK_END
DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT	int DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT
DISP_CUR	int DISP_CUR
THREAD_SINGLE	int THREAD_SINGLE
THREAD_FUNNELED	int THREAD_FUNNELED
THREAD_SERIALIZED	int THREAD_SERIALIZED
THREAD_MULTIPLE	int THREAD_MULTIPLE
VERSION	int VERSION
SUBVERSION	int SUBVERSION
MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME	int MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME
MAX_ERROR_STRING	int MAX_ERROR_STRING
MAX_PORT_NAME	int MAX_PORT_NAME
MAX_INFO_KEY	int MAX_INFO_KEY
MAX_INFO_VAL	int MAX_INFO_VAL
MAX_OBJECT_NAME	int MAX_OBJECT_NAME
MAX_DATAREP_STRING	int MAX_DATAREP_STRING
MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING	int MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING
DATATYPE_NULL	Datatype DATATYPE_NULL
UB	Datatype <b>UB</b>
LB	Datatype <b>LB</b>
PACKED	Datatype PACKED
BYTE	Datatype BYTE
AINT	Datatype AINT
OFFSET	Datatype OFFSET
COUNT	Datatype COUNT
CHAR	Datatype CHAR
WCHAR	Datatype WCHAR
SIGNED_CHAR	Datatype SIGNED_CHAR
SHORT	Datatype SHORT
INT	Datatype INT
LONG	Datatype LONG
LONG_LONG	Datatype LONG_LONG
UNSIGNED_CHAR	Datatype UNSIGNED_CHAR
UNSIGNED_SHORT	Datatype UNSIGNED_SHORT
UNSIGNED	Datatype UNSIGNED
UNSIGNED_LONG	Datatype UNSIGNED_LONG
UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG	Datatype UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG
FLOAT	Datatype FLOAT
DOUBLE	Datatype DOUBLE
LONG_DOUBLE	Datatype LONG_DOUBLE
C_BOOL	Datatype C_BOOL
INT8_T	Datatype INT8_T
INT16_T	Datatype INT16_T
INT32_T	Datatype INT32_T
INT64_T	Datatype INT64_T
	continues on next page

Table 7 – continued from previous page

Table 7 – cor	ntinued from previous page
UINT8_T	Datatype UINT8_T
UINT16_T	Datatype UINT16_T
UINT32_T	Datatype UINT32_T
UINT64_T	Datatype UINT64_T
C_COMPLEX	Datatype C_COMPLEX
C_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Datatype C_FLOAT_COMPLEX
C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX
C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX
CXX_BOOL	Datatype CXX_BOOL
CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Datatype CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX
CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX
CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX
SHORT_INT	Datatype SHORT_INT
INT_INT	Datatype INT_INT
TWOINT	Datatype TWOINT
LONG_INT	Datatype LONG_INT
FLOAT_INT	Datatype FLOAT_INT
DOUBLE_INT	Datatype DOUBLE_INT
LONG_DOUBLE_INT	Datatype LONG_DOUBLE_INT
CHARACTER	Datatype CHARACTER
LOGICAL	Datatype LOGICAL
INTEGER	Datatype INTEGER
REAL	Datatype REAL
DOUBLE_PRECISION	Datatype DOUBLE_PRECISION
COMPLEX	Datatype COMPLEX
DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype DOUBLE_COMPLEX
LOGICAL1	Datatype LOGICAL1
LOGICAL2	Datatype LOGICAL2
LOGICAL4	Datatype LOGICAL4
LOGICAL8	Datatype LOGICAL8
INTEGER1	Datatype INTEGER1
INTEGER2	Datatype INTEGER2
INTEGER4	Datatype INTEGER4
INTEGER8	Datatype INTEGER8
INTEGER16	Datatype INTEGER16
REAL2	Datatype REAL2
REAL4	Datatype REAL4
REAL8	Datatype REAL8
REAL16	Datatype REAL16
COMPLEX4	Datatype COMPLEX4
COMPLEX8	Datatype COMPLEX8
COMPLEX16	Datatype COMPLEX16
COMPLEX32	Datatype COMPLEX32
UNSIGNED_INT	Datatype UNSIGNED_INT
SIGNED_SHORT	Datatype SIGNED_SHORT
SIGNED_INT	Datatype SIGNED_INT
SIGNED_LONG	Datatype SIGNED_LONG
SIGNED_LONG_LONG	Datatype SIGNED_LONG_LONG
	Datatype Branzb_Bond_Bond
BOOL SINT8_T	Datatype BOOL Datatype SINT8_T

Table 7 – continued from previous page

	ued from previous page
SINT16_T	Datatype SINT16_T
SINT32_T	Datatype SINT32_T
SINT64_T	Datatype SINT64_T
F_BOOL	Datatype F_BOOL
F_INT	Datatype F_INT
F_FLOAT	Datatype F_FLOAT
F_DOUBLE	Datatype F_DOUBLE
F_COMPLEX	Datatype F_COMPLEX
F_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Datatype F_FLOAT_COMPLEX
F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Datatype F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX
REQUEST_NULL	Request REQUEST_NULL
MESSAGE_NULL	Message MESSAGE_NULL
MESSAGE_NO_PROC	Message MESSAGE_NO_PROC
OP_NULL	Op OP_NULL
MAX	Op MAX
MIN	Op MIN
SUM	Op SUM
PROD	Op PROD
LAND	Op LAND
BAND	Op BAND
LOR	Op LOR
BOR	Op BOR
LXOR	Op LXOR
BXOR	Op BXOR
MAXLOC	Op MAXLOC
MINLOC	Op MINLOC
REPLACE	<i>Op</i> REPLACE
NO_OP	Op NO_OP
GROUP_NULL	Group GROUP_NULL
GROUP_EMPTY	Group GROUP_EMPTY
INFO_NULL	Info INFO_NULL
INFO_ENV	Info INFO_ENV
ERRHANDLER_NULL	Errhandler ERRHANDLER_NULL
ERRORS_RETURN	Errhandler ERRORS_RETURN
ERRORS_ARE_FATAL	Errhandler ERRORS_ARE_FATAL
COMM_NULL	Comm COMM_NULL
COMM_SELF	Intracomm COMM_SELF
COMM_WORLD	Intracomm COMM_WORLD
WIN_NULL	Win WIN_NULL
FILE_NULL	File FILE_NULL
pickle	Pickle pickle

### mpi4py.MPI.UNDEFINED

mpi4py.MPI.UNDEFINED: int = UNDEFINED
 int UNDEFINED

### mpi4py.MPI.ANY\_SOURCE

mpi4py.MPI.ANY\_SOURCE: int = ANY\_SOURCE
 int ANY\_SOURCE

### mpi4py.MPI.ANY\_TAG

mpi4py.MPI.ANY\_TAG: int = ANY\_TAG
 int ANY\_TAG

## mpi4py.MPI.PROC\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.PROC\_NULL: int = PROC\_NULL
 int PROC\_NULL

## mpi4py.MPI.ROOT

mpi4py.MPI.ROOT: int = ROOT
 int ROOT

### mpi4py.MPI.BOTTOM

mpi4py.MPI.BOTTOM: Bottom = BOTTOM
 Bottom BOTTOM

### mpi4py.MPI.IN\_PLACE

## mpi4py.MPI.KEYVAL\_INVALID

mpi4py.MPI.KEYVAL\_INVALID: int = KEYVAL\_INVALID
 int KEYVAL\_INVALID

```
mpi4py.MPI.TAG_UB
```

mpi4py.MPI.TAG\_UB: int = TAG\_UB
 int TAG\_UB

### mpi4py.MPI.HOST

mpi4py.MPI.HOST: int = HOST
 int HOST

### mpi4py.MPI.IO

mpi4py.MPI.IO: int = IO
 int IO

## mpi4py.MPI.WTIME\_IS\_GLOBAL

mpi4py.MPI.WTIME\_IS\_GLOBAL: int = WTIME\_IS\_GLOBAL
 int WTIME\_IS\_GLOBAL

## mpi4py.MPI.UNIVERSE\_SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.UNIVERSE\_SIZE: int = UNIVERSE\_SIZE
 int UNIVERSE\_SIZE

### mpi4py.MPI.APPNUM

mpi4py.MPI.APPNUM: int = APPNUM
 int APPNUM

### mpi4py.MPI.LASTUSEDCODE

mpi4py.MPI.LASTUSEDCODE: int = LASTUSEDCODE
 int LASTUSEDCODE

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_BASE

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_BASE: int = WIN\_BASE
 int WIN\_BASE

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_SIZE: int = WIN\_SIZE
 int WIN\_SIZE

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN DISP UNIT

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_DISP\_UNIT: int = WIN\_DISP\_UNIT
 int WIN\_DISP\_UNIT

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_CREATE\_FLAVOR

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_CREATE\_FLAVOR: int = WIN\_CREATE\_FLAVOR
 int WIN\_CREATE\_FLAVOR

## mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR: int = WIN\_FLAVOR
 int WIN\_FLAVOR

## mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_MODEL

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_MODEL: int = WIN\_MODEL
 int WIN\_MODEL

### mpi4py.MPI.SUCCESS

mpi4py.MPI.SUCCESS: int = SUCCESS
 int SUCCESS

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_LASTCODE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_LASTCODE: int = ERR\_LASTCODE
 int ERR\_LASTCODE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_COMM

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_COMM: int = ERR\_COMM
 int ERR\_COMM

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR GROUP

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_GROUP: int = ERR\_GROUP
 int ERR\_GROUP

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TYPE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TYPE: int = ERR\_TYPE
 int ERR\_TYPE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_REQUEST

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_REQUEST: int = ERR\_REQUEST
 int ERR\_REQUEST

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_OP

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_OP: int = ERR\_OP
 int ERR\_OP

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_BUFFER

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_BUFFER: int = ERR\_BUFFER
 int ERR\_BUFFER

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_COUNT

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_COUNT: int = ERR\_COUNT
 int ERR\_COUNT

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TAG

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TAG: int = ERR\_TAG
 int ERR\_TAG

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RANK

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RANK: int = ERR\_RANK
 int ERR\_RANK

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR ROOT

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_ROOT: int = ERR\_ROOT
 int ERR\_ROOT

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TRUNCATE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TRUNCATE: int = ERR\_TRUNCATE
 int ERR\_TRUNCATE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_IN\_STATUS

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_IN\_STATUS: int = ERR\_IN\_STATUS
 int ERR\_IN\_STATUS

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_PENDING

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_PENDING: int = ERR\_PENDING
 int ERR\_PENDING

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TOPOLOGY

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_TOPOLOGY: int = ERR\_TOPOLOGY
 int ERR\_TOPOLOGY

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_DIMS

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_DIMS: int = ERR\_DIMS
 int ERR\_DIMS

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_ARG

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_ARG: int = ERR\_ARG
 int ERR\_ARG

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_OTHER

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_OTHER: int = ERR\_OTHER
 int ERR\_OTHER

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR UNKNOWN

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_UNKNOWN: int = ERR\_UNKNOWN
 int ERR\_UNKNOWN

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INTERN

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INTERN: int = ERR\_INTERN
 int ERR\_INTERN

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR INFO

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INFO: int = ERR\_INFO
 int ERR\_INFO

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_FILE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_FILE: int = ERR\_FILE
 int ERR\_FILE

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_WIN

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_WIN: int = ERR\_WIN
 int ERR\_WIN

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_KEYVAL

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_KEYVAL: int = ERR\_KEYVAL
 int ERR\_KEYVAL

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INFO\_KEY

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INFO\_KEY: int = ERR\_INFO\_KEY
 int ERR\_INFO\_KEY

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INFO\_VALUE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INFO\_VALUE: int = ERR\_INFO\_VALUE
 int ERR\_INFO\_VALUE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR INFO NOKEY

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_INFO\_NOKEY: int = ERR\_INFO\_NOKEY
 int ERR\_INFO\_NOKEY

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR ACCESS

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_ACCESS: int = ERR\_ACCESS
 int ERR\_ACCESS

#### mpi4py.MPI.ERR AMODE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_AMODE: int = ERR\_AMODE
 int ERR\_AMODE

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_BAD\_FILE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_BAD\_FILE: int = ERR\_BAD\_FILE
 int ERR\_BAD\_FILE

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_FILE\_EXISTS

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_FILE\_EXISTS: int = ERR\_FILE\_EXISTS
 int ERR\_FILE\_EXISTS

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_FILE\_IN\_USE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_FILE\_IN\_USE: int = ERR\_FILE\_IN\_USE
 int ERR\_FILE\_IN\_USE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NO\_SPACE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NO\_SPACE: int = ERR\_NO\_SPACE
 int ERR\_NO\_SPACE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE: int = ERR\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE
 int ERR\_NO\_SUCH\_FILE

```
mpi4py.MPI.ERR IO
```

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_IO: int = ERR\_IO
 int ERR\_IO

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR READ ONLY

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_READ\_ONLY: int = ERR\_READ\_ONLY
 int ERR\_READ\_ONLY

#### mpi4py.MPI.ERR CONVERSION

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_CONVERSION: int = ERR\_CONVERSION
 int ERR\_CONVERSION

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_DUP\_DATAREP

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_DUP\_DATAREP: int = ERR\_DUP\_DATAREP
 int ERR\_DUP\_DATAREP

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_DATAREP

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_DATAREP: int = ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_DATAREP
int ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_DATAREP

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_OPERATION

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_OPERATION: int = ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_OPERATION
 int ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_OPERATION

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NAME: int = ERR\_NAME
 int ERR\_NAME

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NO\_MEM

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NO\_MEM: int = ERR\_NO\_MEM
 int ERR\_NO\_MEM

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR NOT SAME

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_NOT\_SAME: int = ERR\_NOT\_SAME
 int ERR\_NOT\_SAME

#### mpi4py.MPI.ERR PORT

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_PORT: int = ERR\_PORT
 int ERR\_PORT

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_QUOTA

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_QUOTA: int = ERR\_QUOTA
 int ERR\_QUOTA

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_SERVICE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_SERVICE: int = ERR\_SERVICE
 int ERR\_SERVICE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_SPAWN

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_SPAWN: int = ERR\_SPAWN
 int ERR\_SPAWN

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_BASE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_BASE: int = ERR\_BASE
 int ERR\_BASE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_SIZE: int = ERR\_SIZE
 int ERR\_SIZE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_DISP

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_DISP: int = ERR\_DISP
 int ERR\_DISP

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR ASSERT

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_ASSERT: int = ERR\_ASSERT
 int ERR\_ASSERT

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR LOCKTYPE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_LOCKTYPE: int = ERR\_LOCKTYPE
 int ERR\_LOCKTYPE

#### mpi4py.MPI.ERR RMA CONFLICT

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_CONFLICT: int = ERR\_RMA\_CONFLICT
 int ERR\_RMA\_CONFLICT

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_SYNC

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_SYNC: int = ERR\_RMA\_SYNC
 int ERR\_RMA\_SYNC

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_RANGE

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_RANGE: int = ERR\_RMA\_RANGE
 int ERR\_RMA\_RANGE

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_ATTACH

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_ATTACH: int = ERR\_RMA\_ATTACH
 int ERR\_RMA\_ATTACH

## mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_SHARED: int = ERR\_RMA\_SHARED
 int ERR\_RMA\_SHARED

### mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_FLAVOR

mpi4py.MPI.ERR\_RMA\_FLAVOR: int = ERR\_RMA\_FLAVOR
 int ERR\_RMA\_FLAVOR

### mpi4py.MPI.ORDER C

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER\_C: int = ORDER\_C
 int ORDER\_C

### mpi4py.MPI.ORDER FORTRAN

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER\_FORTRAN: int = ORDER\_FORTRAN
 int ORDER\_FORTRAN

#### mpi4py.MPI.ORDER F

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER\_F: int = ORDER\_F
 int ORDER\_F

## mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS\_INTEGER

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS\_INTEGER: int = TYPECLASS\_INTEGER
int TYPECLASS\_INTEGER

## mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS\_REAL

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS\_REAL: int = TYPECLASS\_REAL
int TYPECLASS\_REAL

### mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS\_COMPLEX: int = TYPECLASS\_COMPLEX
 int TYPECLASS\_COMPLEX

## mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_NONE

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_NONE: int = DISTRIBUTE\_NONE
 int DISTRIBUTE\_NONE

### mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_BLOCK

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_BLOCK: int = DISTRIBUTE\_BLOCK
 int DISTRIBUTE\_BLOCK

### mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_CYCLIC

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_CYCLIC: int = DISTRIBUTE\_CYCLIC
 int DISTRIBUTE\_CYCLIC

### mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE DFLT DARG

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE\_DFLT\_DARG: int = DISTRIBUTE\_DFLT\_DARG
int DISTRIBUTE\_DFLT\_DARG

#### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER NAMED

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_NAMED: int = COMBINER\_NAMED
 int COMBINER\_NAMED

## mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_DUP

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_DUP: int = COMBINER\_DUP
 int COMBINER\_DUP

## mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_CONTIGUOUS

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_CONTIGUOUS: int = COMBINER\_CONTIGUOUS
 int COMBINER\_CONTIGUOUS

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_VECTOR

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_VECTOR: int = COMBINER\_VECTOR
 int COMBINER\_VECTOR

## mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_HVECTOR

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_HVECTOR: int = COMBINER\_HVECTOR
 int COMBINER\_HVECTOR

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_INDEXED

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_INDEXED: int = COMBINER\_INDEXED
int COMBINER\_INDEXED

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER HINDEXED

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_HINDEXED: int = COMBINER\_HINDEXED
int COMBINER\_HINDEXED

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER INDEXED BLOCK

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_INDEXED\_BLOCK: int = COMBINER\_INDEXED\_BLOCK
 int COMBINER\_INDEXED\_BLOCK

#### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER HINDEXED BLOCK

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_HINDEXED\_BLOCK: int = COMBINER\_HINDEXED\_BLOCK
int COMBINER\_HINDEXED\_BLOCK

## mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_STRUCT

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_STRUCT: int = COMBINER\_STRUCT
 int COMBINER\_STRUCT

## mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_SUBARRAY

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_SUBARRAY: int = COMBINER\_SUBARRAY
int COMBINER\_SUBARRAY

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_DARRAY

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_DARRAY: int = COMBINER\_DARRAY
 int COMBINER\_DARRAY

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_RESIZED

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_RESIZED: int = COMBINER\_RESIZED
 int COMBINER\_RESIZED

#### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER F90 REAL

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_F90\_REAL: int = COMBINER\_F90\_REAL
int COMBINER\_F90\_REAL

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mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX
```

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_F90\_COMPLEX: int = COMBINER\_F90\_COMPLEX
 int COMBINER\_F90\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_F90\_INTEGER

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER\_F90\_INTEGER: int = COMBINER\_F90\_INTEGER
int COMBINER\_F90\_INTEGER

### mpi4py.MPI.IDENT

mpi4py.MPI.IDENT: int = IDENT
 int IDENT

## mpi4py.MPI.CONGRUENT

mpi4py.MPI.CONGRUENT: int = CONGRUENT
 int CONGRUENT

### mpi4py.MPI.SIMILAR

mpi4py.MPI.SIMILAR: int = SIMILAR
 int SIMILAR

### mpi4py.MPI.UNEQUAL

mpi4py.MPI.UNEQUAL: int = UNEQUAL
 int UNEQUAL

### mpi4py.MPI.CART

mpi4py.MPI.CART: int = CART
 int CART

### mpi4py.MPI.GRAPH

mpi4py.MPI.GRAPH: int = GRAPH
 int GRAPH

### mpi4py.MPI.DIST GRAPH

mpi4py.MPI.DIST\_GRAPH: int = DIST\_GRAPH
 int DIST\_GRAPH

### mpi4py.MPI.UNWEIGHTED

mpi4py.MPI.UNWEIGHTED: int = UNWEIGHTED
 int UNWEIGHTED

#### mpi4py.MPI.WEIGHTS EMPTY

mpi4py.MPI.WEIGHTS\_EMPTY: int = WEIGHTS\_EMPTY
 int WEIGHTS\_EMPTY

## mpi4py.MPI.COMM\_TYPE\_SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.COMM\_TYPE\_SHARED: int = COMM\_TYPE\_SHARED
int COMM\_TYPE\_SHARED

## mpi4py.MPI.BSEND\_OVERHEAD

mpi4py.MPI.BSEND\_OVERHEAD: int = BSEND\_OVERHEAD
 int BSEND\_OVERHEAD

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_CREATE

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_CREATE: int = WIN\_FLAVOR\_CREATE
 int WIN\_FLAVOR\_CREATE

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_ALLOCATE

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_ALLOCATE: int = WIN\_FLAVOR\_ALLOCATE
 int WIN\_FLAVOR\_ALLOCATE

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_DYNAMIC

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_DYNAMIC: int = WIN\_FLAVOR\_DYNAMIC
 int WIN\_FLAVOR\_DYNAMIC

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN FLAVOR SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_FLAVOR\_SHARED: int = WIN\_FLAVOR\_SHARED
 int WIN\_FLAVOR\_SHARED

### mpi4py.MPI.WIN SEPARATE

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_SEPARATE: int = WIN\_SEPARATE
 int WIN\_SEPARATE

#### mpi4py.MPI.WIN UNIFIED

mpi4py.MPI.WIN\_UNIFIED: int = WIN\_UNIFIED
 int WIN\_UNIFIED

## mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOCHECK

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOCHECK: int = MODE\_NOCHECK
 int MODE\_NOCHECK

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOSTORE

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOSTORE: int = MODE\_NOSTORE
 int MODE\_NOSTORE

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOPUT

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOPUT: int = MODE\_NOPUT
 int MODE\_NOPUT

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOPRECEDE

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOPRECEDE: int = MODE\_NOPRECEDE
 int MODE\_NOPRECEDE

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOSUCCEED

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_NOSUCCEED: int = MODE\_NOSUCCEED
 int MODE\_NOSUCCEED

### mpi4py.MPI.LOCK EXCLUSIVE

mpi4py.MPI.LOCK\_EXCLUSIVE: int = LOCK\_EXCLUSIVE
 int LOCK\_EXCLUSIVE

### mpi4py.MPI.LOCK SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.LOCK\_SHARED: int = LOCK\_SHARED
 int LOCK\_SHARED

#### mpi4py.MPI.MODE RDONLY

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_RDONLY: int = MODE\_RDONLY
 int MODE\_RDONLY

## mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_WRONLY

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_WRONLY: int = MODE\_WRONLY
 int MODE\_WRONLY

## mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_RDWR

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_RDWR: int = MODE\_RDWR
 int MODE\_RDWR

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_CREATE

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_CREATE: int = MODE\_CREATE
 int MODE\_CREATE

# mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_EXCL

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_EXCL: int = MODE\_EXCL
 int MODE\_EXCL

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE: int = MODE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE
 int MODE\_DELETE\_ON\_CLOSE

```
mpi4py.MPI.MODE UNIQUE OPEN
```

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_UNIQUE\_OPEN: int = MODE\_UNIQUE\_OPEN
 int MODE\_UNIQUE\_OPEN

### mpi4py.MPI.MODE SEQUENTIAL

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_SEQUENTIAL: int = MODE\_SEQUENTIAL
 int MODE\_SEQUENTIAL

#### mpi4py.MPI.MODE APPEND

mpi4py.MPI.MODE\_APPEND: int = MODE\_APPEND
 int MODE\_APPEND

## mpi4py.MPI.SEEK\_SET

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK\_SET: int = SEEK\_SET
 int SEEK\_SET

## mpi4py.MPI.SEEK\_CUR

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK\_CUR: int = SEEK\_CUR
 int SEEK\_CUR

### mpi4py.MPI.SEEK\_END

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK\_END: int = SEEK\_END
 int SEEK\_END

### mpi4py.MPI.DISPLACEMENT\_CURRENT

mpi4py.MPI.DISPLACEMENT\_CURRENT: int = DISPLACEMENT\_CURRENT
 int DISPLACEMENT\_CURRENT

### mpi4py.MPI.DISP\_CUR

mpi4py.MPI.DISP\_CUR: int = DISP\_CUR
 int DISP\_CUR

### mpi4py.MPI.THREAD SINGLE

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD\_SINGLE: int = THREAD\_SINGLE
 int THREAD\_SINGLE

### mpi4py.MPI.THREAD FUNNELED

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD\_FUNNELED: int = THREAD\_FUNNELED
int THREAD\_FUNNELED

#### mpi4py.MPI.THREAD SERIALIZED

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD\_SERIALIZED: int = THREAD\_SERIALIZED
 int THREAD\_SERIALIZED

## mpi4py.MPI.THREAD\_MULTIPLE

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD\_MULTIPLE: int = THREAD\_MULTIPLE
int THREAD\_MULTIPLE

## mpi4py.MPI.VERSION

mpi4py.MPI.VERSION: int = VERSION
 int VERSION

### mpi4py.MPI.SUBVERSION

mpi4py.MPI.SUBVERSION: int = SUBVERSION
 int SUBVERSION

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_PROCESSOR\_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_PROCESSOR\_NAME: int = MAX\_PROCESSOR\_NAME
 int MAX\_PROCESSOR\_NAME

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_ERROR\_STRING

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_ERROR\_STRING: int = MAX\_ERROR\_STRING
 int MAX\_ERROR\_STRING

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX PORT NAME

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_PORT\_NAME: int = MAX\_PORT\_NAME
 int MAX\_PORT\_NAME

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX INFO KEY

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_INFO\_KEY: int = MAX\_INFO\_KEY
 int MAX\_INFO\_KEY

#### mpi4py.MPI.MAX INFO VAL

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_INFO\_VAL: int = MAX\_INFO\_VAL
 int MAX\_INFO\_VAL

## mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_OBJECT\_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_OBJECT\_NAME: int = MAX\_OBJECT\_NAME
 int MAX\_OBJECT\_NAME

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_DATAREP\_STRING

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_DATAREP\_STRING: int = MAX\_DATAREP\_STRING
 int MAX\_DATAREP\_STRING

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_LIBRARY\_VERSION\_STRING

mpi4py.MPI.MAX\_LIBRARY\_VERSION\_STRING: int = MAX\_LIBRARY\_VERSION\_STRING
 int MAX\_LIBRARY\_VERSION\_STRING

### mpi4py.MPI.DATATYPE\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.DATATYPE\_NULL: Datatype = DATATYPE\_NULL
Datatype DATATYPE\_NULL

### mpi4py.MPI.UB

mpi4py.MPI.UB: Datatype = UB
 Datatype UB

### mpi4py.MPI.LB

mpi4py.MPI.LB: Datatype = LB
 Datatype LB

### mpi4py.MPI.PACKED

mpi4py.MPI.PACKED: Datatype = PACKED

Datatype PACKED

### mpi4py.MPI.BYTE

mpi4py.MPI.BYTE: Datatype = BYTE
 Datatype BYTE

### mpi4py.MPI.AINT

mpi4py.MPI.AINT: Datatype = AINT
 Datatype AINT

### mpi4py.MPI.OFFSET

mpi4py.MPI.OFFSET: Datatype = OFFSET
 Datatype OFFSET

### mpi4py.MPI.COUNT

mpi4py.MPI.COUNT: Datatype = COUNT
 Datatype COUNT

### mpi4py.MPI.CHAR

mpi4py.MPI.CHAR: Datatype = CHAR
 Datatype CHAR

### mpi4py.MPI.WCHAR

### mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED CHAR

### mpi4py.MPI.SHORT

mpi4py.MPI.SHORT: Datatype = SHORT
 Datatype SHORT

### mpi4py.MPI.INT

mpi4py.MPI.INT: Datatype = INT
 Datatype INT

### mpi4py.MPI.LONG

mpi4py.MPI.LONG: Datatype = LONG
 Datatype LONG

### mpi4py.MPI.LONG\_LONG

mpi4py.MPI.LONG\_LONG: Datatype = LONG\_LONG
Datatype LONG\_LONG

### mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED\_CHAR

### mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED\_SHORT

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED\_SHORT: Datatype = UNSIGNED\_SHORT
Datatype UNSIGNED\_SHORT

### mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED: Datatype = UNSIGNED
Datatype UNSIGNED

```
mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED LONG
```

### mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED\_LONG\_LONG

```
mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG: Datatype = UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG
Datatype UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG
```

### mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT

```
mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT: Datatype = FLOAT
    Datatype FLOAT
```

# mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE

```
mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE: Datatype = DOUBLE
    Datatype DOUBLE
```

# mpi4py.MPI.LONG\_DOUBLE

```
mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE: Datatype = LONG_DOUBLE
    Datatype LONG_DOUBLE
```

### mpi4py.MPI.C\_BOOL

```
mpi4py.MPI.C_BOOL: Datatype = C_BOOL
    Datatype C_BOOL
```

### mpi4py.MPI.INT8\_T

```
mpi4py.MPI.INT8_T: Datatype = INT8_T
    Datatype INT8_T
```

### mpi4py.MPI.INT16\_T

```
mpi4py.MPI.INT16_T: Datatype = INT16_T
    Datatype INT16_T
```

```
mpi4py.MPI.INT32_T
```

mpi4py.MPI.INT32\_T: Datatype = INT32\_T
 Datatype INT32\_T

### mpi4py.MPI.INT64\_T

# mpi4py.MPI.UINT8\_T

mpi4py.MPI.UINT8\_T: Datatype = UINT8\_T
 Datatype UINT8\_T

### mpi4py.MPI.UINT16\_T

### mpi4py.MPI.UINT32\_T

mpi4py.MPI.UINT32\_T: Datatype = UINT32\_T
 Datatype UINT32\_T

### mpi4py.MPI.UINT64\_T

### mpi4py.MPI.C\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.C\_COMPLEX: Datatype = C\_COMPLEX
Datatype C\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.C\_FLOAT\_COMPLEX

```
mpi4py.MPI.C DOUBLE COMPLEX
```

mpi4py.MPI.C\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX: Datatype = C\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX
Datatype C\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.C LONG DOUBLE COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.C\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX: Datatype = C\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX
Datatype C\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_BOOL

mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_BOOL: Datatype = CXX\_BOOL
 Datatype CXX\_BOOL

### mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_FLOAT\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_FLOAT\_COMPLEX: Datatype = CXX\_FLOAT\_COMPLEX
Datatype CXX\_FLOAT\_COMPLEX

#### mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX: Datatype = CXX\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX
Datatype CXX\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.CXX\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX: Datatype = CXX\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX
 Datatype CXX\_LONG\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.SHORT\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.SHORT\_INT: Datatype = SHORT\_INT
 Datatype SHORT\_INT

# mpi4py.MPI.INT\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.INT\_INT: Datatype = INT\_INT
 Datatype INT\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.TWOINT

mpi4py.MPI.TWOINT: Datatype = TWOINT
 Datatype TWOINT

### mpi4py.MPI.LONG\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.LONG\_INT: Datatype = LONG\_INT
 Datatype LONG\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT\_INT: Datatype = FLOAT\_INT
 Datatype FLOAT\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE\_INT: Datatype = DOUBLE\_INT
 Datatype DOUBLE\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.LONG\_DOUBLE\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.CHARACTER

mpi4py.MPI.CHARACTER: Datatype = CHARACTER
Datatype CHARACTER

### mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL: Datatype = LOGICAL
 Datatype LOGICAL

### mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER: Datatype = INTEGER
 Datatype INTEGER

### mpi4py.MPI.REAL

mpi4py.MPI.REAL: Datatype = REAL

Datatype REAL

### mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE\_PRECISION

### mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX: Datatype = COMPLEX
 Datatype COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE\_COMPLEX: Datatype = DOUBLE\_COMPLEX
Datatype DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL1

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL1: Datatype = LOGICAL1
Datatype LOGICAL1

### mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL2

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL2: Datatype = LOGICAL2
Datatype LOGICAL2

### mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL4

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL4: Datatype = LOGICAL4
Datatype LOGICAL4

### mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL8

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL8: Datatype = LOGICAL8
Datatype LOGICAL8

### mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER1

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER1: Datatype = INTEGER1

Datatype INTEGER1

### mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER2

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER2: Datatype = INTEGER2

Datatype INTEGER2

### mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER4

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER4: Datatype = INTEGER4

Datatype INTEGER4

### mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER8

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER8: Datatype = INTEGER8

Datatype INTEGER8

### mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER16

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER16: Datatype = INTEGER16

Datatype INTEGER16

### mpi4py.MPI.REAL2

mpi4py.MPI.REAL2: Datatype = REAL2

Datatype REAL2

### mpi4py.MPI.REAL4

mpi4py.MPI.REAL4: Datatype = REAL4

Datatype REAL4

### mpi4py.MPI.REAL8

mpi4py.MPI.REAL8: Datatype = REAL8

Datatype REAL8

#### mpi4py.MPI.REAL16

mpi4py.MPI.REAL16: Datatype = REAL16
Datatype REAL16

### mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX4

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX4: Datatype = COMPLEX4
Datatype COMPLEX4

### mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX8

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX8: Datatype = COMPLEX8
Datatype COMPLEX8

### mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX16

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX16: Datatype = COMPLEX16
Datatype COMPLEX16

### mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX32

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX32: Datatype = COMPLEX32
Datatype COMPLEX32

### mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED\_INT: Datatype = UNSIGNED\_INT
 Datatype UNSIGNED\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED\_SHORT

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED\_SHORT: Datatype = SIGNED\_SHORT
 Datatype SIGNED\_SHORT

### mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED\_INT

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED\_INT: Datatype = SIGNED\_INT
 Datatype SIGNED\_INT

```
mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED LONG
```

```
mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG: Datatype = SIGNED_LONG
    Datatype SIGNED_LONG
```

### mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED\_LONG\_LONG

```
mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG_LONG: Datatype = SIGNED_LONG_LONG
Datatype SIGNED_LONG_LONG
```

### mpi4py.MPI.BOOL

```
mpi4py.MPI.BOOL: Datatype = BOOL
    Datatype BOOL
```

### mpi4py.MPI.SINT8\_T

```
mpi4py.MPI.SINT8_T: Datatype = SINT8_T
    Datatype SINT8_T
```

### mpi4py.MPI.SINT16\_T

```
mpi4py.MPI.SINT16_T: Datatype = SINT16_T
    Datatype SINT16_T
```

### mpi4py.MPI.SINT32\_T

```
mpi4py.MPI.SINT32_T: Datatype = SINT32_T
    Datatype SINT32_T
```

### mpi4py.MPI.SINT64\_T

### mpi4py.MPI.F\_BOOL

```
mpi4py.MPI.F_BOOL: Datatype = F_BOOL
    Datatype F_BOOL
```

#### mpi4py.MPI.F INT

mpi4py.MPI.F\_INT: Datatype = F\_INT
 Datatype F\_INT

### mpi4py.MPI.F FLOAT

mpi4py.MPI.F\_FLOAT: Datatype = F\_FLOAT
 Datatype F\_FLOAT

#### mpi4py.MPI.F DOUBLE

mpi4py.MPI.F\_DOUBLE: Datatype = F\_DOUBLE
 Datatype F\_DOUBLE

### mpi4py.MPI.F\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.F\_COMPLEX: Datatype = F\_COMPLEX
 Datatype F\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.F\_FLOAT\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.F\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.F\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX: Datatype = F\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX
Datatype F\_DOUBLE\_COMPLEX

### mpi4py.MPI.REQUEST\_NULL

### mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE\_NULL: Message = MESSAGE\_NULL
 Message MESSAGE\_NULL

# mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE\_NO\_PROC

```
mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NO_PROC: Message = MESSAGE_NO_PROC
    Message MESSAGE_NO_PROC
```

# mpi4py.MPI.OP\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.OP\_NULL: 
$$Op = OP_NULL$$
 $Op OP_NULL$ 

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

### mpi4py.MPI.MAX

mpi4py.MPI.MAX: 
$$Op = MAX$$
 $Op MAX$ 

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.MIN

mpi4py.MPI.MIN: 
$$Op = MIN$$
 $Op MIN$ 

# **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

# Return type

# mpi4py.MPI.SUM

mpi4py.MPI.SUM: Op = SUM Op SUM

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

#### Return type

Any

### mpi4py.MPI.PROD

mpi4py.MPI.PROD: Op = PROD Op PROD

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

# **Return type**

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.LAND

mpi4py.MPI.LAND: Op = LAND Op LAND

# **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.BAND

mpi4py.MPI.BAND: Op = BAND Op BAND

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

# **Return type**

# mpi4py.MPI.LOR

```
mpi4py.MPI.LOR: Op = LOR
Op LOR
```

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

#### Return type

Any

### mpi4py.MPI.BOR

mpi4py.MPI.BOR: Op = BOR Op BOR

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

# **Return type**

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.LXOR

mpi4py.MPI.LXOR: Op = LXOR Op LXOR

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.BXOR

mpi4py.MPI.BXOR: Op = BXOR Op BXOR

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

# **Return type**

# mpi4py.MPI.MAXLOC

```
mpi4py.MPI.MAXLOC: Op = MAXLOC
Op MAXLOC
```

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

### mpi4py.MPI.MINLOC

mpi4py.MPI.MINLOC: Op = MINLOC Op MINLOC

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.REPLACE

mpi4py.MPI.REPLACE: Op = REPLACE Op REPLACE

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

### Return type

Any

# mpi4py.MPI.NO\_OP

mpi4py.MPI.NO\_OP:  $Op = NO_OP$   $Op NO_OP$ 

#### **Parameters**

- **x** (Any) -
- **y** (Any) –

# **Return type**

### mpi4py.MPI.GROUP NULL

mpi4py.MPI.GROUP\_NULL: Group = GROUP\_NULL
Group GROUP\_NULL

### mpi4py.MPI.GROUP EMPTY

mpi4py.MPI.GROUP\_EMPTY: Group = GROUP\_EMPTY
Group GROUP\_EMPTY

# mpi4py.MPI.INFO\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.INFO\_NULL: Info = INFO\_NULL
Info INFO\_NULL

### mpi4py.MPI.INFO\_ENV

mpi4py.MPI.INFO\_ENV: Info = INFO\_ENV
Info INFO\_ENV

### mpi4py.MPI.ERRHANDLER\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.ERRHANDLER\_NULL: Errhandler = ERRHANDLER\_NULL
Errhandler ERRHANDLER\_NULL

### mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS\_RETURN

### mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS\_ARE\_FATAL

### mpi4py.MPI.COMM\_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.COMM\_NULL: Comm = COMM\_NULL
Comm COMM\_NULL

#### mpi4py.MPI.COMM\_SELF

### mpi4py.MPI.COMM WORLD

#### mpi4py.MPI.WIN NULL

```
mpi4py.MPI.WIN_NULL: Win = WIN_NULL
Win WIN_NULL
```

### mpi4py.MPI.FILE\_NULL

```
mpi4py.MPI.FILE_NULL: File = FILE_NULL
File FILE_NULL
```

### mpi4py.MPI.pickle

```
mpi4py.MPI.pickle: Pickle = <mpi4py.MPI.Pickle object>
    Pickle pickle
```

#### 10 Citation

If MPI for Python been significant to a project that leads to an academic publication, please acknowledge that fact by citing the project.

- L. Dalcin and Y.-L. L. Fang, *mpi4py: Status Update After 12 Years of Development*, Computing in Science & Engineering, 23(4):47-54, 2021. https://doi.org/10.1109/MCSE.2021.3083216
- L. Dalcin, P. Kler, R. Paz, and A. Cosimo, *Parallel Distributed Computing using Python*, Advances in Water Resources, 34(9):1124-1139, 2011. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.advwatres.2011.04.013
- L. Dalcin, R. Paz, M. Storti, and J. D'Elia, MPI for Python: performance improvements and MPI-2 extensions, Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, 68(5):655-662, 2008. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpdc.2007.09.005
- L. Dalcin, R. Paz, and M. Storti, *MPI for Python*, Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, 65(9):1108-1115, 2005. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpdc.2005.03.010

### 11 Installation

# 11.1 Requirements

You need to have the following software properly installed in order to build MPI for Python:

• A working MPI implementation, preferably supporting MPI-3 and built with shared/dynamic libraries.

**Note:** If you want to build some MPI implementation from sources, check the instructions at *Building MPI from sources* in the appendix.

• Python 2.7, 3.5 or above.

**Note:** Some MPI-1 implementations **do require** the actual command line arguments to be passed in MPI\_Init(). In this case, you will need to use a rebuilt, MPI-enabled, Python interpreter executable. *MPI for Python* has some support for alleviating you from this task. Check the instructions at *MPI-enabled Python interpreter* in the appendix.

# 11.2 Using pip

If you already have a working MPI (either if you installed it from sources or by using a pre-built package from your favourite GNU/Linux distribution) and the **mpicc** compiler wrapper is on your search path, you can use **pip**:

```
$ python -m pip install mpi4py
```

**Note:** If the **mpicc** compiler wrapper is not on your search path (or if it has a different name) you can use **env** to pass the environment variable MPICC providing the full path to the MPI compiler wrapper executable:

\$ env MPICC=/path/to/mpicc python -m pip install mpi4py

**Warning: pip** keeps previouly built wheel files on its cache for future reuse. If you want to reinstall the *mpi4py* package using a different or updated MPI implementation, you have to either first remove the cached wheel file with:

\$ python -m pip cache remove mpi4py

or ask **pip** to disable the cache:

\$ python -m pip install --no-cache-dir mpi4py

### 11.3 Using distutils

The MPI for Python package is available for download at the project website generously hosted by GitHub. You can use **curl** or **wget** to get a release tarball.

• Using curl:

```
$ curl -0 https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py/releases/download/X.Y.Z/mpi4py-X.Y.Z.tar.

→gz
```

• Using wget:

```
$ wget https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py/releases/download/X.Y.Z/mpi4py-X.Y.Z.tar.gz
```

After unpacking the release tarball:

```
$ tar -zxf mpi4py-X.Y.Z.tar.gz
$ cd mpi4py-X.Y.Z
```

the package is ready for building.

MPI for Python uses a standard distutils-based build system. However, some distutils commands (like build) have additional options:

```
--mpicc=
```

Lets you specify a special location or name for the **mpicc** compiler wrapper.

--mpi=

Lets you pass a section with MPI configuration within a special configuration file.

### --configure

Runs exhaustive tests for checking about missing MPI types, constants, and functions. This option should be passed in order to build *MPI for Python* against old MPI-1 or MPI-2 implementations, possibly providing a subset of MPI-3.

If you use a MPI implementation providing a **mpicc** compiler wrapper (e.g., MPICH, Open MPI), it will be used for compilation and linking. This is the preferred and easiest way of building *MPI for Python*.

If **mpicc** is located somewhere in your search path, simply run the *build* command:

```
$ python setup.py build
```

If **mpicc** is not in your search path or the compiler wrapper has a different name, you can run the *build* command specifying its location:

```
$ python setup.py build --mpicc=/where/you/have/mpicc
```

Alternatively, you can provide all the relevant information about your MPI implementation by editing the file called mpi.cfg. You can use the default section [mpi] or add a new, custom section, for example [other\_mpi] (see the examples provided in the mpi.cfg file as a starting point to write your own section):

```
[mpi]
include_dirs = /usr/local/mpi/include
libraries = mpi
library_dirs = /usr/local/mpi/lib
runtime_library_dirs = /usr/local/mpi/lib
```

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```
[other_mpi]
include_dirs = /opt/mpi/include ...
libraries = mpi ...
library_dirs = /opt/mpi/lib ...
runtime_library_dirs = /op/mpi/lib ...
```

and then run the build command, perhaps specifying you custom configuration section:

```
$ python setup.py build --mpi=other_mpi
```

After building, the package is ready for install.

If you have root privileges (either by log-in as the root user of by using **sudo**) and you want to install *MPI for Python* in your system for all users, just do:

```
$ python setup.py install
```

The previous steps will install the *mpi4py* package at standard location *prefix*/lib/pythonX.X/site-packages.

If you do not have root privileges or you want to install MPI for Python for your private use, just do:

```
$ python setup.py install --user
```

# 11.4 Testing

To quickly test the installation:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.bench helloworld
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 1 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 2 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 3 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 4 of 5 on localhost.
```

If you installed from source, issuing at the command line:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python demo/helloworld.py
```

or (in the case of ancient MPI-1 implementations):

```
$ mpirun -np 5 python `pwd`/demo/helloworld.py
```

will launch a five-process run of the Python interpreter and run the test script demo/helloworld.py from the source distribution.

You can also run all the *unittest* scripts:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python test/runtests.py
```

or, if you have nose unit testing framework installed:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 nosetests -w test
```

or, if you have py.test unit testing framework installed:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 py.test test/
```

# 12 Appendix

### 12.1 MPI-enabled Python interpreter

**Warning:** These days it is no longer required to use the MPI-enabled Python interpreter in most cases, and, therefore, it is not built by default anymore because it is too difficult to reliably build a Python interpreter across different distributions. If you know that you still **really** need it, see below on how to use the build\_exe and install\_exe commands.

Some MPI-1 implementations (notably, MPICH 1) **do require** the actual command line arguments to be passed at the time MPI\_Init() is called. In this case, you will need to use a re-built, MPI-enabled, Python interpreter binary executable. A basic implementation (targeting Python 2.X) of what is required is shown below:

```
#include <Python.h>
#include <mpi.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int status, flag;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    status = Py_Main(argc, argv);
    MPI_Finalized(&flag);
    if (!flag) MPI_Finalize();
    return status;
}
```

The source code above is straightforward; compiling it should also be. However, the linking step is more tricky: special flags have to be passed to the linker depending on your platform. In order to alleviate you for such low-level details, *MPI for Python* provides some pure-distutils based support to build and install an MPI-enabled Python interpreter executable:

```
$ cd mpi4py-X.X.X
$ python setup.py build_exe [--mpi=<name>|--mpicc=/path/to/mpicc]
$ [sudo] python setup.py install_exe [--install-dir=$HOME/bin]
```

After the above steps you should have the MPI-enabled interpreter installed as prefix/bin/pythonX.X-mpi (or \$HOME/bin/pythonX.X-mpi). Assuming that prefix/bin (or \$HOME/bin) is listed on your PATH, you should be able to enter your MPI-enabled Python interactively, for example:

```
$ python2.7-mpi
Python 2.7.8 (default, Nov 10 2014, 08:19:18)
[GCC 4.9.2 20141101 (Red Hat 4.9.2-1)] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
```

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```
>>> import sys
>>> sys.executable
'/usr/bin/python2.7-mpi'
>>>
```

# 12.2 Building MPI from sources

In the list below you have some executive instructions for building some of the open-source MPI implementations out there with support for shared/dynamic libraries on POSIX environments.

• MPICH

```
$ tar -zxf mpich-X.X.X.tar.gz
$ cd mpich-X.X.X
$ ./configure --enable-shared --prefix=/usr/local/mpich
$ make
$ make install
```

· Open MPI

```
$ tar -zxf openmpi-X.X.X tar.gz
$ cd openmpi-X.X.X
$ ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/openmpi
$ make all
$ make install
```

• *MPICH 1* 

```
$ tar -zxf mpich-X.X.X.tar.gz
$ cd mpich-X.X.X
$ ./configure --enable-sharedlib --prefix=/usr/local/mpich1
$ make
$ make install
```

Perhaps you will need to set the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH environment variable (using **export**, **setenv** or what applies to your system) pointing to the directory containing the MPI libraries. In case of getting runtime linking errors when running MPI programs, the following lines can be added to the user login shell script (.profile, .bashrc, etc.).

• MPICH

```
MPI_DIR=/usr/local/mpich
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$MPI_DIR/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

· Open MPI

```
MPI_DIR=/usr/local/openmpi
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$MPI_DIR/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

• *MPICH 1* 

```
MPI_DIR=/usr/local/mpich1
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$MPI_DIR/lib/shared:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:
export MPICH_USE_SHLIB=yes
```

**Warning:** MPICH 1 support for dynamic libraries is not completely transparent. Users should set the environment variable MPICH\_USE\_SHLIB to yes in order to avoid link problems when using the **mpicc** compiler wrapper.

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