Markdown Notes

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This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and Microsoft Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

To turn a markdown document into a pdf, run:

```
library(knitr)
library(rmarkdown)
render("filename.rmd", "pdf_document")
```

For more options see:

?render

Sections

A section header is proceeded by a number of #'s, where the # of hashes represents the level. For example:

Sub-Section

Sub-Sub-Section

Lists

Enumerated lists are simply lines preceded by 1.. For example,

- 1. First item
- 2. Second item.
- 3. Numbers don't matter.
 - 1. Sub-list
 - 2. Again, numbers don't matter.
- 4. Back to original ordering.
- 5. Start of a new list.

For unordered lists, simply preface with * or - or +:

- first
- \bullet second
- third
 - Sub list
 - another
- fourth

Tables

Tables are generated using ASCII.

| Name | Height | Weight |
|------|--------|--------|
| Bob | 6'1" | 195 |

| Name | Height | Weight |
|------|--------|--------|
| Sue | 5'4" | 134 |

Note:

- The second line (with the :'s and -'s) separates the header from the body. The :'s refer to alignment (--- is left-aligned, --: is right- and :-: is centered). There must be at least three characters between the |'s, though more -'s is fine.
- White space is ignored and only included to make editing easy.

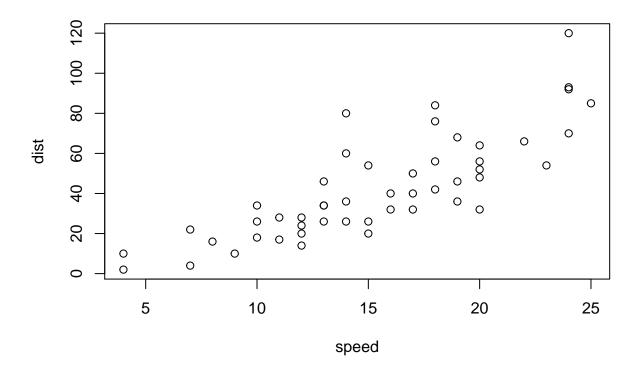
R Markdown

RMarkdown extends Markdown to easily embed R code by creating a chunk wrapped in triple backticks. To also run the code include $\{r\}$:

summary(cars)

```
##
        speed
                         dist
                           : 2.00
           : 4.0
##
    Min.
                    Min.
##
    1st Qu.:12.0
                    1st Qu.: 26.00
##
    Median:15.0
                    Median : 36.00
##
    Mean
           :15.4
                    Mean
                            : 42.98
##
                    3rd Qu.: 56.00
    3rd Qu.:19.0
    Max.
            :25.0
                    Max.
                            :120.00
```

You can also embed plots, for example:



You can pass options to chunks. For example, {r, eval = FALSE} will display R code but not execute it. Here are some useful options:

- echo = FALSE: Display the output but suppress the code.
- results = 'asis': Prevents further processing of the output. Useful if a table created in R (e.g. using kable or xtable). Not generally needed otherwise
- engine = 'enginename': You can actually run other code. For example, engine = 'stata' runs the code through Stata, engine = 'bash' runs linux command line code.
- message = FALSE and warning = FALSE: Suppresses R messages and warnings respectively. Useful when loading packages.

In-line R code can be included by wrapping a call to $r \max(x)$ in single backticks. Excluding the r part renders the code as code without processing it: $\max(x)$

Equations

Markdown and RMarkdown support LaTeX math equations. Inline e.g. $y = \beta x + \epsilon$ Stand alone equations similarly:

$$y = \beta x + \epsilon$$