## Approach-1: Classification

Task: Prediction of sentiment labels from tweet contents

Source code file: text mining classifier.py

Feature column: content Class label: sentiment

Prediction on text\_emotion.csv:

70.00% in training set, 30.00% in test set

Technique-1:

### Multinomial Naive Bayes ###
Train Accuracy: 43.7357142857 %
Test Accuracy: 28.2166666667 %

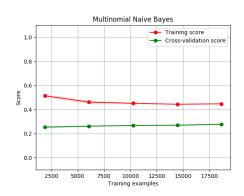
Technique-2:

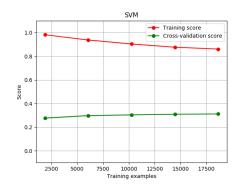
### SVM - SGD Classifier ###

Train Accuracy: 82.9821428571 % Test Accuracy: 32.2166666667 %

Discussion:

Both the models are overfitting. (a) The cross-validation needs to be tweaked more, (b) needs more data, (c) other techniques can be applied





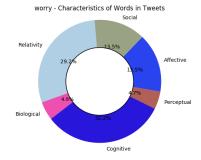
Approach-2: Language Model Analysis (using LIWC)

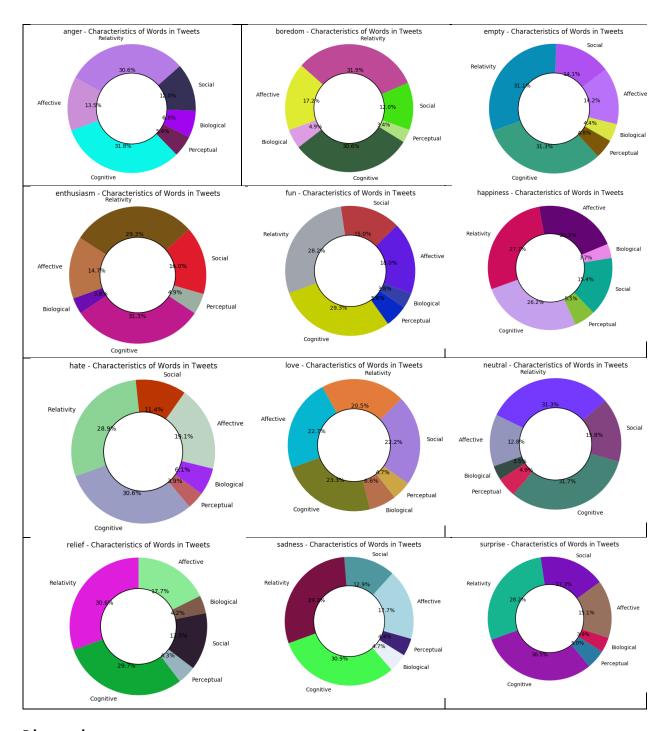
Task: Analyzing the characteristics of the words in tweet contents for each

sentiment category

Source code file: liwc\_category.py Support code file: liwc example.py

Feature column: content





## Discussion:

Interesting pattern can be observed, such as Category: "Social" can have a boundary for positive-neutral-negative sentiments, and thus a classifier can be made to predict the sentiment using these categories.