

2021(A)New

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 70

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer any five questions.

1. (a) With the help of a neat diagram explain the components of general purpose image processing system. 7
- (b) Explain the concept of image sampling and quantization with a proper example. 7
2. (a) Explain the concept of brightness adaption and discrimination in image processing. 7
- (b) Explain the smoothing of images in frequency domain using ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian Low pass filter. 7

3. (a) Explain the process of brightness adaption and discrimination in image processing.

7

(b) Explain the following terms :

7

(i) False contouring

(ii) Checker board effect

(iii) Neighbors of Pixel

(iv) Distance measure

4. (a) Perform histogram equalization of 5×5 image.

7

Gray level	Number of Pixels
0	0
1	0
2	0
3	6
4	14
5	5
6	0
7	0

(b) Explain with the block diagram, the basic steps for image filtering in frequency domain.

7

5. (a) Explain Adaptive filtering method of restoring images. List its advantages. 7

(b) Explain erosion and dilation operations used for Morphological processing. 7

6. (a) Explain the basic model of image restoration process. Explain any four important noise probability density function.

7

(b) Explain, in brief, the properties of two dimensional Fourier Transform. 7

7. (a) Explain Wiener filtering in image processing. 7

(b) Draw the block diagram for converting Gray level intensity to color transformation and also explain it. 7

8. Write short notes on any two of the following :

7×2 = 14

- (a) Uniform and Non-uniform quantization
- (b) Perspective Projection
- (c) Band pass filter
- (d) Edge Linking
- (e) Boundary Detection



QD – 4/2 (200)

(4)

UL(6) — Image
Process.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. **Answer any five questions**

1) a) What is digital image processing? Explain the component of image processing system. [7]

b) Discuss the effects of sampling and quantization. [7]

2) Compute the length of the shortest 4, 8 and m-path between P and Q. if a particular path does not exist between these two points, explain why? If $V = \{1, 2\}$ [14]

3	1	2	1(Q)
2	2	0	2
1	2	1	1
(P)1	0	1	2

3) Perform histogram equalization of the image. [14]

Gray Level r_k	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No. of Pixels P_k	6	8	11	12	3	5	15	6

4) Suppose a continuous valued image is conserved having

$$P_r(r) = \begin{cases} 2r / (L-1)^2 & ; 0 \leq r \leq L-1. \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Calculate $P_r(s) = ?$ (Given $P_s(s) = P_r(r) (dr/ds)$)

[14]

5 a) What is the need for image compression? Explain image compression standards in detail. [7]

b) Explain image recognition based on matching. [7]

6.) a) Explain region based segmentation technique.

b) Explain in detail the method for smoothing the image in frequency domain. [7]

7) a) Explain in detail any two boundary representation schemes and illustrate with example. [7]

b) Calculate full correlation, crop correlation and convolution if 1-D function is 00010000 and W is 12328.

[7]

8.) Write short notes on any two of the following:

[7 + 7]

a) Gray level slicing. b) Run Length Coding.

c) Histogram. d) Logarithmic transformation.