## What are sockets?

OS에 따라 다름

## Basic TCP/UDP program flow

TCP, UDP program flow

Server / Client: socket() 전에 getaddrinfo() 해야함

## IPv6

- struct sockaddr\_in6
- struct in6\_addr -> 배열 크기 16

IPv4: AF\_INET, 10.12.110.57 IPv6: AF\_INET6, 2001:db8:63b3:1::3490

- IP to network inet\_aton() / inet\_addr() --> inet\_pton()
- network to IP inet\_ntoa() --> inet\_ntop()
- domain name (host) -> IP gethostbyname() --> getaddrinf()

#### getaddrinfo()

IP 버전 뭘 쓸지 모를 때 사용함

```
getaddrinfo(DNS or IP, http or port, addrinfo *hints, addrinfo **res);
```

## struct addrinfo

```
addrinfo{
   int flag; //host 주소 (domain or ip)
   int family; //AF_INET
   int socktype; //SOCK_STREAM
   int protocol; //어떤거든 가능
   size_t addrlen;
   char canonname //별명
   struct addrinfo; //linked list 형태, 하나의 도메인의 여러 IP 존재
}
```

#### ▶ 실습 01: showip.c

```
1  /*
2  ** showip.c -- show IP addresses for a host given on the command line
3  */
4  
5  #include <stdio.h>
6  #include <string.h>
7  #include <sys/types.h>
```

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
   #include <netdb.h>
10
   #include <arpa/inet.h>
11
   #include <netinet/in.h>
12
13
   int main(int argc, char *argv[])
14
15
        struct addrinfo hints, *res, *p;
16
        int status;
17
        char ipstr[INET6_ADDRSTRLEN];
18
19
        if (argc != 2) {
20
            fprintf(stderr, "usage: showip hostname\n");
21
22
        }
23
24
       memset(&hints, 0, sizeof hints);
25
       hints.ai_family = AF_UNSPEC; // AF_INET or AF_INET6 to force version
26
        hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;
27
        //hints에 저장된 값으로 server ip를 res에 저장
28
29
       if ((status = getaddrinfo(argv[1], NULL, &hints, &res)) != 0) {
30
            fprintf(stderr, "getaddrinfo: %s\n", gai_strerror(status));
31
32
        }
33
34
       printf("IP addresses for %s:\n\n", argv[1]);
36
        for(p = res;p != NULL; p = p->ai_next) {
37
           void *addr;
            char *ipver;
39
40
           // get the pointer to the address itself,
41
            // different fields in IPv4 and IPv6:
42
            if (p->ai_family == AF_INET) { // IPv4
                struct sockaddr_in *ipv4 = (struct sockaddr_in *)p->ai_addr;
43
                addr = &(ipv4->sin_addr);
                ipver = "IPv4";
            } else { // IPv6
46
47
                struct sockaddr in6 *ipv6 = (struct sockaddr in6 *)p->ai addr;
                addr = &(ipv6->sin6_addr);
48
49
                ipver = "IPv6";
50
51
52
            // convert the IP to a string and print it:
53
            inet_ntop(p->ai_family, addr, ipstr, sizeof ipstr);
54
           printf(" %s: %s\n", ipver, ipstr);
        }
57
        freeaddrinfo(res); // free the linked list
58
60
   }
61
```

```
struct addrinfo hints, *servinfo;

memeset(&hints, 0, sizeof hints);
hints.ai_family = AF_UNSPEC; //미정
hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM; //TCP
hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE; //my IP or Domain?

//3490 - port
if((status = getaddrinfo(NULL, "3490", &hints, &servinfo))!=0){
    error...
}
```

- 1. hint에 저장된 값으로 해당 서버의 IP를 res에 저장
- 2. res에서 IP 형식에 맞게 하나씩 출력해나감

#### client 입장에서 서버와 특정 서버와 connect 하고 싶을 때, IP 찾기

```
struct addrinfo hints, *servinfo;

memeset(&hints, 0, sizeof hints);
hints.ai_family = AF_UNSPEC; //미정
hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM; //TCP

status = getaddrinfo("www.example.com", "3490", &hints, &servinfo);
```

- 1. example 서버와 연결하고 싶다면...
- 2. 하드코딩 하지 않아도 socket(res->ai\_family, res->ai\_socktype... 으로 바로 할 수 있음) connect도 마찬가

# Simple Time Server

#### Simple Time Console

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>

int main(){
    time_t timer;
    time(&timer);

    printf("Local time is: %s", ctime(&timer));

    return 0;
}
```

## Simple Time Console + Networking

127.0.0.1:port 에 접근하면 HTTP를 통해 현재 시간 출력해주는 코드

#### ▶ 실습 02: time\_server.c

```
* MIT License
 2
    * Copyright (c) 2018 Lewis Van Winkle
    * Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
    * of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
     * in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
 9
    * to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
    * copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
10
11
    * furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
12
    * The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
13
    * copies or substantial portions of the Software.
15
16
    * THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
17
    * IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
18
     * FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
19
    * AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
    * LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
20
    * OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
21
22
    * SOFTWARE.
23
24
25
26 | #include <sys/types.h>
27
   #include <sys/socket.h>
28 #include <netinet/in.h>
29 | #include <arpa/inet.h>
30
   #include <netdb.h>
   #include <unistd.h>
31
32
   #include <errno.h>
34 | #define ISVALIDSOCKET(s) ((s) >= 0)
   #define CLOSESOCKET(s) close(s)
36
   #define SOCKET int
37
   #define GETSOCKETERRNO() (errno)
38
39 #include <stdio.h>
40
   #include <string.h>
41
   #include <time.h>
42
43
   int main() {
44
       printf("Configuring local address...\n");
45
46
       struct addrinfo hints;
47
       memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(hints));
48
       hints.ai_family = AF_INET;
49
       hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;
50
       hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE;
51
```

```
52
         struct addrinfo *bind_address;
         getaddrinfo(0, "9001", &hints, &bind_address);
 54
         printf("Creating socket...\n");
 57
         SOCKET socket_listen;
         socket_listen = socket(bind_address->ai_family,
                 bind_address->ai_socktype, bind_address->ai_protocol);
 60
         if (!ISVALIDSOCKET(socket_listen)) {
             fprintf(stderr, "socket() failed. (%d)\n", GETSOCKETERRNO());
 61
 62
 63
 64
 65
         printf("Binding socket to local address...\n");
 67
         if (bind(socket_listen,
                     bind_address->ai_addr, bind_address->ai_addrlen)) {
 68
 69
             fprintf(stderr, "bind() failed. (%d)\n", GETSOCKETERRNO());
 70
             return 1;
 71
         }
 72
         freeaddrinfo(bind_address);
 73
 74
 75
         printf("Listening...\n");
         if (listen(socket_listen, 10) < 0) {</pre>
 76
 77
             fprintf(stderr, "listen() failed. (%d)\n", GETSOCKETERRNO());
 78
 79
 80
 81
 82
         printf("Waiting for connection...\n");
 83
         struct sockaddr_storage client_address;
 84
         socklen_t client_len = sizeof(client_address);
 85
         SOCKET socket_client = accept(socket_listen,
 86
                 (struct sockaddr*) &client address, &client len);
 87
         if (!ISVALIDSOCKET(socket client)) {
 88
             fprintf(stderr, "accept() failed. (%d)\n", GETSOCKETERRNO());
 89
 90
         }
 91
 92
 93
         printf("Client is connected... ");
 94
         char address_buffer[100];
 95
         getnameinfo((struct sockaddr*)&client_address,
 96
                 client_len, address_buffer, sizeof(address_buffer), 0, 0,
                 NI NUMERICHOST);
 98
         printf("%s\n", address_buffer);
 99
100
         printf("Reading request...\n");
101
102
         char request[1024];
103
         //HTTP Request 전송
         int bytes_received = recv(socket_client, request, 1024, 0);
104
105
         printf("Received %d bytes.\n", bytes_received);
         //printf("%.*s", bytes_received, request); 사용자 브라우저나 사용자 환경같은거 보눠
106
107
108
```

```
109
        printf("Sending response...\n");
110
        //HTTP Response
111
        const char *response =
112
             "HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n"
113
            "Connection: close\r\n"
114
            "Content-Type: text/plain\r\n" //text-plain -> 암호화 되지 않음
115
            "Local time is: ";
116
        int bytes_sent = send(socket_client, response, strlen(response), 0);
        printf("Sent %d of %d bytes.\n", bytes_sent, (int)strlen(response));
117
118
119
        time_t timer;
120
        time(&timer);
121
        char *time_msg = ctime(&timer);
        //HTTP 보내는 데 시간 걸리니까 time은 따로 보내기
122
123
        bytes_sent = send(socket_client, time_msg, strlen(time_msg), 0);
        printf("Sent %d of %d bytes.\n", bytes_sent, (int)strlen(time_msg));
124
125
126
        //시간 보낸 후 종료
127
128
        printf("Closing connection...\n");
129
        CLOSESOCKET(socket_client);
130
        printf("Closing listening socket...\n");
131
132
        CLOSESOCKET(socket_listen);
133
134
135
        printf("Finished.\n");
136
137
        return 0;
138 }
139
```