Printed Page:- 04	Subject Code:- AOE0772
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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING A	AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
(An Autonomous Institute Af	
B. Te	·
SEM: VII - THEORY EXA	MINATION DEC - 2023
Subject: Wireless	communication
Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 100
General Instructions:	
IMP: Verify that you have received the question	n paper with the correct course, code, branch
etc.	
1. This Question paper comprises of three Sect	ions -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice
Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.	
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated as well as a stable as a stable as a stable as well as a stable as a	•
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wh	erever necessary.
4. Assume suitable data if necessary.5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential or	der
6. No sheet should be left blank. Any writte	
evaluated/checked.	in indecidar direct di bidnik briece will not be
SECTION	N A 20
	20
1. Attempt all parts:-	
1-a. In a wireless communication link, channel?(CO1)	what is the role of the propagation 1
(a) To amplify signals	
(b) To convert digital signals into	analog signals
(c) To transmit data over the inte	ernet
(d) To transmit signals between	the transmitter and receiver
1-b. Which of the following explains the co	ncept of diffraction loss?(CO1) 1
(a) Archimedes' Principle	
(b) Fresnel zone	
(c) Principle of Simultaneity	
(d) Pascal's Principle	
·	with the help of paging system?(CO2) 1

(a) Alphanumeric message

	(b) Video message	
	(c) Voice message	
	(d) Numeric message	
1-d.	Time division duplexing uses to provide both a forward and reverse link.(CO2)	1
	(a) Frequency	
	(b) Time	
	(c) Time and frequency	
	(d) Cell spacing	
1-e.	What does the term "path loss" refer to in wireless communication?(CO3)	1
	(a) Loss of signal strength due to obstacles	
	(b) Loss of signal strength over distance	
	(c) Loss of signal quality due to interference	
	(d) Loss of signal coherence in a multipath environment	
1-f.	Which of the following is a common method to mitigate the effects of shadowing in wireless communication?(CO3)	1
	(a) Increasing transmitter power	
	(b) Using diversity techniques	
	(c) Introducing frequency interference	
	(d) Amplifying the received signal	
1-g.	In TDMA, users are assigned time slots to transmit data. How are these slots organized?(CO4)	1
	(a) Non-overlapping in time	
	(b) Overlapping in time	
	(c) Non-overlapping in frequency	
	(d) Overlapping in frequency	
1-h.	CDMA stands for:(CO4)	1
	(a) Code Division Multiple Access	
	(b) Central Data Multiplexing Algorithm	
	(c) Cross-Domain Modulation Access	
	(d) Circuit Division Media Allocation	
1-i.	Which of the following is a potential disadvantage of using Li-Fi communication?(CO5)	1

4. Answ	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
	SECTION C	50
3.g.	Difference between Edge and CDMA. Explain in details(CO5)	6
3.f.	Describe the trade-offs involved in implementing diversity in a communication system.(CO4)	6
	communication.(CO3)	
3.e.	modulation schemes?(CO2) Explain the concept of fast fading in the context of mobile	6
3-d.	How does a cell's capacity relate to the number of available frequencies and	6
3-c.	Describe the process of channel assignment in cellular networks.(CO2)	6
3-b.	How does fading affect signal propagation in wireless communication, and what techniques are used to mitigate it?(CO1)	6
3-a.	Explain the concept of signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) and its importance in wireless communication.(CO1)	6
3. Answ	er any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
	and capabilities.(CO5) SECTION B	30
2.e.	Differentiate between 4G and 5G mobile technologies in terms of their features	2
2.d.	Explain the concept of channel equalization using an example.(CO4)	2
2.c.	What are common propagation issues in personal wireless systems?(CO3)	2
2.b.	Describe the use of smart antennas in cellular systems.(CO2)	2
2.a.	What role do base stations play in a cellular network?(CO1)	2
2. Atten	npt all parts:-	
	(d) Increased data capacity	
	(c) Wider coverage area	
	(b) Lower latency	
	(a) Longer transmission range	
1-j.	5G networks are expected to use higher frequency bands, such as millimeter waves. What is a potential advantage of these higher frequencies?(CO5)	1
	(d) Compatibility with existing devices	
	(c) Slower data rates compared to Wi-Fi	
	(b) High power consumption	

(a) Limited coverage area

4-a.	How does multipath propagation impact wireless communication, and what techniques are used to mitigate it?(CO1)	10
4-b.	What are the key advantages of Wireless Local Loop (WLL) systems in providing last-mile connectivity?(CO1)	10
5. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	What is the fundamental concept behind cellular infrastructure in mobile communication systems?(CO2)	10
5-b.	How does interference management play a crucial role in improving system capacity?(CO2)	10
6. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	How does the choice of frequency band impact radio wave propagation in personal wireless systems?(CO3)	10
6-b.	Discuss the properties of the Rayleigh fading channel model and its relevance to wireless communication.(CO3)	10
7. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a.	Discuss the importance of pilot signals in Rake receivers.(CO4)	10
7-b.	Write short notes on i) Diversity Techniques ii) Multiple Access Techniques iii) Pure ALOHA (CO4)	10
8. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	Discuss the international standards and spectrum allocations associated with IMT 2000 and their implications for global mobile communication.(CO5)	10
8-b.	Write short notes on 1) GSM system for mobile Telecommunication 2) Long Term Evolution (LTE) 3) Li-Fi Communication (CO5)	10