Homework #1

- 1) Problem from Phillips and Parr: 7.16, 7.26
- 2 Find the inverse Laplace transforms of the following functions of s. Tell what Laplace transform theorems you use in each case.

a.
$$X_1(s) = \frac{s+5}{s^2+10s+34}$$

b.
$$X_2(s) = \frac{1 - e^{-2s}}{s + 4}$$

c.
$$X_3(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$$

3 Determine the Laplace tranform and the associated region of convergence and pole-zero plot for each of the following functions of time:

a.
$$x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) + e^{-3t}u(t)$$

b.
$$x(t) = e^{-4t}u(t) + e^{-5t}(\sin 5t)u(t)$$

c.
$$x(t) = e^{2t}u(t) + e^{3t}u(-t)$$

d.
$$x(t) = te^{-2|t|}$$

e.
$$x(t) = |t|e^{-2|t|}$$

f.
$$x(t) = |t|e^{2t}u(-t)$$

g.

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

h.

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t, & 1 \le t \le 2 \end{cases}$$

i.
$$x(t) = \delta(t) + u(t)$$

j.
$$x(t) = \delta(3t) + u(3t)$$

- 4 Consider a signal x(t) whose Laplace transform X(s) has a zero at s = 0 and poles at s = -3 and s = 3.
 - a. Write the general form of the X(s).
 - b. Sketch the pole-zero plot.
 - c. Find and sketch x(t) if it is known to be causal.
 - d. Find and sketch x(t) if it is known to be anticausal.
 - e. Find and sketch x(t) if it is known that its Fourier transform exists.

5)

To specify the Laplace transform of a signal x(t) requires two things: an algebraic function X(s) and a region of convergence. How many distinct signals are there with the following algebraic expression of X(s)? Explain.

$$X(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-2)}{(s+1)(s+2)(s^2+5s+6)}$$