

# INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD COMPUTING & DEVOPS

## BY RUPESH DESHMUKH



- **15+ Years** experience working with **Java, Scala** and related tools & frameworks
- Working as **Senior Technical Architect** for **Worldline Global Services Private Limited**
- I am passionate coder and is delighted to bring in automation in all processes
- I am from Pen – Raigad (Home Town) and Punekar since 2010
- I love signing and playing outdoor games like Badminton, Volleyball & Cricket

# AGENDA



**Why Cloud Computing?**



**What is Cloud Computing?**



**Categorization in Cloud Computing**



**Cloud Service Providers**



**What is DevOps?**



**DevOps Pillars**



**Infrastructure as Code**



**CI/CD**



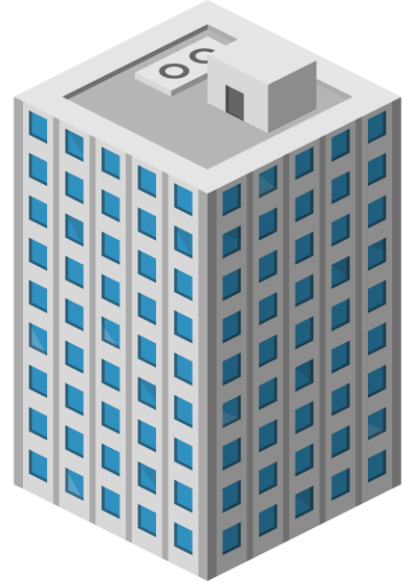
**Automation**



# WHY CLOUD COMPUTING?

# WHY CLOUD COMPUTING?

- Upfront investment, higher price
- Allot dedicated space for servers
- Appoint separate team for hardware and software maintenance
- Less data security
- Less chance of data / disaster recovery
- Less scalability and flexibility
- Less collaboration
- No automatic updates
- Data cannot be accessed remotely
- Implementation takes time and efforts



**On-Premise  
Data Centre**

# WHAT IS CLOUD COMPUTING?

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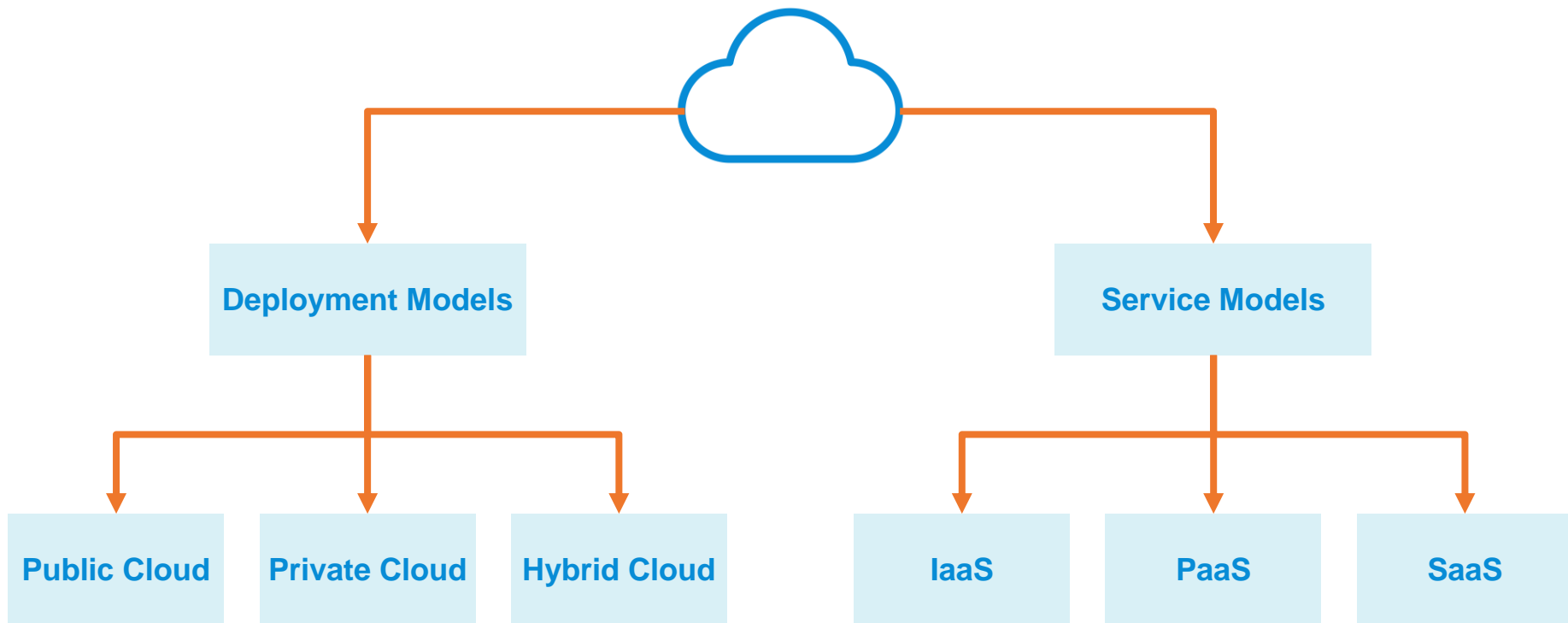
Cloud computing is the on-demand delivery of compute power, database storage, applications, and other IT resources through a cloud services platform via the Internet with pay-as-you-go pricing.

Using cloud computing, organizations can use shared computing and storage resources rather than building, operating, and improving infrastructure on their own.



# CATEGORIZATION IN CLOUD COMPUTING

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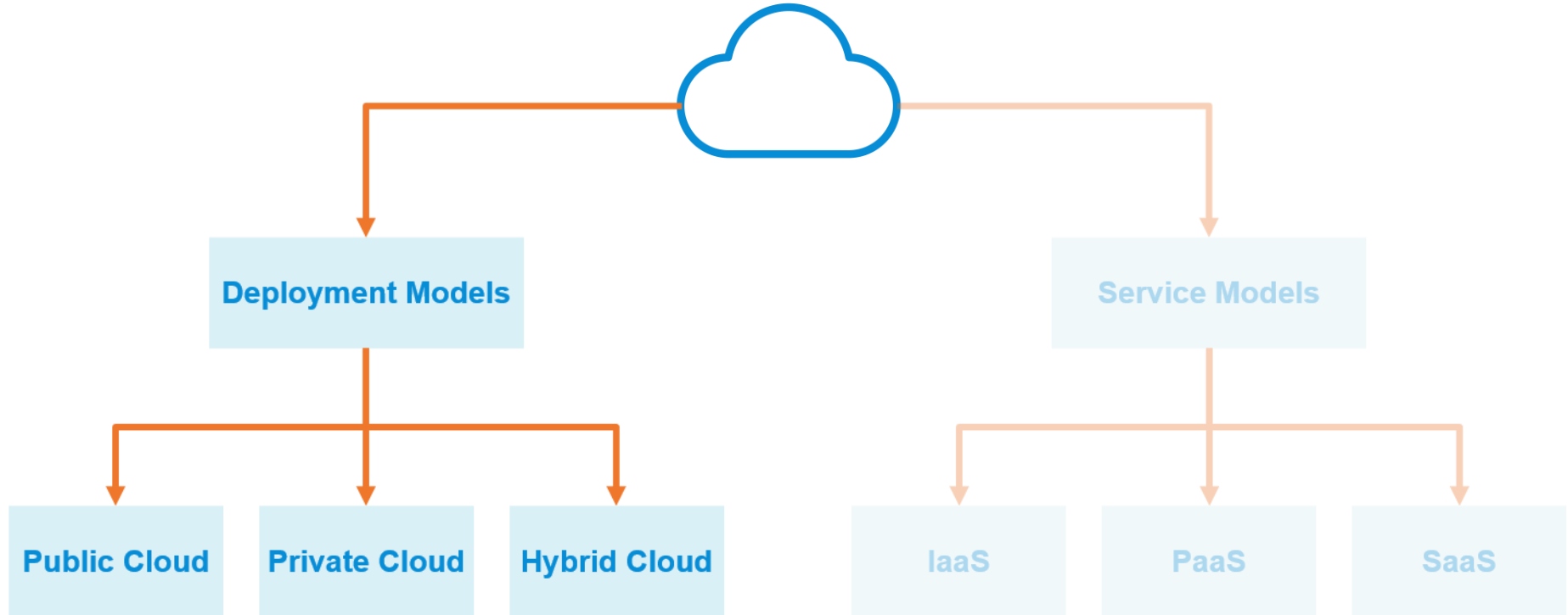




# CLOUD DEPLOYMENT MODELS

# CLOUD DEPLOYMENT MODELS

A cloud deployment model represents a specific type of cloud environment, primarily distinguished by ownership, size and access. It defines where the servers you're using are and who manages them.



# CLOUD DEPLOYMENT MODELS



## Public Cloud

- Multi-tenant implementation.
- Owned and operated by service provider.
- Bound by multi-tenant data management policies.
- Self-service and automation capabilities.



## Private Cloud

- Single tenant implementation.
- Owned and operated by IT organization.
- Define your own data management policies.
- Self-service and automation capabilities.



## Hybrid Cloud

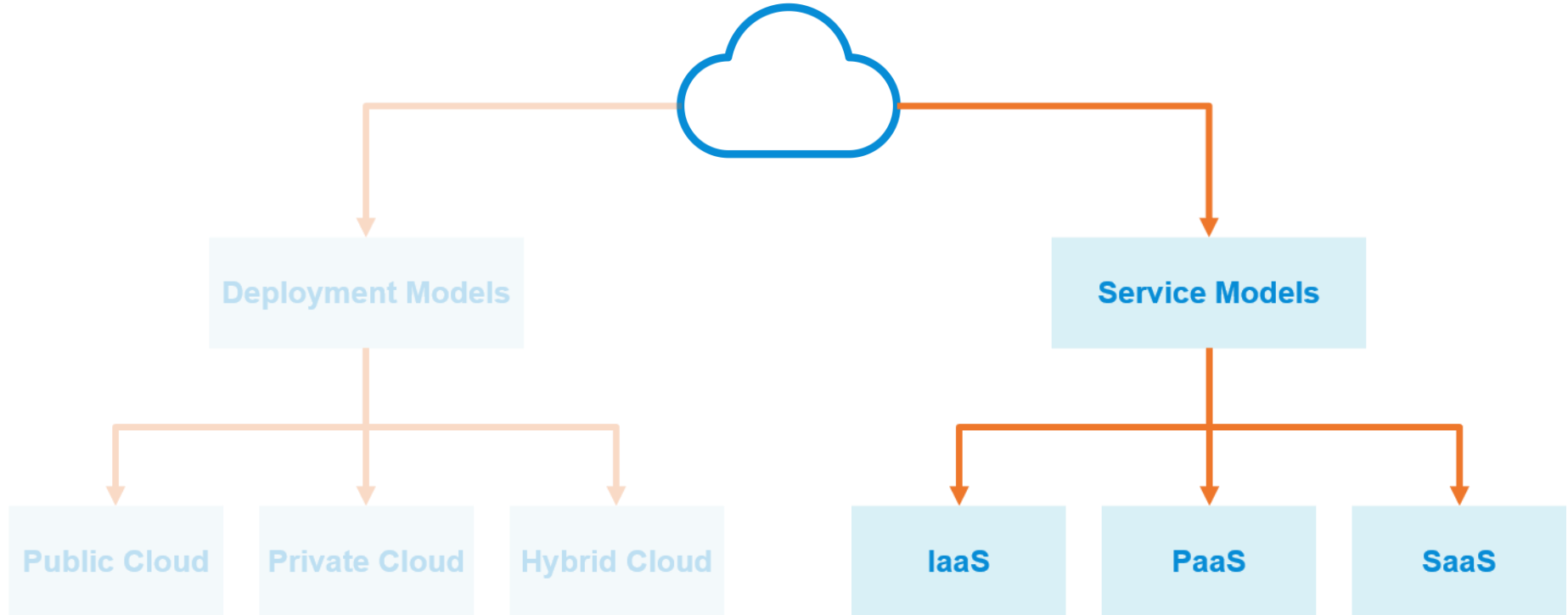
- Combination for private & one or more public clouds.
- Allows IT organizations to be broker of the service.



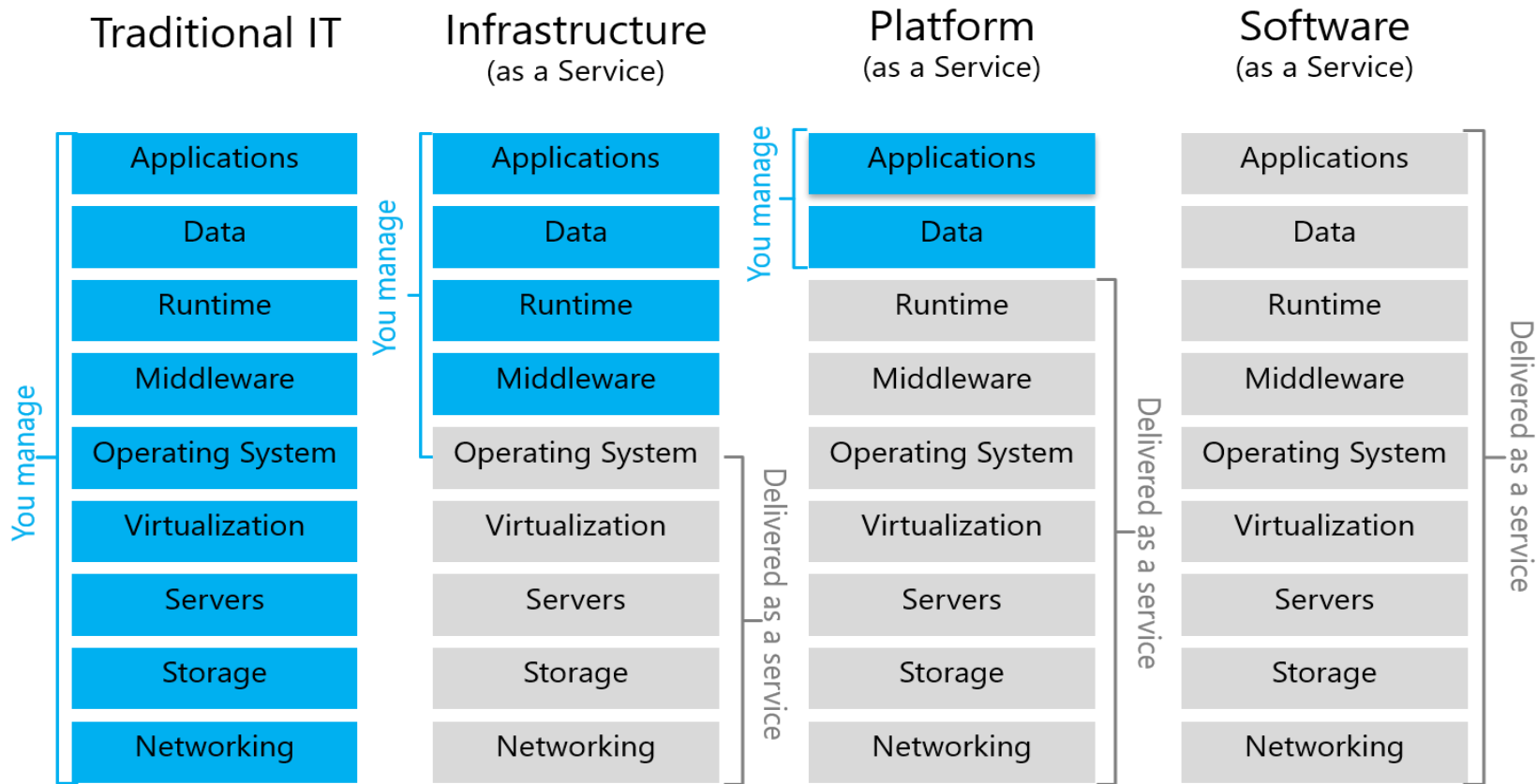
# CLOUD SERVICE MODELS

# CLOUD SERVICE MODELS

Cloud service models are the reference models on which Cloud Computing is based. It defines which layer of service you manage, and which layer the cloud service provider manages.



# CLOUD SERVICE MODELS



# CLOUD SERVICE PROVIDERS

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# CLOUD SERVICE PROVIDERS

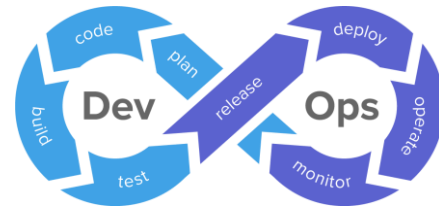
Figure 1. Magic Quadrant for Cloud Infrastructure and Platform Services



# WHAT IS DEVOPS?

# WHAT IS DEVOPS?

DEVELOPMENT + OPERATIONS =



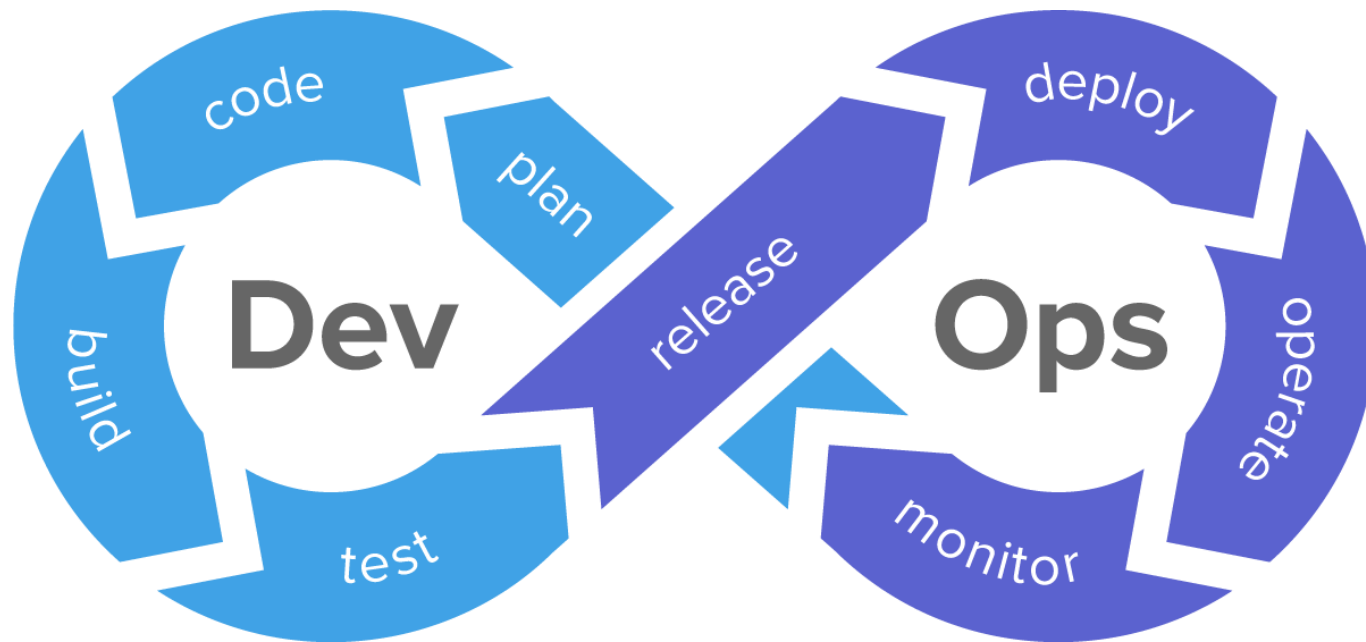
DevOps is a culture which needs to be practiced in order to do achieve organizational goals in a better and quicker way.

*In Technical Terms...*

DevOps is a set of practices and cultural changes supported by automation tools and lean processes that creates an automated software delivery pipeline, enabling organizations to deliver better quality services and applications faster.

# WHAT IS DEVOPS?

## DEVOPS LIFECYCLE



# WHAT IS DEVOPS?

## DEVOPS CULTURE

### Collaboration



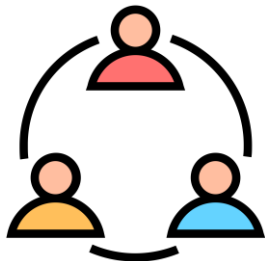
### Automation Mindset



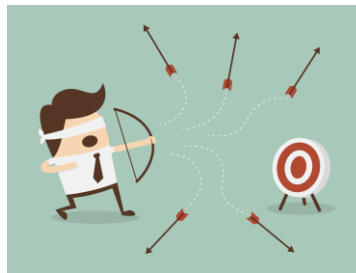
### Accept Change



### Knowledge Sharing



### Accept Failures



### NO Blame



# DEVOPS PILLARS

# DEVOPS PILLARS

## Infrastructure as Code

We provision and  
maintain project  
environments ourselves

## CI / CD

We manage, build and  
deployment pipelines

## Automation

We automate everything

# DEVOPS PILLARS

## INFRASTRUCTURE AS CODE



# DEVOPS PILLARS

## INFRASTRUCTURE AS CODE

Entire ITAP environment of applications being developed are provisioned using Terraform and Packer scripts / templates.



+



HashiCorp

Packer =

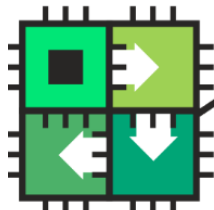


Terraform  
template



Terraform  
modules

+



Machine type  
instance count



Packer  
template



Virtual Machine Image

=



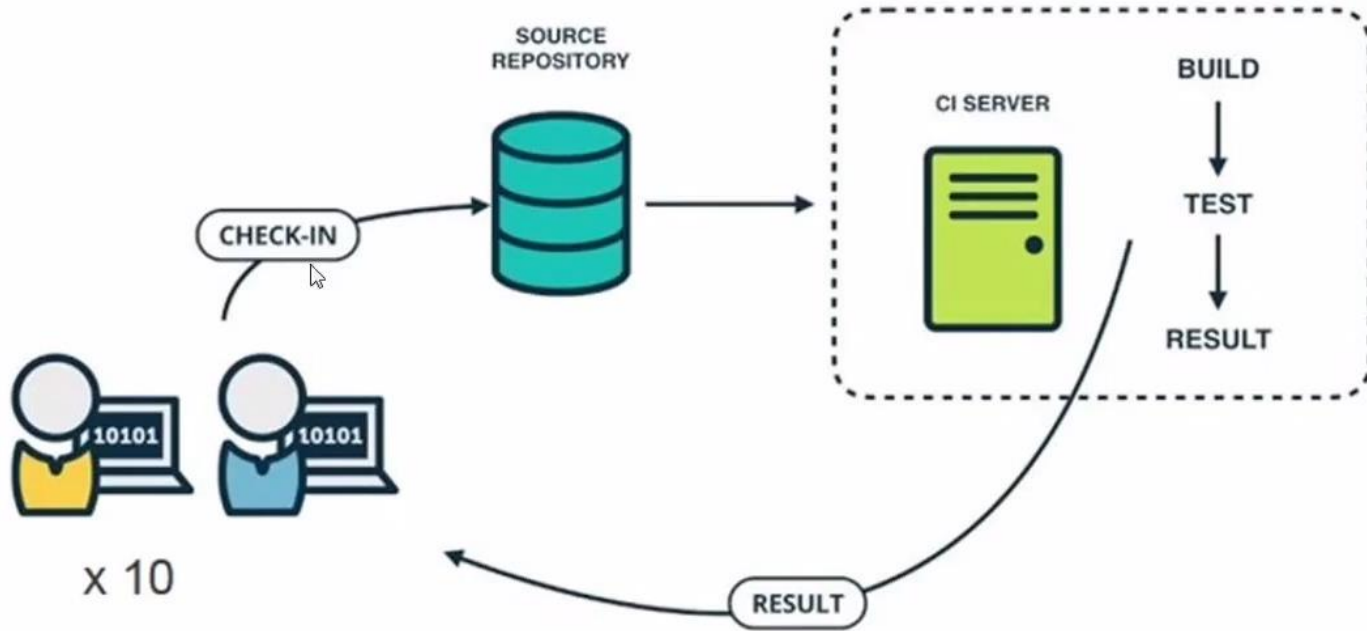
Immutable Infrastructure

## **DEVOPS PILLARS**

**CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION / CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT**

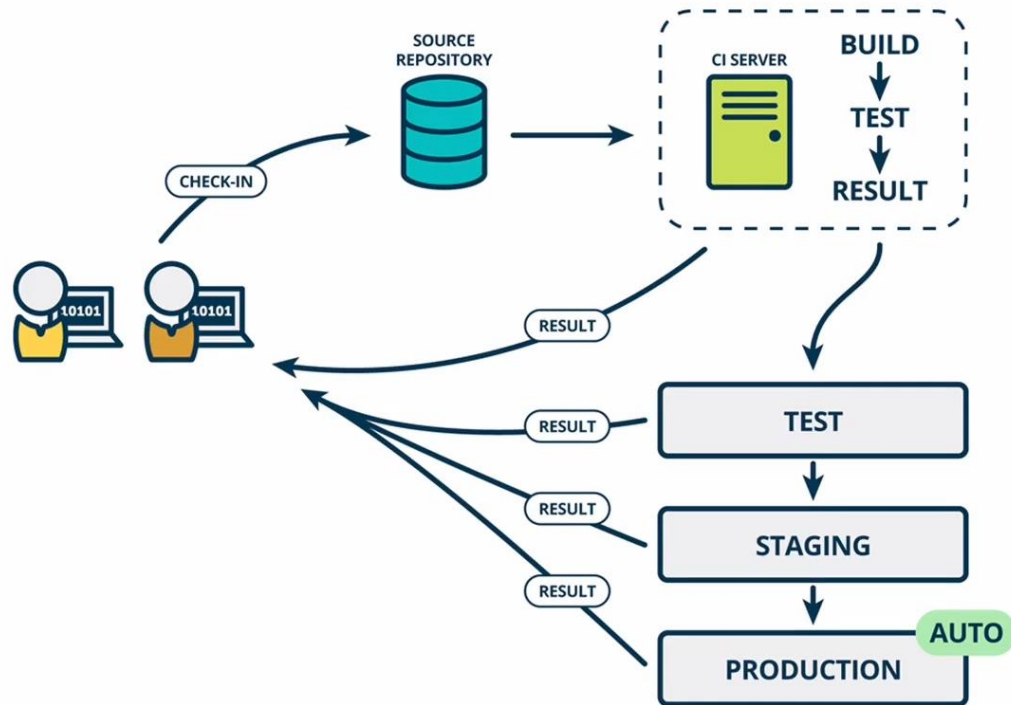
# DEVOPS PILLARS

## CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION



# DEVOPS PILLARS

## CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

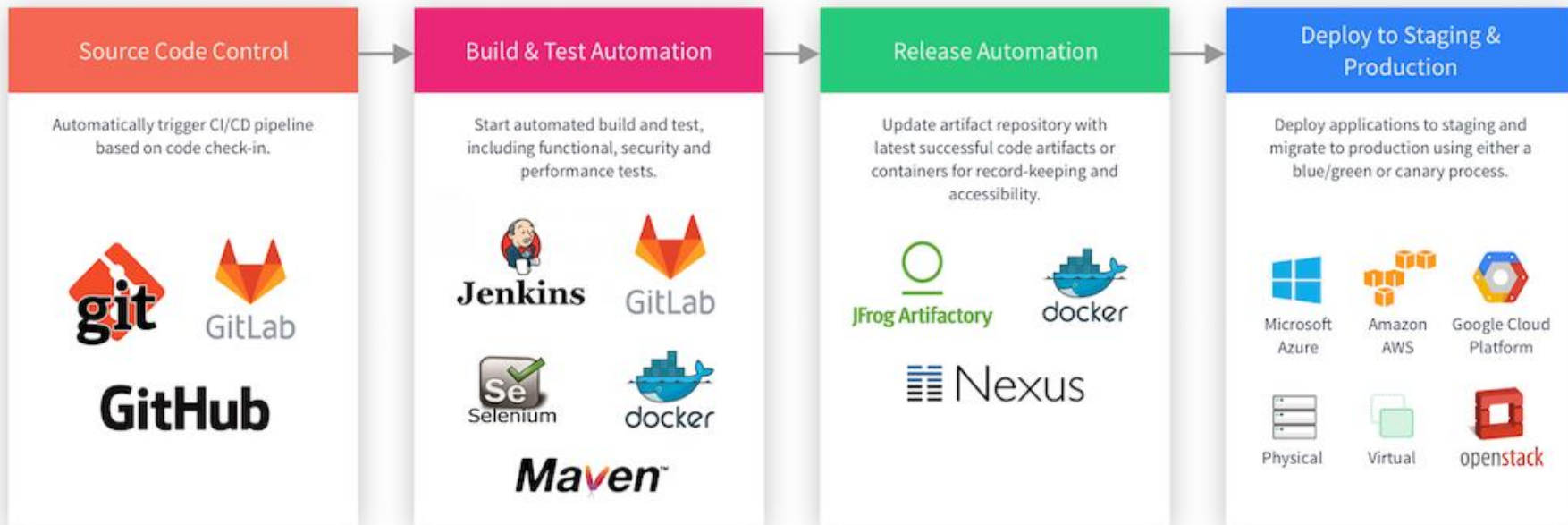


# DEVOPS PILLARS

## CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION / CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

### Continuous Integration (CI)

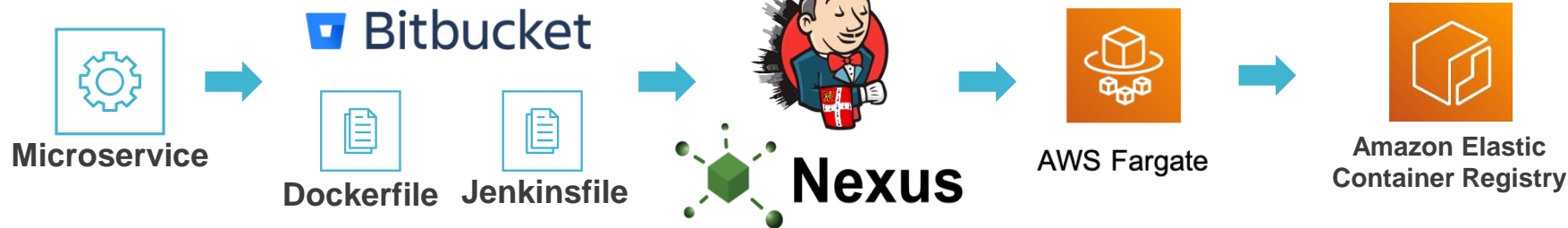
### Continuous Deployment (CD)



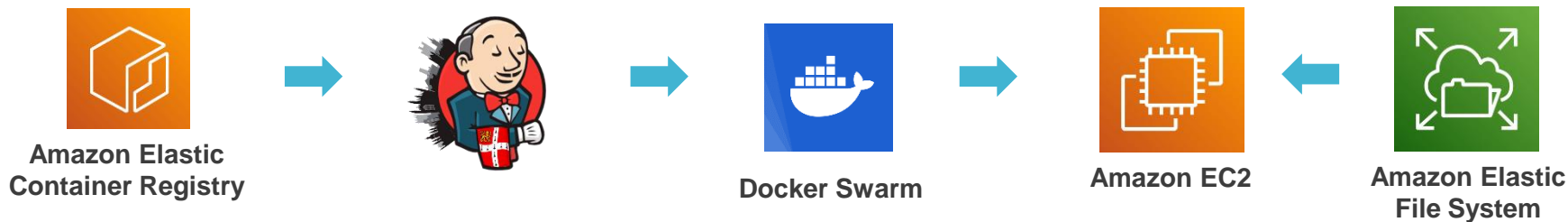
# DEVOPS PILLAR

## CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION / CONTINUOUS DELIVERY

### Docker Image Build



### Docker Stack Deploy



# DEVOPS PILLARS

## TEST AUTOMATION – REGRESSION TESTS



## TEST AUTOMATION – PERFORMANCE TESTS



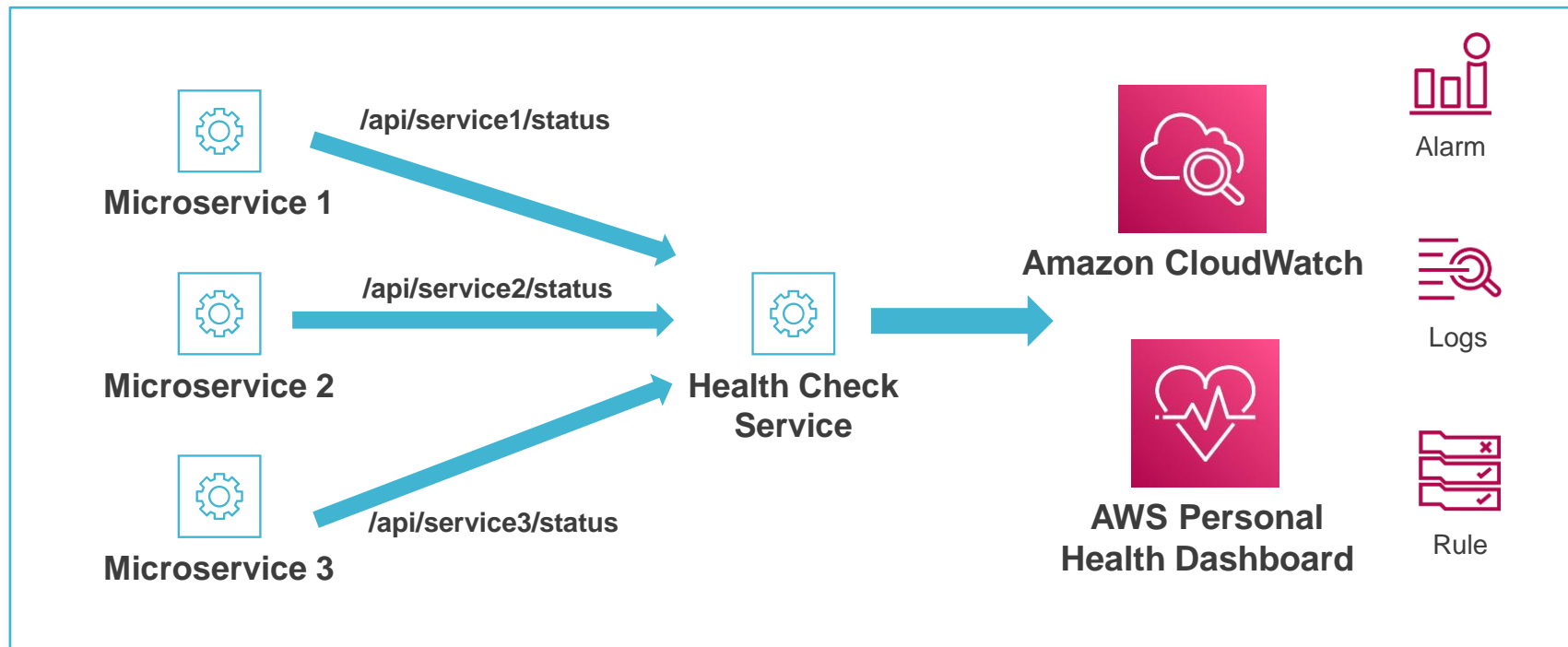
# DEVOPS PILLARS

## AUTOMATION



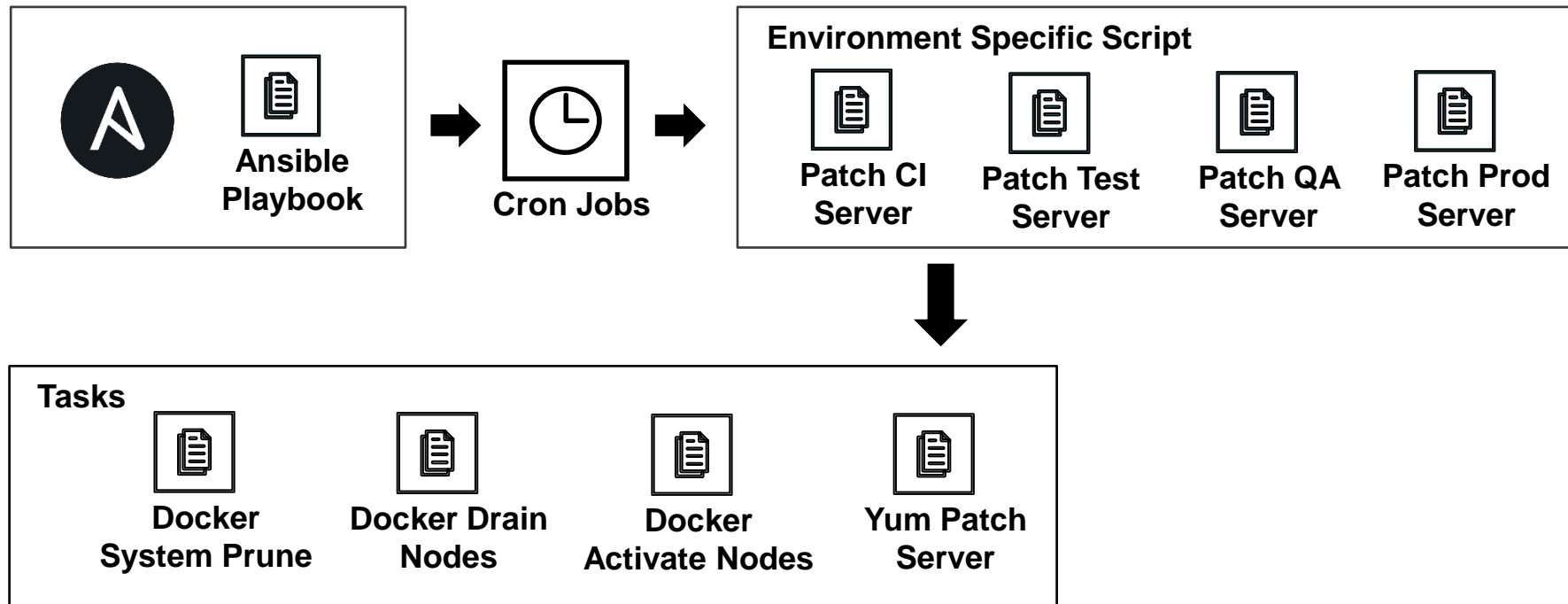
# DEVOPS PILLARS

## AUTOMATION – APPLICATION MONITORING



# DEVOPS PILLARS

## AUTOMATION – SERVER PATCHING



# WAKE UP ITS ALL OVER 😊



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