

# **ADI-SEQ R LSD**

## Leveling, sequestering and dispersing agent

ADI-SEQ R LSD is a protective colloid with sequestering properties for dyeing of cellulose and cellulose fiber mixtures.

#### Characteristic

- Usually applied in dye bath.
- Forms complexes with heavy metals and prevents shade deviations when using dyestuffs sensitive to copper or iron.
- Has high dispersion capacity.
- Can also be applied in the after treatment of dyeing.
- High binding capacity to water hardness.
- Is foam free and has no dyestuff retaining property.

### **Properties**

Chemical constitution:	Poly carboxylic acid with modified phosphonates
Ionic character:	Anionic
Physical form:	Clear
Storage stability:	ADI-SEQ R LSD is stable for 1 year when properly stored in closed containers at 20 °C. Thermally stable Product change at temperatures BELOW o°C possible. Change reversible by heating and stirring.
Ecology/toxicology:	The usual hygiene and safety rules for handling chemicals should be observed in storage, handling and use.
consistency	Liquid

#### Technical data sheet

**Application** 

Substrate: Cellulosic fibers and their blends, wool

Operation: Dyeing

Dissolving method: Can be added in any ratio.

Application temperature: Throughout the entire temperature range.

Compatibility: Compatible with most resins and other finishing

products (we recommend, however, that preliminary trials are carried out in the lab. Similarly with regard

 $to \ the \ catalyst \ to \ be \ chosen.$ 

Stability agents: Good stability in slightly acid and slightly alkaline

range as well as to causing hardness water.

Guide recipes ADI-SEQ R LSD can be used in following recip:

Reactive dyestuffs: 1 – 4 g/l ADI-SEQ R LSD

• The sequestering and protective colloid action reduces reproduction and precipitation problems during reactive dyeing which are due to a bad/unsteady water quality and to an insufficient pretreatment of native Cellulose fibers and Cellulose/elastane blends.

• The dispersing and dye solubilizing action is advantageous especially when dyestuffs of large molecular size are applied, namely blue, and green and turquoise types on the basis of Phthalocyanine.