Mr. Smith, a young gentlemen of color, moved the second resolution, and in doing so could not but congratulate the society on the success which had already crowned their labors. In adverting to the efforts made by the society for the suppression of the slave trade, he remarked, that all exertions yet made had perhaps only tended to make the condition of the unhappy slaves still more miserable. It had been proved in many instances that when slave ships were pursued by the vessels employed to put an end to that inhuman traffic, if the slave captains saw themselves likely to fall into the hands of their pursuers, they made no scruple of throwing overboard the entire human cargo, that they might be able to swear that they had not a single slave on board. Mr. Smith then made some very judicious remarks on slavery as it exists at present in the United States, and the means which should be taken to put an end to it. According to the original constitution of the U. States, Congress had not the power to pass a law against slaveholding; but there was nothing to prevent them from putting an end to the traffic in slaves, and if Congress would be induced to pass a law for that purpose, slavery would soon die a natural death. In conclusion, he spoke of the labors of Mr. Thompson, who, although he had done much in the cause, would require to be assisted by others equally devoted to it.

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