\*M. William Brown paraît sur l'estrade. (Grande sensation. Vifs applaudissements.) L'orateur est un ancien esclave échappé des Etats-Unis. Il proteste avec énergie contre l'existence de l'esclavage, cet élément de guerre qui retient aux Etats-Unis trois millions d'hommes dans la dégradation et dons la souffrance. Esclave pendant vingt ans, il remercie la France d'avoir généreusement aboli l'esclavage dans ses colonies, et il espère que les Etats-Unis finiront par suivre ce noble exemple. L'idée dominante de son discours, c'est qu'il est impossible de maintenir l'esclavage sans maintenir la guerre, et que par conséquent demander l'abolition de l'esclavage, c'est travailler au maintien de la paix.. (Vifs applaudissements.)

M. Brown s'exprime d'une manière remarquable M. Coquerel résume, en français, les paroles de cet ancien esclave qui reçoit de vifs témoignages de sympathie.

Mr William Brown appeared on the platform. (Great Semantion. Enthusiastic applease) The speaker was a former slave (who had) escaped from the United States. He protested energetically against the existence of slavery, that element of war which kept three million people in degradation and swifering in the United States. Himself a slave for twenty years, he thanked France for having generously abolished slavery in her colonies, and he hoped that the United States would also slavery follow this moble example. The dominating idea of his speech, was that it is impossible to Degrate slavery without also supporting war, and consequently, to demand the abolition of slavery was to work for the maintenance of peace. (Lively applause)

Mr Brown expressed himself in a remarkable may. Mr Coquerel summed up, in French, the words of this former slave who received lively evidence of sympathy.

Mr. William Brown appeared on the platform. (Great Sensation. Enthusiastic applause) The speaker was a former slave (who had) escaped from the United States. He protested energetically against the existence of slavery, that element of war which kept three million people in degradation and suffering in the United States. Himself a slave for twenty years, he thanked France for having generously abolished slavery in her colonies, and he hoped that the United States would eventually follow this noble example. The dominating idea of his speech, was that it is impossible to support slavery without also supporting war, and consequently, to demand the abolition of slavery was to work for the maintenance of peace. (Lively applause.)

Mr. Brown expressed himself in a remarkable way. Mr. Coquerel summed up, in French, the words of this former slave who received lively evidence of sympathy.