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DAYANANDA SAGAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTV, Belagavi)
ShavigeMalleshwara Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout, Bengaluru-560078

Department of Telecommunication Engineering Internal Assessment Test - CIE-3

Course: Optical Communication and Networks

Course Code: 17TE7GCOCN Maximum marks: 50 Semester: VII SEM A &B Duration: 90 Min

		Note: Maximum of 4 sub questions are allowed.	Marks
1	a.	In the topology, the data generally circulates bi-directionally.	1x10
		(i) Mesh (ii) Ring (iii) Star (iv) Bus	
	b.	For used in single-mode fiber, are used preferably	
		(i) Semiconductor optical amplifier (ii) Erbium-doped fiber amplifier	
		(iii) Raman fiber amplifier (iv) Brillouin fiber amplifier.	
	c.	MEMS Technologies are also finding applications in	
		(i) Light wave systems (ii) optical filters (iii) both i) and ii)	
		(iv) none of the above.	
	d.	In the microwave frequency are modulated with an optical	
		carrier and transmitted using a single wavelength channel.	
		(i) Subcarrier multiplexing (ii) TDM (iii) FDM (iv) Code division multiplexing.	
	e.	MEMS acronym is and it finds applications in	
		i) MIMO electromechanical systems, Optical isolators	
		ii) Mini electrical mechanical systems iii) Micro electrostatic systems	
		iv) Micro electromechanical systems, light wave systems	
	f.	The length of Erbium doped fiber amplifier consists of	
		i) 10 to 30m length ii) 50m iii) 100m iv) 300m	
	g.	reconstitutes a transmitted digital optical signal.	
		i) Repeaters ii) Optical amplifiers iii) Modulators iv) Circulators	
	h.	Mach-Zehnder Interferometer Multiplexers are made up of	
		i) wavelength independent, Active ii) Passive	
		iii) wavelength dependent multiplexers, either active or Passive	
		iv) none of the above	
	i.	Optical Isolators are designed in the form of	
		i) Polarization dependent isolator ii) Polarization independent isolator	
		iii) Nonreciprocal device iv)both ii) and iii)	
	j.	Phased array devices function as a	
		i)Multiplexer, drop and insert element ii) wavelength Router	
		iii) Both i) and ii) iv) None of the above	
2		be briefly Phased array based devices with its diagram of top view of a typical	
	arraye	d waveguides grating and its functions.	
3	Develo	op the physical layer aspects of SONET/SDH, explaining the basic structure of	
~	PEAGIC	by the physical layer aspects of somethorn, explaining the basic structure of	

	STS-1 SONET frame format, STS-N SONET frame format with transmission formats.		
4	4 Classify the two architectures of SONET/SDH networks and explain unidirectional		
	path switched ring with diagrams.		
	(OR)		
5	Describe with diagrams of a Generic configuration of a large SONET/SDH network	10	
	consisting of various types of interconnected rings.		
	consisting of various types of interconnected rings.		
6	Discuss briefly optical isolators, optical circulators and operation of a Polarization of	10	
	independent Isolator made of 3 miniature optical components.		
	(OR)		
7	Discuss the layout of a basic 2 x2 Mach-Zehnder Interferometer and its equations.	10	