

Computing Chi-Squared by Hand

First, we selected 3 random indices to use as our toy-dataset frame, being:

- 2
- 32
- 67

The data is as follows:

	How Player	How Watched	
Random #1	20	8	28
Random #2	8	4	12
Random #3	30	4	34
	58	16	(74)

These will be our observed values, now we must calculate our expected values with

$$\text{Exp. Freq} = \frac{\text{total \# row observations} \cdot \text{total \# column observations}}{\text{total \# observations}}$$

Random #1	$(28 \cdot 58) / 74$	$(28 \cdot 16) / 74$
Random #2	$(12 \cdot 58) / 74$	$(12 \cdot 16) / 74$
Random #3	$(34 \cdot 58) / 74$	$(34 \cdot 16) / 74$



Expected Values

	Has Played	Has Watched
Random #1	21.95	6.05
Random #2	9.41	2.54
Random #3	26.65	7.35

Then to get χ^2 we do:

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{ij} \frac{(O_{ij} - E_{ij})^2}{E_{ij}}$$

Now we do our calculations:

$$\text{Random \#1 / Played} : \frac{(20 - 21.95)^2}{21.95} = \frac{-1.95^2}{21.95} = \frac{3.8025}{21.95} = .17$$

$$\text{Random \#1 / Watched} : \frac{(8 - 6.05)^2}{6.05} = \frac{1.95^2}{6.05} = \frac{3.8025}{6.05} = .63$$

$$\text{Random \#2 / Played: } \frac{(8-9.41)^2}{9.41} = \frac{-1.41^2}{9.41} = \frac{1.9881}{9.41} = .21$$

$$\text{Random \#2 / Watched: } \frac{(4-2.54)^2}{2.54} = \frac{1.41^2}{2.54} = \frac{1.9881}{2.54} = .77$$

$$\text{Random \#3 / Played: } \frac{(30-26.65)^2}{26.65} = \frac{3.35^2}{26.65} = \frac{11.2225}{26.65} = .42$$

$$\text{Random \#3 / Watched: } \frac{(4-7.35)^2}{7.35} = \frac{-3.35^2}{7.35} = \frac{11.2225}{7.35} = 1.53$$

$$\chi^2 = .17 + .63 + .21 + .77 + .42 + 1.53 = 3.73$$

(this is very close to our python value of 3.7185!)

$$df = (\# \text{ row} - 1) \cdot (\# \text{ column} - 1)$$

$$(3-1) \cdot (2-1)$$

$$2 \cdot 1$$

$$df = 2$$

Using chi-square table $\alpha = 0.05$, $df = 2$ we get a
crit value of 5.99

Because our test value is less than our crit value, we can accept our null hypothesis that there is an independence.

Hand Calculations for Correlation

	Hours Played	Hours Watched
Random #1	20	8
Random #2	8	4
Random #3	30	4

$$\bar{x} = 20 + 8 + 30 / 3 \rightarrow 58 / 3 = 19.33$$

$$\bar{y} = 8 + 4 + 4 / 3 \rightarrow 16 / 3 = 5.33$$

$$x - x_{\text{mean}}$$

$$20 - 19.33 = .67$$

$$8 - 19.33 = -11.33$$

$$30 - 19.33 = 10.67$$

$$y - y_{\text{mean}}$$

$$8 - 5.33 = 2.67$$

$$4 - 5.33 = -1.33$$

$$4 - 5.33 = -1.33$$

$$(x - x_{\text{mean}}) \cdot (y - y_{\text{mean}})$$

$$.67 (2.67) = 1.7889$$

$$-11.33 (-1.33) = 15.0689$$

$$10.67 (-1.33) = -14.1911$$

$$\text{Sum: } 2.6667$$

$$(x - x_{\text{mean}})^2$$

$$.67^2 = .4489$$

Sum:

$$-11.33^2 = 128.3689 = 242.6667$$

$$10.67^2 = 113.8489$$

$$(y - y_{\text{mean}})^2$$

$$2.67^2 = 7.1289$$

Sum: 10.6667

$$-1.33^2 = 1.7689$$

$$-1.33^2 = 1.7689$$

$$r = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \cdot \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}} = \frac{2.6667}{\sqrt{(242.6667)(10.6667)}}$$

$$r = 0.0524$$

This does match the correlation coefficient we calculated in python.