

In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

???????? - 2
:

Read the data

In [2]: Out[2]:

```
file_path="C:\\Users\\omkar\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Data science\\Naresh IT\\D
visa_df=pd.read_csv(file_path)
visa_df
```

case_id continent education_of_employee

has_job_experience requires_job_trainin 0 EZYV01 Asia

High School N

1 EZYV02 Asia Master's Y

2 EZYV03 Asia Bachelor's N

3 EZYV04 Asia Bachelor's N

4 EZYV05 Africa Master's Y

... ..

25475 EZYV25476 Asia Bachelor's Y 25476 EZYV25477

Asia High School Y 25477 EZYV25478 Asia Master's Y

25478 EZYV25479 Asia Master's Y 25479 EZYV25480 Asia

Bachelor's Y

25480 rows × 12 columns

type(visa_df)

In [3]:

???????? - 1
:

import packages

Out[3]: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

```
In [4]: In [7]: dir(visa_df)
abs ,
'add',
'add_prefix',
'add_suffix',
'agg',
'aggregate',
'align',
'all',
'any',
'apply',
'applymap',
'asfreq',
'asof',
'assign',
'astype',
'at',
'at_time',
'attrs',
'axes',
'backfill',
'between time'

??h???
```

```
Out[7]: (25480, 12)
type(shape)
In [8]: e)
```

```
Out[8]: tuple
```

```
In [10]: In [13]: print("the number of columns
are:",shape[1])

the number of observations
are: 25480 the number of
columns are: 12
```

```
????????
```

not callable means brackets are not required

```
print("the number of
observations are:",shape[0]) visa_df.size
```

```
Out[13]: 305760
```

```
In [14]: # number of rows*
shape[0]*shape[1] number of columns
```

```
Out[14]: 305760
```

```
????????
```

```
In [17]: categorical column #
data_types=visa_df.dtypes int or float means
es numerical column
data_types
# object means
```

```
Out[17]: case_id object continent object
```

```

education_of_employee    object
has_job_experience        object
requires_job_training     object
no_of_employees          int64
yr_of_estab              int64
region_of_employment     object
prevailing_wage          float64
unit_of_wage             object
full_time_position       object
case_status              object dtype: object
type(data_types)

```

In [18]:

```

Out[18]: pandas.core.series.Series
          # if you apply index the
          output in list

```

In [19]:

```
data_types.index
```

any series

```

Out[19]: Index(['case_id', 'continent', 'education_of_employee', 'has_job_experience',
               'requires_job_training', 'no_of_employees', 'yr_of_estab',
               'region_of_employment', 'prevailing_wage', 'unit_of_wage',
               'full_time_position', 'case_status'],
              dtype='object')
data_types.values

```

In [20]:

```

Out[20]: array([dtype('O'), dtype('O'), dtype('O'), dtype('O'), dtype('O'),
               dtype('int64'), dtype('int64'), dtype('O'), dtype('float64'), dtype('O'),
               dtype('O'), dtype('O')], dtype=object)

```

the series is a combination of index and values
if you want separate both we need to use index and values
values will come in terms of array
array means numpy array

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separate numerical columns and categorical columns separately

```

dict(data_types)['
case_id']

```

In [31]:

```
Out[31]: dtype('O')
```

In [35]: In [36]:

```
data_types=visa_df.dtypes
dict1=dict(data_types)
for i in dict1:
    if dict1[i]=='O':
        cat.append(i)
    else:
        num.append(i)
```

```
#cat=[i for i in dict(data_types) if
dict(data_types)[i]=='object'] #num=[i
for i in dict(data_types) if
dict(data_types)[i]!='object' ]
```

```
cat=[]
num=[]
```

num

Out[36]: ['no_of_employees', 'yr_of_estab', 'prevailing_wage']

[37]:

cat

In

Out[37]: ['case_id',
'continent',
'education_of_employee',
'has_job_experience',
'requires_job_training',
'region_of_employment',
'unit_of_wage',
'full_time_position',
'case_status']

h??????

top 5 values

In [38]: Out[38]:

```
# dataframe name= visa_df
visa_df.head()
```

case_id continent education_of_employee

In [40]: Out[40]:

has_job_experience requires_job_training no_o 0 EZYV01

Asia High School N N 1 EZYV02 Asia Master's Y N 2 EZYV03

Asia Bachelor's N Y 3 EZYV04 Asia Bachelor's N N 4

EZYV05 Africa Master's Y N

In [39]: Out[39]:

In [41]:
visa_df.head(2)


```

-----
-
IndexError Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[44], line 1
----> 1 visa_df.take([100,200,300],axis=1)

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\generic.py:3909, in NDFrame
.take(self, indices, axis, **kwargs)
   3833 """
   3834 Return the elements in the given *positional* indices along an axis.
   3835
   3836 (...)
   3904 3 lion mammal 80.5
   3905 """
   3907 nv.validate_take((), kwargs)
-> 3909 return self._take(indices, axis)

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\generic.py:3932, in NDFrame
._take(self, indices, axis, convert_indices)
   3924 if (
   3925     axis == 0
   3926     and indices.ndim == 1
   3927     and using_copy_on_write()
   3928     and is_range_indexer(indices, len(self))
   3929 ):
   3930     return self.copy(deep=None)
-> 3932 new_data = self._mgr.take(
   3933     indices,
   3934     axis=self._get_block_manager_axis(axis),
   3935     verify=True,
   3936     convert_indices=convert_indices,
   3937 )
   3938 return self._constructor(new_data).__finalize__(self, method="take")

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\internals\managers.py:960,
in BaseBlockManager.take(self, indexer, axis, verify, convert_indices)
   958 n = self.shape[axis]
   959 if convert_indices:
--> 960     indexer = maybe_convert_indices(indexer, n, verify=verify)
   962 new_labels = self.axes[axis].take(indexer)
   963 return self.reindex_indexer(
   964     new_axis=new_labels,
   965     indexer=indexer,
   966     (...)
   967     copy=None,
   968 )

File ~\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexers\utils.py:284, in m
aybe_convert_indices(indices, n, verify)
   282 mask = (indices >= n) | (indices < 0)
   283 if mask.any():
--> 284 raise IndexError("indices are out-of-bounds")
   285 return indices

```

IndexError: indices are out-of-bounds

In [45]: Out[45]:

In [46]: Out[46]:

... ..

25475 Asia Bachelor's Y

25476 Asia High School Y

25477 Asia Master's Y

25478 Asia Master's Y

25479 Asia Bachelor's Y

25480 rows × 3 columns

???????? - 2

I want 150,300,450 rows from 5,8,12 by using take

```
d1=visa_df.take([5,8,11],axis=1)
d1.take([150,300,450])
# python index start with zero
# we have total 12 columns
# but in python 12th column index is 11
```

no_of_employees prevailing_wage case_status

150 50351 529.1105 Denied

300 3268 101371.2100 Certified

450 1543 78402.7200 Denied

In [51]: Out[51]:

In [50]: Out[50]:

visa_df.take([1,2,3])

In []:

case_id continent education_of_employee

has_job_experience requires_job_training no_o 1 EZYV02

Asia Master's Y N 2 EZYV03 Asia Bachelor's N Y 3 EZYV04

Asia Bachelor's N N

In [54]: Out[54]:

visa_df.take([1,2,3],axis=1)

continent education_of_employee has_job_experience

0 Asia High School N

1 Asia Master's Y

2 Asia Bachelor's N

3 Asia Bachelor's N

4 Africa Master's Y

In [55]: Out[55]:

visa_df.take([5,8,11],axis=1).take([150,300

```
,450])
```

```
no_of_employees prevailing_wage case_status
```

```
150 50351 529.1105 Denied
```

```
300 3268 101371.2100 Certified
```

```
450 1543 78402.7200 Denied
```

```
In [58]: Out[58]:
```

```
??-??-??
```

```
#data.iloc(<rows>,<columns>)
```

```
#data.iloc(start:end,start:end)
```

```
# assume that i want 20:25 rows
```

```
# 3:6 columns
```

```
In [59]: Out[59]:
```

```
visa_df.iloc[20:25,3:6]
```

```
# last=end-1 25-1=24 6-1=5
```

```
In [61]: Out[61]:
```

```
has_job_experience requires_job_training
```

```
no_of_employees
```

```
20 N N 880
```

```
21 Y N 1706
```

```
22 Y N 2878
```

```
23 N N 1517
```

```
24 Y N 241
```

```
In [63]:
```

```
list1=[100,200,300]
```

```
visa_df.iloc[list1] #visa_df.take(list1)
```

```
visa_df.iloc[20:25] # all the columns
```

```
case_id continent education_of_employee
```

```
has_job_experience requires_job_training n 100 EZYV101
```

```
case_id continent education_of_employee
```

```
Asia Master's Y N 200 EZYV201 Asia Doctorate Y N 300
```

```
has_job_experience requires_job_training no_ 20 EZYV21 EZYV301 Asia Master's Y N
```

```
Asia Master's N N 21 EZYV22 North
```

```
rows=[100,200,300]
```

```
columns=[5,8,11]
```

```
America Master's Y N 22 EZYV23 Asia Master's Y N 23
```

```
visa_df.iloc[rows,columns]
```

```
EZYV24 North
```

```
#visa_df.take(columns,axis=1).take(rows)
```

```
America High School N N 24 EZYV25 Europe Doctorate Y N
```

```
no_of_employees prevailing_wage case_status
```

```
100 2227 28243.79 Certified
```

```
200 3282 74441.11 Certified
```

```
300 3268 101371.21 Certified
```

```
In [56]: Out[56]:
```

```
# case status : 100,200 rows
```

```
rows=[100,200]
```

```
columns=[11]
```

```
visa_df.iloc[rows,columns]
```

```
# 100 columns
```


directly we can provide column name

case_status

100 Certified

200 Certified

```
visa_df.iloc[rows,[11]] # we need to  
provide number
```

```
visa_df.loc[rows,['case_status']] #
```

```
Out[63]: Index(['case_id', 'continent', 'education_of_employee'], dtype='object')
```

```
In [68]: Out[68]:
```

case_status

100 Certified

200 Certified

```
visa_df.columns[:3]
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
visa_df.loc[[200],['case_id',  
'continent', 'education_of_employee']]
```

```
visa_df.iloc[[200],[1,2,3]]
```

continent education_of_employee has_job_experience

200 Asia Doctorate Y

compare to take , iloc is better

compare to iloc, loc is better

in take we need provide axis for columns

in iloc and loc no need provide axis

in iloc we need provide column index number

if there are huge columns are there, it is not good

the count the specific column number instead of

that loc function directly will take the column name