

In []:

2) numpy : Numerical python/Number python
[maths]

3) Matplotlib : plot

4) seaborn

5) plotly

6) bokhe

***** ML packages

7) Scikit-learn (Sklearn)

8) pickle : save the ML model

9) joblib : save the ML model

***** DL
packages*****

10) Tensorflow

11) kears

12) PyTorch

***** NLP

Packages*****

13) NLTK

14) SciPy

***** BERT MOdels(Hugging
face transformers) ***** 15)
Transformers

***** GEN AI

16) Chat GPT: OpenAI + Azure : Azure
packages seperately 17) MakerSuit: Google
: Google packages

18) Amazon Q : Amazon : Aws packages

Others*****

random

math

time

sys

os

In [2]:

#####

Packages#####

EDA*****

1) pandas : Data frame analysis

???????? - 1 :

Import required packages

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

???????? - 2 :

In [3]: In [4]: Out[4]:

Read the data

????????-?????
???

file_path="C:\\Users\\omkar\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Data science\\Naresh IT\\D

<package_name>.<method_name>()
pd.read_csv(file_path)

case_id continent education_of_employee

has_job_experience requires_job_trainin 0 EZYV01 Asia

High School N

1 EZYV02 Asia Master's Y

2 EZYV03 Asia Bachelor's N

3 EZYV04 Asia Bachelor's N

4 EZYV05 Africa Master's Y

... ..

25475 EZYV25476 Asia Bachelor's Y 25476 EZYV25477

Asia High School Y 25477 EZYV25478 Asia Master's Y

25478 EZYV25479 Asia Master's Y 25479 EZYV25480 Asia

Bachelor's Y

25480 rows × 12 columns

????????-?????

???

In [6]: Out[6]:

In [11]:
file_path1="C:\\Users\\omkar\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Data science\\Naresh IT\\
pd.read_csv(file_path1,sep=';')

age job marital education default balance housing loan

contact day m 0 30 unemployed married primary no 1787 no

no cellular 19 1 33 services married secondary no 4789 yes

yes cellular 11 2 35 management single tertiary no 1350 yes

no cellular 16 3 30 management married tertiary no 1476 yes

yes unknown 3 4 59 blue-collar married secondary no 0 yes

no unknown 5

4516 33 services married secondary no -333 yes no cellular

30 4517 57 self employed married tertiary yes -3313 yes yes

unknown 9 4518 57 technician married secondary no 295 no

no cellular 19 4519 28 blue-collar married secondary no 1137

no no cellular 6 4520 44 entrepreneur single tertiary no 1136

yes yes cellular 3

4521 rows × 17 columns

◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆ - 3

Create data frames

A) Using list

```
list1=['Hyd','Mumbai','Benguluru']
```

```
Out[11]: City Code 0 Hyd 040
```

```
1 Mumbai 022
```

```
2 Benguluru 080
```

B) Save the data in local

```
os.getcwd(
)
```

```
In [12]:
import os
```

```
Out[12]: 'C:\\Users\\omkar\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Data science\\Naresh IT\\Data science\\Batch-3_Sep28\\EDA-Python'
```

```
In [13]:
```

```
list2=['040','022','080']
```

```
cols=['City','Code']
```

```
city=pd.DataFrame(zip(list1,list2),columns=cols)
```

```
# I created a dataframe and I saved in a variable city
```

```
city
```

```
city.to_csv('C:\\Users\\omkar\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Data science\\Naresh IT\\
```

```
In [14]: In [ ]:
```

```
# In file handling we read file in two ways
```

```
# python file and data file both are in different location # we need to provide the full path
```

```
In [15]: In [22]:
```

```
# python file and data file both are in same location # we provide only data filename
```

```
city.to_csv('naresh_it_city1.csv',index=False)
```

```
# there is no extra index column
```

we create a dataframe using list, data frame name: **city**

we saved the dataframe in local with index: **naresh_it_city.csv**

we saved the dataframe in local with out index: **naresh_it_city1.csv**

```
city.to_csv('naresh_it_city.csv')
```

```
# extra index column created
```

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:

*# both python file and data file are at
same location
no need to provide full path location*
pd.read_csv('naresh_it_city.csv')

Read those two dataframes

Out[22]: Unnamed: 0 City Code 0 0 Hyd 40

1 1 Mumbai 22
2 2 Benguluru 80

```
pd.read_csv('naresh_it_city  
.csv',index_col=0)
```

In [23]:

Out[23]: City Code 0 Hyd 40

1 Mumbai 22
2 Benguluru 80

In [18]: t_city1.csv')
pd.read_csv('naresh_i

Out[18]: City Code 0 Hyd 40

1 Mumbai 22
2 Benguluru 80

C) Change the index

```
city=pd.DataFrame(zip(l  
ist1,list2),  
columns=cols,  
index=['A','B','C'])  
city  
list1=['Hyd','Mumbai','  
Benguluru']  
list2=['040','022','080  
']
```

cols=['City','Code']

Out[25]: City Code A Hyd 040

B Mumbai 022
C Benguluru 080

D) How to add new column

In []: *# what is the new column want to
add: Product # How many rows in
your data: 3
what are the new values for*

product:['Car','Bus','Train']

In [26]: In [27]:

city['Product']=['Car','Bus','Trai

what is your dataframe name:city

n']

city

Out[27]: City Code Product A Hyd 040

Car

B Mumbai 022 Bus

C Benguluru 080 Train

E) How to drop the column

In [30]: In [31]:

```
# axis =1 =====> columns
# axis=0 =====> rows
# You are modifying the table , do you
# want save the results in same 'city' # or
# you want to create a new variable
```

```
# Suppose I want to keep in same 'City
variable': inplace=True
```

```
city.drop('Product',
axis=1,
inplace=True)
```

```
# what is the name of dataframe: City
# Which column you need to drop: Product
```

city

Out[31]: City Code

A Hyd 040

B Mumbai 022

C Benguluru 080

F) Create a Dataframe using Dictionary

```
'Age':[30,31,32]}
```

```
In [32]:
dict1={'Names':['Ram','Ra dict1
heem','Robert']},
```

```
Out[32]: {'Names': ['Ram', 'Raheem', 'Robert'], 'Age': [30, 31, 32]}
values automatically
consider as rows
```

```
In [33]:
# keys automatically
consider as columns #
pd.DataFrame(dict1)
```

Out[33]: Names Age

0 Ram 30

1 Raheem 31

2 Robert 32

If the values are not in list, then pass the index

```
In [37]:  
dict2={'Name': 'Naresh_IT',  
'City': 'Hyderabad', 'Age': 25}  
pd.DataFrame(dict2, index=[0,1,2])
```

```
Out[37]:
```

	Name	City	Age
0	Naresh_IT	Hyderabad	25
1	Naresh_IT	Hyderabad	25
2	Naresh_IT	Hyderabad	25

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```