

# 140+

# Basic

# Python

# Programs

**This resource can assist you in preparing for your interview**

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11/26/23, 4:53 AM Basic Python Program - Jupyter Notebook

## Program 1

**Write a Python program to print "Hello Python".**

```
In [1]: 1 print("Hello Python")
```

Hello Python

## Program 2

Write a Python program to do arithmetical operations addition and division.

```
In [2]:
1
# Addition
2
num1 = float(input("Enter the first
number for addition: ")) 3
num2 = float(input("Enter the second
number for addition: ")) 4
sum_result = num1 + num2
5
print(f"sum: {num1} + {num2} =
{sum_result}")
```

```
Enter the first number for addition: 5
Enter the second number for addition: 6
sum: 5.0 + 6.0 = 11.0
```

```
5
print("Error: Division by zero is
not allowed.") 6
else:
7
div_result = num3 / num4
8
print(f"Division: {num3} / {num4}
= {div_result}")

In [3]:
1
# Division
2
num3 = float(input("Enter the
dividend for division: ")) 3
num4 = float(input("Enter the
divisor for division: ")) 4
if num4 == 0:
```

```
Enter the dividend for division: 25
Enter the divisor for division: 5
Division: 25.0 / 5.0 = 5.0
```

## Program 3

Write a Python program to find the area of a triangle.

```
# Calculate the area of the triangle
5
area = 0.5 * base * height
6
# Display the result
7
print(f"The area of the triangle is:
{area}")

In [4]:
1
# Input the base and height from the user
2
base = float(input("Enter the length of
the base of the triangle: ")) 3
height = float(input("Enter the height of
the triangle: ")) 4
```

```
Enter the length of the base of the triangle: 10
Enter the height of the triangle: 15
The area of the triangle is: 75.0
```

## Program 4

Write a Python program to swap two variables.

```

In [5]:
1
# Input two variables
2
a = input("Enter the value of the
first variable (a): ") 3
b = input("Enter the value of the
second variable (b): ") 4
# Display the original values
5
print(f"Original values: a = {a},
b = {b}")
6
# Swap the values using a
temporary variable
7
temp = a
8
a = b
9
b = temp
10
# Display the swapped values
11
print(f"Swapped values: a = {a}, b
= {b}")

```

Enter the value of the first variable (a): 5  
 Enter the value of the second variable (b): 9  
 Original values: a = 5, b = 9  
 Swapped values: a = 9, b = 5

## Program 5

Write a Python program to generate a random number.

```

In [6]:
1
import random
2
print(f"Random number:
{random.randint(1, 100)}")

```

Random number: 89

## Program 6

Write a Python program to convert kilometers to miles.

```

In [7]:
1
kilometers = float(input("Enter
distance in kilometers: ")) 2
3
# Conversion factor: 1 kilometer =
0.621371 miles 4
conversion_factor = 0.621371
5
6
miles = kilometers *
conversion_factor
7
8
print(f"{kilometers} kilometers is
equal to {miles} miles")

```

Enter distance in kilometers: 100  
 100.0 kilometers is equal to 62.137100000000004 miles

## Program 7

Write a Python program to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit.

```

In [8]:
1
celsius = float(input("Enter temperature

```

```

in Celsius: ")) 2
3
# Conversion formula: Fahrenheit =
(Celsius * 9/5) + 32
4
fahrenheit = (celsius * 9/5) + 32
5
6
print(f"{celsius} degrees Celsius is equal
to {fahrenheit} degrees Fahr

```

Enter temperature in Celsius: 37  
 37.0 degrees Celsius is equal to 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit

## Program 8

Write a Python program to display calendar.

```

In [9]:
1
import calendar
2
3
year = int(input("Enter
year: ")) 4
month = int(input("Enter
month: ")) 5
6
cal =
calendar.month(year,
month) 7
print(cal)

```

Enter year: 2023  
 Enter month: 11  
 November 2023  
 Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su  
 1 2 3 4 5  
 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19  
 20 21 22 23 24 25 26  
 27 28 29 30

## Program 9

Write a Python program to solve quadratic equation.

The standard form of a quadratic equation is:

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

where

a, b and c are real numbers and

$$a \neq 0$$

The solutions of this quadratic equation is given by:

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

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```

In [10]:
1
import math
2
3
# Input coefficients
4
a = float(input("Enter coefficient a: "))
5
b = float(input("Enter coefficient b: "))
6
c = float(input("Enter coefficient c: "))
7
8
# Calculate the discriminant
9
discriminant = b**2 - 4*a*c
10
11
# Check if the discriminant is positive, negative, or zero
12
if discriminant > 0:
13
    # Two real and distinct roots
14
    root1 = (-b +
math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a) 15
    root2 = (-b -
math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a) 16
    print(f"Root 1: {root1}")
17
    print(f"Root 2: {root2}")
18
elif discriminant == 0:
19
    # One real root (repeated)
20
    root = -b / (2*a)
21
    print(f"Root: {root}")
22
else:
23
    # Complex roots
24
    real_part = -b / (2*a)
25
    imaginary_part =
math.sqrt(abs(discriminant)) /
(2*a) 26
    print(f"Root 1: {real_part} +
{imaginary_part}i") 27
    print(f"Root 2: {real_part} -
{imaginary_part}i") 28

```

```

Enter coefficient a: 1
Enter coefficient b: 4
Enter coefficient c: 8
Root 1: -2.0 + 2.0i
Root 2: -2.0 - 2.0i

```

## Program 10

Write a Python program to swap two variables without temp variable.

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255
```

## Program 11

Write a Python Program to Check if a Number is Positive, Negative or Zero.

```

4
elif num == 0:
5
    print("Zero")
6
else:
7
    print("Negative number")
In [12]:
1
num = float(input("Enter a number: "))
2
if num > 0:
3
    print("Positive number")

```

Enter a number: 6.4  
Positive number

## Program 12

Write a Python Program to Check if a Number is Odd or Even.

```

4
print("This is a even
number")
5
else:
6
    print("This is a odd
number")
In [13]:
1
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
2
if num%2 == 0:
3

```

Enter a number: 3  
This is a odd number

## Program 13

Write a Python Program to Check Leap Year.

```

7
8
# not divided by 100 means not a century
year
9
# year divided by 4 is a Leap year
10
elif (year % 4 == 0) and (year % 100 !=
0):
11
    print("{0} is a leap year".format(year))
12
13
# if not divided by both 400 (century
year) and 4 (not century year)
14
# year is not Leap year
In [14]:
1
year = int(input("Enter a year: "))
2
3
# divided by 100 means century year
(ending with 00)
4
# century year divided by 400 is Leap
year
5
if (year % 400 == 0) and (year % 100 ==
0):
6
    print("{0} is a leap year".format(year))
15

```

```
else:
16
```

```
print("{0} is not a leap
year".format(year))
```

```
Enter a year: 2024
2024 is a leap year
```

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## Program 14

**Write a Python Program to Check Prime Number.**

### Prime Numbers:

A prime number is a whole number that cannot be evenly divided by any other number except for 1 and itself. For example, 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, and 13 are prime numbers because they cannot be divided by any other positive integer except for 1 and their own value.

```
In [15]:
1
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
2
3
# define a flag variable
4
flag = False
5
6
# check for factors
7
if num == 1:
8
    print(f"{num}, is not a prime number")
9
elif num > 1:
10
    # check for factors
11
    if (num % i) == 0:
12
        flag = True # if factor is found, set
13
        flag to True
14
        # break out of loop
15
        break
16
17
    # check if flag is True
18
    if flag:
19
        print(f"{num}, is not a prime number")
20
    else:
21
        print(f"{num}, is a prime number")
```

```
Enter a number: 27
27, is not a prime number
```

## Program 15 ¶

**Write a Python Program to Print all Prime Numbers in an Interval of 1-10.**

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```

In [20]:
1
# Python program to display all the prime numbers within an interval 2
3
lower = 1
4
upper = 10
5
6
print("Prime numbers between", lower,
      "and", upper, "are:")
7
8
for num in range(lower, upper + 1):
9
    # all prime numbers are greater than 1
10
    if num > 1:
11
        for i in range(2, num):
12
            if (num % i) == 0:
13
                break
14
            else:
15
                print(num)

```

Prime numbers between 1 and 10 are:

2  
3  
5  
7

## Program 16

**Write a Python Program to Find the Factorial of a Number.**

```

In [21]:
1
num = int(input("Enter a number:
2
"))
3
factorial = 1
4
if num < 0:
5
    print("Factirial does not exist
    for negative numbers")
6
elif num == 0:
7
    print("Factorial of 0 is 1")
8
else:
9
    for i in range(1, num+1):
10
        factorial = factorial*i
11
    print(f'The factorial of {num} is
    {factorial}')

```

Enter a number: 4  
The factorial of 4 is 24



# Program 17

Write a Python Program to Display the multiplication Table.

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```
In [22]:  
1  
num = int(input("Display  
multiplication table of: ")) 2  
3  
for i in range(1, 11):  
4  
    print(f"{num} X {i} = {num*i}")
```

Display multiplication table of: 19

```
19 X 1 = 19  
19 X 2 = 38  
19 X 3 = 57  
19 X 4 = 76  
19 X 5 = 95  
19 X 6 = 114  
19 X 7 = 133  
19 X 8 = 152  
19 X 9 = 171  
19 X 10 = 190
```

# Program 18

Write a Python Program to Print the Fibonacci sequence.

**Fibonacci sequence:**

The Fibonacci sequence is a series of numbers where each number is the sum of the two preceding ones, typically starting with 0 and 1. So, the sequence begins with 0 and 1, and the next number is obtained by adding the previous two numbers. This pattern continues indefinitely, generating a sequence that looks like this:

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, and so on.

Mathematically, the Fibonacci sequence can be defined using the following recurrence relation:

$$\begin{aligned} F(0) &= 0 & F(1) &= 1 & F(n) &= F(n-1) + F(n-2) & n > 1 \end{aligned}$$

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```

In [23]:
1
nterms = int(input("How many
terms? ")) 2
3
# first two terms
4
n1, n2 = 0, 1
5
count = 0
6
7
# check if the number of terms
is valid 8
if nterms <= 0:
9
    print("Please enter a
positive integer") 10
# if there is only one term,
return n1 11
elif nterms == 1:
12
    print("Fibonacci sequence
upto",nterms,":") 13
    print(n1)
14
# generate fibonacci sequence
15
else:
16
    print("Fibonacci sequence:")
17
    while count < nterms:
18
        print(n1)
19
        nth = n1 + n2
20
        # update values
21
        n1 = n2
22
        n2 = nth
23
        count += 1

```

How many terms? 10

Fibonacci sequence:

0

1

1

2

3

5

8

13

21

34

# Program 19

## Write a Python Program to Check Armstrong Number?

### Armstrong Number:

It is a number that is equal to the sum of its own digits, each raised to a power equal to the number of digits in the number.

For example, let's consider the number 153:

It has three digits (1, 5, and 3).

$$1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3$$

$$1 + 125 + 27 = 153$$

If we calculate + , we get , which is equal to .

So, 153 is an Armstrong number because it equals the sum of its digits raised to the power of the number of digits in the number.

Another example is 9474:

It has four digits (9, 4, 7, and 4).

$$9^4 + 4^4 + 7^4 + 4^4 = 6561 + 256 + 2401 + 256$$

$$9 + 4 + 7 + 4$$

If we calculate , we get , which is also 9474 equal to .

Therefore, 9474 is an Armstrong number as well.

```
In [25]:
1
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
2
3
# Calculate the number of digits in
num
4
num_str = str(num)
5
num_digits = len(num_str)
6
7
# Initialize variables
8
sum_of_powers = 0
9
temp_num = num
10
11
# Calculate the sum of digits raised
to the power of num_digits
12
13
while temp_num > 0:
14
    digit = temp_num % 10
15
    sum_of_powers += digit ** num_digits
16
    temp_num //= 10
17
18
# Check if it's an Armstrong number
19
if sum_of_powers == num:
20
    print(f"{num} is an Armstrong
number.")
21
else:
22
    print(f"{num} is not an Armstrong
number.")
23
```

Enter a number: 9474  
9474 is an Armstrong number.

## Program 20

Write a Python Program to Find Armstrong Number in an Interval.

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```
In [26]:
1
# Input the interval from the user
2
lower = int(input("Enter the lower limit
of the interval: ")) 3
upper = int(input("Enter the upper limit
of the interval: ")) 4
5
6
for num in range(lower, upper + 1): #
Iterate through the numbers i 7
    order = len(str(num)) # Find the number
of digits in 'num' 8
    temp_num = num
9
    sum = 0
10
11
    while temp_num > 0:
12
        digit = temp_num % 10
13
        sum += digit ** order
14
        temp_num //= 10
15
16
    # Check if 'num' is an Armstrong number
17
    if num == sum:
18
        print(num)
```

```
Enter the lower limit of the interval: 10
Enter the upper limit of the interval: 1000
153
370
371
407
```

## Program 21

Write a Python Program to Find the Sum of Natural Numbers.

**Natural numbers** are a set of positive integers that are used to count and order objects. They are the numbers that typically start from 1 and continue indefinitely, including all the whole numbers greater than 0. In mathematical notation, the set of natural numbers is often denoted as "N" and can be expressed as:

$$\mathbb{N} = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, \dots$$

In [27]:

```
1
limit = int(input("Enter the limit:
"))
2
3
# Initialize the sum
4
sum = 0
5
6
# Use a for loop to calculate the sum
of natural numbers 7
for i in range(1, limit + 1):
8
    sum += i
9
10
# Print the sum
11
print("The sum of natural numbers up
to", limit, "is:", sum)
```

Enter the limit: 10

The sum of natural numbers up to 10 is: 55

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## Program 22

**Write a Python Program to Find LCM.**

**Least Common Multiple (LCM):**

LCM, or Least Common Multiple, is the smallest multiple that is exactly divisible by two or more numbers.

Formula:

For two numbers a and b, the LCM can be found using the formula:

$$\text{LCM}(a, b) = \frac{a \cdot b}{\text{GCD}(a, b)}$$

For more than two numbers, you can find the LCM step by step, taking the LCM of pairs of numbers at a time until you reach the last pair.

Note: GCD stands for Greatest Common Divisor.

In [1]:

```
1
# Python Program to find the L.C.M.
of two input number 2
3
def compute_lcm(x, y):
4
    if x > y: # choose the greater
number 5
        greater = x
6
    else:
```

```

7         greater = y
8     while(True):
9         if((greater % x == 0) and (greater
10 % y == 0)):
11             lcm = greater
12             break
13         greater += 1
14     return lcm
15
16 num1 = int(input('Enter the number:
17 '))
18 num2 = int(input('Enter the number:
19 '))
20
21 print("The L.C.M. is",
22       compute_lcm(num1, num2))

```

```

Enter the number: 54
Enter the number: 24
The L.C.M. is 216

```

## Program 23

**Write a Python Program to Find HCF.**

**Highest Common Factor(HCF):**

HCF, or Highest Common Factor, is the largest positive integer that divides two or more numbers without leaving a remainder.

Formula:

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For two numbers a and b, the HCF can be found using the formula:

$$\text{HCF}(a, b) = \text{GCD}(a, b)$$

For more than two numbers, you can find the HCF by taking the GCD of pairs of numbers at a time until you reach the last pair.

Note: GCD stands for Greatest Common Divisor.

```

In [2]:
1         smaller = x
2         for i in range(1, smaller+1):
3             if((x % i == 0) and (y % i ==
4             0)):
5                 hcf = i
6             return hcf
7
8     def compute_hcf(x, y):
9
10        # choose the smaller number
11        if x > y:
12            smaller = y
13        else:
14            smaller = x
15
16        for i in range(1, smaller+1):
17            if((x % i == 0) and (y % i ==
18            0)):
19                hcf = i
20            return hcf
21
22    num1 = int(input('Enter the
23    number: '))
24    num2 = int(input('Enter the
25    number: '))
26
27    print("The H.C.F. is",
28          compute_hcf(num1, num2))

```

Enter the number: 54  
Enter the number: 24  
The H.C.F. is 6

## Program 24

**Write a Python Program to Convert Decimal to Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal.**

**How can we manually convert a decimal number to binary, octal and hexadecimal?**

Converting a decimal number to binary, octal, and hexadecimal involves dividing the decimal number by the base repeatedly and noting the remainders at each step. Here's a simple example:

Let's convert the decimal number 27 to binary, octal, and hexadecimal.

### 1. Binary:

Divide 27 by 2. Quotient is 13, remainder is 1. Note the remainder.  
Divide 13 by 2. Quotient is 6, remainder is 1. Note the remainder.  
Divide 6 by 2. Quotient is 3, remainder is 0. Note the remainder.  
Divide 3 by 2. Quotient is 1, remainder is 1. Note the remainder.  
Divide 1 by 2. Quotient is 0, remainder is 1. Note the remainder.

Reading the remainders from bottom to top, the binary representation of 27 is 11011.

### 2. Octal:

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Divide 27 by 8. Quotient is 3, remainder is 3. Note the remainder.  
Divide 3 by 8. Quotient is 0, remainder is 3. Note the remainder.

Reading the remainders from bottom to top, the octal representation of 27 is 33.

### 3. Hexadecimal:

Divide 27 by 16. Quotient is 1, remainder is 11 (B in hexadecimal). Note the remainder.

Reading the remainders, the hexadecimal representation of 27 is 1B.

So, in summary:

Binary: 27 in decimal is 11011 in binary.

Octal: 27 in decimal is 33 in octal.

Hexadecimal: 27 in decimal is 1B in hexadecimal.

```
In [3]:
1
dec_num = int(input('Enter a
decimal number: ')) 2
3
print("The decimal value of",
dec_num, "is:") 4
print(bin(dec_num), "in
binary.") 5
print(oct(dec_num), "in
octal.") 6
print(hex(dec_num), "in
hexadecimal.")
```

Enter a decimal number: 27

The decimal value of 27 is:  
0b11011 in binary.  
0o33 in octal.  
0x1b in hexadecimal.

## Program 25

**Write a Python Program To Find ASCII value of a character.**

**ASCII value:**

ASCII, or American Standard Code for Information Interchange, is a character encoding standard that uses numeric values to represent characters. Each ASCII character is assigned a unique 7-bit or 8-bit binary number, allowing computers to exchange information and display text in a consistent way. The ASCII values range from 0 to 127 (for 7-bit ASCII) or 0 to 255 (for 8-bit ASCII), with each value corresponding to a specific character, such as letters, digits, punctuation marks, and control characters.

```
In [4]:
1
char = str(input("Enter the character: "))
2
print("The ASCII value of '" + char + "' is", ord(char))

Enter the character: P
The ASCII value of 'P' is 80
```

## Program 26

**Write a Python Program to Make a Simple Calculator with 4 basic mathematical operations.**

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```
In [5]: # This function adds two numbers 1
2
def add(x, y):
3
    return x + y
4
5
# This function subtracts two numbers
6
def subtract(x, y):
7
    return x - y
8
9
# This function multiplies two numbers
10
def multiply(x, y):
11
    return x * y
12
13
# This function divides two numbers
14
```



```

14     def divide(x, y):
15
16         return x / y
17
18
19     print("Select operation.")
20
21     print("1.Add")
22
23     print("2.Subtract")
24
25     print("3.Multiply")
26
27     print("4.Divide")
28
29     while True:
30
31         # take input from the user
32
33         choice = input("Enter choice(1/2/3/4): ")
34
35         # check if choice is one of the four options
36
37         if choice in ('1', '2', '3', '4'):
38
39             try:
40
41                 num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
42
43                 num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
44             except ValueError:
45
46                 print("Invalid input. Please enter a number.")
47                 continue
48
49             if choice == '1':
50
51                 print(num1, "+", num2, "=", add(num1, num2))
52
53             elif choice == '2':
54
55                 print(num1, "-", num2, "=", subtract(num1, num2))
56
57             elif choice == '3':
58
59                 print(num1, "*", num2, "=", multiply(num1, num2))
60
61             elif choice == '4':
62
63                 print(num1, "/", num2, "=", divide(num1, num2))
64
65         # check if user wants another calculation
66
67         # break the while loop if answer is no
68
69         next_calculation = input("Let's do next calculation? (yes/no): ")
70         if next_calculation == "no":
71
72

```

```
53         break
54     else:
55         print("Invalid Input")
```

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```
Select operation.
1.Add
2.Subtract
3.Multiply
4.Divide
Enter choice(1/2/3/4): 1
Enter first number: 5
Enter second number: 6
5.0 + 6.0 = 11.0
Let's do next calculation? (yes/no): yes
Enter choice(1/2/3/4): 2
Enter first number: 50
Enter second number: 5
50.0 - 5.0 = 45.0
Let's do next calculation? (yes/no): yes
Enter choice(1/2/3/4): 3
Enter first number: 22
Enter second number: 2
22.0 * 2.0 = 44.0
Let's do next calculation? (yes/no): yes
Enter choice(1/2/3/4): 4
Enter first number: 99
Enter second number: 9
99.0 / 9.0 = 11.0
Let's do next calculation? (yes/no): no
```

## Program 27

**Write a Python Program to Display Fibonacci Sequence Using Recursion.**

### **Fibonacci sequence:**

The Fibonacci sequence is a series of numbers in which each number is the sum of the two preceding ones, usually starting with 0 and 1. In mathematical terms, it is defined by the recurrence relation ( $F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2)$ ), with initial conditions ( $F(0) = 0$ ) and ( $F(1) = 1$ ). The sequence begins: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, and so on. The Fibonacci sequence has widespread applications in mathematics, computer science, nature, and art.

In [9]:

```

1
# Python program to display the
# Fibonacci sequence
2
3
def recur_fibo(n):
4
    if n <= 1:
5
        return n
6
    else:
7
        return(recur_fibo(n-1) +
recur_fibo(n-2))
8

```

```

9
nterms = int(input("Enter the number of
terms (greater than 0): ")) 10
11
# check if the number of terms is valid
12
if nterms <= 0:
13
    print("Plese enter a positive integer")
14
else:
15
    print("Fibonacci sequence:")
16
    for i in range(nterms):
17
        print(recur_fibo(i))

```

Enter the number of terms (greater than 0): 8

Fibonacci sequence:

```

0
1
1
2
3
5
8
13

```

## Program 28

**Write a Python Program to Find Factorial of Number Using Recursion.**

The factorial of a non-negative integer (  $n$  ) is the product of all positive integers less than or equal to (  $n$  ). It is denoted by (  $n!$  ) and is defined as:

$$n! = n \times (n - 1) \times (n - 2) \times \dots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

For example:

$$5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 120$$

$$0!$$

is defined to be 1.

Factorials are commonly used in mathematics, especially in combinatorics and probability, to count the number of ways a set of elements can be arranged or selected.

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```
In [11]:
1
# Factorial of a number using recursion # check if the number is negative
2
3
def recur_factorial(n):
4
    if n == 1:
5
        return n
6
    else:
7
        return n*recur_factorial(n-1)
8
9
num = int(input("Enter the number: "))
10
11
12
if num < 0:
13
    print("Sorry, factorial does not exist
for negative numbers") 14
elif num == 0:
15
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")
16
else:
17
    print("The factorial of", num, "is",
recur_factorial(num))
```

Enter the number: 7  
The factorial of 7 is 5040

## Program 29

**Write a Python Program to calculate your Body Mass Index.**

**Body Mass Index (BMI)** is a measure of body fat based on an individual's weight and height. It is commonly used as a screening tool to categorize individuals into different weight status categories, such as underweight, normal weight, overweight, and obesity.

The BMI is calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{BMI} = \frac{\text{Weight (kg)}}{\text{Height (m)}^2}$$

Alternatively, in the imperial system:

$$\text{BMI} = \frac{\text{Weight (lb)}}{\text{Height (in)}^2} \times 703$$

BMI provides a general indication of body fatness but does not directly measure body fat or distribution. It is widely used in public health and clinical settings as a quick and simple tool to assess potential health risks associated with weight. Different BMI ranges are associated with different health categories, but it's important to note that BMI has limitations and does not account for factors such as muscle mass or distribution of fat.

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```
12
13 print("Your BMI is: ", bmi)
14
15 def bodymassindex(height,
16 weight):
17     if bmi <= 18.5:
18         print("You are underweight.")
19     elif 18.5 < bmi <= 24.9:
20         print("Your weight is
21 normal.")
22     elif 25 < bmi <= 29.9:
23         print("You are overweight.")
24     else:
25         print("You are obese.")
26
27 In [12]:
28 1
29 def bodymassindex(height,
30 weight):
31     return round((weight /
32 height**2),2) 3
33
34 4
35 5
36 h = float(input("Enter your
37 height in meters: ")) 6
38 w = float(input("Enter your
39 weight in kg: ")) 7
40
41 8
42 9
43 print("Welcome to the BMI
44 calculator.")
45
46 10
47 11
48 bmi = bodymassindex(h, w)
```

```
Enter your height in meters: 1.8
Enter your weight in kg: 70
Welcome to the BMI calculator.
Your BMI is: 21.6
Your weight is normal.
```

## Program 30

Write a Python Program to calculate the natural logarithm of any number.



The **natural logarithm**, often denoted as  $\ln$ , is a mathematical function that represents the logarithm to the base  $e$ , where  $e$  is the mathematical constant approximately equal to 2.71828. In other words, for a positive number  $x$ , the natural logarithm of  $x$  is the exponent  $y$  that satisfies the equation  $e^y = x$ .

Mathematically, the natural logarithm is expressed as:

$$\ln(x)$$

It is commonly used in various branches of mathematics, especially in calculus and mathematical analysis, as well as in fields such as physics, economics, and engineering. The natural logarithm has properties that make it particularly useful in situations involving exponential growth or decay.

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```
In [13]:
1
import math
2
3
num = float(input("Enter a number: "))
4
5
if num <= 0:
6
    print("Please enter a positive number.")
7
else:
8
    # Calculate the natural logarithm (base e) of the number
    result = math.log(num)
10
    print(f"The natural logarithm of {num} is: {result}")
```

Enter a number: 1.4  
The natural logarithm of 1.4 is: 0.3364722366212129

## Program 31

Write a Python Program for cube sum of first n natural numbers?

```
In [14]:
1
def cube_sum_of_natural_numbers(n):
2
    if n <= 0:
3
        return 0
4
    else:
5
        total = sum([i**3 for i in range(1, n + 1)])
6
        return total
7
8
# Input the number of natural numbers
9
n = int(input("Enter the value of n: "))
10
```

```

11                                     14
12                                     result = cube_sum_of_natural_numbers(n)
13                                     15
14                                     print(f"The cube sum of the first {n}
15                                     natural numbers is: {result}")
16
17 else:

```

Enter the value of n: 7

The cube sum of the first 7 natural numbers is: 784

## Program 32

**Write a Python Program to find sum of array.**

In Python, an **array** is a data structure used to store a collection of elements, each identified by an index or a key. Unlike some other programming languages, Python does not have a built-in array type. Instead, the most commonly used array-like data structure is the list.

A list in Python is a dynamic array, meaning it can change in size during runtime. Elements in a list can be of different data types, and you can perform various operations such as adding, removing, or modifying elements. Lists are defined using square brackets `[]` and can be indexed and sliced to access specific elements or sublists.

Example of a simple list in Python:

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

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This list can be accessed and manipulated using various built-in functions and methods in Python.

```

In [15]:
1                                     4
2                                     ans = sum(arr)
3                                     5
4                                     6
5                                     print('Sum of the array
6                                     is ', ans)
7

```

Sum of the array is 6

*element to the total 7*

```

In [16]:
1                                     8
2                                     return total
3                                     9
4                                     10
5                                     # Example usage:
6                                     11
7                                     array = [1, 2, 3]
8                                     12
9                                     result = sum_of_array(array)
10                                     13
11                                     print("Sum of the array:", result)
12
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97
98
99

```

Sum of the array: 6

## Program 33

Write a Python Program to find largest element in an array.

```
In [18]:
1
def find_largest_element(arr):
2
    if not arr:
3
        return "Array is empty"
4
5
    # Initialize the first element as
    the largest 6
    largest_element = arr[0]
7
8
    # Iterate through the array to find
    the largest element 9
    for element in arr:
10
        if element > largest_element:
11
            largest_element = element
12
13
    return largest_element
14
15
# Example usage:
16
my_array = [10, 20, 30, 99]
17
result =
find_largest_element(my_array)
18
print(f"The largest element in the
array is: {result}") 19
```

The largest element in the array is: 99

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## Program 34

Write a Python Program for array rotation.

```
In [19]:
1
def rotate_array(arr, d):
2
    n = len(arr)
3
4
    # Check if 'd' is valid, it should be
    within the range of array len 5
    if d < 0 or d >= n:
6
        return "Invalid rotation value"
7
8
    # Create a new array to store the rotated
    elements.
9
    rotated_arr = [0] * n
10
11
    # Perform the rotation.
12
    for i in range(n):
13
        rotated_arr[i] = arr[(i + d) % n]
14
15
    return rotated_arr
16
17
# Input array
18
arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
19
20
# Number of positions to rotate
21
d = 2
22
23
# Call the rotate_array function
```



```

24 result = rotate_array(arr, d)
25
26 # Print the rotated array
27 print("Original Array:", arr)
28
29 print("Rotated Array:", result)

```

Original Array: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
 Rotated Array: [3, 4, 5, 1, 2]

## Program 35

**Write a Python Program to Split the array and add the first part to the end?**

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```

In [20]:
1
def split_and_add(arr, k):
2     if k <= 0 or k >= len(arr):
3         return arr
4     # Split the array into two parts
5     first_part = arr[:k]
6     second_part = arr[k:]
7     # Add the first part to the end of the second part
8     result = second_part + first_part
9     return result
10
11
12
13
14 # Test the function
15 arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
16 k = 3
17 result = split_and_add(arr, k)
18
19 print("Original Array:", arr)
20
21 print("Array after splitting and adding:", result)

```

Original Array: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
 Array after splitting and adding: [4, 5, 1, 2, 3]

## Program 36

**Write a Python Program to check if given array is Monotonic.** A monotonic

array is one that is entirely non-increasing or non-decreasing.

```

decreasing
11
12
def is_monotonic(arr):
    # Test the function
13
    increasing = decreasing = True
    arr1 = [1, 2, 2, 3] # Monotonic
    (non-decreasing) 14
    arr2 = [3, 2, 1] # Monotonic
    (non-increasing) 15
    arr3 = [1, 3, 2, 4] # Not
    monotonic
16
17
    print("arr1 is monotonic:",
    is_monotonic(arr1)) 18
    print("arr2 is monotonic:",
    is_monotonic(arr2)) 19
    print("arr3 is monotonic:",
    is_monotonic(arr3))
20
    return increasing or

arr1 is monotonic: True
arr2 is monotonic: True
arr3 is monotonic: False

```

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## Program 37

### Write a Python Program to Add Two Matrices.

```

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```

```

24
matrix2 = [
25     [9, 8, 7],
26     [6, 5, 4],
27     [3, 2, 1]
28 ]
29
30 # Call the add_matrices function
31
result_matrix = add_matrices(matrix1,
matrix2)

```

```

Sum of matrices:
[10, 10, 10]
[10, 10, 10]
[10, 10, 10]

```

```

32
33 # Display the result
34
35 if isinstance(result_matrix, str):
36     print(result_matrix)
37 else:
38     print("Sum of matrices:")
39     for row in result_matrix:
40         print(row)

```

## Program 38

**Write a Python Program to Multiply Two Matrices.**

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```

In [2]:
1
# Function to multiply two matrices
2
3 def multiply_matrices(mat1, mat2):
4     # Determine the dimensions of the input
matrices
5     rows1 = len(mat1)
6     cols1 = len(mat1[0])
7     rows2 = len(mat2)
8     cols2 = len(mat2[0])
9
10    # Check if multiplication is possible
11    if cols1 != rows2:
12        return "Matrix multiplication is not
possible. Number of column
13    # Initialize the result matrix with zeros
14    result = [[0 for _ in range(cols2)] for _
15              in range(rows1)]
16    # Perform matrix multiplication
17    for i in range(rows1):
18        for j in range(cols2):
19            for k in range(cols1):
20                result[i][j] += mat1[i][k] * mat2[k][j]
21
22    return result
23
24    # Example matrices
25    matrix1 = [[1, 2, 3],
26              [4, 5, 6]]
27
28    matrix2 = [[7, 8],
29              [9, 10],
30              [11, 12]]
31
32    # Multiply the matrices

```

```

33                                     print(result_matrix)
result_matrix = multiply_matrices(matrix1, 38
matrix2)                               else:
34                                     39
35                                     print("Result of matrix multiplication:")
# Display the result                    40
36                                     for row in result_matrix:
37                                     if isinstance(result_matrix, str):
41                                     print(row)

```

```

Result of matrix multiplication:
[58, 64]
[139, 154]

```

## Program 39

Write a Python Program to Transpose a Matrix.

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```

In [3]:
1                                     13
# Function to transpose a matrix    # Input matrix
2                                     14
def transpose_matrix(matrix):       matrix = [
3                                     15
    rows, cols = len(matrix),       [1, 2, 3],
    len(matrix[0])                 16
4                                     [4, 5, 6]
    # Create an empty matrix to store 17
    the transposed data            ]
5                                     18
    result = [[0 for _ in range(rows) 19
for _ in range(cols)] 6            # Transpose the matrix
7                                     20
    for i in range(rows):           transposed_matrix =
8                                     21
    for j in range(cols):           transpose_matrix(matrix)
9                                     22
    result[j][i] = matrix[i][j]     23
10                                     # Print the transposed matrix
11                                     24
    return result                  for row in transposed_matrix:
12                                     25

```

```

[1, 4]
[2, 5]
[3, 6]

```

## Program 40

## Write a Python Program to Sort Words in Alphabetic Order.

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```
In [4]:  
1  
# Program to sort alphabetically the words  
form a string provided by th 2  
3  
my_str = input("Enter a string: ")  
4  
5  
# breakdown the string into a list of  
words  
6  
words = [word.capitalize() for word in  
my_str.split()]  
7  
8  
# sort the list  
9  
words.sort()  
10  
11  
# display the sorted words  
12  
13  
print("The sorted words are:")  
14  
15  
for word in words:  
16  
    print(word)
```

Enter a string: suresh ramesh vibhuti gulgule raji ram shyam ajay  
The sorted words are:

Ajay  
Gulgule  
Raji  
Ram  
Ramesh  
Shyam  
Suresh  
Vibhuti

## Program 41

Write a Python Program to Remove Punctuation From a String.

```

# remove punctuation from the
string
In [5]:
1
# define punctuation
2
punctuations =
'''!()-[]{};:'"\<>./?@$%^&*~
''' 3
4
5
# To take input from the user
6
my_str = input("Enter a string:
")
7
8
print(no_punct)

```

Enter a string: Hello!!!, he said ---and went  
Hello he said and went

## Program 42

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```

In [ ]: In [ ]:
1
1
5
# Calculate the sum of digits raised
to their respective positions 6
digit_sum = sum(int(i) ** (index + 1)
for index, i in enumerate(num 7
8
# Check if the sum is equal to the
original number
9
return digit_sum == number
10
11

```

## Program 43

**Write a Python program to check if the given number is a Disarium Number.**

A **Disarium number** is a number that is equal to the sum of its digits each raised to the power of its respective position. For example, 89 is a

Disarium number because  $8^1 + 9^2 = 8 + 81 = 89$ .

```

In [1]:
1
def is_disarium(number):
2
# Convert the number to a string to
iterate over its digits 3
num_str = str(number)
4
5
# Input a number from the user
12
try:
13
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
14
15
# Check if it's a Disarium number
16
if is_disarium(num):
17
print(f"{num} is a Disarium number.")
18
else:
19
print(f"{num} is not a Disarium
number.")
20

```

```
except ValueError:
21
```

```
print("Invalid input. Please enter a
valid number.")
```

```
Enter a number: 89
89 is a Disarium number.
```

## Program 44

Write a Python program to print all disarium numbers between 1 to 100.

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```
In [2]:
```

```
1
def is_disarium(num):
```

```
2
    num_str = str(num)
```

```
3
    digit_sum = sum(int(i) ** (index + 1) for index, i in enumerate(num_str))
4
    return num == digit_sum
5
```

```
6
```

```
disarium_numbers = [num for num in
range(1, 101) if is_disarium(num)]
```

```
7
```

```
8
print("Disarium numbers between 1 and
100:")
```

```
9
```

```
for num in disarium_numbers:
```

```
10
```

```
    print(num, end=" | ")
```

```
Disarium numbers between 1 and 100:
```

```
1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 89 |
```

## Program 45

Write a Python program to check if the given number is Happy Number.

**Happy Number:** A Happy Number is a positive integer that, when you repeatedly replace the number by the sum of the squares of its digits and continue the process, eventually reaches 1. If the process never reaches 1 but instead loops endlessly in a cycle, the number is not a Happy Number.

For example:

19 is a Happy Number because:

$$1^2 + 9^2$$

$$1 + 81 = 82$$

$$8^2 + 2^2$$

$$8 + = 68$$

$$^2 8^2$$

$$6 + = 100$$

$$^2 0^2 0^2$$

$$1 + + = 1$$

The process reaches 1, so 19 is a Happy Number.

```

In [3]:
1
def is_happy_number(num):
2
    seen = set() # To store
    previously seen numbers 3
4
    while num != 1 and num not in
    seen:
5
        seen.add(num)
6
        num = sum(int(i) ** 2 for i in
    str(num)) 7
8
    return num == 1
9
10
    # Test the function with a
    number
11
    num = int(input("Enter a number:
    "))
12
    if is_happy_number(num):
13
        print(f"{num} is a Happy
    Number")
14
    else:
15
        print(f"{num} is not a Happy
    Number")

```

Enter a number: 23  
23 is a Happy Number

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## Program 46

**Write a Python program to print all happy numbers between 1 and 100.**

```

In [4]:
1
def is_happy_number(num):
2
    seen = set()
3
4
    while num != 1 and num not in
    seen: 5
        seen.add(num)
6
        num = sum(int(i) ** 2 for i
    in str(num)) 7
8
    return num == 1
9
10
    happy_numbers = []
11
12
    for num in range(1, 101):
13
        if is_happy_number(num):
14
            happy_numbers.append(num)
15
16
    print("Happy Numbers between 1
    and 100:") 17
    print(happy_numbers)

```

Happy Numbers between 1 and 100:

[1, 7, 10, 13, 19, 23, 28, 31, 32, 44, 49, 68, 70, 79, 82, 86, 91, 94, 97, 100]



## Program 47

Write a Python program to determine whether the given number is a Harshad Number.

A **Harshad number** (or Niven number) is an integer that is divisible by the sum of its digits. In other words, a number is considered a Harshad number if it can be evenly divided by the sum of its own digits.

For example:

$$1 + 8 = 9$$

18 is a Harshad number because , and 18 is divisible by 9

$$4 + 2 = 6$$

42 is not a Harshad number because , and 42 is not divisible by 6.

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```
In [5]:  
1  
def is_harshad_number(num):  
2  
    # Calculate the sum of the digits of the number  
3    digit_sum = sum(int(i) for i in str(num))  
4  
5    # Check if the number is divisible by the sum of its digits  
6    return num % digit_sum == 0  
7  
8  
# Input a number  
9  
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
10  
11  
# Check if it's a Harshad Number  
12  
if is_harshad_number(num):  
13  
    print(f"{num} is a Harshad Number.")  
14  
else:  
15  
    print(f"{num} is not a Harshad Number.")
```

```
Enter a number: 18  
18 is a Harshad Number.
```

## Program 48

Write a Python program to print all pronic numbers between 1 and 100.

A pronic number, also known as an oblong number or rectangular number, is a type of figurate number that represents a rectangle. It is the product of two consecutive integers,  $n$  and  $(n + 1)$ . Mathematically, a pronic number can be expressed as:

$$n \times n = n \times (n + 1) \times n$$

For example, the first few pronic numbers are:

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \times 1 &= 1 \times (1 + 1) = 2 \\ 2 \times 2 &= 2 \times (2 + 1) = 6 \\ 3 \times 3 &= 3 \times (3 + 1) = 12 \\ 4 \times 4 &= 4 \times (4 + 1) = 20 \end{aligned}$$

```

In [6]:
1
def is_pronic_number(num):
2
    for n in range(1,
3
        int(num**0.5) + 1):
4
        if n * (n + 1) == num:
5
            return True
6
7
            return False
8
9
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```

```

numbers = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
3
4
# Initialize a variable to store the
product
5
product_of_numbers = 1
6
7
# Iterate through the list and
    accumulate the product 8
    for i in numbers:
9
    product_of_numbers *= i
10
11
# Print the product
12
print("Product of elements in the
list:", product_of_numbers)

```

Product of elements in the list: 12000000

## Program 51

**Write a Python program to find smallest number in a list.**

```

In [9]:
1
# Sample list of numbers
2
numbers = [30, 10, -45, 5, 20]
3
4
# Initialize a variable to store the
minimum value, initially set to th 5
minimum = numbers[0]
6
7
    # Iterate through the list and update the
    minimum value if a smaller nu 8
    for i in numbers:
9
        if i < minimum:
10
            minimum = i
11
12
# Print the minimum value
13
print("The smallest number in the list
is:", minimum)

```

The smallest number in the list is: -45

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## Program 52

**Write a Python program to find largest number in a list.**

```

In [10]:
1
# Sample list of numbers
2
numbers = [30, 10, -45, 5, 20]
3
4
# Initialize a variable to store the
minimum value, initially set to th 5
minimum = numbers[0]
6
7
    # Iterate through the list and update the
    minimum value if a smaller nu 8
    for i in numbers:
9
        if i > minimum:
10
            minimum = i
11
12
# Print the minimum value
13
print("The largest number in the list
is:", minimum)

```

The largest number in the list is: 30

## Program 53

**Write a Python program to find second largest number in a list.**

```
In [11]:
1
# Sample List of numbers
2
numbers = [30, 10, 45, 5, 20]
3
4
# Sort the list in descending order
5
numbers.sort(reverse=True)
6
7
# Check if there are at least two elements
in the List
8
if len(numbers) >= 2:
9
    second_largest = numbers[1]
10
    print("The second largest number in the
list is:", second_largest)
11
else:
12
    print("The list does not contain a second
largest number.")
```

The second largest number in the list is: 30

## Program 54

**Write a Python program to find N largest elements from a list.**

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```
In [12]:
1
def find_n_largest_elements(lst, n):
2
    # Sort the list in descending order
3
    sorted_lst = sorted(lst, reverse=True)
4
5
    # Get the first N elements
6
    largest_elements = sorted_lst[:n]
7
8
    return largest_elements
9
10
# Sample List of numbers
11
numbers = [30, 10, 45, 5, 20, 50, 15, 3,
345, 54, 67, 87, 98, 100, 34, 12]
13
# Number of largest elements to find
14
N = int(input("N = "))
15
16
# Find the N largest elements from the
list
17
result = find_n_largest_elements(numbers,
N)
18
19
# Print the N largest elements
20
print(f"The {N} largest elements in the
list are:", result)
```

N = 3

The 3 largest elements in the list are: [345, 100, 98]

## Program 55

Write a Python program to print even numbers in a list.

```
In [13]:  
1  
# Sample List of numbers  
2  
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]  
3  
4  
# Using a List comprehension to  
# filter even numbers 5  
even_numbers = [num for num in  
numbers if num % 2 == 0] 6  
7  
# Print the even numbers  
8  
print("Even numbers in the list:",  
even_numbers)
```

Even numbers in the list: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]

## Program 56

Write a Python program to print odd numbers in a List.

```
In [14]:  
1  
# Sample List of numbers  
2  
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]  
3  
4  
# Using a List comprehension to  
# filter even numbers 5  
even_numbers = [num for num in  
numbers if num % 2 != 0] 6  
7  
# Print the even numbers  
8  
print("Odd numbers in the list:",  
even_numbers)
```

Odd numbers in the list: [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

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## Program 57

Write a Python program to Remove empty List from List.

```
In [15]:  
1  
# Sample List containing lists  
2  
list_of_lists = [[1, 2, 3], [], [4, 5], [], [6, 7, 8], []]  
3  
4  
# Using a List comprehension to  
# remove empty lists 5  
filtered_list = [i for i in  
list_of_lists if i] 6  
7  
# Print the filtered list  
8  
print("List after removing empty  
lists:", filtered_list)
```

List after removing empty lists: [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7, 8]]

## Program 58

Write a Python program to Cloning or Copying a list.

```

original_list = [1, 2,
3, 4, 5] 3
cloned_list =
original_list[:] 4
print(cloned_list)

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
original_list = [1, 2,
3, 4, 5] 3
cloned_list =
list(original_list) 4
print(cloned_list)

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

In [18]:
1
# 3. Using List Comprehension
2
original_list = [1, 2, 3, 4,
5]
3
cloned_list = [item for item
in original_list] 4
print(cloned_list)

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

```

## Program 59

Write a Python program to Count occurrences of an element in a list.

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```

In [19]:
1
def count_occurrences(l, element):
2
    count = l.count(element)
3
    return count
4
5
# Example usage:
6
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 5, 2, 3, 4, 6,
5]
7
element_to_count = 2
8
occurrences = count_occurrences(my_list,
element_to_count) 10
print(f"The element {element_to_count}
appears {occurrences} times in t

```

The element 2 appears 3 times in the list.

## Program 60

Write a Python program to find words which are greater than given length k.

```

In [20]:
1
def find_words(words, k):

```

```

2      # Create an empty list to store words
greater than k 3
result = []
4
5      # Iterate through each word in the list
6      for i in words:
7          # Check if the Length of the i is greater
than k 8
          if len(i) > k:
8
9              # If yes, append it to the result list
10             result.append(i)
11
12         return result
13
14     # Example usage
15     word_list = ["apple", "banana", "cherry",
16                 "date", "elderberry", "dragon
17
18     k = 5
19     long_words = find_words(word_list, k)
20
21     print(f"Words longer than {k} characters:
{long_words}")

```

Words longer than 5 characters: ['banana', 'cherry', 'elderberry', 'dragon fruit']

## Program 61

Write a Python program for removing   character from a string.  

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```

In [21]:
1      def remove_char(input_str, i):
2          # Check if i is a valid index
3          if i < 0 or i >= len(input_str):
4              print(f"Invalid index {i}. The string
remains unchanged.") 5
              return input_str
6
7          # Remove the i-th character using
slicing
8          result_str = input_str[:i] +
input_str[i + 1:]
9
10         return result_str
11
12     # Input string
13     input_str = "Hello, wWorld!"
14     i = 7 # Index of the character to remove
15
16     # Remove the i-th character
17     new_str = remove_char(input_str, i)
18
19     print(f"Original String: {input_str}")
20     print(f"String after removing {i}th
character : {new_str}")

```

Original String: Hello, wWorld!

String after removing 7th character : Hello, World!

## Program 62

Write a Python program to split and join a string.

```
In [22]:
1
# Split a string into a list of words
2
input_str = "Python program to split
and join a string" 3
word_list = input_str.split() # By
default, split on whitespace 4
5
# Join the list of words into a string
6
separator = " " # specify the
separator between words 7
output_str = separator.join(word_list)
8
9
# Print the results
10
print("Original String:", input_str)
11
print("List of split Words:",
word_list)
12
print("Joined String:", output_str)
```

Original String: Python program to split and join a string List of split Words: ['Python', 'program', 'to', 'split', 'and', 'join', 'a', 'string']

Joined String: Python program to split and join a string

## Program 63

Write a Python program to check if a given string is binary string or not.

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```
In [23]:
1
def is_binary_str(input_str):
2
    # Iterate through each character in the
input string 3
    for i in input_str:
4
        # Check if the i is not '0' or '1'
5
        if i not in '01':
6
            return False # If any character is not
'0' or '1', it's no 7
            return True # If all characters are '0'
or '1', it's a binary stri 8
9
# Input string to check
10
input_str = "1001110"
11
12
# Check if the input string is a binary
string
13
if is_binary_str(input_str):
14
    print(f'{input_str}' is a binary
string.")
15
else:
16
    print(f'{input_str}' is not a binary
string.")
```

'1001110' is a binary string.



## Program 64

Write a Python program to find uncommon words from two Strings.

```
In [24]:
1
def uncommon_words(str1, str2):
2
    # Split the strings into words and
    # convert them to sets
3
    words1 = set(str1.split())
4
    words2 = set(str2.split())
5
6
    # Find uncommon words by taking the
    # set difference
7
    uncommon_words_set =
words1.symmetric_difference(words2)
8
9
    # Convert the set of uncommon words
    # back to a List
10
    uncommon_words_list =
list(uncommon_words_set)
11
12
    return uncommon_words_list
13
14
    # Input two strings
15
    string1 = "This is the first string"
16
    string2 = "This is the second string"
17
18
    # Find uncommon words between the two
    # strings
19
    uncommon = uncommon_words(string1,
20
                                string2)
21
22
    # Print the uncommon words
23
    print("Uncommon words:", uncommon)
```

Uncommon words: ['second', 'first']

## Program 65

Write a Python program to find all duplicate characters in string.

```
In [25]:
1
def find_duplicates(input_str):
2
    # Create an empty dictionary to store
    # character counts
3
    char_count = {}
4
5
    # Initialize a list to store duplicate
    # characters
6
    duplicates = []
7
8
    # Iterate through each character in the
    # input string
9
    for i in input_str:
10
        # If the character is already in the
        # dictionary, increment its
11
        if i in char_count:
12
            char_count[i] += 1
13
        else:
14
            char_count[i] = 1
15
16
    # Iterate through the dictionary and add
    # characters with count > 1
17
```

```

    for i, count in char_count.items():
18         if count > 1:
19             duplicates.append(i)
20
21     return duplicates
22
23     # Input a string
24
input_string = "piyush sharma"
25
26     # Find duplicate characters in the string
27     duplicate_chars =
28         find_duplicates(input_string)
29
30     # Print the list of duplicate characters
31     print("Duplicate characters:",
32           duplicate_chars)

```

Duplicate characters: ['s', 'h', 'a']

## Program 66

Write a Python Program to check if a string contains any special character.

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```

In [26]:
1
import re
2
3
def check_special_char(in_str):
4
    # Define a regular expression pattern to match special characters
5
    pattern =
6
7
    # Use re.search to find a match in the input string
8
    if re.search(pattern, in_str):
9
        return True
10
    else:
11
        return False
12
13
    # Input a string
14
    input_string = str(input("Enter a string:
15
16
17
    # Check if the string contains any special characters

```

```

contains_special =
check_special_char(input_string)
18
19
# Print the result
20
if contains_special:
21
    print("The string contains special
    characters.")
22
    else:
23
        print("The string does not contain
        special characters.")

```

Enter a string: "Hello, World!"  
The string contains special characters.

## Program 67

**Write a Python program to Extract Unique dictionary values.**

```

In [27]:
1
# Sample dictionary
2
my_dict = {
3
    'a': 10,
4
    'b': 20,
5
    'c': 10,
6
    'd': 30,
7
    'e': 20
8
}
9
# Initialize an empty set to store
unique values
10
11
    uni_val = set()
12
13
    # Iterate through the values of the
    dictionary
14
    for i in my_dict.values():
15
        # Add each value to the set
16
        uni_val.add(i)
17
18
    # Convert the set of unique values
    back to a list (if needed)
19
    unique_values_list = list(uni_val)
20
21
    # Print the unique values
22
    print("Unique values in the
    dictionary:", unique_values_list)

```

Unique values in the dictionary: [10, 20, 30]

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## Program 68

**Write a Python program to find the sum of all items in a dictionary.**

```

In [28]:
1
# Sample dictionary
2
my_dict = {
3
    'a': 10,
4
    'b': 20,
5
    'c': 30,
6
    'd': 40,
7
    'e': 50
8
}

```

```

9
10
# Initialize a variable to store the sum
11
total_sum = 0
12
13
# Iterate through the values of the
dictionary and add them to the tota
14
for i in my_dict.values():
15
    total_sum += i
16
17
# Print the sum of all items in the
dictionary
18
print("Sum of all items in the
dictionary:", total_sum)

```

Sum of all items in the dictionary: 150

## Program 69

**Write a Python program to Merging two Dictionaries.**

```

In [29]:
1
# 1. Using the update() method:
2
3
dict1 = {'a': 1, 'b': 2}
4
dict2 = {'c': 3, 'd': 4}
5
6
dict1.update(dict2)
7
8
# The merged dictionary is now
in dict1
9
print("Merged Dictionary (using
update()):", dict1)

```

Merged Dictionary (using update()): {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}

```

# Merge dict2 into dict1 using dictionary
unpacking
7
merged_dict = {**dict1, **dict2}
8
9
# The merged dictionary is now in
merged_dict
10
print("Merged Dictionary (using
dictionary unpacking):", merged_dict)

```

Merged Dictionary (using dictionary unpacking): {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}

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## Program 70

**Write a Python program to convert key-values list to flat dictionary.**

```

In [31]:
1
key_values_list = [('a', 1), ('b', 2),
('c', 3), ('d', 4)]
2
3
# Initialize an empty dictionary
4
5
flat_dict = {}
6
7
# Iterate through the list and add
key-value pairs to the dictionary
8
for key, value in key_values_list:
9
    flat_dict[key] = value

```

```

10 # Print the resulting flat dictionary
11 print("Flat Dictionary:", flat_dict)

Flat Dictionary: {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}

```

## Program 71

Write a Python program to insertion at the beginning in OrderedDict.

```

In [32]:
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```

```

if check_order(input_string,
reference_string):
17
    print("The order of characters in the
input string matches the refe 18
else:
19
    print("The order of characters in the
input string does not match t 20

```

The order of characters in the input string matches the reference string.

## Program 73

**Write a Python program to sort Python Dictionaries by Key or Value.**

```

In [34]:
1
# Sort by Keys:
2
3
sample_dict = {'apple': 3, 'banana':
1, 'cherry': 2, 'date': 4} 4
5
sorted_dict_by_keys =
dict(sorted(sample_dict.items())) 6
7
print("Sorted by keys:")
8
for key, value in
sorted_dict_by_keys.items():
9
    print(f"{key}: {value}")

```

```

Sorted by keys:
apple: 3
banana: 1
cherry: 2
date: 4

```

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```

In [35]:
1
# Sort by values
2
3
sample_dict = {'apple': 3, 'banana': 1,
'cherry': 2, 'date': 4} 4
5
sorted_dict_by_values =
dict(sorted(sample_dict.items(),
key=lambda ite 6
7
print("Sorted by values:")
8
for key, value in
sorted_dict_by_values.items():
9
    print(f"{key}: {value}")

```

```

Sorted by values:
banana: 1
cherry: 2
apple: 3
date: 4

```

## Program 74

Write a program that calculates and prints the value according to the given formula:

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{2 * C * D}{H}}$$

Following are the fixed values of C and H:

C is 50. H is 30.

D is the variable whose values should be input to your program in a comma separated sequence.

Example

Let us assume the following comma separated input sequence is given to the program:

100,150,180

The output of the program should be:

18,22,24

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```
In [36]:
1
import math
2
# Fixed values
3
4 C = 50
5
6 H = 30
7
# Function to calculate Q
8
9 def calculate_Q(D):
10     return int(math.sqrt((2 * C * D) /
11                           H))
12
13 # Input comma-separated sequence of D
14 values
15 input_sequence = input("Enter
16 comma-separated values of D: ")
17 D_values = input_sequence.split(',')
18
19
```

```

15                                     result = [calculate_Q(int(D)) for D
# Calculate and print Q for each D   in D_values]
value                                17
16                                   print(', '.join(map(str, result)))

```

Enter comma-separated values of D: 100,150,180  
18,22,24

## Program 75

Write a program which takes 2 digits, X,Y as input and generates a 2-dimensional array. The element value in the i-th row and j-th column of the array should be i\*j.

Note: i=0,1..., X-1; j=0,1,...,Y-1.

**Example**

Suppose the following inputs are given to the program:

3,5

Then, the output of the program should be:

[[0, 0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4], [0, 2, 4, 6, 8]]

```

In [37]:                                     # Fill the array with values i * j
1                                               8
# Input two digits, X and Y                     for i in range(X):
2                                               9
3                                               for j in range(Y):
X, Y = map(int, input("Enter two             10
digits (X, Y): ").split(',')) 3               array[i][j] = i * j
4                                               11
# Initialize a 2D array filled with           12
zeros                                           # Print the 2D array
5                                               13
array = [[0 for j in range(Y)] for i         for row in array:
in range(X)]                                  14
6                                               print(row)
7

```

Enter two digits (X, Y): 3,5  
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0]  
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]  
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8]

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## Program 76

Write a program that accepts a comma separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a comma-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

without,hello,bag,world

Then, the output should be:



bag,hello,without,world

```
In [38]:
1
2 # Accept input from the user
3 input_sequence = input("Enter a
4 comma-separated sequence of words: ")
5 # Split the input into a list of words
6 words = input_sequence.split(',')
7
8 # Sort the words alphabetically
9 sorted_words = sorted(words)
10
11 # Join the sorted words into a
12 comma-separated sequence
13 sorted_sequence = ','.join(sorted_words)
14
15 # Print the sorted sequence
16 print("Sorted words:", sorted_sequence)
```

Enter a comma-separated sequence of words: without, hello, bag, world  
Sorted words: bag, hello, world,without

## Program 77

Write a program that accepts a sequence of whitespace separated words as input and prints the words after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically.

Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

hello world and practice makes perfect and hello world again

Then, the output should be:

again and hello makes perfect practice world

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```
In [39]:
1
2 # Accept input from the user
3 input_sequence = input("Enter a sequence
4 of whitespace-separated words: ")
5 # Split the input into words and convert
6 it into a set to remove duplic
7 words = set(input_sequence.split())
8
9 # Sort the unique words alphanumerically
10 sorted_words = sorted(words)
11
12 # Join the sorted words into a string with
13 whitespace separation
14 result = ' '.join(sorted_words)
15
16 # Print the result
17 print("Result:", result)
```

Enter a sequence of whitespace-separated words: hello world and practice makes perfect and hello world again  
Result: again and hello makes perfect practice world

## Program 79

Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of letters and digits. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

hello world! 123

Then, the output should be:

LETTERS 10

DIGITS 3

```
In [40]:
1
# Accept input from the user
2
sentence = input("Enter a
sentence: ")
3
4
# Initialize counters for
letters and digits
5
letter_count = 0
6
digit_count = 0
7
8
# Iterate through each
character in the sentence
9
for char in sentence:
10
    if char.isalpha():
11
        letter_count += 1
12
    elif char.isdigit():
13
        digit_count += 1
14
15
# Print the results
16
print("LETTERS", letter_count)
17
print("DIGITS", digit_count)
```

Enter a sentence: hello world! 123

LETTERS 10

DIGITS 3

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## Program 80

A website requires the users to input username and password to register. Write a program to check the validity of password input by users. Following are the criteria for checking the password:

1. At least 1 letter between [a-z]
2. At least 1 number between [0-9]
1. At least 1 letter between [A-Z]
3. At least 1 character from [\$#@]

4. Minimum length of transaction password: 6

5. Maximum length of transaction password: 12

Your program should accept a sequence of comma separated passwords and will check them according to the above criteria. Passwords that match the criteria are to be printed, each separated by a comma.

Example

If the following passwords are given as input to the program:

ABd1234@1,a F1#,2w3E\*,2We3345

Then, the output of the program should be:

ABd1234@1

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In [41]:

1

import re

2

3

# Function to check if a password is valid

4

def is\_valid\_password(password):

5

# Check the Length of the password

6

if 6 <= len(password) <= 12:

7

# Check if the password matches all the

criteria using regular 8

if

re.match(r"^(?=.\*[a-z])(?=.\*[A-Z])(?=.\*[0-9])(?=.\*[\$#@])", p 9

return True

10

return False

11

12

# Accept input from the user as  
comma-separated passwords 13

passwords = input("Enter passwords  
separated by commas: ").split(',') 14

15

# Initialize a list to store valid

```

passwords
16
valid_passwords = []
17
18
# Iterate through the passwords and check their validity 19
for psw in passwords:
20
    if is_valid_password(psw):
21
        valid_passwords.append(psw)
22
23
# Print the valid passwords separated by commas
24
print(', '.join(valid_passwords))

```

Enter passwords separated by commas: ABd1234@1,a F1#,2w3E\*,2We3345  
ABd1234@1

## Program 81

Define a class with a generator which can iterate the numbers, which are divisible by 7, between a given range 0 and n.

```

In [42]:
1
class DivisibleBySeven:
2
    def __init__(self,n):
3
        self.n = n
4
5
    def
generate_divisible_by_seven(
self): 6
    for num in range(self.n +
1): 7
        if num%7 == 0:
8
            yield num

```

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```

In [43]:
1
n = int(input("Enter your desired range:
"))
2
3
divisible_by_seven_generator =
DivisibleBySeven(n).generate_divisible_b 4
5
for num in divisible_by_seven_generator:
6
    print(num)

```

Enter your desired range: 50  
0  
7  
14  
21  
28

35  
42  
49

## Program 82

Write a program to compute the frequency of the words from the input. The output should output after sorting the key alphanumerically. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:

New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3? Read Python 2 or Python 3.

Then, the output should be:

2:2

3.:1

3?:1

New:1

Python:5

Read:1

and:1

between:1

choosing:1

or:2

to:1

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```
In [44]:
1
input_sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
2
3
# Split the sentence into words
4
words = input_sentence.split()
5
6
# Create a dictionary to store word
frequencies
7
word_freq = {}
8
9
# Count word frequencies
10
for word in words:
11
    # Remove punctuation (., ?) from the word
12
    word = word.strip('.,?')
13
```

```

# Convert the word to lowercase to ensure case-insensitive counting
word_freq[word] = 1
word = word.lower()
# Update the word frequency in the dictionary
if word in word_freq:
    word_freq[word] += 1
else:
    word_freq[word] = 1

# Sort the words alphanumerically
sorted_words = sorted(word_freq.items())

# Print the word frequencies
for word, frequency in sorted_words:
    print(f"{word}:{frequency}")

```

Enter a sentence: New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3?  
Read Python 2 or Python 3.

```

2:2
3:2
and:1
between:1
choosing:1
new:1
or:2
python:5
read:1
to:1

```

## Program 83

**Define a class Person and its two child classes: Male and Female. All classes have a method "getGender" which can print "Male" for Male class and "Female" for Female class.**

```

4         Female(Person
In [45]: In 5         ): def
6         getGender(sel
7         f): return
8         "Female"
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1
```

Unknown  
Male  
Female

## Program 84

**Please write a program to generate all sentences where subject is in ["I", "You"] and verb is in ["Play", "Love"] and the object is in ["Hockey", "Football"].**

```

In [47]:
1
subjects = ["I", "You"]
2
verbs = ["Play", "Love"]
3
objects = ["Hockey",
"Football"]
4
5
sentences = []
6
7
for sub in subjects:
8
    for vrb in verbs:
9
        for obj in objects:
10
            sentence = f"{sub} {vrb}
{obj}." 11
            sentences.append(sentence)
12
13
for sentence in sentences:
14
    print(sentence)

```

I Play Hockey. I  
Play Football. I  
Love Hockey. I  
Love Football. You  
Play Hockey. You  
Play Football. You  
Love Hockey. You

## Program 85

Please write a program to compress and decompress the string "hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!".

```
In [48]:
1
import zlib
2
3
string = "hello world!hello world!hello
world!hello world!" 4
5
# Compress the string
6
compressed_string =
zlib.compress(string.encode())
7
8
# Decompress the string
9
decompressed_string =
zlib.decompress(compressed_string).deco
de() 10
11
print("Original String:", string)
12
print("Compressed String:",
compressed_string)
13
print("Decompressed String:",
decompressed_string)
```

Original String: hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!

Compressed String: b'x\x9c\xcbH\xcd\x9\x9W(\xcf/\xcaIQ\xcc \x82\r\x00\xbd[\x11\xf5'

Decompressed String: hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!

## Program 86

Please write a binary search function which searches an item in a sorted list. The function should return the index of element to be searched in the list.



```

In [49]:
1
def binary_search(arr, target):
2
    left, right = 0, len(arr) - 1
3
4
    while left <= right:
5
        mid = (left + right) // 2
6
7
        if arr[mid] == target:
8
            return mid # Element found, return
its index 9
        elif arr[mid] < target:
10
            left = mid + 1 # Target is in the
right half 11
        else:
12
            right = mid - 1 # Target is in the
left half 13
14
            return -1 # Element not found in the
list
15
16
    # Example usage:
17
    sorted_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,
9]
18
    target_element = 4
19
20
    result = binary_search(sorted_list,
target_element) 21
22
    if result != -1:
23
        print(f"Element {target_element}
found at index {result}") 24
    else:
25
        print(f"Element {target_element} not
found in the list")

```

Element 4 found at index 3

## Program 87

Please write a program using generator to print the numbers which can be divisible by 5 and 7 between 0 and n in comma separated form while n is input by console.

Example:

If the following n is given as input to the program:

100

Then, the output of the program should be:

0,35,70

```
In [50]: In [51]:
1
def divisible_by_5_and_7(n):
2     for num in range(n + 1):
3         if num % 5 == 0 and num % 7 == 0:
4             yield num

1
try:
2     n = int(input("Enter a value for n:
3         "))
4     result = divisible_by_5_and_7(n)
5     print(', '.join(map(str, result)))
6 except ValueError:
7     print("Invalid input. Please enter a
8     valid integer for n.")
```

Enter a value for n: 100  
0,35,70

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## Program 88

Please write a program using generator to print the even numbers between 0 and n in comma separated form while n is input by console.

Example:

If the following n is given as input to the program:

10

Then, the output of the program should be:

0,2,4,6,8,10

```
In [52]: In [53]:
1
def even_numbers(n):
2     for num in range(n + 1):
3         if num % 2 == 0:
4             yield num

1
try:
```

```

2         print(', '.join(map(str, result)))
    n = int(input("Enter a value for n: "))
3     except ValueError:
4         print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer for n.")

```

Enter a value for n: 10  
0,2,4,6,8,10

## Program 89

The Fibonacci Sequence is computed based on the following formula:

$f(n)=0$  if  $n=0$

$f(n)=1$  if  $n=1$

$f(n)=f(n-1)+f(n-2)$  if  $n>1$

Please write a program using list comprehension to print the Fibonacci Sequence in comma separated form with a given n input by console.

Example:

If the following n is given as input to the program:

8

Then, the output of the program should be:

0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13

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In [55]: In [56]:

```

1
def fibonacci(n):
2     sequence = [0, 1] # Initializing the
sequence with the first two F 3
[sequence.append(sequence[-1] +
sequence[-2]) for _ in range(2, n)] 4
    return sequence

1
try:
2     n = int(input("Enter a value for n: "))
3     result = fibonacci(n)
4     print(', '.join(map(str, result)))
5
except ValueError:
6     print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer for n.")

```

Enter a value for n: 8  
0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13

## Program 90

Assuming that we have some email addresses in the

"[username@companyname.com \(mailto:username@companyname.com\)](mailto:username@companyname.com)" format, please write program to print the user name of a given email address. Both user names and company names are composed of letters only.

Example:

If the following email address is given as input to the program:

[john@google.com \(mailto:john@google.com\)](mailto:john@google.com)

Then, the output of the program should be:

john

In [57]: In [58]:

```
1
def extract_username(email):
2
    # Split the email address at '@' to
    separate the username and domain
3
    parts = email.split('@')
4
5
    # Check if the email address has the
    expected format
6
    if len(parts) == 2:
7
        return parts[0] # The username is the
        first part
8
    else:
9
        return "Invalid email format"

1
try:
2
    email = input("Enter an email address: ")
3
    username = extract_username(email)
4
    print(username)
5
except ValueError:
6
    print("Invalid input. Please enter a
    valid email address.")
```

Enter an email address: john@google.com  
john

## Program 91

Define a class named Shape and its subclass Square. The Square class has an init function which takes a length as argument. Both classes have an area function which can print the area of the shape where Shape's area is 0 by default.

In [59]: In [60]:

```
1
class Shape:
2
    def __init__(self):
3
        pass # Default constructor, no need to
        initialize anything 4
5
    def area(self):
6
        return 0 # Shape's area is 0 by default
7
8
```

Enter the shape of the square: 5  
Shape's area by default: 0  
Area of the square: 25.0

```
9
class Square(Shape):
10
    def __init__(self, length):
11
        super().__init__() # Call the constructor
        of the parent class 12
        self.length = length
13
14
    def area(self):
15
        return self.length ** 2 # Calculate the
        area of the square
```

```
1
# Create instances of the classes
2
shape = Shape()
3
square = Square(float(input("Enter the
shape of the square: "))) 4
5
# Calculate and print the areas
6
print("Shape's area by default:",
shape.area())
7
print("Area of the square:",
square.area())
```

## Program 92

Write a function that stutters a word as if someone is struggling to read it. The first two letters are repeated twice with an ellipsis ... and space after each, and then the word is pronounced with a question mark ?.

### Examples

stutter("incredible") → "in... in... incredible?"

stutter("enthusiastic") → "en... en... enthusiastic?"

stutter("outstanding") → "ou... ou... outstanding?"

Hint :- Assume all input is in lower case and at least two characters long.

```

In [61]: In [62]:
5
    stuttered_word = f"{word[:2]}...
    {word[:2]}... {word}?" 6
    return stuttered_word

1
# Test cases
2
print(stutter("incredible"))
3
print(stutter("enthusiastic"))
4
print(stutter("outstanding"))

1
def stutter(word):
2
    if len(word) < 2:
3
        return "Word must be at least two
characters long." 4

in... in... incredible?
en... en... enthusiastic?
ou... ou... outstanding?

```

## Program 93

Create a function that takes an angle in radians and returns the corresponding angle in degrees rounded to one decimal place.

Examples

`radians_to_degrees(1)` → 57.3

`radians_to_degrees(20)` → 1145.9

`radians_to_degrees(50)` → 2864.8

```

In [63]: In [64]: 1
                    2
                    3
                    4
                    degrees = radians
                    * (180 / math.pi)
                    return
                    round(degrees, 1)

                    # Test cases
                    print(radians_to_
degrees(1))
                    print(radians_to_
degrees(20))
                    print(radians_to_
degrees(50))

1
import math
2
def
3
radians_to_degree print(radians_to_
4
s(radians):         degrees(50))
5

1145.9
2864.8

```

## Program 94

In this challenge, establish if a given integer num is a Curzon number. If 1 plus 2 elevated to num is exactly divisible by 1 plus 2 multiplied by num, then num is a Curzon number.

Given a non-negative integer num, implement a function that returns True if num is a Curzon number, or False otherwise.

## Examples

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**is\_curzon(5) → True**

**#  $2^{**} 5 + 1 = 33$**

**#  $2 * 5 + 1 = 11$**

**# 33 is a multiple of 11**

**is\_curzon(10) → False**

**#  $2^{**} 10 + 1 = 1025$**

**#  $2 * 10 + 1 = 21$**

**# 1025 is not a multiple of 21**

**is\_curzon(14) → True**

**#  $2^{**} 14 + 1 = 16385$**

**#  $2 * 14 + 1 = 29$**

**# 16385 is a multiple of 29**

### Curzon Number:

It is defined based on a specific mathematical relationship involving powers of 2. An integer 'n' is considered a Curzon number if it satisfies the following condition:

*If  $(2^n + 1)$  is divisible by  $(2n + 1)$ , then 'n' is a Curzon number.*

For example:

If  $n = 5$ :  $2^5 + 1 = 33$ , and  $2*5 + 1 = 11$ . Since 33 is divisible by 11 ( $33 \% 11 = 0$ ), 5 is a Curzon number.

If  $n = 10$ :  $2^{10} + 1 = 1025$ , and  $2*10 + 1 = 21$ . 1025 is not divisible by 21, so 10 is not a Curzon number.

Curzon numbers are a specific **subset of integers** with this unique mathematical property.

```
In [65]: In [66]: 1         * num + 1
                2         return numerator
                3         % denominator ==
                4         0
                5
                6         # Test cases
1         True         print(is_curzon(5
2         def         ))
3         is_curzon(num): print(is_curzon(1
4         numerator = 2 ** 0))
                num + 1         print(is_curzon(1
                denominator = 2 4))
```

False

True

## Program 95

Given the side length x find the area of a hexagon.

Examples

area\_of\_hexagon(1) → 2.6

area\_of\_hexagon(2) → 10.4

area\_of\_hexagon(3) → 23.4

```
In [67]: In [68]: 1
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```



```
# 1*2 + 1*8 = 10
```

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In [69]:

```
while decimal > 0:
4     remainder = decimal % 2
5     binary_str = str(remainder) +
binary_str
6     decimal = decimal // 2
7     return binary_str if
binary_str else "0"
```

In [70]: 1

```
1
def binary(decimal):
2     binary_str = ""
3
1     print(binary(1))
2     print(binary(5))
3     print(binary(10))
```

```
101
1010
```

## Program 97

Create a function that takes three arguments a, b, c and returns the sum of the numbers that are evenly divided by c from the range a, b inclusive.

### Examples

**evenly\_divisible(1, 10, 20) → 0**

# No number between 1 and 10 can be evenly divided by 20.

**evenly\_divisible(1, 10, 2) → 30**

# 2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 = 30

**evenly\_divisible(1, 10, 3) → 18**

# 3 + 6 + 9 = 18

In [71]:

```

        for num in range(a, b +
1): 4
        if num % c == 0:
5
        total += num
6
    return total
In [72]: 0

```

```

1
    print(evenly_divisible(1
    , 10, 20)) 2
def evenly_divisible(a, print(evenly_divisible(1
b, c): 2    , 10, 2)) 3
    total = 0    print(evenly_divisible(1
3    , 10, 3))

```

30  
18

## Program 98

Create a function that returns True if a given inequality expression is correct and False otherwise.

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### Examples

**correct\_signs("3 < 7 < 11") → True**

**correct\_signs("13 > 44 > 33 <1") → False**

**correct\_signs("1 < 2 < 6 < 9 > 3") → True**

```

In [74]: In [75]:
except:
    return False
1
2
3    print(correct_sign
    s("3 < 7 < 11"))
True    print(correct_sign
def    s("13 > 44 > 33 <
correct_signs(expr1"))
1    print(correct_sign
2    s("1 < 2 < 6 < 9 >
3    3"))
4    return
5    eval(expression)

```

False  
True

## Program 99

Create a function that replaces all the vowels in a string with a specified character.

## Examples

`replace_vowels("the aardvark", "#") → "th# ##rdv#rk"`

`replace_vowels("minnie mouse", "?") → "m?nn?? m??s?"`

`replace_vowels("shakespeare", "*") → "shkspr*"`

```
In [76]: In [77]:
def replace_vowels(string, char):
    vowels = "AEIOUaeiou" # List of vowels to be replaced
    for vowel in vowels:
        string = string.replace(vowel, char) # Replace each vowel with char
    return string

print(replace_vowels("the aardvark", "#"))
print(replace_vowels("minnie mouse", "?"))
print(replace_vowels("shakespeare", "*"))

th# ##rdv#rk
m?nn?? m??s?
sh*k*sp**r*
```

## Program 100

Write a function that calculates the factorial of a number recursively.

### Examples

`factorial(5) → 120`

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`factorial(3) → 6`

`factorial(1) → 1`

`factorial(0) → 1`

```
In [78]: In [79]:
def factorial(n):
    if n == 0:
        return 1 # Base case: factorial of 0 is 1
    else:
        return n * factorial(n - 1) # Recursive case: n! = n * (n-1)!

print(factorial(5))
print(factorial(3))
print(factorial(1))
print(factorial(0))

120
6
1
1
```

# Program 101

Hamming distance is the number of characters that differ between two strings.

To illustrate:

String1: "abcbba"

String2: "abcbda"

Hamming Distance: 1 - "b" vs. "d" is the only difference.

Create a function that computes the hamming distance between two strings.

Examples

hamming\_distance("abcde", "bcdef") → 5

hamming\_distance("abcde", "abcde") → 0

hamming\_distance("strong", "strung") → 1

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In [80]: In [81]:

```
1
def hamming_distance(str1, str2):
2
    # Check if the strings have the same
    Length
3
    if len(str1) != len(str2):
4
        raise ValueError("Input strings must
        have the same length") 5
6
    # Initialize a counter to keep track of
    differences 7
    distance = 0
8
9
    # Iterate through the characters of
    both strings
10
    for i in range(len(str1)):
11
        if str1[i] != str2[i]:
12
            distance += 1 # Increment the counter
            for differences 13
```

```

14         "abcde"))
    return distance
3
print(hamming_distance("strong",
"strung"))
1
print(hamming_distance("abcde",
"bcdef"))
2
print(hamming_distance("abcde",

```

## Program 102

Create a function that takes a list of non-negative integers and strings and return a new list without the strings.

### Examples

`filter_list([1, 2, "a", "b"]) → [1, 2]`

`filter_list([1, "a", "b", 0, 15]) → [1, 0, 15]`

`filter_list([1, 2, "aasf", "1", "123", 123]) → [1, 2, 123]`

In [82]: In [83]:

```

1
def filter_list(lst):
2
    # Initialize an empty list to store
    non-string elements
3
    result = []
4
5
    # Iterate through the elements in the
    input list
6
    for element in lst:
7
        # Check if the element is a non-negative
        integer (not a string)
8
        if isinstance(element, int) and element
        >= 0:
9
            result.append(element)
10
11
    return result
1
filter_list([1, 2, "a", "b"])

```

Out[83]: [1, 2]

```

filter_list([1, "a",
"b", 0, 15])

```

In [84]:

1

Out[84]: [1, 0, 15]

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```

In [85]:
1
filter_list([1, 2, "aasf",
"1", "123", 123])

```

Out[85]: [1, 2, 123]

## Program 103

The "Reverser" takes a string as input and returns that string in reverse order, with the opposite case.

Examples

`reverse("Hello World")` → "DLROw OLLEh"

`reverse("ReVeRsE")` → "eSrEvEr"

`reverse("Radar")` → "RADAr"

```
In [86]: In [87]:  
# Reverse the string and swap the  
case of characters 3  
reversed_str =  
input_str[::-1].swapcase() 4  
  
5  
return reversed_str  
  
1  
def reverse(input_str):  
2  
1  
reverse("Hello World")  
  
Out[87]: 'DLROw OLLEh'  
1  
reverse("ReVeRsE")  
In [88]:  
Out[88]: 'eSrEvEr'  
reverse("Radar")  
In [89]:  
1  
Out[89]: 'RADAr'
```

## Program 104

You can assign variables from lists like this:

`lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]`

`first = lst[0]`

`middle = lst[1:-1]`

`last = lst[-1]`

`print(first)` → outputs 1

`print(middle)` → outputs [2, 3, 4, 5]

`print(last)` → outputs 6

With Python 3, you can assign variables from lists in a much more succinct way. Create variables first, middle and last from the given list using destructuring assignment (check the Resources tab for some examples), where:

first → 1

middle → [2, 3, 4, 5]

last → 6

Your task is to unpack the list `writeyourcodehere` into three variables, being first, middle and last.

```
In [90]: # Unpack the list into
         variables
         first, *middle, last =
         writeyourcodehere
```

```
In [91]: Out[91]: 1
         first
```

```
In [92]:
1
writeyourcodehere = [1, 2,
3, 4, 5, 6]
3
         middle
```

```
Out[92]: [2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
Out[93]: last
```

```
In [93]: 6
```

```
[93]: 1
```

## Program 105

Write a function that calculates the factorial of a number recursively.

Examples

factorial(5) → 120

factorial(3) → 6

factorial(1) → 1

factorial(0) → 1

```
In [94]: In [95]:
```

```
if n == 0:
3
    return 1 # Base case: factorial of 0 is 1
4
else:
5
    return n * factorial(n - 1) # Recursive
case: n! = n * (n-1)!
```

```
1
def factorial(n):
2
```

```
1
```

```
factorial(5)
```

```
Out[95]: 120
```

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```
1          factoria
```

```
In [96]:
```

```
1 1 1
```

```
Out[96]:
```

```
6          l(1)
```

```
          factoria
```

```
In [97]:
```

```
          factoria
```

```
Out[97]:
```

```
1          l(3)
```

```
In [98]:          l(0)
```

```
Out[98]:
```

## Program 106

Write a function that moves all elements of one type to the end of the list.

### Examples

`move_to_end([1, 3, 2, 4, 4, 1], 1) → [3, 2, 4, 4, 1, 1]`

Move all the 1s to the end of the array.

`move_to_end([7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4], 9) → [7, 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9]`

`move_to_end(["a", "a", "a", "b"], "a") → ["b", "a", "a", "a"]`

```
In [99]: In [100]:
5          # Remove all occurrences of the
          # element from the list 6
          lst = [x for x in lst if x !=
          element]
7
8          # Append the element to the end of
          # the list count times 9
          lst.extend([element] * count)
10
11         return lst
1
def move_to_end(lst, element):
2
    # Initialize a count for the
    # specified element 3
    count = lst.count(element)
4
    move_to_end([1, 3, 2, 4, 4, 1], 1)
```



```

Out[100]: [3, 2, 4, 4, 1, 1]
          move_to_end([7, 8, 9, 1,
In [101]:          2, 3, 4], 9)
1

Out[101]: [7, 8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9]
          move_to_end(["a", "a", "a",
In [102]:          "b"], "a")
1

Out[102]: ['b', 'a', 'a', 'a']

```

## Program 107

### Question1

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**Create a function that takes a string and returns a string in which each character is repeated once.**

### Examples

**double\_char("String") → "SSttrriinnngg"**

**double\_char("Hello World!") → "HHeellllloo WWoorrlldd!!"**

**double char("1234! ") → "11223344!! "**

```

3
In [103]: In [104]:
4
          for char in
          input_str: 5
          doubled_str += char *
2 6

7
          return doubled_str
1
def
double_char(input_str) 1
: 2          double_char("String")
          doubled_str = ""

```

```

Out[104]: 'SSttrriinnngg'
          double_char("Hello
In [105]:          World!")
1

```

```

Out[105]: 'HHeellllloo WWoorrlldd!!'
          1          "1234!_ ")

```

```

In [106]: double_char(
Out[106]: '11223344!!__ '

```

## Program 108

Create a function that reverses a boolean value and returns the string "boolean expected" if another variable type is given.

### Examples

`reverse(True) → False`

`reverse(False) → True`

`reverse(0) → "boolean expected"`

`reverse(None) → "boolean expected"`

```
In [107]: In [108]:
            bool): 3
            return not value
            4
            else:
            5
            return "boolean
            expected"

1
def reverse(value):      1
2                          reverse(True)
    if isinstance(value,

Out[108]: False
```

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```
1          lse)
In [109]: reverse(Fa

Out[109]: True
[110]: reverse(
1      0)

In      1
Out[110]: 'boolean expected'
1          one)
In [111]: reverse(N

Out[111]: 'boolean expected'
```

## Program 109

Create a function that returns the thickness (in meters) of a piece of paper after folding it n number of times. The paper starts off with a thickness of 0.5mm.

### Examples

`num_layers(1) → "0.001m"`

- Paper folded once is 1mm (equal to 0.001m)

`num_layers(4) → "0.008m"`

- Paper folded 4 times is 8mm (equal to 0.008m)

`num_layers(21) → "1048.576m"`

- Paper folded 21 times is 1048576mm (equal to 1048.576m)

```
In [112]: In [113]:
            initial_thickness_mm = 0.5 # Initial
            thickness in millimeters 3
            final_thickness_mm = initial_thickness_mm
            * (2 ** n) 4
            final_thickness_m = final_thickness_mm /
            1000 # Convert millimeter 5
            return f"{final_thickness_m:.3f}m"

1
def num_layers(n):
2
1
num_layers(1)

Out[113]: '0.001m'
1
s(4)
In [114]: num_layer

Out[114]: '0.008m'
1
s(21)
In [115]: num_layer

Out[115]: '1048.576m'
```

## Program 110

Create a function that takes a single string as argument and returns an ordered list containing the indices of all capital letters in the string.

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### Examples

index\_of\_caps("eDaBiT") → [1, 3, 5]

index\_of\_caps("eQuINoX") → [1, 3, 4, 6]

index\_of\_caps("determine") → []

index\_of\_caps("STRIKE") → [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

index\_of\_caps("sUn") → [1]

```
In [116]: In [117]:
            # Use list comprehension to find
            indices of capital letters 3
            return [i for i, char in
            enumerate(word) if char.isupper()]

1
def index_of_caps(word):
2
1
index_of_caps("eDaBiT")

Out[117]: [1, 3, 5]
            index_of_caps("eQuIN
            oX")

In [118]:
1

Out[118]: [1, 3, 4, 6]
```

```

index_of_caps("deter
mine")
In [119]:
1

Out[119]: []

index_of_caps("STRI
KE")
In [120]:
1

Out[120]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
1 ps("sUn")
In [121]: index_of_ca

Out[121]: [1]

```

## Program 111

Using list comprehensions, create a function that finds all even numbers from 1 to the given number.

Examples

find\_even\_nums(8) → [2, 4, 6, 8]

find\_even\_nums(4) → [2, 4]

find\_even\_nums(2) → [2]

```

# Use a List comprehension to generate
even numbers from 1 to num 3
return [x for x in range(1, num + 1) if x
% 2 == 0]

In [123]:
1
def find_even_nums(num):
2

```

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```

1 nums(8)
In [124]: find_even_

Out[124]: [2, 4, 6, 8]
1 nums(4)
In [125]: find_even_

Out[125]: [2, 4]
1 nums(2)
In [126]: find_even_

Out[126]: [2]

```

## Program 112

Create a function that takes a list of strings and integers, and filters out the list so that it returns a list of integers only.

Examples

`filter_list([1, 2, 3, "a", "b", 4]) → [1, 2, 3, 4]`

`filter_list(["A", 0, "Edabit", 1729, "Python", 1729]) → [0, 1729]`

`filter_list(["Nothing", "here"]) → []`

```
In [127]: In [128]:  
# Use a list comprehension to  
# filter out integers 3  
return [x for x in lst if  
        isinstance(x, int)]
```

```
1  
def filter_list(lst):  
2  
    filter_list([1, 2, 3, "a", "b",  
4])
```

`Out[128]: [1, 2, 3, 4]`

```
filter_list(["A", 0, "Edabit",  
1729, "Python", 1729])  
  
In [129]:  
1
```

`Out[129]: [0, 1729, 1729]`

```
filter_list(["A", 0, "Edabit",  
1729, "Python", 1729])  
  
In [130]:  
1
```

```
Out[130]: [0, 1729, 1729]  
filter_list(["Nothing",  
"here"])
```

```
In [131]:  
1
```

`Out[131]: []`

## Program 113

Given a list of numbers, create a function which returns the list but with each element's index in the list added to itself. This means you add 0 to the number at index 0, add 1 to the number at index 1, etc...

### Examples

`add_indexes([0, 0, 0, 0, 0]) → [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]`

`add_indexes([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]) → [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]`

`add_indexes([5, 4, 3, 2, 1]) → [5, 5, 5, 5, 5]`

```
In [132]: In [133]:  
# Use List comprehension to add  
# index to each element 3  
return [i + val for i, val in  
        enumerate(lst)]
```

```
1  
def add_indexes(lst):  
2  
    add_indexes([0, 0, 0, 0, 0])
```

`Out[133]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]`

```

                                add_indexes([1, 2, 3,
                                4, 5])
In [134]:
1

Out[134]: [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
                                add_indexes([5, 4, 3,
                                2, 1])
In [135]:
1

Out[135]: [5, 5, 5, 5, 5]

```

## Program 114

Create a function that takes the height and radius of a cone as arguments and returns the volume of the cone rounded to the nearest hundredth. See the resources tab for the formula.

### Examples

`cone_volume(3, 2) → 12.57`

`cone_volume(15, 6) → 565.49`

`cone_volume(18, 0) → 0`

```

                                def cone_volume(height, radius):
4
                                if radius == 0:
5
                                    return 0
6
                                volume = (1/3) * math.pi *
                                (radius**2) * height
7
                                return round(volume, 2)

In [136]: In [137]:

1
import math
2
3

                                1
                                cone_volume(3, 2)

Out[137]: 12.57

                                cone_volume(15,
                                6)

In [138]:
1

Out[138]: 565.49

```

```

Out[139]: 0 cone_volume
                                (18, 0)

In [139]:
1

```

## Program 115

This Triangular Number Sequence is generated from a pattern of dots that form a triangle. The first 5 numbers of the sequence, or dots, are:

1, 3, 6, 10, 15

This means that the first triangle has just one dot, the second one has three dots, the third one has 6 dots and so on.

Write a function that gives the number of dots with its corresponding triangle number of the sequence.

### Examples

triangle(1) → 1

triangle(6) → 21

triangle(215) → 23220

```
In [140]:  
3  
    return 0  
4  
    return n * (n + 1)  
    // 2
```

```
In [141]: Out[141]: 1  
triangle(1)
```

```
In [142]:  
1  
def triangle(n):  
2  
    triangle(6)  
    if n < 1:
```

```
Out[142]: 21  
1  
215)
```

```
In [143]: triangle(
```

```
Out[143]: 23220
```

## Program 116

Create a function that takes a list of numbers between 1 and 10 (excluding one number) and returns the missing number.

### Examples

`missing_num([1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]) → 5`

`missing_num([7, 2, 3, 6, 5, 9, 1, 4, 8]) → 10`

`missing_num([10, 5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 3, 9]) → 7`

```
In [144]:
        given_sum = sum(lst) # Sum of the
        given list of numbers 4
        missing = total_sum - given_sum
        5
        return missing
```

```
In [145]: Out[145]: 5
        1
        missing_num([1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9,
        10])
```

```
In [146]:
        1
        def missing_num(lst):
        2
        total_sum = sum(range(1, 11)) # Sum of
        numbers from 1 to 10 3
        1
        missing_num([7, 2, 3, 6, 5, 9, 1, 4,
        8])
```

Out[146]: 10

```
In [147]: Out[147]: 7
        1
        missing_num([10, 5, 1, 2, 4,
        6, 8, 3, 9])
```

## Program 117

Write a function that takes a list and a number as arguments. Add the number to the end of the list, then remove the first element of the list. The function should then return the updated list.

### Examples

`next_in_line([5, 6, 7, 8, 9], 1) → [6, 7, 8, 9, 1]`

`next_in_line([7, 6, 3, 23, 17], 10) → [6, 3, 23, 17, 10]`

`next_in_line([1, 10, 20, 42 ], 6) → [10, 20, 42, 6]`

`next_in_line([], 6) → "No list has been selected"`



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```

In [148]: In [149]:
    lst.pop(0) # Remove the first
    element 4
    lst.append(num) # Add the number
    to the end 5
    return lst
    6
    else:
    7
    return "No list has been
    selected"

1
def next_in_line(lst, num):
2
    if lst:
    3
        next_in_line([5, 6, 7, 8, 9], 1)

Out[149]: [6, 7, 8, 9, 1]
        next_in_line([7, 6, 3,
        23, 17], 10)

In [150]:
1

Out[150]: [6, 3, 23, 17, 10]
        next_in_line([1, 10, 20,
        42 ], 6)

In [151]:
1

Out[151]: [10, 20, 42, 6]
        next_in_line([],
        6)

In [152]:
1

Out[152]: 'No list has been selected'

```

## Program 118

Create the function that takes a list of dictionaries and returns the sum of people's budgets.

### Examples

```

get_budgets([
    { 'name': 'John', 'age': 21, 'budget': 23000 },
    { 'name': 'Steve', 'age': 32, 'budget': 40000 },
    { 'name': 'Martin', 'age': 16, 'budget': 2700 }
]) → 65700

```

```

get_budgets([
    {'name': 'John', 'age': 21, 'budget': 29000 },
    {'name': 'Steve', 'age': 32, 'budget': 32000 },
    {'name': 'Martin', 'age': 16, 'budget': 1600 }
]) → 62600

```

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In [153]: In [154]:

*# Test cases*

```

6
budgets1 = [
7
    {'name': 'John', 'age': 21,
    'budget': 23000}, 8
    {'name': 'Steve', 'age': 32,
    'budget': 40000}, 9
    {'name': 'Martin', 'age': 16,
    'budget': 2700} 10
]
11
12
budgets2 = [
13
    {'name': 'John', 'age': 21,
    'budget': 29000}, 14
    {'name': 'Steve', 'age': 32,
    'budget': 32000}, 15
    {'name': 'Martin', 'age': 16,
    'budget': 1600} 16
]
1
def get_budgets(lst):
2
    total_budget = sum(person['budget']
3
    for person in lst) 3
    return total_budget
4
get_budgets(budgets1)
5

```

Out[154]: 65700

1 budgets2)

In [155]: get\_budgets(

Out[155]: 62600

## Program 119

Create a function that takes a string and returns a string with its letters in alphabetical order.

Examples

alphabet\_soup("hello") → "ehllo"

`alphabet_soup("edabit") → "abdeit"`

`alphabet_soup("hacker") → "acehkr"`

`alphabet_soup("geek") → "eegk"`

`alphabet_soup("javascript") → "aacijprstv"`

```
2
return
In [156]: In [157]: ''.join(sorted(txt))
```

```
1
def alphabet_soup(txt):
    alphabet_soup("hello")
```

Out[157]: 'ehllo'

```
alphabet_soup("edab
it")
```

```
In [158]:
1
```

Out[158]: 'abdeit'

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```
alphabet_soup("hack
er")
In [159]:
1
```

Out[159]: 'acehkr'

```
1
p("geek")
In [160]: alphabet_sou
```

Out[160]: 'eegk'

```
alphabet_soup("javasc
ript")
```

```
In [161]:
1
```

Out[161]: 'aacijprstv'

## Program 120

Suppose that you invest \$10,000 for 10 years at an interest rate of 6% compounded monthly. What will be the value of your investment at the end of the 10 year period?

Create a function that accepts the principal *p*, the term in years *t*, the interest rate *r*, and the number of compounding periods per year *n*. The function returns the value at the end of term rounded to the nearest cent.

For the example:

`compound_interest(10000, 10, 0.06, 12) → 18193.97`

Note that the interest rate is given as a decimal and *n*=12 because with monthly compounding there are 12 periods per year. Compounding can also be done

annually, quarterly, weekly, or daily.

### Examples

`compound_interest(100, 1, 0.05, 1) → 105.0`

`compound_interest(3500, 15, 0.1, 4) → 15399.26`

`compound_interest(100000, 20, 0.15, 365) → 2007316.26`

```
In [162]: In [163]:  
          using the formula 3  
          a = p * (1 + (r / n)) ** (n * t)  
          4  
          # Round the result to the nearest  
          cent  
          5  
          return round(a, 2)
```

```
1  
def compound_interest(p, t, r, n): 1  
2 2 compound_interest(10000, 10, 0.06,  
  # Calculate the compound interest 12)
```

Out[163]: 18193.97

```
          compound_interest(100,  
          1, 0.05, 1)  
In [164]:  
1
```

Out[164]: 105.0

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```
          compound_interest(3500,  
In [165]:          15, 0.1, 4)  
1
```

Out[165]: 15399.26

```
          compound_interest(100000,  
In [166]:          20, 0.15, 365)  
1
```

Out[166]: 2007316.26

## Program 121

Write a function that takes a list of elements and returns only the integers.

### Examples

`return_only_integer([9, 2, "space", "car", "lion", 16]) → [9, 2, 16]`

`return_only_integer(["hello", 81, "basketball", 123, "fox"]) → [81, 123]`

`return_only_integer([10, "121", 56, 20, "car", 3, "lion"]) → [10, 56, 20, 3]`

```
In [167]: In [168]:  
                                                    integers  
                                                    3  
                                                    return [x for x in lst if isinstance(x,  
int) and not isinstance(x,  
  
1  
def return_only_integer(lst):  
2  
    # Use list comprehension to filter out  
  
Out[168]: [9, 2, 16]  
  
In [169]:  
1  
                                                    return_only_integer(["hello", 81,  
"basketball", 123, "fox"])  
  
Out[169]: [81, 123]  
  
In [170]:  
1  
                                                    return_only_integer([10, "121", 56,  
20, "car", 3, "lion"])  
  
Out[170]: [10, 56, 20, 3]  
  
In [171]:  
1  
                                                    return_only_integer(["String",  
True, 3.3, 1])  
  
Out[171]: [1]
```

**Create a function that takes three parameters where:**

- Return an ordered list with numbers in the range that are divisible by the third parameter n.**

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## Examples

**list\_operation(15, 20, 7) → []**

```

1
def list_operation(x, y, n):
2
    # Use List comprehension to generate the
    List of numbers divisible 3
    return [num for num in range(x, y + 1) if
num % n == 0]

```

```
list_operation(1, 10, 3)
```

```
1
```

```
Out[173]: [3, 6, 9]
          list_operation(7,
          9, 2)
```

```
In [174]:
```

```
1
```

```
Out[174]: [8]
          list_operation(15,
          20, 7)
```

```
In [175]:
```

```
1
```

```
Out[175]: []
```

## Program 123

Create a function that takes in two lists and returns True if the second list follows the first list by one element, and False otherwise. In other words, determine if the second list is the first list shifted to the right by 1.

### Examples

`simon_says([1, 2], [5, 1]) → True`

`simon_says([1, 2], [5, 5]) → False`

`simon_says([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]) → True`

`simon_says([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [5, 5, 1, 2, 3]) → False`

### Notes:

- Both input lists will be of the same length, and will have a minimum length of 2.
- The values of the 0-indexed element in the second list and the n-1th indexed element in the first list do not matter.

```
In [176]:
1
def simon_says(list1, list2):
2
    # Check if the second list is the first
    list shifted to the right by 3
    return list1[:-1] == list2[1:]
```