

In []: In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

In [2]:

Read the packages

Read the data

```
file_path="C:\\Users\\omkar\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Data science\\Naresh IT\\
visa_df=pd.read_csv(file_path)
visa_df
```

Out[2]: case_id continent education_of_employee has_job_experience requires_job_traini 0 EZYV01 Asia High

School N

1 EZYV02 Asia Master's Y

2 EZYV03 Asia Bachelor's N

3 EZYV04 Asia Bachelor's N

4 EZYV05 Africa Master's Y

... ..

25475 EZYV25476 Asia Bachelor's Y

25476 EZYV25477 Asia High School Y

25477 EZYV25478 Asia Master's Y

25478 EZYV25479 Asia Master's Y

25479 EZYV25480 Asia Bachelor's Y

25480 rows × 12 columns

visa_df.col

umns

In [3]:

Out[3]: Index(['case_id', 'continent', 'education_of_employee', 'has_job_experien
e',
 'requires_job_training', 'no_of_employees', 'yr_of_estab',
 'region_of_employment', 'prevailing_wage', 'unit_of_wage',
 'full_time_position', 'case_status'],
 dtype='object')

```

In [4]: visa_df['prevailing_wage'] # as a series

Out[4]: 0 592.2029
        1 83425.6500
        2 122996.8600
        3 83434.0300
        4 149907.3900
        ...
        25475 77092.5700
        25476 279174.7900
        25477 146298.8500
        25478 86154.7700
        25479 70876.9100
        Name: prevailing_wage, Length: 25480, dtype: float64
        visa_df['prevailing_wage'].values

```

```

In [5]:

Out[5]: array([ 592.2029, 83425.65 , 122996.86 , ..., 146298.85 ,
               86154.77 , 70876.91 ])

```

```

count
min
max
mean
median

```

```

In [29]: dict2={'name':'Ram',
               'age':25}
dict1={'names':['Ram', 'Sita'],
       'age':[25,20]}
pd.DataFrame(dict2, index=['A'])
pd.DataFrame(dict1)

```

```

Out[29]: name age A Ram
        25

```

```

In [21]: dict1={}
        wage_count=round(visa_df['prevai

```

```
Out[21]: count min max mean median std prevailing_wage 25480 2.14 319210.27
          74455.81 70308.21 52815.94
```

```
Out[32]: prevailing_wage 0
```

12.14

2319210.27

3 74455.81

4 70308.21

5 52815.94

? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? - ? ? ? ? ? ? ?

```

list1=[wage_count,wage_min,wage_max,wage_mean,wage_median,wage_std]
pd.DataFrame(list1, columns=['prevailing_wage'], index=['count','min','max','mean','median','std'])

```

Out[30]: prevailing_wage count

```

25480.00
min 2.14
max 319210.27
mean 74455.81
median 70308.21
std 52815.94

```

In [46]:

```

#step-1: numerical column list
dtypes=dict(visa_df.dtypes)
num=[i for i in dtypes if dtypes[i]!='O']
print(num)

```

```
dict1={}
```

```
for i in num:
```

```

    count=round(visa_df[i].count(),2)
    MIN=round(visa_df[i].min(),2)
    MAX=round(visa_df[i].max(),2)
    mean=round(visa_df[i].mean(),2)
    median=round(visa_df[i].median(),2)

```

```
std=round(visa_df[i].std(),2)
```

```
list1=[count,MIN,MAX,mean,median,std]
dict1[i]=list1
```

```
df=pd.DataFrame(dict1,
```

```
index=['count','min','max','mean','median','std'])
```

```
dict1
```

```
['no_of_employees', 'yr_of_estab', 'prevailing_wage']
```

Out[46]: {'no_of_employees': [25480, -26, 602069, 5667.04, 2109.0, 22877.93], 'yr_of_estab': [25480, 1800, 2016, 1979.41, 1997.0, 42.37], 'prevailing_wage': [25480, 2.14, 319210.27, 74455.81, 70308.21, 52815.94]}

In [47]: df

Out[47]: no_of_employees yr_of_estab prevailing_wage count

```

25480.00 25480.00 25480.00 min -26.00 1800.00 2.14 max 602069.00
2016.00 319210.27 mean 5667.04 1979.41 74455.81 median 2109.00
1997.00 70308.21 std 22877.93 42.37 52815.94

```

In [48]: visa_df.describe()

Out[48]:

| no_of_employees | yr_of_estab | prevailing_wage | count |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|
| 25480.000000 | 25480.000000 | 25480.000000 | mean |

```
std 22877.928848 42.366929 52815.942327 min -26.000000
1800.000000 2.136700 25% 1022.000000 1976.000000
34015.480000 50% 2109.000000 1997.000000 70308.210000
75% 3504.000000 2005.000000 107735.512500 max
602069.000000 2016.000000 319210.270000
```

Out[51]: 319210.27

34015.48 70308.21 107735.51

```

q1=round(np.quantile(visa_df['prevailing_w
age'],0.25),2)
q2=round(np.quantile(visa_df['prevailing_w
age'],0.50),2)
q3=round(np.quantile(visa_df['prevailing_w
age'],0.75),2)
print(q1,q2,q3)

34015.48 70308.21 107735.51

#step-1: numerical column list
dtypes=dict(visa_df.dtypes)
num=[i for i in dtypes if dtypes[i]!='0']
print(num)

dict1={}
for i in num:
    count=round(visa_df[i].count(),2)
    MIN=round(visa_df[i].min(),2)
    MAX=round(visa_df[i].max(),2)
    mean=round(visa_df[i].mean(),2)

median=round(visa_df[i].median(),2)
std=round(visa_df[i].std(),2)
#####
q1=round(np.percentile(visa_df[i],25),2)
q2=round(np.percentile(visa_df[i],50),2)
q3=round(np.percentile(visa_df[i],75),2)

list1=[count,MIN,MAX,mean,median,std,q1,q2
,q3]
dict1[i]=list1

df=pd.DataFrame(dict1,

index=['count','min','max','mean','median'

,'std','25%',

['no_of_employees', 'yr_of_estab',
'prevailing_wage']

```

localhost:8888/notebooks/OneDrive/Documents/Data science/Naresh IT/Data science/Batch-4_Oct9/EDA-Python/EDA-4-Univariate Numerical d... 6/9
12/13/23, 11:15 AM EDA-4-Univariate Numerical data analysis - Jupyter Notebook

[59]:

In df

Out[59]: no_of_employees yr_of_estab prevailing_wage count

25480.00 25480.00 25480.00 min -26.00 1800.00 2.14 max 602069.00

2016.00 319210.27 mean 5667.04 1979.41 74455.81 median 2109.00

1997.00 70308.21 std 22877.93 42.37 52815.94 25% 1022.00 1976.00

34015.48 50% 2109.00 1997.00 70308.21 75% 3504.00 2005.00 107735.51

In [60]: q1=round(np.percentile(visa_df['prevailing_wage'],25),2) q1

Out[60]: 34015.48

what is the meaning of this

In []: In []:

```

#total_obsrvations=25480
#25percentagae(25480)
#25*25480/100= 6370

```

#6370 people have wages Less than 34015

In [64]:

#25 percentage of observations from the total data #have a value below 34015

```

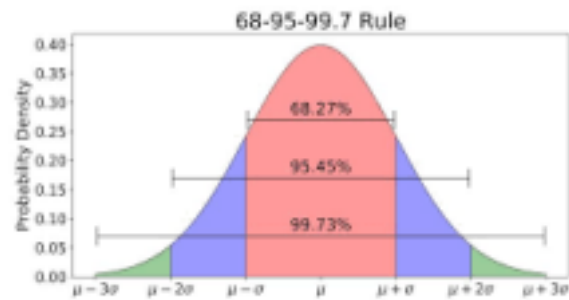
len(visa_df[visa_df['prevaili
ng_wage']<34015]) # how many

```

True= 6370

Out[64]: 6370

?? ??



Select an Image
Right click select inspect

localhost:8888/notebooks/OneDrive/Documents/Data science/Naresh IT/Data science/Batch-4_Oct9/EDA-Python/EDA-4-Univariate Numerical d... 7/9
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Right click on img src and
select Edit as HTML dont move
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CTRL+A
CTRL+C
CTRL+V
ESC+M
SHIFT+ENTER

**when data follows a normal
distribution**

$\mu - 1\sigma$ to $\mu + 1\sigma$: 68%
 $\mu - 2\sigma$ to $\mu + 2\sigma$: 95%
 $\mu - 3\sigma$ to $\mu + 3\sigma$: 99.7%

In [66]:
click on inspect wage_mean, wage_std

Out[66]: (74455.81, 52815.94)

In [68]: In [70]:

```
##### 68% #####
val_minus_1=round(wage_mean-1*wage_std,2)
val_plus_1=round(wage_mean+1*wage_std,2)

##### 95%#####
val_minus_2=round(wage_mean-2*wage_std,2)
val_plus_2=round(wage_mean+2*wage_std,2)

##### 99.7%#####
val_minus_3=round(wage_mean-3*wage_std,2)
val_plus_3=round(wage_mean+3*wage_std,2)

print(val_minus_1,val_plus_1,val_minus_2,val_plus_2,val_minus_3,val_plus_3)

21639.87 127271.75 -31176.07 180087.69 -83992.01 232903.63
```

68 percentage of observations have values between [21639.87,127271.75] 95 percentage of observations have values between [-31176.07,180087.69] 99.7 percentage of observations have values between [-83992.01,232903.63]

68*25480/100

Out[70]: 17326.4

```
age']<val_plus_1
len(visa_df[con1&con2])
In [76]: len(visa_df[con1&con2])/le
con1=visa_df['prevailing_w n(visa_df)
age']>val_minus_1
con2=visa_df['prevailing_w
```

Out[76]: 0.673901098901099


```

                                age']<val_plus_2
In [77]:                        len(visa_df[con1&con2])
con1=visa_df['prevailing_w    len(visa_df[con1&con2])/le
age']>val_minus_2            n(visa_df)
con2=visa_df['prevailing_w

```

Out[77]: 0.9647566718995291

```

                                age']<val_plus_3
In [78]:                        len(visa_df[con1&con2])
con1=visa_df['prevailing_w    len(visa_df[con1&con2])/le
age']>val_minus_3            n(visa_df)
con2=visa_df['prevailing_w

```

Out[78]: 0.9884615384615385

```

7
In [ ]: 67-96-98
68-95-99.

```

