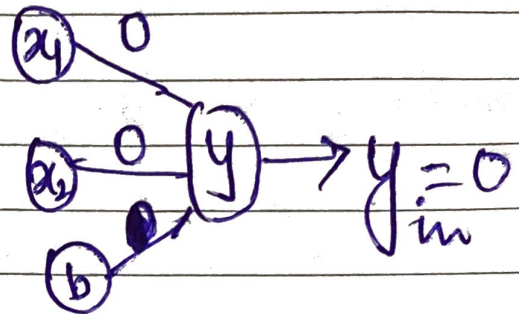


# Implement binary OR gate using perceptron

$x_1$	$x_2$	$t$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

Case 1:  $x_1 = 0$   $x_2 = 0$   $t = 0$

$\therefore$  No weight updation required.



Case 2:  $x_1 = 0$   $x_2 = 1$   $t = 1$

$$W_{\text{new}} = W_{\text{old}} + x_1 t x_2$$

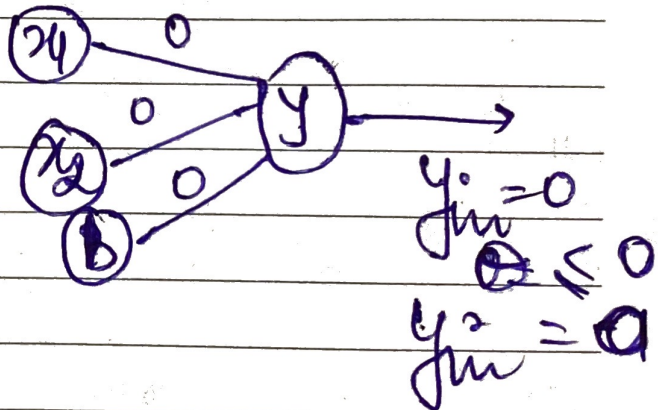
$$= 0 + 0 = 0$$

$$W_2(\text{new}) = 0 + 1(1)(1) = 1$$

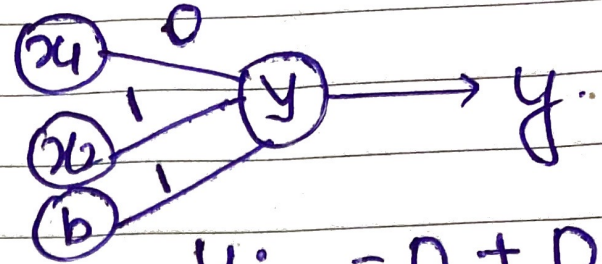
$$b(\text{new}) = 0 + (1)(1) = 1$$

$$y_i(\text{new}) = 2 > \theta$$

$$y_i(\text{new}) = 1$$



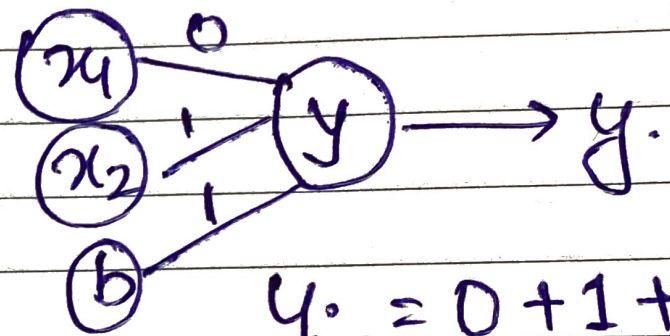
Case 3:  $x_1 = 1$   $x_2 = 0$   $t = 1$



$$y_{in} = 0 + 0 + 1 = 1$$

$\therefore$  no error  
and no updation  
required

Case 4:  $x_1 = 1$   $x_2 = 1$   $t = 1$



$$y_{in} = 0 + 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$y_{in} > \theta$$

$$y_{in} = 1$$

$\therefore t = y_{in}$  (and no updation  
required)