

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c & c^2 \end{pmatrix} &\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 0 & b-a & b^2-a^2 \\ 0 & c-a & c^2-a^2 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 0 & b-a & b^2-a^2 \\ 0 & 0 & c^2-a^2 - \frac{c-a}{b-a}(b^2-a^2) \end{pmatrix} \\
 &\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 0 & b-a & b^2-a^2 \\ 0 & 0 & (c-a)(c-b) \end{pmatrix}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Since $b-a \neq 0$, $c-a \neq 0$, $c-b \neq 0$, this matrix has 3 pivots.

2. (a) 500 cars go in & 400 come out, so something is wrong.

(b) Change 200 out to 300, at the top. Then

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{matrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 \end{matrix} \\
 \begin{matrix} A \\ B \\ C \\ D \\ E \end{matrix} \left(\begin{array}{ccccc|c}
 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 300 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 300 \\
 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 100 \\
 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 100 \\
 -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 200
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

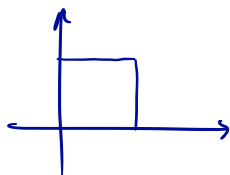
$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 300 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 500 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 400 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -300 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

\swarrow free variable
 \nwarrow no bad rows

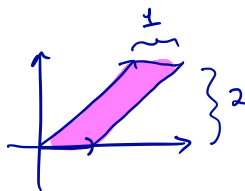
Jaha

so ∞ many sols.

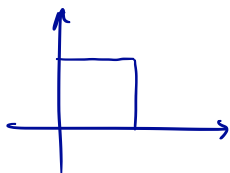
3.



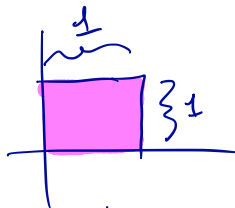
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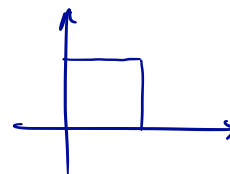
$$\frac{\text{area}}{2}$$



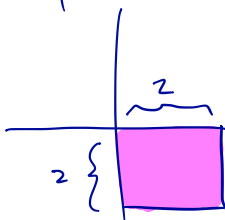
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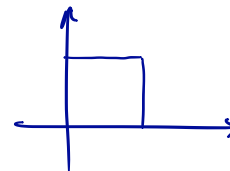
$$1$$



→



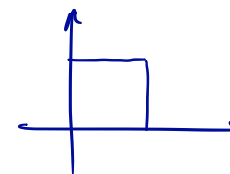
$$4$$



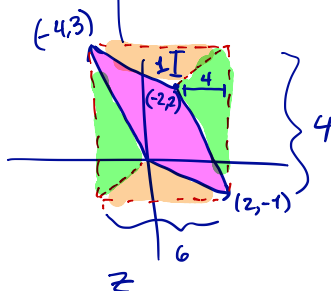
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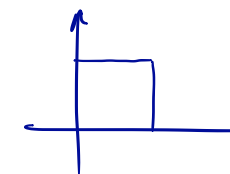
$$0$$



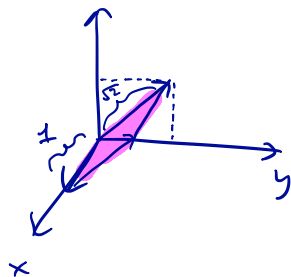
→



$$\begin{aligned} &24 - \text{orange} - \text{green} \\ &= 24 - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 \cdot 1 \\ &\quad - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \\ &= \boxed{2} \end{aligned}$$



→



$$\begin{aligned} &(\sqrt{2})(1) \\ &= \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

4. We have

$$c_1 T(\vec{v}_1) + \dots + c_n T(\vec{v}_n) = \vec{0}$$

for some c_1, \dots, c_n not all zero, since $\{T(\vec{v}_1), \dots, T(\vec{v}_n)\}$ is linearly dependent. Thus

$$T(c_1 \vec{v}_1 + \dots + c_n \vec{v}_n) = \vec{0},$$

by linearity of T . Also, $c_1 \vec{v}_1 + \dots + c_n \vec{v}_n$ is not $\vec{0}$ because $\{\vec{v}_1, \dots, \vec{v}_n\}$ is lin. ind. and not all the c 's are zero. So

$c_1 \vec{v}_1 + \dots + c_n \vec{v}_n$ is a nonzero vector satisfying $T(\vec{x}) = \vec{0}$.

5. T cannot be surjective^(because it can't have 5 pivots), but it can be injective if it has 3 pivots

S cannot be injective^(again, can't have five pivots) but it can be surjective if it has 3 pivots