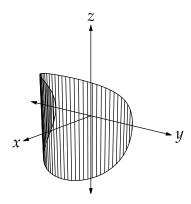
18.022 Recitation Handout 17 November 2014

- 1. Consider the surface $S = \left\{ (x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x > 0 \text{ and } r = 1 \text{ and } -\sqrt{\frac{\pi^2}{4}-\theta^2} \le z \le \sqrt{\frac{\pi^2}{4}-\theta^2} \right\}$, shown below. (Note that r and θ refer to cylindrical coordinates.)
- (a) Find the surface area of *S* using a scalar line integral.
- (b) Check your answer by finding a non-calculus method of calculating the area of *S*.



- 2. In this problem, we discover a curl-free vector field which is not conservative.
- (a) Define the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \left(\frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2}, \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}, 0\right)$. Show that $\nabla \times \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}$.

(b) Show that the line integral of **F** around the origin-centered unit circle in the *x-y* plane does not vanish.

(c) How do you reconcile parts (a) and (b)?